

Fill out the Coupon in
The Herald this evening
and send it to this office.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD

ELEVENTH YEAR

MONDAY, DECEMBER 18, 1893.

FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION.

THREE CENTS

A Home Institution Owned and Controlled by Duluth Men and not Tributary
to any Eastern Management. Established in Duluth in 1881.

The **Big** **Duluth**
Min (Hill) Society

WITHOUT MONEY AND WITHOUT PRICE

OUR HANDSOME

\$1,500.00 HOUSE AND LOT

GIVEN AWAY ENTIRELY FREE OF CHARGE NEXT

MONDAY MORNING AT 11 O'CLOCK!

AT 11 O'CLOCK ON CHRISTMAS MORNING our beautiful little home will be given away. The drawing will take place in our large front show windows and will be in the entire charge of representatives from the Duluth Daily Papers. The tickets on which you have written your name and addresses have all been dropped into a large tin box for that purpose at our front entrance. The box containing all these tickets will, on next Monday morning, be placed in our west show window; a child will be selected by the committee in charge of the drawing, blindfolded and draw one card from the box. The person holding the corresponding card number of the ticket drawn will be given this handsome House without any consideration whatever. Should the person holding the ticket entitling them to the House and lot not present it inside of ten days from the drawing, we will have a second drawing. For this reason we ask you all to hold your tickets till we have announced in the daily papers who was the fortunate one to draw this

Great Christmas Gift.

You are entitled to a ticket on our home with each and every purchase made at our store until we close next Saturday night.

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL

Members of the Duluth Clearing House Association.

	CAPITAL	SURPLUS
First National Bank	\$1,000,000	\$200,000
American Exchange Bank	500,000	50,000
Marine National Bank	250,000	20,000
National Bank of Commerce	200,000	21,000
State Bank of Duluth	100,000	40,000
Security Bank of Duluth	100,000	40,000
Iron Exchange Bank	100,000	40,000

FOR SALE CHEAP.

Three 1200 Cyls Steel Boilers,
Three 1200 Cyls Steel Boilers, Bottom Setting,
One 50 horse-power Rice Automatic Cut Off Engine,
One 100 horse-power Rice Automatic Cut Off Engine,
One 100 horse-power Westinghouse Engine,
One 100 horse-power Westinghouse Engine,
All in first-class condition.
Also the old power house building of the Hartman General Electric Co. at the foot of Fifth avenue east, on lake front, and a miscellaneous lot of Piping and Steam Fittings, Pumps, Shafts, Pulleys, etc.

HARTMAN GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY,
ROOM 3, EXCHANGE BUILDING



"We Are Born Weak,
We Need Strength"

This you can obtain by using

IMPERIAL FLOUR!

There is more nutrition and more bread
in a pound of this Flour than any other.

IT HAS BECOME
WORLD-FAVORED ON ITS MERIT.

Always Get the Best—It is the Cheapest.

Your Grocer Keeps It—It's in Demand.

Must Reduce Stock

And turn it into Cash.

\$33.00 and \$35.00 Sack Suits, now \$23.00.
\$38.00 and \$40.00 Sack Suits, now \$28.00.
\$45.00 and \$48.00 Sack Suits, now \$33.00.

These prices are for CASH ONLY.

J.S. LANE, MERCHANT TAILOR,
430 SPALDING HOUSE BLDG.

HAWAII MESSAGE

President Cleveland Sent a Lengthy Message
to Congress Today in Regard to
the Hawaiians.

Presents Extracts From Minister Stevens'
Letters to Show That the Revolution
Was Long Contemplated.

Asserts That the Queen's Overthrow Was
Secured by the Presence of the
American Marines.

Right and Justice Demanded Reparation on
Our Part and He So Instructed
Minister Willis.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—The president's response to the resolutions passed by both houses of congress, requesting information in Hawaiian affairs and especially to the nature of the instructions given to Minister Willis, was sent into congress today. The message of the president was as follows:

To the senate and house of representatives: In my recent annual message to congress I briefly referred to our relations with Hawaii and expressed the intention of transmitting further information on the subject when additional advice permitted. Though I am not able now to report a definite change in the actual situation, I am convinced that the difficulties lately created both here and in Hawaii, and now standing in the way of a solution through executive action of the problem presented, render it proper and expedient that the matter should be referred to the broader authority and discretion of congress, with a full explanation of the emergency and a statement of the considerations which have governed my action.

I suppose that right and justice should determine the path to be followed in treating this subject. If national honesty is to be disregarded and a desire for territorial extension, or dissatisfaction with a form of government not our own, ought to regulate our conduct, I have entirely misapprehended the mission and character of our government and the behavior which the conscience of our people demands of our public servants.

The annexation treaty, when the present administration entered upon its duties, the senate had under consideration a treaty providing for the annexation of the Hawaiian islands to the territory of the United States. Surely under our constitution the enlargement of our limits is a manifest duty of the government, and as an executive act, all things relating to the transaction should be clear and free from suspicion.

Additional importance is attached to this particular treaty of annexation, because it contemplated a departure from unbroken American tradition in providing for the addition to our territory of islands of the sea more than 2000 miles from the nearest coast. The considerations might not of themselves call for interference with the completion of a treaty entered upon by a previous administration. The treaty, however, when submitted to the senate, that the ownership of Hawaii was tendered to us by a provisional government set up by islands, who had been deposed, and that did not appear that such provisional government had the sanction of either popular revolution or suffrage.

Two other remarkable features of the transaction naturally attracted attention. One was the extraordinary haste with which the transaction was completed, and the other was the fact that a committee of safety, ostensibly the source of revolt against the constitutional government of Hawaii, was organized on Saturday, Jan. 14, at that on Monday, Jan. 16, Honolulu from a naval vessel lying in its harbor; that on Jan. 17 the scheme of a provisional government was perfected, and on the same day prepared and read at the government building; that immediately thereupon the United States minister recognized the provisional government thus created; that two days afterwards, on Jan. 19, commissioners representing such government sailed for two days, fifteen of which were spent by the Hawaiian commissioners in their journey to Washington.

An Issue of Fact. In the next place, upon the face of the papers submitted with the treaty, it clearly appeared that there was an open and undetermined issue of fact of the most vital importance. The president accompanying the treaty declared that "the overthrow of the monarchy was not in any way promoted by this government" and in a letter to the president from the secretary of state, transmitted to the senate with the treaty, the following passage occurs: "At the time the provisional government took possession of the government buildings, the United States minister, Mr. Stevens, was present and took part in the proceedings. No recognition was accorded to the provisional government by the United States minister, until after the queen's abdication and when they were in effective possession of the government buildings, the treasury, the barracks, the police station and all the potential machinery of the government."

But a protest also accompanied said treaty, signed by the queen and her ministers at the time she made way for the provisional government, which explicitly stated that she yielded to the superior force of the United States troops who landed at Honolulu, and declared that he would support such provisional government.

The truth or falsity of this protest was a matter of the first importance. If true, it could induce our government to negotiate with the semblance of a government, resulting from the acts stated in the treaty have been knowingly deemed. Yet the truth or falsity of the protest had not been investigated.

Mr. Blount's Inquiry. I conceived it to be my duty, therefore, to withdraw the treaty from the senate for examination, and meanwhile to cause an accurate, full and impartial investigation to be made of the facts attending the subversion of the constitutional government of Hawaii.

I selected for the work of investigation the Hon. James H. Blount, of Georgia, whose service of eighteen years as a member of the house of representatives and whose experience as chairman of the committee on foreign affairs in that body and his consequent familiarity with international topics, peculiarly fitted for the duties entrusted to him. His report, detailing his action under the instructions given to him and the conclusions derived from his investigation, accompany this message.

These conclusions do not rest for their acceptance entirely upon the honesty and ability of a man, nor upon his acumen and impartiality as an investigator. They are accompanied by evidence upon which they are based, and from which it seems to me no other conclusion could possibly be reached than those arrived at by the commissioner.

The report with its accompanying proofs, such as they are, is now before the congress or it is heretofore submitted, just as in my opinion the facts which throw light upon the progress and consummation of this scheme of annexation. A very brief and imperfect reference to the facts and evidence at hand will exhibit its character and the incidents in which it had its birth.

It is unnecessary to set forth the reasons which in January, 1893, led a considerable portion of American and other residents of Hawaii to desire the annexation of the Hawaiian islands to the United States. It is sufficient to note the fact, and to observe that the president, who was one which was zealously promoted by the minister representing the United States in that country. He evidently had an ardent desire to see the annexation accomplished by his energy and during his ministry and was not inconveniently scrupulous as to the means employed to that end.

Before the first overt act towards the subversion of the Hawaiian government, the attempted transfer of Hawaiian territory to the United States, he addressed a long letter to the secretary of state in which the case for annexation was elaborately argued on moral, political and economic grounds. He refers to the loss to the Hawaiian sugar interests from the operation of the further depreciation of sugar towards the United States, and the tendency to still further impoverishment of the Hawaiian people, and the necessity of relief is granted. He strongly inveighs against the annexation of the Hawaiian islands, and emphatically declares for annexation.

"In truth the monarchy here is an absurd anachronism. It has nothing in common with the government of the United States. The feudal basis on which it once stood no longer existing, the monarchy now is only an impediment to good government, an obstruction to the prosperity and progress of the islands."

He further says: "As a crown colony of Great Britain or territory of the United States the government modification could be made readily and good administration of the law secured. The Hawaiian people are now in a state of anarchy and the vast future interests of the islands. Under a territorial government they could be as easily governed as any of the existing territories of the United States. Hawaii has reached the parting of the ways. She must now take the road which leads to Asia, or the other which outlets her in America, gives her an American civilization, and binds her to the care of American destiny."

Annexation Urged By Stevens. He also declares: "One of the two courses seems to me absolutely necessary to be followed either by direct or indirect measures for annexation, or a 'cotton union,' an ocean cable from California coast to Honolulu, for the harbor perpetually closed to the United States, with an implied but not expressly stipulated American protectorate over the islands, is better than the former to the more advantageous to the islands, and the cheapest and least embarrassing to the United States. The Hawaiian people were wise for the United States thirty-eight years ago secure a treaty of annexation. It certainly cannot be chimerical or unwise to extend \$100,000 to the Hawaiian people in the near future, and in the United States has five times the wealth she possessed in 1854, and the reasons now existing for annexation are much stronger than they were then. I cannot refrain from the expression of

opinion with emphasis that the golden rule is near at hand."

These declarations certainly show a disposition and condition of mind, which may be usefully recalled when interpreting the significance of the minister's conceded acts or when considering the probabilities of such conduct on his part as may not be admitted.

In this view it seems proper to also quote a letter written by the minister to the secretary of state on March 8, 1892, toward annexation. After stating the possibility that the existing government of Hawaii might be overturned by an orderly and peaceful revolution, Minister Stevens writes as follows:

"Ordinarily, in like circumstances, the sure seems to be to limit the landing and movement of United States forces exclusively to the protection of the United States legations and of the lives and property of American citizens. But as the relations of the United States to Hawaii are exceptional, and in former years the United States officials here took somewhat exceptional action in circumstances of disorder, I desire to know how far the present minister and naval commander may deviate from established international rules and precedents in the contingencies indicated in the first part of this dispatch."

To a minister of the temper, full of zeal for annexation, there seemed to arise in January, 1893, the precise opportunity for which he was waiting—an opportunity which by timely action from established international rules and precedents "might be improved to successfully accomplish the great object in view," and we are quite prepared for the exultant enthusiasm which in a letter to the state department dated Feb. 1, 1893, he declares: "The Hawaiian people are now fully ripe and this is the golden hour for the United States to pluck it."

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mittee, unwilling to take further steps without the co-operation of the United States minister, addressed him a note representing that the public safety was menaced and that the lives and property of the United States citizens were in danger and therefore pray for the protection of the United States forces."

On Jan. 16, 1893, between 4 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon, a detachment of marines from the United States steamer landed at Honolulu. The men, upwards of 160 in all, were supplied with double cartridge belts filled with ammunition. This military demonstration upon the soil of Honolulu was of itself an act of war, unless made either with the consent of the government of Hawaii or for the bona fide purpose of protecting the interests of the United States.

But there is no pretense of any such consent on the part of the government of the queen, which at that time was undisputed and was both the de facto and de jure government. There is as little basis for the pretense that such forces were landed for the security of American life and property. If so they would have been stationed in the vicinity of such of the islands as were in command of the Hawaiian government building and palace.

Wholly Unjustifiable. Thus it appears that Hawaii was taken possession of by the United States forces without the consent or wish of the government of the islands or of anybody else so far as shown except the United States minister. Therefore the military occupation of Honolulu by the United States forces on the day mentioned was wholly without justification, either as an occupation by consent or as an occupation necessitated by danger threatening American life and property.

The United States being now on the scene and favorably stationed, the committee of safety proceeded to carry out their original scheme. They met the next morning, Tuesday, the 17th, and perfected the plan of temporary government. Between 1 and 2 o'clock they proceeded to the government building to proclaim the new government. No sign of opposition was manifest, and thereupon an American citizen, related to the government building almost entirely without the knowledge of the Hawaiian people, in the whole affair was unquestionably the United States minister, who drew up under arms and with artillery in readiness only seventy-six yards distant, dominated the situation.

The provisional government thus proclaimed was by the terms of proclamation "to exist until the terms of negotiation between the United States and the United States had been agreed upon." The United States minister, pursuant to prior agreement, recognized this government within an hour after the reading of the proclamation, and before 5 o'clock, in answer to an inquiry on behalf of the queen and her cabinet, announced that he had done so.

When our minister recognized the provisional government, the only basis upon which it rested was the fact that the committee of safety had in the manner above stated declared it to exist. It was neither a government de facto nor de jure. That it was not in such possession of the government property and agencies as fitted it to recognition is conclusively proved by a note found in the files of the legation at Honolulu, addressed by the declared head of the provisional government to Minister Stevens, Jan. 17, 1893, in which he acknowledged with expressions of appreciation the minister's recognition of the provisional government, and states that it is not yet in the possession of the station house (the place where a large number of the queen's troops were quartered) though the same had been demanded of the queen's officers in charge.

The Queen's Protest. Nevertheless this wrongful recognition by our minister placed the government of the queen in a position of most perilous perplexity. She knew she could not withstand the power of the United States, and she believed that she might safer trust to its justice. Accordingly some hours after the recognition of the provisional government by the United States minister, the palace, the barracks and the police station which was all the military resources of the country, were delivered by the queen upon the presentation made to her that her cause would thereafter be reviewed at Washington, and while protesting that she surrendered to the superior force of the United States, whose minister had caused United States troops to be landed at

Honolulu and declared that he would support the provisional government, and that she yielded her authority to prevent collision of armed forces and only until such time as the United States, upon the facts being presented to it, should undo the action of its representative and reinstate her in the authority she claimed as constitutional sovereign of the Hawaiian islands.

The provisional government, with this unanswered protest in its hand, hastened to negotiate with the United States for the permanent banishment of the queen from power and for a sale of her kingdom. I believe that a candid and thorough examination of the facts will force the conviction that the provisional government owes its existence to an armed invasion by the United States. As I apprehend the situation, we are brought face to face with the following conditions:

The lawful government of Hawaii was overthrown without the drawing of a sword or the firing of a shot by a process, every step of which, it may safely be asserted, is directly traceable to and dependent for its success upon the agency of the United States, acting through its diplomatic and naval representatives.

But for the notorious predilections of the United States minister for annexation, the committee of safety, which should be called the committee of annexation, would never have been created. But for the landing of the United States forces upon false pretexts respecting the dangerous life and property, the committee would never have exposed the nation to the pains and penalties of treason by undertaking the subversion of the queen's government.

But for the presence of the United States forces in the immediate vicinity in position to afford all needed protection and support, the committee would not have proclaimed the provisional government from the steps of the government building.

Finally, but for the lawless occupation of Honolulu under false pretexts by the United States forces and but for Minister Stevens' recognition of the provisional government, when the United States forces were its sole support and constituted its only military strength, the queen and her government could never have yielded to the provisional government even for a time, and for the sole purpose of submitting her case to the enlightened justice of the United States.

Believing, therefore, that the United States could not, under the circumstances disclosed, annex the islands without justly incurring the imputation of acquiring them by unjustifiable methods, I shall not again submit the treaty of annexation to the senate for its consideration and in the instructions to Minister Willis, a copy of which accompanies this message, I have directed that so inform the provisional government.

But in the present instance our duty does not, in my opinion, end with refusing to consummate this questionable action. It has been the boast of government that it seeks to do justice in all things without regard to the strength or weakness of those with whom it deals. By an act of war, committed with the participation of a diplomatic representative of the United States and without authority of congress, the government of a feeble but friendly and confiding people has been overthrown. A substantial wrong has thus been done which a due regard for our national character as well as the rights of the injured people requires we should endeavor to repair.

The provisional government, though not assumed a Republican or other constitutional form, but has remained a mere executive council oligarchy, set up without the assent of the people. It has not sought to find a permanent basis of popular support and has given no evidence of an intention to do so. Indeed the representatives of that government assert that the people of Hawaii are unfit for popular government and frankly avow that they can be best ruled by arbitrary or despotic power.

The United States cannot properly be put in the position of countenancing a wrong after its commission. It is wrong after that of consenting to it in advance. On that ground it cannot allow itself to refuse to redress an injury inflicted through an abuse of power by officers clothed with its authority and wearing its uniform; and on the same ground if a feeble but friendly state is in danger of being robbed of its independence and its sovereignty by a misuse of the name and power of the United States, the United States cannot fail to vindicate its honor and its sense of justice by an earnest effort to make all possible reparation.

Instructions to Willis. In the belief that the queen, as well as her enemies, would be willing to adopt such a course as would meet the prevailing conditions, and in view of the fact that both the queen and the provisional government had at one time apparently acquiesced in a reference of the entire case to the United States government, and considering the further fact that in any event the provisional government was by its own declared limitation was to exist until terms of union with the United States of America had been negotiated and agreed upon, I hoped that after the assurance to the members of that government that such union could not be consummated I might compass a peaceful adjustment of the difficulty.

Actuated by these desires and purposes, and not unmindful of the inherent perplexities of the situation, nor of the limitations upon my power, I instructed Minister Willis to advise the queen and her supporters of my desire to aid in the restoration of the status existing before the lawless landing of the United States forces at Honolulu on the 16th of January last, if such restoration could be effected upon terms providing for clemency as well as justice to all parties concerned.

The conditions suggested, as the instructions show, contemplate a general amnesty to those concerned in setting up the provisional government and a recognition of all its bona fide acts and obligations. In short, they require that the past should be buried and that the restored government should reassume its authority as if its continuity had not been interrupted. These conditions have not proved acceptable to the queen, and though she has been informed that they will be insisted upon, and that unless acceded to the efforts of the president to aid in the restoration of her government.

Continued on page 3.

IT CAN BE RESTORED

Maj. Baldwin Can Restore the Iron Ore Duty in the Wilson Bill by Fighting.

So Far as Can Be Learned at Washington, He Has Not Decided His Course.

Little Local Legislation of Special Interest to Duluth is Likely to Get Through Congress.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—[Special to The Herald.]—Recent developments in congress rather indicate that the tariff bill as finally reported by the ways and means committee is not the tariff bill that will finally be passed through the Fifty-third congress. One reason why the bill will not go through as reported is the fact that a large part of the opposition comes from Democratic members. A newspaper man asked a Democratic member of the ways and means committee today, in a laughing way, how many protests against the bill had come from Democratic sources.

"How many Democratic districts are there?" questioned the member of the ways and means committee. This was all he said. His question answered the one put to him by the correspondent very satisfactorily. His reply in other words was that nearly every Democratic member outside the ways and means committee had entered a protest against the bill reported. In view of the fact that there is to be such a determined fight against the bill among the Democrats, it is more than likely that if the right kind of action is pursued, iron ore will be taken off the free list.

If Representative Baldwin concludes to make the kind of fight that ought to be made, the duty on iron ore cut off in the present bill, without doubt can be restored. There will be a great deal of opposition from Democratic sources against this action of the committee and if Representative Baldwin follows the wishes of a majority of his constituents he will in the end find it right policy to pursue to stand by the other Democrats and Republicans who oppose iron ore being placed on the free list. So far as can be learned Baldwin has not yet made up his mind what he will do.

The appointments that have been made in Minnesota up to date still indicate that National Committee Mike Doran has more influence with this administration than any one man or set of men. It looks now as though he would be able to name the United States attorney, United States marshal, collector of internal revenue, surveyor general and other officers of this class that will be filled by Democrats when the terms of the present incumbents expire. It appears also that if he desires to name the different land officers in the several districts that he will be quite able to do so. He has gone so far up to the present time as to interfere with four-class postoffice appointments in districts represented by Democrats and may take it into his head to name some of the postmasters in these districts. All this, however, will be determined later on.

The outlook now is that very little local legislation of interest to Minnesota and of especial interest to Duluth will get through congress. In view of the fact that the tariff question is going to overshadow everything else, the members of congress who are interested in local bills will be compelled to wait the passage of the new tariff law, but may occasionally be given an opportunity to slip through some of their pet measures. There will be a big cut in appropriations all along the line and this will probably affect the interests of the great lakes, in that no new appropriations, except those absolutely necessary, will be made for improvements on the different lakes. The waterway improvements in and near Duluth may suffer to some extent, because of the necessity of holding down appropriations, but there is little danger, it is said, that any of the improvements already begun will be checked for the need of money to continue them.

The Human Electrical Forces

How They Control the Organs of the Body.

The electrical force of the human body, as the nerve fluid may be termed, is an especially attractive department of science, and efforts so marked an influence on the health of the organs of the body. Nerve force is produced by the brain and conveyed by means of the nerves to the various organs of the body, thus supplying the latter with the vitality necessary to insure their health. The pneumo-electric nerve, as it is called, is the most important of the entire nerve system, as it supplies the heart, lungs, stomach, bowels, etc., with the nerve force necessary to keep them active and healthy. As will be seen by the following description of the nerve fluid, it is the most important of the entire nerve system, as it supplies the heart, lungs, stomach, bowels, etc., with the nerve force necessary to keep them active and healthy. As will be seen by the following description of the nerve fluid, it is the most important of the entire nerve system, as it supplies the heart, lungs, stomach, bowels, etc., with the nerve force necessary to keep them active and healthy.

Physicians generally fail to recognize the importance of this fact, but treat the patient as if the cause of the trouble is the stomach. The noted specialist, Franklin Miles, M. D., has given the greater part of his life to the study of this subject, and his brilliant discoveries concerning the nerve fluid, the brain and nerve fluid, is presented on the principle that all nervous diseases, and all difficulties originate from disorders of the nerve centers. He has discovered that these disorders are testified to by thousands in every part of the land. Restorative Nerve cures sleeplessness, nervous prostration, dizziness, hysteria, sexual debility, St. Vitus' dances, etc., etc. It is free from opiates or dangerous drugs. It is sold on a positive guarantee. The Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind., on receipt of \$1.00 per bottle, six bottles for \$5.00, express prepaid.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

HE BROKE ALL RECORDS.

"Wizard" Schaefer Made an Unprecedented Run at Billiards.

NEW YORK, Dec. 18.—Schaefer, on Saturday night, won the final and deciding game of the billiard tourney in which the giants met to determine which was champion before the largest and most critical audience that ever witnessed a billiard match in this city.

The "Wizard" made the greatest run ever recorded in a game of 15-inch ball line billiards. At the end of the fifth inning Schaefer had scored 34 to 15 points. Ives never got another shot. Schaefer got the balls astride the rail and added seventy-five to his string without moving the jowls more than the sixteenth of an inch. Then he anchored them against the cushion and walked back and forth, tapping the balls, first to the right and then to the left until 100 points was announced, when the audience cheered and yelled.

It now became a contest of physical endurance, and the question was raised as to whether Jake would outlast the exertion necessary to score the 500 points requisite to run out the game. The 500th mark was reached at 9:40 p. m., and the audience yelled itself hoarse and did not subside until Jake had finished the game and made the world's record of 500 points. The score by innings was as follows: Schaefer, 12, 14, 8, 0, 0, 500—600; Ives, 0, 33, 3, 10, 1—50.

GOMPERS WAS RE-ELECTED.

Had Only Ninety-two Majority in a Vote of Twenty-five Hundred.

CHICAGO, Dec. 18.—After a contest within the organization of several months duration and which in the closing days was marked by considerable bitterness and exchange of personalities, Samuel Gompers, of New York, was on Saturday night for the twelfth time elected president of the American Federation of Labor.

The battle was hard fought and hard won, his majority being but 92 in a total vote of 2536. P. I. McGuire was re-elected vice president by acclamation. C. L. Drummond, of the International Typographical union, was chosen as second vice president by acclamation. James Britton, of the Amalgamated Iron and Steel workers, was selected as third vice president.

Later a motion was made to change the location of the general offices from New York to a Western city, but it was defeated by a vote of 1483 to 953 after several Gompers and Treasurer Lennon declared they would resign if it passed.

GOT DIAMONDS AND MONEY.

The Recent Haul by Train Robbers in Texas.

AUSTIN, Tex., Dec. 18.—It develops today that the express company was a heavy loser by last Sunday night's train robbery on the International road at Duval, more so than at first estimated. There were \$200 in diamonds stolen that have not been recovered as yet, though it is claimed they are buried near the scene of the robbery. These diamonds were shipped a week previous to the robbery by a St. Louis firm to a jewelry store in Tyler, Tex. They were properly transferred on the down trip and sent to Tyler, but were carried on through to Laredo and were being sent by train when they were stolen.

It is also known for a fact that \$1000 was taken from the express safe by the robbers. Six hundred of this was left by the robbers through an oversight in the passenger coach, and of the \$500 carried away \$200 only has been recovered.

Only the agency in the different states are supposed to know the safe combination, but it now transpires that the messenger on this run also knew it and conspired with the demand of the robbers to open the safe. His resignation was demanded as soon as the matter was discovered and immediately tendered.

Convicted of Murder.

PLATTSBURGH, Neb., Dec. 18.—At 3:20 o'clock yesterday afternoon the jury in the case of Hill, who was tried for the murder of Matt Akesson, brought in a verdict of murder in the first degree and declared hanging to be the penalty. Hill calmly received the news of the sentence when told of the result. This is the first verdict under the new state law leaving the jury the decision as to the penalty, when a verdict of murder in the first degree is rendered.

An Undertaker Injured.

CARLEISLE, Pa., Dec. 18.—Yesterday afternoon while Undertaker Ewing was lowering the body of Mrs. Margaretta Gibson McClure, daughter of Chief Justice Gibson, to the grave, the cross bar over the grave broke while the body was resting, throwing Mr. Ewing into the grave, the casket falling upon him and inflicting slight injuries. He was unconscious for an hour. Great excitement prevailed at the graveyard among the mourners.

Murder in Ontario.

TORONTO, Ont., Dec. 18.—Mr. and Mrs. James Williams living on a farm near Port Credit were brutally murdered yesterday morning by a farm hand, name as yet unknown. After ransacking the house, the murderer took Williams' horse and cutter and drove towards Toronto. He has not yet been arrested.

Odd Fellows' Hall Burned.

TILSONBURG, Ont., Dec. 18.—Odd Fellows' hall was destroyed by fire last night. Loss \$30,000; insurance \$15,000.

A Handsome Steel Engraving.

Given with every purchase of \$100 or over at LaVaque's this week.

Ministers will kindly call at the St. Paul & Duluth city ticket office, 428 West Superior street, and file application for half-fare permits for 1894.

Cheap California Rates via Northern Pacific Railroad.

Duluth to San Francisco, \$45 first class.

Duluth to San Francisco, \$33 second class.

Via boat from Portland, \$41 first class.

Via boat from Portland, \$26 second class.

Remember the Northern Pacific railroad runs the celebrated Pullman up-holstered tourist sleeping cars.

For further detailed information, and for reservation in both first and second class sleepers, write to F. E. Donovan, 416 West Superior street, Chamber of Commerce.

Framed Etchings.

\$4.00 \$5.00 and \$6.00 at LaVaque gallery this week.

A SILVER CAMPAIGN

Conference of Prominent Silver Men Held at Washington to Map a Plan of Action.

Friends of Silver Everywhere Urged to Support for Congress Only Men Favorable to Bimetallism.

Candidates to Secure Silver Men's Support Must Agree to Stay Out of Party Caucuses.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—The conference of prominent silver men which has been in session here, in the headquarters of the Bimetallist league for two days, adopted last Saturday night before final adjournment this report: The money question is the first and most important issue in this country and is so related to everything else that no other question can be permanently determined until this is settled.

The conference recommends that the Bimetallist league urgently recommend to friends of silver everywhere, in all parties, that they support for the Fifty-fourth congress only such candidates as will pledge themselves in nominating conventions and openly and publicly in their canvass for election, to the following action in case of their election:

First, That they will enter into no party caucus that will bind or restrain them from voting and acting in the Fifty-fourth congress otherwise than as given in their pledges to the people before their election; but that they will unite with others who are in favor of the restoration of the bimetallist standard of money by the free and unrestricted coinage of both gold and silver, on the ratio of 16 to 1, as before the act of 1873, and the issue by the general government of the paper currency without the intervention of banks, and against the issue of bonds to buy gold; and that they will act and vote on all matters during their terms as members of the Fifty-fourth congress to secure this end, and especially in the election of a speaker, and in the organization of the house, and in the vote for president of the United States, in the event that the election of president falls to the house of representatives.

Second, That to this end the conference recommends that silver leagues be everywhere organized and the work of education be carried on throughout the country, and that in addition to this work thorough organization be effected in states and districts where such work will be most effective in the election of members of congress and of state legislatures.

A committee, consisting of Gen. A. J. Warner, Gen. Floyd, King of Louisiana, E. D. Stark, of Ohio, and Joseph E. Sheldon, of Connecticut, was appointed to promote the union of the republics of American with other silver standard nations of the world.

The conference also recommended that the bill be passed during the present winter two conventions, one somewhere in the South, and one at Des Moines, Iowa. Gen. A. J. Warner, president of the Bimetallist league, was authorized to appoint an executive committee in carrying out the policy adopted by the conference and the committee on ways and means to appoint a secretary to assist in performing the increasing duties of the league.

Gen. Warner made the following explanation of the action of the conference: First, that the money question is, and will continue to be the paramount issue till it is settled and settled rightly, and on sound principles, and that it can be displaced by no other; second, that the first battle is for the next congress; third, that the silver men who are to vote at all at the late election; but the conference was not called for such a purpose and a majority of the delegates present believed the course finally agreed to be the best policy in the coming congressional elections.

A number of delegates were in favor of organizing a new party, out and out, with the declaration as its platform the money question as the sole issue, and leaving the way open for the affiliation of not only the People's party but of the six millions who refused to vote at all at the late election; but the conference was not called for such a purpose and a majority of the delegates present believed the course finally agreed to be the best policy in the coming congressional elections.

The Flood at Buffalo.

BUFFALO, Dec. 18.—The flood of Saturday which did so much damage at South Buffalo has almost entirely disappeared and the creek flows as placidly as in mid-summer. Most of the families who were forced to flee from their homes have returned. Only one or two cottages were moved from their foundations.

A Rector's Death.

PATCHOUGER, L. I., Dec. 18.—Rev. C. S. Witherspoon, rector of St. Paul's Episcopal church of this village, died last night. He came here from Fort Madison, Iowa, in 1892.

Denies the Report.

NEW BRITAIN, Conn., Dec. 18.—Father Tierney denies the rumor that he has been appointed to the bishopric of Hartford diocese, and says that his reported interview with a New York correspondent is unfounded.

Keep the Blood Pure by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. It does not persuade to take any other.

Given Away.

For the holidays we make special inducements to the family trade and will give away from now until Christmas with the purchase of one gallon of liquor, a bottle of wine worth \$1; half gallon of liquor, a bottle of wine worth 50c. Do not forget to call.

THE PACIFIC WINE HOUSE.

529-531 West Superior street.

All framed and unframed etchings, engravings, water colors, and fancy articles, at cost price at LaVaque's.

If you wish to save money on Christmas goods be sure and visit the World's wonder, 29 East Superior street.

MILLIONS TO BE DIVIDED.

The Great Davis Will Case Settled Out of Court.

CHICAGO, Dec. 18.—The famous Davis will case is settled and \$10,000,000, the value of the estate of Andrew J. Davis, the Montana millionaire, will soon be divided among the heirs, thus ending one of the most sensational probate causes that has ever been tried in court.

A settlement has been made with the contestants of the will, Henry A. Root and Mary Cummings, on the basis of their original claims, which was three and a half elevenths of the entire estate. This would equal \$3,500,000, and in the settlement the contestants are given their expenses and counsel fees, which amount to about \$500,000.

There are four other heirs—all relatives of the dead millionaire—and of them live in Chicago. One is George W. Davis, a young man who has been employed a number of years in the Herald's business office. His brother, E. H. Davis, also lives in Chicago and is engaged in the coal business. Andrew J. Davis and John E. Davis, brothers of the Chicago men, live in Butte, Mont.

The settlement of the case was made after a legal battle of which the long and generally dull was, but not incident. Robert G. Ingersoll was of counsel for the contestants, while the proponent had seven attorneys, the best in the Northwest. Negotiations looking to the settlement have extended three and a half years. At every step both sides have fought with all the methods the law allows.

John A. Davis, the original proponent and brother of Andrew J., was killed by falling down a flight of stairs in Victoria, B. C., last winter while the negotiations were in progress. There was talk at the time that he had been pushed down the stairs, but it was proved the death was accidental. With his death his claim in his brother's estate went to his four sons, who through the recent settlement have become millionaires.

The wealth of Andrew J. Davis was accumulated chiefly by the Montana Smelting company, a large works of which he was chief owner. Because of the recent depression this property is considerably depressed in value. There are, however, many other assets including securities of the best kind and large real estate holdings in Massachusetts. It is estimated that the estate would bring at forced sale between \$7,000,000 and \$8,000,000.

THREE MEN WERE KILLED.

A Freight Train Hurled Over a High Embankment.

LOUISVILLE, Dec. 18.—A freight train bound for this city on the Chesapeake & Ohio Southwestern railroad was hurled down an embankment 135 feet this side of Muldraugh's hill, twenty-five miles south of this city yesterday morning. Three men were killed, four wounded and thirteen cars wrecked. The train was carrying a large quantity of coal, and the value of the live stock which was killed, and five carried away, was estimated at \$20,000. The loss will amount to \$20,000 in the rolling stock, and the value of the live stock will largely increase this.

The killed were: Thomas Keegan, engineer, Louisville; John Downs, fireman, Louisville; unknown man. The latter boarded the train at a station or two back. In the pockets were found a card with the name C. A. Totten and a woman's letter addressed to "Steve." The man was well dressed and about 35 years old.

The injured are: Two unknown tramps, who were not badly hurt, and two colored brakemen, Albert Church and John Hodges, of this city.

Anarchist Threats.

PARIS, Dec. 18.—A package containing ten dynamite cartridges was found yesterday on a porch in the Rue Courty which bounds the botanical garden on one side. Each cartridge was wrapped in a copy of an anarchist proclamation menacing death to the bourgeoisie. A pocketbook lay near by. In it was a printed statement of the anarchist achieve results together with a card with the announcement that "unprecedented" horrors will be committed and many deputies will be slain if Vaillant's precious head be touched by the executioner.

Stabbed to Death.

CHICAGO, Dec. 18.—In the two-story brick house at 5200 Francis avenue last night Charles Kronn, a man of family, was stabbed to death by Frank Bilski, aged 22, who was paying attention to the six millions who refused to vote at all at the late election; but the conference was not called for such a purpose and a majority of the delegates present believed the course finally agreed to be the best policy in the coming congressional elections.

Poison in Pie.

BERLIN, Dec. 18.—The Prussian soldiers of the order of St. Andrew and St. George had a banquet in St. Petersburg last morning. The Prussian officers of them were seized with cholera disease. Fifteen of the forty have died. The examination of the food left at the banquet showed that the meat in the pies had decomposed before it was cooked.

German Publisher Busted.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 18.—The funeral of Dr. Edward Moritz, publisher of the German Democrat and numerous other German papers, took place yesterday afternoon from his late residence. The house was thronged with friends and employees of the dead publisher and with representatives from the various German societies.

Wilson Bill Blamed.

UTICA, N. Y., Dec. 18.—The felt works at Dolgeville shut down indefinitely Saturday night, throwing 1500 men out of employment. Mr. Dolge says that the Wilson bill is to blame.

Crispi Conspicuous.

BERLIN, Dec. 18.—Prince Bismarck has written a letter to Signor Crispi, the new Italian prime minister, congratulating him upon his return to power.

Hotel Burned.

ST. JOSEPH, Mich., Dec. 18.—Early yesterday morning the lakeview hotel in this city was completely destroyed by fire. Loss, \$30,000; insured for \$20,000.

A Sporting Baron Dead.

VIENNA, Dec. 18.—Baron Kolobitsch, well known in Australian sporting circles died yesterday.

Sixty cents a month will have The Herald delivered every night at your home.

All go at . . .

HALF PRICE!

Our entire Cloak Department.
Our entire stock of Baskets of every description.
Our entire stock of French and Vienna Dinner Sets.
Thousands of Dolls. Carloads of Toys.

Pantons & Watson.

SAVED FROM A LIVING GRAVE. WEAK MEN CURED

THE ELIXIR OF YOUTH. We have on file every terrible case of weakness, and our druggists have the means of curing it. The great remedy, or address with stamp, and we will send you a bottle of this elixir to cure your weakness, or Nervous Debility, Loss of Power, Night Emissions, and all Sexual Weakness of any nature, arising from disease, over-indulgence or abuse of any kind. It effects a speedy and permanent cure in old and young of either sex, restores strength and restores the vigor of youth, making life worth living. Sold by all leading druggists, or by mail, six bottles for \$5. Prepared Only by THE GERMAN HOSPITAL REMEDY CO., GRAND RAPIDS, MICH. For Sale By MAX WIRTH, Druggist, 13 West Superior, Street.

MENDENHALL & HOOPES, District Managers, London Guarantee & Accident Co. (LIMITED), OF LONDON, ENG. ORGANIZED 1869. Employers Liability, Elevator Accident, Workmen's Collective, Surety Bonds, Individual Accident.

RESTORED MANHOOD DR. MOTT'S NERVE PILLS. The great remedy for nervous prostration and all other diseases of the generative organs of either sex, such as nervous prostration, failure of seed, nocturnal emissions, Night Emissions, Mental Weakness, excessive use of tobacco or opium, which lead to Gonorrhea and its sequelae. With every \$2.00 order five extra pills are sent to cure chronic and the money refunded at \$1.00 per box, or boxes for sale. Price \$2.00 per box, six boxes for \$10.00. Sent by mail, six boxes for \$10.00. Prepared Only by THE GERMAN HOSPITAL REMEDY CO., GRAND RAPIDS, MICH. For Sale By MAX WIRTH, Druggist, 13 West Superior, Street.

THE COMING CONTEST. In the spring election for mayor will be the most animated that has ever taken place in Duluth. In order to simplify matters and arrive at the real sentiment of the people as to who is their popular choice for mayor, The Herald here by inaugurates a voting contest, by printing in each issue of The Evening Herald a coupon which every person in Duluth is requested to cut out and vote as often as they please and mail or bring it in person to The Herald office. The popular contestant who receives the largest number of votes will on January 10th, the day of the close of the contest receive his choice of the \$125.00 Haviland China Dinner Set now on exhibition in Pantons & Watson's window, or a \$100.00 Easy Chair. The former valuable prize will also interest the ladies of Duluth to take a part themselves in this enterprise of determining who is the popular choice for Duluth's executive head. All you have to do is cut out the coupon which appears on the first page of The Herald tonight and write on it your choice for mayor; every vote cast in November will count as five votes, every vote cast in December counts three votes and each vote cast the first ten days in January will count one vote each. The China Dinner Set or the Easy Chair will be delivered to the fortunate winner on the morning of January 10th, and he may also be successful nominee of the citizens' convention which will be held a few days later. Send in your votes. The outcome of this contest will be watched with a great deal of interest and the standing of the different candidates announced from time to time.

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Faber's Golden Female Pills

Relieve Suppressed Menstruation. Travel successfully by thousands of women. Their effects reliable and safe. Worth twenty times their weight in gold for female troubles. Sufferers known to all. Sent by mail sealed for \$3. Address The Apbro Medicine Company, Western Branch, Box 27, Portland, Oregon. Sold in Duluth by Max Wirth and Sells & Walcott.

D. & N. RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Daily, except Sunday: in effect Dec. 18, 1893. Train No. 1, northbound—
Lv Duluth Union Depot..... 8:45 am
Lv Virginia..... 11:30 am
Lv Duluth..... 12:30 pm
Lv Duluth Union Depot..... 1:30 pm
Lv Duluth..... 2:30 pm
Lv Duluth Union Depot..... 3:30 pm
Lv Duluth..... 4:30 pm
Lv Duluth Union Depot..... 5:30 pm
Lv Duluth..... 6:30 pm
Lv Duluth Union Depot..... 7:30 pm
Lv Duluth..... 8:30 pm
Lv Duluth Union Depot..... 9:30 pm
Lv Duluth..... 10:30 pm
Lv Duluth Union Depot..... 11:30 pm
Lv Duluth..... 12:30 pm
Train No. 2, southbound—
Lv Duluth Union Depot..... 1:30 pm
Lv Duluth..... 2:30 pm
Lv Duluth Union Depot..... 3:30 pm
Lv Duluth..... 4:30 pm
Lv Duluth Union Depot..... 5:30 pm
Lv Duluth..... 6:30 pm
Lv Duluth Union Depot..... 7:30 pm
Lv Duluth..... 8:30 pm
Lv Duluth Union Depot..... 9:30 pm
Lv Duluth..... 10:30 pm
Lv Duluth Union Depot..... 11:30 pm
Lv Duluth..... 12:30 pm
D. M. THILLIN, Gen'l Manager. G. C. GILFILLAN, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

THE DULUTH & IRON RANGE RAILROAD CO.

PASSENGER TIME TABLE.

P. M.	A. M.	STATIONS.	P. M.	A. M.
6:10	11:50	Lv Duluth	1:15	8:15
6:30	12:10	Lv Duluth	1:35	8:35
6:50	12:30	Lv Duluth	1:55	8:55
7:10	12:50	Lv Duluth	2:15	9:15
7:30	1:10	Lv Duluth	2:35	9:35
7:50	1:30	Lv Duluth	2:55	9:55
8:10	1:50	Lv Duluth	3:15	10:15
8:30	2:10	Lv Duluth	3:35	10:35
8:50	2:30	Lv Duluth	3:55	10:55
9:10	2:50	Lv Duluth	4:15	11:15
9:30	3:10	Lv Duluth	4:35	11:35
9:50	3:30	Lv Duluth	4:55	11:55
10:10	3:50	Lv Duluth	5:15	12:15
10:30	4:10	Lv Duluth	5:35	12:35
10:50	4:30	Lv Duluth	5:55	12:55
11:10	4:50	Lv Duluth	6:15	1:15
11:30				

EVENING HERALD.

PUBLISHED BY THE
DULUTH PRINTING AND PUBLISHING CO.

Business and editorial rooms in the Herald
building, 220 West Superior street. Telephone
—Business office, 224, two rings; editorial rooms,
224, three rings.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

Daily, per year..... \$7.00
Daily, per three months..... 1.50
Daily, per month..... .60
Weekly, per year..... 1.50

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

Entered at the postoffice at Duluth, Minn., as
second-class mail matter.

The Weather.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, DULUTH, MINN.,
Dec. 18.—A very severe storm is this morning
central north of Lake Superior, the barometric
pressure at Fort Arthur at 7 a. m. being as low
as 29.75 inches.
Snowy weather with southerly gales had pre-
vailed over the lake region during the night,
while in Minnesota and the Dakotas fair
weather was accompanied by northerly
gales and higher temperature than that of yester-
day. The thermometer was 2 degrees above
zero at St. Vincent and 31 degrees above at Bis-
marck.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 22
degrees above zero; maximum for twenty-four
hours, 25 degrees; minimum last night, 7 de-
grees above zero.

DELIVER: Dec. 18.—Local forecast until 5 p. m.
tomorrow: Clearing by tonight, with falling
temperature; fair and much colder Tuesday;
northwesterly winds continuing brisk to high
this evening and tonight.

JAMES KENEALY,
Local Forecast Officer.

The Pioneer Fuel company sells the best grades
of coal and from the low prices now in effect
gives liberal discounts for cash and makes prompt
deliveries. Office, 220 West Superior street.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—Forecast till 5 p. m.
tomorrow: For Wisconsin: Fair Tuesday;
colder; northwest gales. For Minnesota: Gen-
erally fair to clear Tuesday morning and after-
noon; northwest gales, diminishing.

The New Bridge Bill.

The Herald has received a copy of the
bill introduced in congress on Dec.
13 by Maj. Baldwin, granting to the Du-
luth and Superior Bridge company the
right to construct a steel bridge over the
St. Louis river from Rice's Point to
Conner's Point. The bill follows to a
considerable extent the outline of the
measure agreed to by the joint committee
of Duluth and Superior citizens and the
Lake Carriers' association, but in some
particulars it differs from the agreement
made by the joint committee.

It is provided that the bridge shall be
built of iron and steel, with abutments
and piers of solid masonry, but nothing
is said about the character of the ap-
proaches. They might be built of
wood, so far as the provisions
of the bill are concerned. The right to
use the bridge is to be granted on equal
terms to all street and other railway com-
panies, and in case of disagreement the
tolls shall be fixed by the secretary of
war. Wagons, vehicles and animals of
all kinds and foot passengers are en-
titled to equal rights of passage, but it
is provided that the bridge shall be free to
all foot passengers and to the employees
and apparatus of the fire and police de-
partments of Duluth and Superior, when
in actual service.

Section 5 makes provision for the sale
of the bridge, at any time after its com-
pletion, to Duluth and Superior or to St.
Louis and Douglas counties jointly, upon
payment of the total
amount expended upon "the con-
struction, maintenance and repairs
of said bridge and its approaches and ac-
cessory works, as well as expended in
dredging the channel to and through the
draw of such bridge, with interest there-
on at the rate of 7 per cent per annum,
less the net income from the tolls." It
is, however, provided "that said bridge
and its approaches thereafter shall be
made free of tolls to wagons, trains and
foot passengers and street railway cars."
The latter provision is in accordance
with the agreement entered into at the
joint meeting of representative com-
mittees of the two cities and is open to
serious objections. It was never con-
templated by those who took part in that
conference that, when the bridge was
transferred to the cities or counties, it
should be made free to street
railway cars. Why should it be
free to street railway companies
and not to other railway companies?
Why should it be made free to either
companies?

The cities or counties should not be
required to furnish free passage or trans-
port to either street railway or steam rail-
way companies, but should be permitted
to charge reasonable tolls that would
pay the interest on the bonds issued to
purchase the bridge, provide a sinking
fund for the retirement of these bonds
and leave a sum at least sufficient to pay
the cost of maintenance and repairs. If
the toll be not amended in this particular,
the bridge, after its purchase by the
cities or counties, would be a continual
cause of expense instead of a source of
revenue.

The Christmas Annual.

The Christmas annual issued by The
Herald will make its appearance to-
morrow afternoon. It will consist of
twenty-four pages, printed on tinted
paper of good quality and illustrated in a
manner appropriate to the holiday
season. In addition to being an inter-
esting Christmas publication, this issue
will contain a large amount of facts and
figures relating to the growth and
progress of Duluth in all the lines of
trade and commerce and in manufac-
tures and public and private improve-
ments during the year.

Few people have any correct idea of
the extent to which Duluth has grown as
a manufacturing center, and to nearly
every one the story that will be told of
the city's manufactures will be a revela-
tion. The facts and figures in regard to
this feature of the city's development

have been collected by a careful visit to
every factory in the city and suburbs,
and can therefore be relied upon as
thoroughly accurate and disassociated
from any attempt to boom at the ex-
pense of the truth.

This is but one of the many features
that will make tomorrow's issue of The
Herald a valuable publication to send to
friends and acquaintances and business
connections. It will demonstrate anew
the splendid manner in which Duluth has
passed through a year of general de-
pression, and has steadily advanced
while stagnation prevailed elsewhere.

Expensive Luxuries.

Although we are counted a fairly sober
people in the hurly-burly of nations, the
figures of the internal revenue com-
mission for the last fiscal year on the
amount of whisky and beer we drink
and the number of cigars and cigarettes
we smoke and the quantity of tobacco
we chew are simply amazing. They
make the head reel. The preacher who
peruses them will be him to the pulpit
to tell his congregation that we are a
nation of drunkards, stupefied with
drink half of the year and drugged with
tobacco the other half; that each year
we recklessly squander upon these in-
ventions of Beelzebub three times as
much money as is required to keep this
government in operation, more than is
represented by the circulating medium
of the United States. And when the
preacher does this he will be throwing
an armful of facts at his congregation.

We consumed last year, according to
this report of Commissioner Miller, and
it tells the story as detailed in hard cash
over the counter of the internal revenue
office, \$7,000,000 gallons of whisky,
brandy and distilled spirits, or in other
words, 6,000,000,000 glasses of whisky,
for which we paid over the bar the enor-
mous sum of \$600,000,000, or \$50,000,000
more than the annual appropriations of
congress combined. This represents a
consumption of 100 glasses of whisky
each year for every man, woman and
child between the rock-bound Pacific
and the storm-tossed Atlantic, or count-
ing only male adults, 500 gallons for
each. Of beer the figures are equally
astounding. The consumption was 31-
962,943 barrels, that is 12,785,169,200
glasses, representing an expenditure for
this mode of Teutonic hilarity of \$617-
258,460, or about \$10 for each inhabitant.
In the neighborhood of 230 glasses are
charged up in this calculation against
each of us as our annual allowance. If
we do not average our daily glass with
our neighbors get the benefit of our abstinence.

In the matter of cigars, cigarettes,
smoking tobacco and chewing tobacco
we are equally prodigal. The blue in-
cense of 4,814,202,000 cigars and cheroots
and the curling wreaths of 3,176,693,000
cigarettes aid us in our reveries and
soothe us in our work. For this luxury
we pay: For cigars and cheroots, \$253-
750,000; for cigarettes, \$22,332,000. This
is apportioned for cigars, 83 to each in-
habitant or 415 for each male adult;
cigarettes 51 to each man, woman and
child or 250 to each male adult. All this
goes in to smoke each year while a people
are hungering for bread. But this does
not include the millions of bowls of to-
bacco that are consumed in pipes. The
figures for smoking tobacco cannot be
separated from those for chewing to-
bacco. Combined we consume 279,726-
092 pounds of the fascinating weed,
which costs us \$139,663,036.

Altogether, not taking stock of the
money we expend for champagne,
whose sparkling bubbles burst about
the brimming goblet, and the other im-
ported and native wines which "drive
away carking care," the people of the
United States spend annually for drink
and tobacco the almost incomprehensible
sum of \$1,611,923,460. The mind is in-
capable of grasping the largeness of this
total, but when it is remembered that
this is more than the circulating medium
of the United States, that it is \$27 per
head more than the per capita circula-
tion, that it proves that the head of
every family, supposing he handles the
purse strings, pays out \$105 annually for
drink and tobacco, and that every dollar
in the United States goes each year over
a bar or a counter of some tobaccoist,
some idea of its magnitude can be ob-
tained.

Is Consumption Contagious?

The New York board of health has
recommended the erection of a special
hospital for the treatment of consump-
tives, and has also put itself on record as
declaring that consumption is a con-
tagious disease and one that is prevent-
able. A resolution adopted by the board
says: "It is acquired by the direct trans-
mission of the tubercle bacilli from the
sick to the well, usually by means of the
dried and pulverized sputum floating as
dust in the air." According to the New
York board, the disease can be prevent-
ed by simple measures of cleanliness and
disinfection and by separating those suf-
fering from it from those who are not.
These deductions are based upon the
report of Dr. Herman M. Biggs, who has
for a long time been making a special
study of the disease, aided by bacteri-
ological research, and it is understood
that not only members of the board of
health but other physicians of eminence
in their profession accept his views as
correct.

The Herald does not know how the
physicians in Duluth view this subject,
but probably, like their brethren else-
where, they are divided in opinion re-
garding it. There are learned physi-

THE SNOW STORM

This morning had no effect on the peo-
ple that wanted to get CLOAKS at

HALF PRICE!

At 8:30 this morning our Cloak Depart-
ment was crowded and it remained that
way all day.

The Half Price Sale continues un-
til the entire stock is closed out.

PANTON & WATSON

SPORTING NOTES.

Lonsdale, a 2-year-old owned by Lon
Myers, once world's champion sprinter, re-
cently landed a barrel of money for Myers
at Guttenberg. Lonsdale was a 30 to 1 shot.
Trenchard has been elected captain of
the Princeton football eleven.

Champion Sprinter Stage of Cleveland
believes he will lower the 320 yards record
next season.

The gate receipts at three foot ball games
this season aggregated \$75,000.

Will F. Clark of the Dorchester (Mass.)
Athletic club recently won the cross coun-
try championship of New England.

The recent broadsword championship
contest in New York was not a success
financially.

George E. Eckhardt of the Olympic club,
San Francisco, recently won the lightweight
wrestling championship of the Pacific coast
by defeating Charles W. Andrews of the
Acme club.

The Kings County wheelmen are to have
a handsome new clubhouse in Brooklyn.
In Russia no cycle club can be organized
without a special permit from the govern-
ment.

Five million dollars worth of bicycles
were exported from England during the
past year.

Nancy Hanks has earned over \$80,000 dur-
ing her turf career.

Directum has landed about \$22,000 for
Salisbury the past year and is the largest
winner among the trotting brigade for 1893.

Budd Doble has over 50 horses in his Ter-
re Haute stable.

The old turf queen, Flora Temple, 2:19 1/2,
sold for \$13 when she was 4 years old. You
can never tell how far a good one jumps from
its looks, remarks an expert.

The two minute trotter predicted for
1893 failed to connect.

W. J. Andrews, who has driven Mascot
so long, will not handle the pacing cham-
pion next season.

There will be an elaborate athletic pro-
gramme carried out during the California
Midwinter fair.

Billiardist Frank Maggioni says the Pa-
risian billiard boom has collapsed.

Signs of It.

"Is Smith really going to practice law
out in Arizona?"

"I should think so. He sold his library
and bought half a dozen revolvers."—
Chicago Irish Ocean.

A Natural Query.

"You may twin me mustache, aw,"
said Gilly to the barber.

"Yes, sir," replied the latter. "Did
you bring it with you?"—Brooklyn Life.

Anderson florist, 331 West Superior st.

Holiday Excursion Rates.
December 23, 24, 25, 30 and 31 and
Jan. 1, 1894, the St. Paul & Duluth rail-
road will sell excursion tickets to all sta-
tions on its line at one and one-third fare
for the round trip. Tickets good for re-
turn passage up to and including Jan. 3,
1894.

Nor. Pass. Agt.,
428 West Superior street.

Sick Headache

21 Years of Suffering Ended by One
Bottle of HOOD'S.

Mrs. Ed. Swan
Duncannon, Ill.

"Few people have suffered as much as I have
with sick headache. I have had it by spells for
21 years, sometimes as often as

Three Times a Week.

I would get up with it, suffer all day, go to bed
with it and have it all night. I tried every-
thing that was recommended, but never
cured until about a year ago, when

My Mother-in-Law
persuaded me to try one bottle of Hood's Sarsa-
parilla. I am glad to say that it cured me, and
I have not had sick headache since I took
the first bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla. It has

Sarsa-
parilla

done me a great deal of good in other ways,
and has increased my weight from 125 to 147
pounds. I cannot praise Hood's Sarsaparilla
enough." Mrs. Ed. Swan, Duncannon, Ill.

HOOD'S PILLS are hand made, and perfect
in proportion and appearance. 25¢ per box.

Be sure and visit the World's wonder
for your Christmas goods. 29 East
Superior street.

THESE SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS ARE MONEY-MAKERS FOR THOUSANDS. EVERYBODY SHOULD USE THEM.

ONE CENT A WORD!

Herald Wants,

Popular Because Effective.

One cent a word; 75 cents a line per month.

No advertisement taken for less than 15 cents.

Payments must be made in advance.

SITUATIONS WANTED, FREE.

All persons wanting situations can use The Herald want columns for three insertion free of charge.

This does not include agents or employment offices.

Persons advertising in these columns may have answers addressed in care of The Herald and will be given a check to enable them to get their advertisements. All answers should be properly enclosed in envelopes.

SITUATIONS WANTED, FREE.

POSITION WANTED FOR THE WINTER BY

dry good clerk, best references, will work cheap. Address George Smith, care St. Louis Hotel.

WANTED—SITUATION IN PHYSICIAN'S

office as reception lady. Address K 51, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION BY A STENO-
grapher in any kind of office. Can do law work. Address Stenographer, No. 25 Fourth avenue east.

WANTED—WASHING TO TAKE HOME.

All work first class. 22 West First street.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, ANY KIND

of work for board and room. E. S. H. Herald.

A YOUNG MAN AGED 18, WHO LIVES

with parents and can give references, wishes a situation; would like any honest work. Salary no object at present. Address K 35, this office.

WANTED—SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN

of steady habits; willing to work at any or cash security. Address K 35, Herald.

SITUATION WANTED BY A YOUNG MAN

aged 21, as clerk in dry goods or clothing store; has good experience in same; have also taken course in bookkeeping and an willing to do any kind of office work; lives with parents; wages no object. Address J. C. 417, Eighth avenue east, city.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

SALEMEN TO SELL GRATING POWDER.

We put our goods in Glass Rolling Pins, 300 North and expense, or commission. Chicago Baking Powder Co., 27 Van Buren street, Chicago.

TWO GOOD HUSTLERS, SALARY AND

commission to sell goods on installment. 728 West Superior street.

MAN WANTED: SALARY AND EXPENSES.

Travelling salesman; whole or part time. Apply at once. Brown Bros. Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

A COMPETENT GIRL TO LOO

general housework. Apply 420 Second avenue east.

WANTED—LADY OR GENTLEMAN FOR

office. Salary \$50 and position permanent. Must be able to write to office. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Manager Box P, Chicago.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO TAKE CARE

of children. Mrs. David Johnston, corner Avondale and Lincoln streets, Lester Park.

WANTED, LADY'S PLUSH SACKS TO

clean and repair. J. S. Kelly, 39 and 211 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—DRIVING HORSE,

buggy and harness. No. 123 West Superior street, Room 5.

FOR SALE AT HALF PRICE. NEW SEW-

ing machine, wringer, desk, cook stove and household furniture; also new organ and gentleman's mink overcoat and gold watches. Inquiries, 430 Chamber Commerce building.

For Sale or Rent.

The building situate at 106 West Michigan street, now occupied by the Duluth Electric Light and Power Company, with central electric heating apparatus.

For further information enquire at HARTMAN ELECTRIC LIGHT CO., Room 3, Exchange Building.

LOST.

LOST SATURDAY EVENING A LADY'S

open faced gold watch, on Superior street, between Second avenue west and Second avenue east. Finder please leave at this office and receive reward.

GOLD.

OLD GOLD AND SILVER BOUGHT FOR

cash by Hirsch & Regli, manufacturing jewelers, 105 W. Superior st. Room 5, east of postoffice.

MIDWIFE.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL—MRS. L. BALDWIN

Midwife. Fall graduates of German college of midwifery. Cupping and vaccination done. 609 East Third street.

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

THE MOST DESPOTABLE LUNCHED

office in Duluth, free of charge to all girls, also have a full line of hair brushes, chains, etc. Mrs. M. C. Sells, 225 East Superior street.

For 1894.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENT TO SUBSCRIBE

NOW TO

Town Topics.

\$4.00 will pay for the entire year 1894, and you will receive FREE from date of subscrip-
tion the issues of Town Topics for the remain-
der of the year, including the special CHRIST-
MAS NUMBER (double number price 2 cents),

A MARVELOUS TALE BY AMBROSE

"The Damned Thing."

\$5.00, the regular Club Price of Town

Topics, with no more than 100 copies for the year, will get you not only Town Topics as above, but also the special Christmas Number of Tales for 1894, and the NEW YEAR'S GREETING, OUT DECEMBER 1st, THIS YEAR, with the

GREAT PRIZE STORY,

ANTHONY KENT,

A THOROUGHLY COSMOPOLITAN NOVEL.

Price, 50 Cents.

Critics agree that this is the strongest and most

intensely interesting of this remarkable series of Prize Stories.

Remit in check, money order, postal note, etc., to

TOWN TOPICS, 21 West 32d St., N. Y.

N. B.—Have you read AMELIE RIVES' latest and best novel,

Tanis, the Sang-Digger?

JUST OUT.

12mo, cloth, gilt, \$1.50 postpaid.

ONE CENT A WORD.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

RENT YOUR HOUSES, PLATS AND STORES

of Alexander & Speyer, 216 W. Superior st.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED—FOR FIVE OR

six months, desirable house with all conveniences. 116 Herald.

FOR RENT—SMALL SIX ROOM FUR-

nished house. Furnace, bath, central lo-
cation; comparatively new. 367 Lexington.

SIX ROOM FURNISHED HOUSE, 106 EAST

Second street for rent cheap. W. A. Hol-
gate, 12 West Michigan street.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT IN HERALD BUILDING, ONE

office, also Michigan street store room, will rent very cheap until spring. Enquire Room 20 Herald building.

FOR RENT—FOUR WARM ROOMS, AP-

ply at 110 East Fourth street.

TWO LARGE FURNISHED FRONT ROOMS

for rent; suitable for light bookkeeping. 15 First avenue east.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, HOT AIR

heat, bath, etc., centrally located, with or without board. 120 First avenue west.

PERSONAL.

LADIES—IF YOU LIKE TO KNOW THE

way through married life troubles, send your name and get a pass. Address E 23, Herald.

MARRIED LADIES—SEND 10 CENTS FOR

"The World's Fair" (no medicine, no deception) just what you want. Ladies' Bazar, Kansas City, Mo.

SKILLFUL SCHOLARS

Superintendent Denfeld Exhibits Some of the Work Turned Out of the Manual Training School.

Complete Electric Motor, Several Lathe Tools, Models of Machinery and Other Things Shown.

A Midnight Fire Made Things Lively Among Boarders at the Robinson House Last Night.

At the meeting of the school board Saturday night, superintendent Denfeld exhibited a complete electric motor, several lathe tools and handles, a number of models of machinery and a large iron pendulum, weighing 200 pounds, made for the purpose of demonstrating the relation of the earth on its axis, all the work of pupils of the manual training school. After making his exhibition, Superintendent Denfeld asked an appropriation of a small amount of money to buy new material for the department. The applications of Miss Jenny Lind for a position as teacher and that of Milton Doughty, who wants a place as an engineer, were read and referred.

Pond & Hassey were allowed \$500 on a disputed claim of \$850, due on the Central high school. The request of the finance committee for more time to make its report on the banks of deposit for the school funds was granted. Bills and estimates to the amount of \$7000 were allowed and the drawing of warrants ordered.

The museum committee, composed of H. W. Pearson, J. W. Phillips and Superintendent Denfeld, reported that it had secured by gift in Chicago, from various states and countries seven cases of specimens, mostly geological and mineralogical. The committee also purchased in Chicago additional specimens, such as crystals, shells, corals, sponges, fossils, rare ores and minerals, the whole costing about \$450. These additions to the museum will be forwarded to Duluth soon.

The resignation of Miss Blanche Wilson, who wishes to return to her home in Nova Scotia was received and referred. The settlement with C. S. Wernersbach for the heating and ventilating apparatus for the Jackson school and with Pond & Hassey for the same appliances to the building committee with full power to act. The president and secretary of the board were authorized to sign orders for the final settlement with the school.

A petition signed by citizens of Duluth and West Duluth for the use of the Central High School Assembly room in which to hold the election for the incorporation of the union of the two municipalities on the evening of Dec. 30, was granted after some discussion.

BOARDING HOUSE FIRE.

The Robinson House Visited by the Fire Fiend Last Evening.

The Robinson house on lower Fifth avenue west adjoining the new building occupied by the Duluth Crochery company and Sugar Drug company, caught fire last night about midnight. The place is owned by Mrs. Linn, who lives at the West End. It is a 2½-story frame building and is occupied as a boarding house by D. S. Robinson. The inmates, about twenty in number, were all thoroughly frightened and scrambled out as quickly as they knew how and without much preparation, but they were not in any very great danger although quite badly choked with smoke.

The fire was discovered by one of the boarders who awoke and found his room filled with smoke. He gave the alarm and roused the other boarders. The department was on hand quickly and the flames were subdued. The damage was not as bad as at first supposed. The fire evidently caught in the gutter from a defective flue. There was a strong wind blowing and carried the flames through the whole garage. The roof was burned off but this was about the extent of the damage. The ceiling of the second floor burned through in a few places but further than this the flames did not extend. The damage to the building will not be more than \$400 or \$500. The furniture was scarcely injured and \$500 will probably cover the total damage to building and furniture.

Both building and furniture are insured, the latter for \$1500.

The Police Were Foy.

Price fighting is frowned upon in Duluth as some admirers of the fight act found out on Saturday evening. Two colored boys, Shepard and Hancock had been matched and the mill was to come off in Superior. The plans were suddenly changed, and the fight was abandoned. It was passed too freely, however, for the police got on to it and a squad of officers appeared on the scene about the time the fight was scheduled to begin. The fight will come off later, so the managers say.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway Holiday Excursion Rates.

The Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway will sell excursion tickets Dec. 23 to Jan. 1, inclusive between all stations on its line for one fare and one-third for the round trip. Good to return until Jan. 3.

T. H. LARKE,
Commercial Agent,
475 Spaulding House Block.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

NOVEMBER DONATIONS.

Gifts Made to the Women and Children's Home During the Month.

The following donations were made during the month of November to the Women and Children's home:

Ladies Missionary society, basket of dainty sandwiches and cold lamb; Mrs. George W. Cornell, pair chickens, two quarts preserves, nice glass jelly, loaf of bread; Mrs. G. G. Hartley, package of summer clothes, wool stockings; Mrs. George Spencer, large package of granulated sugar, rice, nuts, pears, two dozen eggs; Mrs. T. H. Hawkins, package of infant's clothes; Eunice and George Smith, three pounds fine confectionery; Mrs. Sherwood, package of children's clothing; D. Anderson, five quarts new milk; Mrs. George Spencer, one very large turkey, one Brussels carpet; Mrs. Col. Jones, milk many times; Mrs. Ed S. Smith, one peck cranberries, mince meat; unknown, nice lot of boys' clothing, basket of doughnuts; Mrs. J. L. York, child's cloths, pretty kilt, caubrie night gown, aprons, etc.; Miss M. Kelly, basket of grapes; Effie Smith, satchel of clothes and toys; Mrs. E. W. Markell, boys' waists, collars, shoes and large cake of maple sugar; Mrs. Nye, cloak and hood; Mrs. Silberstein, value package of underwear, night gowns, etc.; Mrs. Dr. Stocker, large parcel of nice articles; Mrs. O. H. Simonds, crockery and clothing; Mrs. James Hunter, large package of clothing; Pantan & Watson, large basket of beautiful flowers; Silberstein & Bondy, six pairs of stockings, several yards of Canton flannel; Mrs. Pressnell, children's caps; Mrs. C. A. Duncan, 25 cash, 6 cups and saucers, 12 plates, berry dish and small platter; Mrs. Peyton, children's clothing; Mrs. Howard, lady's clothing; Mrs. Markell, box of clothing and shoes; Mrs. Towne, thermometer and clock; A. L. Orlean, cash \$5; F. B. Daugherty, cash \$20; French & Bassett, offered team to deliver goods for home or hospital.

Thanksgiving contributions from the Jackson, Endion and Woodland schools were generous. Bread, butter, several bushels of potatoes, fresh and canned vegetables, cookies, jelly, canned fruit, apples, chickens and turkeys, clothing, books, toys and paper goods to make hearts glad all around.

The Young Ladies auxiliary has made aprons, night gowns, and hemmed pocket handkerchiefs, the material of which was donated by several of the ladies of the board.

THE PRICE OF WHEAT.

Some Figures Showing the Profits Made by Exporters.

The railroad and warehouse commission have for several weeks been at work gathering facts and figures with the view of furnishing information as to the relative prices of farm products in Liverpool and other foreign markets, also in Montreal, New York, Buffalo, Chicago, Minneapolis and Duluth.

The work will hereafter be continued as a permanent feature, in accordance with the provisions of chapter thirty of the laws of 1893, which provides that publications shall be kept on file showing the various market prices as above outlined, and that a weekly report of the same shall be made up from the publications received, which shall contain the rates of freight and other charges between Duluth or Minneapolis and other markets. The required information on this subject can hereafter be found in the office of the commission by any person interested.

Copies of the Corn Trade News, issued from Liverpool, the Mark Lane Express, New York Journal of Commerce, also market reports from Montreal, Buffalo, Chicago and other important markets will constantly be kept on file.

The following, showing the prices, is based upon actual sales of No. 1 hard wheat, "Duluth certificate," made in Liverpool on Nov. 28, 1893, taken from the last issue of the Corn Trade News of that date, which has been received by the commission, and exhibits the current price of No. 1 hard wheat in Duluth on the same date, together with the cost of transportation and other charges:

Wm. C. SARGENT,
Secretary.

HOLIDAY EXCURSION RATES.

Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway—Round Trip Rates From Duluth.

Toronto and return	\$20.00
Ottawa and return	20.00
Quebec and return	20.00
Montreal and return	20.00
St. John's and return	20.00
Halifax and return	20.00
Portland and return	20.00
Boston and return	20.00
Detroit and return	20.00
Chicago and return	20.00
St. Paul and return	20.00
Minneapolis and return	20.00
Buffalo and return	20.00
Rochester and return	20.00
Syracuse and return	20.00
Albany and return	20.00
Schenectady and return	20.00
Watkinsburg and return	20.00
Utica and return	20.00
Oneonta and return	20.00
Delaware and return	20.00
Catskill and return	20.00
Shenandoah and return	20.00
Fredericksburg and return	20.00
Washington and return	20.00
Philadelphia and return	20.00
New York and return	20.00
Boston and return	20.00
Portland and return	20.00
Halifax and return	20.00
St. John's and return	20.00
Montreal and return	20.00
Quebec and return	20.00
Ottawa and return	20.00
Toronto and return	20.00

Not valid for export shipment at New York upon arrival there, otherwise charge of 10c for storage and insurance must be added.

Notice of Stockholders Meeting.

Please take notice that the annual meeting of the stockholders of Lakeside Land company will be held at the office of the company, No. 506 First National Bank building, Duluth, Minnesota, on Wednesday, the third day of January, A. D. 1894, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of electing a board of directors for the ensuing year and transacting any and all other business that may properly come before said meeting.

FRENCH & BASSETT

FIRST STREET AND THIRD AVENUE WEST.

GRAND HOLIDAY DISCOUNT SALE

Discounts Apply to Prices Already Reduced to Touch the Times.

Open Every Evening Until Christmas!

We Give the Following Discounts According to the Color of Tag:

RED	WHITE	BLUE	GREEN	YELLOW	PURPLE
10	15	20	30	40	50
PER CENT.	PER CENT.	PER CENT.	PER CENT.	PER CENT.	PER CENT.

FURNITURE, CARPETS, RUGS, DRAPERY.

THE TOWING OF RAFTS.

The Restrictions Recommended by the Board of Engineers.

The board of engineers appointed by the secretary of war, of which Maj. Sears of this city was one, to investigate the subject of raft towing on the great lakes, has in its report submitted the following restrictions for adoption by congress:

That every vessel having a raft in tow shall carry in addition to the regulation colored signal lights, two white lights, showing all around the horizon not less than eight feet apart and at least twenty feet above the deck; that for use in case of foggy weather said vessel shall carry what is known as a screaming whistle for giving log signals; the use of such screaming whistles upon vessels not having rafts in tow being declared illegal except for fire or police boats engaged in their duties as such; that every vessel towing a raft shall give at least half channel, the channel way, wherever the width of channel will permit, to vessels passing in the same or opposite direction; that every vessel having a raft in tow shall avoid running over or against buoys, stakes or other channel marks, and that in case of the unnecessary destruction or displacement of any of said buoys, stakes or other channel marks, it shall be the duty of the masters or others in charge of said towing vessel to report the fact to the light-house inspector of the district as speedily as possible.

In all channels and harbors marked by buoys or other channel marks, or in passage between piers or alongside of revetted banks is necessary, rafts shall be so constructed that the boom logs surrounding the rafts shall overlap each other, outward and aft, from front to rear, at least three feet, and be fastened together short enough to prevent the lanes straightening out. That through connecting waters of the lakes, such as harbors and rivers with narrow entrances and channels, no bag rafts shall be permitted.

That when any vessel and its tow of logs in bag or sack rafts are obliged by stress of weather to take refuge between entrance piers, or any narrow channel of a river or harbor, shall be at once reconnoitered as to leave at least half the channel way clear, and the whole raft shall be moved as soon as possible out of the way of passing vessels; each of said towing vessels shall be so constructed that the boom logs surrounding the rafts shall overlap each other, outward and aft, from front to rear, at least three feet, and be fastened together short enough to prevent the lanes straightening out. That through connecting waters of the lakes, such as harbors and rivers with narrow entrances and channels, no bag rafts shall be permitted.

That raft towing through either the Hay Lake channel or the St. Clair Flats canal shall be entirely prohibited. That on the St. Mary's river between Saint Ste. Marie and the head of Mud lake, at a point two miles below the position of the Encampment crib light, rafts shall not exceed 600 feet in length and 60 feet in width; that each raft shall be hauled by not less than two tugs of sufficient power to keep the raft under control and to move it to one side of the channel sufficiently to permit vessels to pass. That on the St. Clair and Detroit rivers rafts shall not exceed in length 1200 feet, nor in width 100 feet.

That for the willful violation of the foregoing restrictions the towing vessel shall be liable to a fine of not less than \$100, and not more than \$1000; and the master or other persons in charge of the towing vessel shall be imprisoned for not less than one month and not more than six months for each offense at the discretion of the United States court having jurisdiction; and that in addition to the penalties thus imposed the towing vessel shall be liable at civil action for damages occurring as a result of willful violation of these regulations.

A Child Enjoys

The pleasant flavor, gentle action and soothing effect of Syrup of Figs, when in need of a laxative, and if the father or mother be constipated or bilious, the most gratifying results follow its use; so that it is the best family remedy known and every family should have a bottle.

EPIDEMIC OF INSANITY.

The Atmosphere of China Seems to Produce Insanity at Present.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 18.—The Pacific mail steamer Rio de Janeiro, which arrived yesterday from China, brought the corpse of American Consul General Alfred D. Jones, of Shanghai, who died seven days after leaving port, a raving maniac, and it also brought purser J. H. Mahar, late of the steamer Peru, who was also violently insane.

Consul Jones was entrusted to the captain to be transferred to his home in this country. He seemed to be suffering from melancholia, but he soon became violent and smashed articles in his cabin and tried to run amuck on deck. He was manacled and watched over him, but he heastidly grew worse and died on Dec. 9. Purser Mahar became insane at Hong Kong and was sent back here for treatment. He smashed windows in the steamer saloon and had to be put in irons. The voyage to China one of the Rio's China passengers developed insanity and ran amuck with a big carving knife. He was knocked down before he hurt anyone.

Jones was 38 years old and for several weeks before his death had brooded over his failure in a love affair at Raleigh, N. C. His old home was in Raleigh, and he finally lost his mind. His body was embalmed and will be shipped to Raleigh.

VICTORY FOR THE TRUST.

A Decision That Enables the Whisky Trust to Hold Its Trade.

PROBIA, Ill., Dec. 18.—The decision in the case of the Cream City Importing company against the National Distilling company of Milwaukee is attracting much of attention in this city. It involved the rebate system which enables the trust to hold its trade.

There have been many contests over these rebates, and the trust officials do not hesitate to declare the present decision a great victory in their favor in view of the fact that the National Distilling company is one of its distributors. Ben J. Greenhut, in speaking for his party, President Greenhut, who is out of the city, said they had anticipated the decision, which had been affirmed by several courts. There was nothing illegal about the system, which was merely a bonus to customers.

The system had been regarded with general favor by dealers, and the only difficulty experienced by the trust came from certain dealers, whom it had been found impossible to satisfy, no matter what their contract was.

May Be a Lynching.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Dec. 18.—Tramps forced an entrance to the house of William Davis Saturday night and after tying the farmer and his wife to chairs and threatening them with all sorts of tortures, they succeeded in extorting \$100 from them. After gagging the couple they went to a neighbor's, where the outrage was repeated. The county has recently been overrun by tramps. A posse is in pursuit and if caught there may be a lynching.

Will Not Be Rebuilt.

CLEVELAND, Dec. 18.—The National Carbon company's works on Wilson avenue near the lake, burned yesterday. The fire not only destroyed \$175,000 worth of property, but deprived nearly 200 men of employment. The works will not be rebuilt. Three buildings were burned.

Suspended Publication.

CHICAGO, Dec. 18.—Owing to its said, discretion of the United States court having jurisdiction; and that in addition to the penalties thus imposed the towing vessel shall be liable at civil action for damages occurring as a result of willful violation of these regulations.

Chicago's Harbormaster.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—Solicitor Revere of the treasury department, has rendered a decision that the secretary of the treasury under the law may detail an officer of the revenue marine service to act as harbormaster at Chicago.

Panton & Watson

Say they are going to wipe their Cloak Department out of existence. They have inaugurated another

Half Price Sale!

It began this morning; you ought to have seen the rush for

Fashionable Garments at Half Price.

Silberstein & Bondy

HEADQUARTERS FOR USEFUL XMAS GIFTS!

What can be more appropriate or sensible to buy this year than

A Handsome Dress Pattern,
A Stylish Cloak,
A Rich Fur Set,
A Pretty Embroidered Handkerchief,
A Fur Muff or Boa,
A Soft, Warm, Comfortable,
A Dainty Fan,

Or a hundred and one other useful articles to be found in a well regulated Dry Goods Store.

Silberstein & Bondy.

PRIMUS

Is a luxury and yet such a cheap necessity. It makes that delicious, light, white bread—a modern ambrosia. We imagine the ancients would have been delighted to have given it to their gods for a feast. Insist on having your grocer send you this Four. There is no substitute. Try it and you will use no other.

T. B. HAWKES & CO., Manufacturers.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

UNDER JUDGMENT OF FORTY-FOUR.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of St. Louis.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

The Highland Improvement Company, a corporation.

Plaintiff.

vs.

Adelle V. Curman.

Defendant.

Notice is hereby given, that under and by virtue of a judgment and decree rendered and decreed in said court and entered in the files of said court on November 11th, 1893, in favor of the said plaintiff and against the said defendant, Adelle V. Curman, for the sum of \$100.00, and costs of said suit, the said plaintiff, after having obtained a writ of execution thereon, and after having caused the same to be levied upon and will sell in one parcel at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the front door of the court house in the city of Duluth in said county of St. Louis, on Tuesday, the 26th day of December, A. D. 1893, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, all the real estate in said judgment and decree described, being as follows, to-wit: A lot of land situated in the city of Duluth, in the First Division, Duluth, being the lot of land of the said Adelle V. Curman, according to the record of said lot.

Dated Duluth, Minn., November 12th, 1893.

PAUL SHAW,

Sheriff of St. Louis County, Minn.

By H. R. AMSTONG,

Deputy.

McGEEVER & WICKER,

Attorneys for Plaintiff.

Nov. 27-28-29-30-31-1893.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of St. Louis.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Frederic W. Paine,

Plaintiff,

vs.

Joseph B. Sewell.

Defendant.

Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a judgment and decree rendered and decreed in said court and entered in the files of said court on November 11th, 1893, in favor of the said plaintiff and against the said defendant, Joseph B. Sewell, for the sum of \$100.00, and costs of said suit, the said plaintiff, after having obtained a writ of execution thereon, and after having caused the same to be levied upon and will sell in one parcel at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the front door of the court house in the city of Duluth in said county of St. Louis, on Tuesday, the 26th day of December, A. D. 1893, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, all the real estate in said judgment and decree described, being as follows, to-wit: A lot of land situated in the city of Duluth, in the First Division, Duluth, being the lot of land of the said Joseph B. Sewell, according to the record of said lot.

Dated Duluth, Minn., November 12th, 1893.

PAUL SHAW,

Sheriff of St. Louis County, Minn.

By H. R. AMSTONG,

Deputy.

McGEEVER & WICKER,

Attorneys for Plaintiff.

Nov. 27-28-29-30-31-1893.

JAPANESE PILE CURE.

A New and Complete Cure for Piles, Hemorrhoids, and all other diseases of the rectum and anus.

Dr. L. A. FAULNER.

Dr. L. A. FAULNER.

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Groceries.

Fancy Dairy Butter	28c to 28c
Fine Creamery Butter	30c to 33c
Fresh Eggs, per doz	20c
Ginger Ale, per quart bottle	10c
Cranberries, per quart	6c
Potatoes, per bushel	55c
Oranges, per dozen	27c to 30c
Mixed Candy, per pound	10c
Mixed Nuts, per pound	12c
Citron and Lemon Peel, per pound	15c

For an Assortment
Of Fresh Fruits
We Are
Headquarters.

M. M. GASSER,
GROCER,

211 West Superior St.

THE COURT FILINGS.

Legal Papers Filed in the Clerk of Court's Office Today.

A suit has been begun in the district court against Thomas and William McKinley in the First National bank of Ponsuslaw, Penn., to recover \$3500 on a promissory note. The note was given to the American Loan and Trust company and by it sold to the plaintiff, J. L. Washburn is plaintiff's attorney.

Other papers filed today with Clerk Sinclair were as follows: Complaint in a suit of Bush & Wilson vs. Emma Gordon. The plaintiffs constructed an artificial stone walk for the defendant and claims \$75 is due on the same. Titus & McPherson are plaintiffs' attorneys.

Affidavit of mailing of notice to creditors in the matter of the assignment of William Parsons.

Affidavit of mailing of notice to creditors in the matter of the assignment of John B. Supplin.

Affidavit of establishment in case of Louis Rouchleau vs. Mary Dodge and R. Dodge and New England Mutual Life Insurance company.

Answer of defendant Cathers Drummond in the case of Wm. Newman vs. Edward Ott et al.; also answer of Edward Ott et al. in same action.

Agreed statement of facts in Harvey Richer appellant vs. R. F. Fitzgerald, assignee of Simon Clark & Co.

Bond for costs in the case of H. A. Schulze vs. Fannie Brown.

MORE ANSWERS COMING.

Ottawa and Eau Claire Answer as to Street

Railway Grades.

The clerk of the board of public works this morning received two more answers to his inquiries as to the street railway grades in various cities. One of these was from Ottawa, Ont., and the other from Eau Claire, Wis., and the other answer states that in that city a 7 per cent grade is considered practicable. The heaviest grade in that city is one of 10 per cent, running a distance of 200 feet. One of a per cent is 600 yards in length.

The answer from Eau Claire comes from C. A. Alderman, city engineer. He says that their system is not first class, hence does not consider any data from other cities of much practicable value. With good power he considers a 7 per cent grade practicable. The heaviest grade in Eau Claire is 7-10 per cent and extends a distance of 310 feet.

Railroad Notes.

Fred V. Doty, once a prominent member of Duluth society, now ticket agent of the Western Transit company at Buffalo, was in the city today looking as lovely as ever. Fred says that his brother Harry is still in Buffalo, that he is well and weighs over 200 pounds.

W. D. Madigan, chief examiner of the railroad mail service with headquarters at St. Paul, came up on official business today.

The Omaha train was delayed several hours on account of a slight mishap near Spooner.

Manicure sets and smoking sets. The largest assortment of fine goods in the city. Boyce's drug store.

AWARDED HIGHEST HONORS—WORLD'S FAIR.

DR. PRICE'S
Cream Baking Powder

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

THE COUNCIL TONIGHT

Ordinance Repealing Duluth Gas and Water Company Guarantee Compromise Ordinance to Come Up.

City Railway Company's Franchise Will Also be Reported on by the Committee Considering It.

Monthly Bills to be Allowed and no Other Meeting Held Until Early in January.

Tonight the regular council meeting convenes. Among the matters to come up, will be the allowance of the monthly bills and the filing of the acceptance of the ordinance recently passed for the benefit of the Duluth Transfer railway. The ordinance repealing the Duluth Gas & Water company's extensive guarantees comes up for a second reading, as also does the ordinance granting a franchise to the City Street Railway company. City Clerk Richardson hopes that a quorum will be present this evening, as another meeting will not be necessary until Jan. 8. The two Monday evenings intervening will be legal holidays and the present prospects are that no meeting will be necessary until that date. At the meeting in prospect for Jan. 8 it is expected to open and award bids for the first installment of the \$300,000 bonds to be issued for the benefit of the supplementary city water works system. Up to date the city clerk has received about twenty inquiries concerning the bonds. The little circular he has issued, giving his history up to date, seems to be in great demand, some firms already having sent for several extra copies, one firm desiring a dozen. Those descriptive circulars are sent to the customers of the bond dealers and are a great convenience in many respects.

A LIVELY STORM.

Wind and Snow Have Made Things Unpleasant Today.

The weather prophet's trolley was off yesterday when he predicted fine weather and a fair wind for today. The wind was a fair wind, though, a regular westerly fair wind, that entered the city limits at about a forty mile gale and careered on the lake at the rate of a mile a minute, at least it seemed that fast. It snowed too, and the snow made nearly as good time as the wind, except when it happened to hit a citizen in the face and smothered himself down his neck to roost between his chest protector and his liver pad.

The man who keeps the street car lights at the corner of Third avenue west had a hard time of it. On a day like this everybody has questions to ask of the man at the wheel, and every time they opened the door of his pilot house, they let out all the heat generated by his stove and introduced a chunk of congealed free trade wind from Manitoba. However, he kept the cars running all right, although the Woodland Park slipped a cog or two during the worst part of the storm.

Weather Observer Kenealy said that the storm would cease rather suddenly toward night and that it would be much colder which is reassuring to the coal dealers at least. One good man said, "This is a good old-fashioned winter, this is, and I am glad of it. I admire it so much. I am going to California this winter and I shall enjoy my stay there in semi-tropical climes so much more when I reflect upon the horrible weather that Duluth is experiencing this winter. Ta, Ta." And yet some of the bystanders said that he was a selfish man.

ARE CONSIDERING IT.

Judges Lewis and Ensign Have the Ward Matter Under Advisement.

Judges Ensign and Lewis took up the matter of redistributing the city into wards this morning. City Attorney Greene, of Duluth, and Village Attorney Phelps, of West Duluth, were present and presented maps and statistics as requested by the judges a week ago. Both also again spoke briefly and informally regarding the division.

City Attorney Greene gave the opinions of a number of Duluth's aldermen, mostly to the effect that there should be as few wards as possible and large wards should be made. Attorney Phelps favors the limit, ten, and thinks it requires that many to give all sections proper representation.

The judges took the matter under advisement and worked over it all morning.

AMUSEMENTS.

"Paul Kaurav."

"Paul Kaurav" drew only a fair audience at the Temple Saturday night. The play is a strong, heavy one and requires an excellent interpretation to bring it out properly. The company is not a particularly strong one and the presentation was weak in some parts. H. Coulter and his work was excellent in the character of "Paul Kaurav." Miss Esther Lyons, the leading lady, lacks force and ranted badly, especially in the first act. Max von Mitzel also was too demonstrative and noisy. There was a strong air of realism about the whole play and the scenic effects were good.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, Dentist, top floor Palladio. Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote & Co. Imperial Flour the best in the world. Good applications for loans on inside property wanted at once. S. M. Chandler, 404 Palladio bldg.

The Merchants' hotel has cut rates for table board to \$5 per week; room and board, \$8.50.

Hear Miss Ford at Pilgrim club entertainment, next Tuesday evening.

One of the best Xmas gifts for a young man or boy is a membership in the Y. M. C.

The Duluth Turn Verein is making great preparations for its annual masquerade to be held Jan. 17, 1894. It is said will be a swell affair, and only persons who procure an invitation in advance will be allowed admission.

The civil calendar was called in the municipal court this morning by Judge Winge with a liberal attendance by attorneys.

In police court this morning, August Wensell was found guilty of the charge of drunkenness, but was given a suspension of sentence. Mat Forencu, charged with disorderly conduct, pleaded not guilty. His trial was set for this afternoon.

The big iron cap on the Torrey block ventilating shaft tore loose in the scale this morning and swayed about in rather an alarming manner. The janitor managed to push it over on the roof without doing any damage to the building.

A marriage license was issued today in Clerk Sinclair's office to John W. Hall and Anna E. Chown.

Tonight O. B. Nagarkar, of Bombay, India, lectures before the Unity club on "The Hindu Schools of Philosophy."

The W. C. T. U. will hold its regular meeting in the First M. E. church tomorrow.

The Turner society will have a Christmas free festival and a bazar on the Wednesday between Christmas day and New Year's day, for the school children of the members and all others that wish to join in making the affair such a success as the Holly Turners' Christmas festivities always are.

Tomorrow there will be placed on sale at Silberstein & Bondy's store 1000 copies of the "Zenithelite Polka," composed and arranged by Edward A. Silberstein. It is pronounced by those who have heard it as very pleasing and a decided credit to the young composer.

Sydney Brown, whose reputation and ability as a violinist is so well established as to need no further praise, will play at the reception and musicale given by Miss Mook and Miss Mackey at the Spalding on Wednesday evening.

The Bohemian club was photographed yesterday in a group by Frederick Johnson.

A hat for your wife would make a nice Christmas present. Get one at cost. Call at Mrs. Humes'.

PERSONAL.

H. Mitchell has returned from New York where he attended the Guarantee Ticket brokers' national convention.

John McKinley has gone to Chicago.

George Sherwood has gone to California to attend the midwinter exposition.

Ex-Municipal Judge Page Morris left for Lynchburg, Va., Saturday night over the Omaha, in response to a telegram which said that his father, Dr. Morris, was seriously ill.

Mrs. Frank B. Ross has returned from a visit to St. Paul.

M. F. Shryer left for Chicago on Saturday.

Mrs. F. A. Daley, the wife of the Biwabik banker, is visiting friends in the city.

A. Hirschman is at the St. Louis.

J. R. Jones and wife, of Calumet, Mich., are at the St. Louis.

Maj. J. H. Upham received a telegram from his son, J. L. Upham, Jr., saying, "Train disabled at Spooner. Will be home some time today." Mr. Upham is on his way home from school at Andover, Mass., to spend the holidays.

Ed Matheson has returned from St. Paul and will leave this week for a trip to the Pacific coast.

Miron Dummell, who has been suffering severely from the grip, is convalescent, and will leave shortly with his family for California.

Mrs. J. Wentworth left over for the Wisconsin Central for Chicago last night.

Fred Parsons, secretary of the Marshall-Wells company, went to Grand Forks yesterday.

G. G. Hartley returned from New York yesterday right side up and looking very fit, but like the man in the song "he had nothing to say, lad, nothing at all to say."

L. R. Doty, the Chicago agent of the Lehigh coal company, is in the city.

C. W. Turner, of St. Paul, superintendent for the A. Booth Packing company, is at the Spalding.

J. H. Murdoch, the cigar man who now travels for a Philadelphia house, is once more visiting his Duluth friends after a long absence.

State Senator Frank W. Higgins, of New York, is at the Spalding. Mr. Higgins was elected last fall and polled the largest vote ever given to a Republican in this district.

Last Saturday Judge Roger S. Powell left for his old home in the East, where he will spend two or three weeks. For some time he has been indisposed and troubled considerably with insomnia. His physician advised a change of scene and a rest, hence the vacation.

Register Taylor of the local United States land office is at his desk this morning, fairly recovered from his late indisposition.

A. L. Morris has returned from the South, where he represents a firm of law publishers and will spend the holidays here.

H. A. Fitzcomb of St. Paul, John Landberg of Minneapolis, Dr. H. L. Darns of McKinley, and L. N. Verkes, of Mesaba, are at the Merchants.

Boyd and Wilbur Have a unique line of holiday goods in their new store at Temple Opera building.

Unsurpassed. Every purchaser at the LaVague gallery this week will be presented with a handsome steel engraving.

Rings, Watches, Etc. Buy them at H. H. Bros., 20 West Superior street. The cheapest place in the city to buy reliable jewelry.

Great Eastern
Open Evenings Until Christmas.

Possibly or Probably You Contemplate Making One or More Purchases Christmas

Perhaps you want something for Grandpa or Papa. Something for Brother, or Uncle, or Nephew, Cousin or Sweetheart. What to buy is undoubtedly the problem that is perplexing you today. Quite a puzzle, isn't it. Perhaps we can assist you.

Hats and Caps.

There's nothing in the line of Head-wear for the human being that we can't supply. The latest and best for boys and children; the newest and noblest



styles and shapes for young and middle-aged men and the most comfortable and serviceable headgear devised for the aged are all concentrated in our HAT and CAP department.

Gents' Furnishings.

Ladies who don't know "what he'd like" will find their worry at an end after visiting our GENTS' FURNISHINGS department.

Take Dressing Gowns and Smoking Jackets for instance.

They're nice, sensible presents, because they are useful—last a long time—serve as pleasant reminders for many years. Nearly every gentleman wants one. We show a fine assortment covering the latest English and American styles and materials. Prices below the average.

Next comes Neckwear. It's always acceptable. We have all the new styles from both sides of the ocean—beautiful effects in Silks and Satins—every shape set down by "King Fashion."

300 dozen small Knot Ties with wide flowing aprons graduated Four-in-Hands, De Joinville Four-in-Hands. Beautiful designs, latest patterns, exclusive styles, \$1.25, \$1.00 and 75c. for 50c.

Handkerchiefs.

Choice 100 dozen, lovely patterns, hemstitched, plain and fancy borders, \$1.00, 75c and 60c values for 50c.

Mufflers.

A specially pleasing novelty for gentlemen. The new fad, the new Blue Polka Dot. You should certainly see our assortment.

At 60c on the Dollar.

The \$20 kind for \$12
The \$15 kind for \$8

\$1000 in Gold Given Away—\$20 Every Week. A Key With Every Purchase in Every Department.

For Shoes visit our Shoe Department—Oversees at wholesale prices. Men's and Ladies' Fine Trunks at actual Cost Price.

A Chance on the Valuable House and Lot With Every Purchase. Drawing Takes Place January 1, '94.

M. S. BURROWS & CO.

Promoters of Honorable Advertising.

NOT SO FAST, HENRY.

George W. Stevens Takes a Spurt of 500 in the Voting Contest.

If anybody thinks that Henry Haskins has a complete "cinch" on that set of dishes he should examine the record in the mayoralty contest today. George W. Stevens has jumped 500 votes since Saturday, and it would only take two or three more spurts such as that to overtake the genial humane officer. There are only two weeks more in which coupons counting three votes will be issued. On and after Jan. 1 coupons will tally but one vote each, and the contest will be closed and the dishes awarded on Jan. 11. The following is the record.

Henry Haskins 17,634
George W. Stevens, manager Cranberry 15,153
W. E. Richardson 4745
R. A. Gray 2850

Secure tickets at Kilgore & Siewert's, or Duluth Paper company, for Pilgrim club entertainment to be given at Pilgrim Congregational church, Tuesday evening, Dec. 19, at 8 o'clock. Tickets, 25 cents. See handbills.

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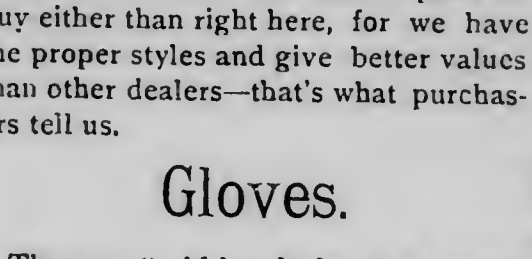
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Fill out the Coupon in
The Herald this evening
and send it to this office.

WILSON'S REPORT

ELEVENTH YEAR

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1893.

FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION.

FIVE CENTS



WILSON'S REPORT

The Democratic Majority of the Ways and Means Committee on the New Tariff Bill.

Held That the Power of Taxation Has no Lawful Exercise, Except to Provide Revenue.

The Existing Tariff an Extreme and Voluminous System of Class Taxation Without Any Parallel.

American Industry Prospered for Fifteen Years Under a Low Tariff in a Remarkable Manner.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 19.—"The American people, after the fullest and most thorough debate ever given by any people to their fiscal policy, have deliberately and rightly decided that the existing tariff is wrong in principle and grievously unjust in operation. Such is the opening paragraph of the majority report submitted by the Democratic members of the ways and means committee today to the full committee. The report was written by Chairman Wilson. It was laid by him before his Democratic associates last night and received their cordial approval.

Continuing, the report says: "They have decided, as freemen must always decide, that the power of taxation has no lawful or constitutional exercise, except for providing revenue for the support of the government. Every departure from this principle is a departure from the fundamental principles of popular institutions and inevitably works out a gross inequality in the citizenship of a country. For more than half a century we have levied the largest part of our federal taxes in violation of this vital truth, until we have reached in the existing tariff an extreme and voluminous system of class taxation to which history may be challenged to furnish any parallel.

"So many private enterprises have been taken into partnership with the government; so many private interests now share in the prerogative of taxing seventy millions of people that it is almost impossible to see how the government can attempt to dissolve this illegal tariff. It is necessarily encountered by an opposition that rallies behind it the intolerance of monopoly, the power of concentrated wealth, the inertia of fixed habits, and the honest error of a generation of false teachings. The bill on which the committee has expended much patient and anxious labor is not offered as a complete response to the mandate of the American people. It is no more professing to be purged of all protection than to be free of all error in its complex and manifold details.

"However, we deny the existence of any legislative pledge, or of the right of any congress to make such pledge for the continuance of duties that carry with them more or less acknowledged protection, we must recognize that great interests do exist whose existence and prosperity is no part of our duty either to imperil or to curtail. We believe, and we have the warrant of our own past experience for believing, that reduction of duties will not injure but give more abundant life to all our manufacturing industries, however much they may dread the change.

"In dealing with the tariff question as with every other long standing abuse that has interwoven itself with our social or industrial system, the legislature must always remember that, in the beginning, temperate reform is safest, having in itself the principle of growth. A glance at the tariff legislation of our country ought to satisfy every intelligent student that protection has always shown its falsity as a system, economy by its absolute failure to insure healthy and stable prosperity to manufactures. It teaches men to depend on artificial help, on laws taxing their countrymen for prosperity in business, rather than upon their own skill and effort. It throws business out of its natural channels into artificial channels where there must always be fluctuation and uncertainty, and it makes a tariff system the football of party politics and the stability of large business interests the stake of every popular election.

"None have recognized this truth more fully than the war men who from time to time have engaged in the so-called protected industries. Years ago Edward Everett stated, in an oration at Lowell, that the sagacious men who founded the manufactures of New England were never friends of a high tariff policy. Hon. Amos Walker, a former member of this house from Massachusetts, and one of our foremost writers on economic questions, declared it to be within his own personal knowledge that when the proposal was made to impose the protective tariff of 1816, the leading manufacturers of Rhode Island, amongst whom was Mr. Slater, the father of cotton spinning in this country, met at the counting room of one consultation, came unanimously to the conclusion that they had rather be let

alone; their business had grown up naturally and succeeded well, and they felt confident of its continued prosperity, if let alone by the government.

"They argued that by laying a protective tariff their business would be thrown out of its natural channels and subjected to fluctuation and uncertainty. But, as usual, the clamor of selfish and less far-sighted men and the ambition of lawmakers to usurp the place of Providence prevailed. The country entered upon a protective policy with the unfailing result that government help brought a violent demand for more government help. The moderate tariff of 1816 rapidly grew into the 'tariff of abominations' that carried the country to the verge of civil discord and provoked a natural revision.

"Protection has run a like course since 1861. When congress began to repeal war burdens and to relieve manufacturers of the internal taxes which they had used to secure compensating duties on like foreign products, there arose a demand throughout the country, without respect to party, for a reduction of the war tariff. Unable to resist this demand, the protected industries hailed and thwarted any reduction of consequence until 1873, when they defeated a house

of prophecies that it would destroy our manufacturing industries, throw labor out of employment, or so compel it to work at pauper wages, and dwarf and arrest the prosperous growth of the country. Every representative of four great manufacturing states of New England voted against it with gloomy forebodings of its blighting effect. The rate of duties provided in that tariff was much lower than those of the bill we here offer. What was the result? Instead of paralyzing the industries and pauperizing the labor of New England, or the rest of the country, the tariff of 1816 gave immense vigor to manufactures with steady employment and increasing wages to labor, so that after eleven years' experience under it, the longest period of stability we have ever enjoyed under any tariff, the representatives of those same states with practical unanimity voted for a further reduction of 20 per cent, and by a two-thirds vote sustained the tariff of 1857 which made a reduction of 25 per cent.

"And so well contented and prosperous were the manufacturers of that and other sections of the country under the low rates of the tariff of 1857 that when the Morrill bill of 1861 took the

Do we not know that the woolen manufacture dates its revival from the tariff of 1857, which altered the duties on wool? The history of American industry shows that during no other period has there been a more healthy and rapid development of our manufacturing industry than during the fifteen years of low tariff from 1846 to 1861, nor a more healthy and harmonious growth of agriculture and all the other great industries of the country.

"No chapter in our political experience carries with it a more salutary lesson than this, and none could appeal more strongly to law makers to establish a just and rational system of public revenues, neither exhausting agriculture by constant blood letting, nor keeping manufacturers alternating between chills and fever by artificial pampering. In this direction alone lies stability, concord of sections, and of great industries. We have already said that public discussion may disclose errors of minor detail in the schedules of our bill. To escape such errors would require so thorough and minute a knowledge of all the divisions, sub-divisions, complex and manifold makes and involutions of our chemical, textile, metal and other industries, that no committee of congress, no matter how extended the range of their personal

congress—which substitute is a real basis of the existing law—was being prepared, Senator Hoar, of Massachusetts, appeared before the senate sub-committee and used this language: 'Instead of coming before your sub-committee for a formal hearing on our Massachusetts industries, I thought the best way was to carefully prepare a table of all the various industries, perhaps some sixty or seventy in all, and ask Brother Aldrich to go over them with me and ascertain what the people wanted in each case, and if there were any cases where the committee had already done exactly what the petitioners desired or had not inflexibly passed upon the question, I find in every instance the action of the committee, as Mr. Aldrich thinks it likely to be, is entirely satisfactory to the interests I represent, with the exception of one or two, and the papers in regard to these cases I have handed to Mr. Aldrich.'

"No stronger indictment of the whole protective system could be made than that which is unconsciously carried in these words of a United States senator, that laws which impose taxes on the great masses of people must be written

A MESSENGER KILLED

John Richardson, a Wells-Fargo Messenger, Found Murdered in an Express Car in Texas.

Had Been Shot Three Times in the Back While Standing Beside an Open Safe.

How Much Money Was Secured by the Robbers is Unknown, and There is No Clue.

HOUSTON, Tex., Dec. 19.—A message was received here late last night calling for a sheriff's posse to go to Crosby. When the Southern Pacific east bound train, which leaves here at 10 o'clock, reached Liberty, John C. Richardson, the Wells-Fargo messenger, was found dead in his car, his head split open by a blow from an ax and the car robbed. The body was left at Liberty.

Sheriff Ellis with a posse left on a special engine. A number of negroes at Sheldon attempted to board the west bound train which passed there just before the train going east. The amount of plunder obtained is not known. The whole affair was quite mysterious. At Dayton the station express agent appeared at the door of the car, but could not get an answer, and a colored brakeman, finding the door slightly ajar, pushed it back and was horrified to find the body of Messenger Richardson lying alongside of the safe. While the body was still warm, life was extinct. Three bullet holes in the back showed the cowardly nature of the attack. Another bullet had plowed a furrow in the back of the head.

A large combination safe containing many thousands of dollars was unlocked but the contents were unmolested. A small iron safe or box was open and from it it is supposed some money was taken, but just how much cannot be ascertained at this hour. There is no clue to the murderers, but the deed was probably done between Houston and Sheldon, as railroad mail for the latter place was not delivered and only found when the awful discovery was made at Dayton.

It is supposed that the robber secreted himself in the car and killed the messenger when the latter's back was turned. The sheriff of Liberty county started with a posse for a hunt for the murderer shortly after learning of the tragedy. The robbers probably became alarmed at the fatal result of their work and jumped from the car before securing even a small part of what was there, but just where they left the train time alone can tell.

It is thought one man did the work. Richardson's pistol was found in his locker, and he was evidently shot down as he stood with no thought of danger by the small safe. One bullet from a 45-caliber revolver was found in the car. The car was a combined baggage and express car with blind ends, four side doors, and no partition. It was well filled with baggage and express matter and a person gaining an entrance unobserved could readily secrete himself. Richardson was about 35 years old and married, and lived in New Orleans.

ANOTHER TRAIN ROBBERY.

An Express Messenger and a Fireman Said to be Dead.

AUSTIN, Tex., Dec. 18.—Meager reports this morning announce another disastrous train robbery in Texas. This morning at about 3 o'clock, when about fifty miles from Houston, near a small station, the Southern Pacific express train was held up by robbers. The express messenger and the fireman are both reported to have been killed, and the express safe was blown to atoms and completely looted of a large sum of money. The passengers were also robbed. The bandits made their escape. The number comprising the gang is not known, though it is thought there were half a dozen.

Pardoned by the Emperor.

BERLIN, Dec. 19.—Gen. Von Kirchhoff, on the retired list of the Prussian army, has been released from the Magdeburg fortress. He was condemned by a court martial to several months' confinement for having shot Frederick Harich, editor of the Berlin Tageblatt, who published an item to the effect that Friedrich von Kirchhoff had conspired with a servant. He was pardoned by the emperor after having served but two weeks of the sentence.

A Burglar Killed.

SHERMAN, Tex., Dec. 19.—Marshal Everhart fatally shot a burglar named Gus Carroll Sunday night while in the act of robbing a store. Before he died Carroll confessed to a \$300 robbery in Springfield, Mo., and robberies in Pittsburg, Kan., and Hot Springs, Ark. Some of this plunder was found on him. Carroll was from Kansas City.

Cordage Company Sold.

JERSEY CITY, Dec. 19.—Vice Chancellor McGill, of New Jersey, has ordered the National Cordage company to be sold. The bid of \$5,000,000 by the reorganization committee was accepted.



FOR THE
EVENING
HERALD.
I WISH
YOU A MERRY CHRISTMAS!

bill that did make a substantial reduction, by substituting a senate bill which carried a horizontal cut of 10 per cent. As soon, however, as the election of 1871 gave the next house to the Democratic party, that bill was repealed by the outgoing Republicans and rates restored to what they were before 1872.

"And although the demand for tariff reform and reduction of taxes has ever since been a burning and a growing one in the country, the protected industries have exacted and received from every Republican congress elected since 1874 an increase of their protection, occasionally permitting the repeal or the lessening of a tax that was paid into the treasury in order to keep away from or to increase duties levied for their benefit. Protection left to its natural momentum never stops short of prohibition, and prohibitory walls are always needed to be built higher or to be patched and has and never can give stability and satisfaction to its own beneficiaries. Even if its victims are too weak or too scattered to agitate for its decrease, those beneficiaries are sure to agitate for an increase.

"When the reform tariff of 1846 was before congress the legislature was full

first backward step there was a general protest against it. The Hon. Alexander Rice, of Massachusetts, said in the house: 'The manufacturer asks no additional protection. He has learned among other things that the greatest evil, next to a ruinous competition from foreign sources, is an excessive protection which stimulates a like ruinous and irresponsible competition at home.' (Congressional Globe, 1850-56, page 1867.)

"Mr. Sherman, of Ohio, said: 'When Mr. Stanton says the manufacturers are urging and pressing this bill, he says what he must certainly know is not correct. The manufacturers have asked over and over again to be let alone.' (Ibid 2053.) Mr. Morrill himself has since said that the tariff of 1861 was not asked for, and but coldly welcomed by manufacturers. (Congressional Globe, 1867-70, page 2295.)

"Senator R. M. T. Hunter, of Virginia, then chairman of the senate finance committee, said: 'Have any of the manufacturers come here to complain or ask for new duties? Is it not notorious that if we were to lessen it to the manufacturers of New England themselves, the manufacturers of hardware and textile fabrics, there would be a large majority against the change?

knowledge, or how laborious and painful taking their efforts, could ever hope to possess.

"We have not forgotten that we represent the people who are the many, as well as the protected interests, who are the few, and while we have dealt with the latter in no spirit of unfriendliness, we have felt that it was our duty and not their privilege to make the tariff schedule a rule, but the open and avowed method of framing protective tariffs.

"When the senate substitute for the bill passed by this house in the Fifth

in language so technical that the most intelligent citizen cannot fully understand them, and that the rates of taxation should be dictated by the selfishness and greed of those who are to receive the taxes. We have believed that the first step toward a reform of tariff should be a release of taxes on the materials of industry. There can be no substantial and beneficial reduction upon the necessary clothing and other comforts of the American people, nor any substantial and beneficial enlargement of the field of American labor, as long as we tax materials and processes of production. Every tax upon the producer falls with increased force on the consumer.

"Every tax on the producer in this country is a protection to his competitors in all other countries and so narrows his market as to limit the number and lessen the wages of those to whom he can give employment. Every cheapening of the cost or enlargement of the supply of his raw materials, while primarily inuring to the benefit of the manufacturer himself, passes under free competition immediately or passes entirely to the consumer, who very soon gets even more benefit

(Continued on page 6.)



ON GROVER'S MESSAGE

Editor Dana, of the New York Sun Roasts (The President for Contempt of Congress.

The Herald, on the Other Hand, Considers That the Message Was of Great Strength.

Equally Divergent are the Opinions of the Times and the Tribune Regarding the Message.

New York, Dec. 19.—Commenting on the president's message regarding the Hawaiian question, the Sun says: "The very first paragraph of the Hawaiian message shows the president's inherent and inextinguishable contempt for the authority of congress. He has been brought up with a round turn in his secret pursuit of the policy of infamy. Cleveland prefaces his message of yesterday, as is customary, with a straightforward statement of truth, namely that it is submitted in consequence of, and in obedience to the command of the federal legislature, but with the sneaking pretense that this message originates solely within his own volition. It is now written in pursuance of a previously expressed intention of transmitting further information on the subject when additional advice is permitted. Mr. Cleveland's presentation is no stronger than was Secretary Gresham's; Mr. Gresham's carried no more weight than Mr. Blount's; what Blount's is worth, the whole country, including congress, now perfectly understands.

The Herald says: "Mr. Cleveland has never sent to congress a stronger message than that in which he depicts the Hawaiian revolution as an annexation conspiracy, which for the first time has the authority of the United States has no parallel in our diplomatic annals."

The Times says: "The president's message is largely made up of a clear and forcible statement of facts which have already been made public. While it leads to no different conclusion regarding the revolutionary movement of last January and the relation of Mr. Stevens to it than had been reached by very candid mind that has studied the evidence, it has the advantage of presenting the case very clearly and concisely in a form that will be readily apprehended by those who have given scant attention to the subject heretofore and have formed no decided opinions. It is marked throughout with the courage and candor and deep sense of right that characterize all of President Cleveland's utterances and give them irresistible force with the people of this country."

"Nothing is more noticeable in this document than the renewed evidence it gives of Mr. Cleveland's unwavering reliance upon the moral sense of the people. In this perplexing affair the president has performed his own duty in a straightforward and upright fashion, which will disquiet his enemies and will still further the confidence and support of the American people."

The Tribune says: "Whatever is thrown by this message on the real practical problem presented by the Hawaiian complications, it is simply a statement of what Mr. Cleveland chose to regard as the facts in the case on the day that he took office and of what he sent Mr. Blount to Hawaii for the purpose of making out the facts to be."

Quarrelled Over a Gambler.
DEADWOOD, S. D., Dec. 19.—Maggie McDermott, a respectable woman was shot and instantly killed by Ennis Trevis, a woman of the same type, yesterday afternoon. They had quarrelled about a gambler, Frank Delaney. The woman and Delaney are in jail.

Tragedy in Cincinnati.
CINCINNATI, Dec. 19.—Herman Kleving, a carpenter out of work and suffering from delirium tremens, drew a razor across his wife's throat last night and then cut his own throat. Kleving is dead and the wife has a small chance of recovery.

STRICKEN DEAD

TRUTHFUL STATEMENTS.

A recent New York dispatch reads: "Jan. 3, C. H.—a fine looking and apparently healthy man, was observed to stagger while walking on Fifth Avenue this afternoon, and after taking one or two uncertain steps fell to the sidewalk. When picked up he was dead. A physician examined the body and pronounced *leptemia* the cause of death. A preliminary and feature of the case is that Mr. H.—was on his way to Maine to settle in the home of his father. He had passed the previous ten years in the western mining country, and had amassed a fortune. IF YOU have any of the symptoms given in the following testimonials you should lose no time in seeking relief."

"From John L. Roberts, Stratford, Pa.: 'I have suffered with palpitation, irregular color, fainting and smothering spells, pain in shoulders, ribs, and arms for over forty years. For twelve years have been treated without avail by prominent physicians in my neighborhood and in New York. Growing constantly worse, smothering spells followed one another, so my life was often in danger and I needed constant care. As my son had been cured by Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure, he sent me three bottles. The first dose gave me instant relief. Before using the last bottle I was completely cured. Although seventy-five years old I feel twenty years younger. I claim my cure to be almost a miracle.'"

Here is a letter from Mrs. John Kolges, of Cleveland, O.: "I had been troubled with my heart and stomach for years, but for fifteen months had been confined to my bed. I had four of the best doctors in the city, but none of them could benefit the weakness of my heart. I also had dropsy and rheumatism. I never took medicine that relieved me, once as Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure does. I am much stronger. My appetite is splendid. I gain strength with every dose. I have gained more in six weeks from your treatment than in sixteen months from all the doctors."

"Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure for Heart is sold on a positive guarantee by all druggists. It is safe, effective, unobtainable, and does cure." Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

A GREAT SAVING EFFECTED.

New Process Used for the Manufacture of Steel Ingots.

CLEVELAND, Dec. 19.—An entirely new plant is being built at the steel works and new patents applied to the blast furnace and other mills in the manufacture of steel ingots in the Cleveland Rolling Mill company's Newburg works, which will revolutionize that industry and place that department on an even footing with the Carnegie works, both in quality and quantity of work turned out.

The process is now used exclusively in Carnegie's Pittsburgh mills. It is the Siemens and Martin. The mill is being built on the site of the one blown down a year ago, and has been under construction since that time. It is of iron and steel, nearly 100 feet high, and will be operated by the most ponderous engines, and hydraulic machinery in use.

The old pig iron system at the blast furnace was done away with, and hereafter the melted iron will be dumped from the furnace direct into huge vessels and sent on specially constructed iron cars to the steel works, where almost will carry it up to the mouth of the converters, at a height of eighty feet, to be dumped there. At the furnace there will be a great saving in material and time, and at least 30 per cent in the cost of labor. About fifty men will be thrown out of employment. An extra force of workmen has been engaged to rush the buildings to completion and the company hopes to have them ready for operation by Jan. 1.

Similar reconstruction of the Cleveland rolling mill company's furnace on the flat will enable them to use the melted steel of that works at Newburg with suitable transportation facilities. The iron will retain its heat in the vessels for four hours, but the rolling mill could not guarantee speedy shipments at all times and the company is considering the proposition to build a private line between the flats, a distance of about five miles.

DEATH OF A NOTED MAN.

He Once Saved an Illinois Town Nearly Half a Million Dollars.

OTTAWA, Ill., Dec. 19.—Hon. Andrew Lynch, a leading merchant of Ottawa, died Sunday night, aged 65 years. He was a native of Ireland and came to Ottawa in 1851, and filled the position of mayor and supervisor. He was manager of the Illinois Starch company for many years, but was best known for his great work for the city of Ottawa, and especially in the great fight over the \$50,000 Fox River railroad bonds, which saved the town nearly \$500,000. The case went to the United States supreme court and Mr. Lynch went to Washington, watched the proceedings closely and paid the attorneys out of his own pocket. When Chicago sent a number of prominent men to talk ship canal, Mr. Lynch and the late Carter H. Harrison had a lively debate. Mr. Lynch stated that all Chicago wanted was to build a sewer to drain her filth down the valley. The funeral will take place Wednesday.

FLOUR HANDLED AT BUFFALO.

Ten Million Barrels Received From the West the Past Season.

BUFFALO, Dec. 19.—During the lake season just closed, 10,000,000 barrels of flour were received and handled at this port, making Buffalo the greatest flour port in the world.

The value of the product in round numbers was between \$30,000,000 and \$40,000,000. The season began April 16 and lasted exactly eight months, or 244 days, closing last Saturday.

The average number of barrels handled in a day was 10,000, but on some days as high as 15,000 were taken out of vessels and stored in the spacious warehouses owned by the different transportation companies, pending reshipment to the East by rail and canal.

Appeals Dismissed.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 19.—The appeals of five Chinese subjects from the judgment of the circuit court for the northern district of California, refusing them release from the custody of the marshal upon writs of habeas corpus were dismissed in the supreme court of the United States yesterday, upon motion of J. H. Hubley Ashon, who stated that no reason existed for prosecuting the appeals.

More Scared Than Hurt.

KANSAS CITY, Dec. 19.—The building occupied by the Kansas City Times was discovered on fire at 9:30 last night. The editorial force descended by the fire escapes safely and the printers were also safely taken out. The fire which was in the elevator shaft was quickly subdued with small loss.

An Editor Assaulted.

FLORENCE, Kan., Dec. 19.—J. F. Todd, state labor commissioner, attacked J. E. House, editor of the Bulletin, yesterday, in the depot platform, striking him behind the car with a loaded cane. The editor turned and a hot struggle ensued. Todd is under arrest for assault with intent to kill.

The Fifth Robbery.

FORT GIBSON, I. T., Dec. 19.—For the fifth time in a year the mails at this place were looted by masked robbers, Sunday night. Both the pouches and the cash in the office, as well as some express matter, were carried off.

The Supreme Court.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 19.—Chief Justice Fuller announced to the bar yesterday that at the close of next Friday's session the supreme court of the United States would adjourn till Wednesday, Jan. 3, 1894.

Ministers will kindly call at the St. Paul & Duluth city ticket office, 428 West Superior street and file application for half-fare permits for 1894.

Cheap California Rates via Northern Pacific Railroad.

Duluth to San Francisco, \$45 first class.

Duluth to San Francisco, \$33 second class.

Via boat from Portland, \$41 first class.

Via boat from Portland, \$26 second class.

Remember the Northern Pacific railroad runs the celebrated Pullman hotel tourist sleeping cars.

For further detailed information, and for reservation in both first class, and second class sleepers, write to F. E. Donovan, 416 West Superior street, Chamber of Commerce.

MURDER IN ARKANSAS

A Young Woman Killed by a Rejected Suitor and Two Other Women Badly Wounded.

Having Committed These Crimes, the Wretch Sent a Bullet Crashing Through His Own Head.

He Had Been Rejected by the Girl Because His Habits Were Very Much Dissipated.

FORT SMITH, Ark., Dec. 19.—A tragedy was enacted in this city yesterday afternoon, as the result of which Miss Ida Dodson is dead and two other persons are not expected to live. The affair occurred in Tucker's grocery store on Townsend avenue. Birnie Patrick, 21 years old, has been paying Miss Dodson attentions for some time past. He was, as the girl thought, too dissipated, and she endeavored to avoid him as much as possible.

Patrick made a fruitless attempt to seek her yesterday morning. About 10 o'clock Miss Dodson, Mrs. John Hendricks and Miss Ella Garrett were in Tucker's store, when young Patrick opened the door and walked in. After some words with Miss Dodson he pulled a revolver and fired. The bullet penetrated Miss Dodson's breast and came out of her back, causing instant death.

Patrick then leveled the gun at Mrs. Hendricks and sent a bullet through her lungs. He then placed the muzzle to his own temple, but about this time Miss Garrett, with an oath he fired at her, the ball taking effect in her arm. He again placed the weapon to his temple and pulled the trigger, the ball crashing through the front part of the head from right to left.

Forty Years a Clerk.

"WOOSTER, Ohio, Dec. 19.—Della Sloane, daughter of Hon. John Sloane, treasurer of the United States under President Taylor, was buried here yesterday. For nearly forty years she had held clerical positions in the different departments at Washington, and it is claimed that she was the most efficient of the government, both in office and years of service. She was unfortunate in her marriage, having married Charles Hoy, who was a well known politician and a notorious forger and horse thief.

Fighting Over Tariffs.

MADRID, Dec. 19.—A rupture of the commercial relations between Spain and France is imminent. Spain has refused to concede her minimum tariff on imports from France unless France accords her minimum tariff on Spanish wines. If an agreement is not reached by Jan. 1, Spain will apply her maximum tariff on French goods imported into Spain and the Spanish colonies. France will retaliate by placing the maximum tariff on Spanish imports.

Thirty-Five Years Each.

AUSTIN, Texas, Dec. 19.—Wallace, Deaton, Shelton and Bronson, the four train robbers who held up the International express at Davis last Sunday night, were brought to trial yesterday and all four confessed. They were given thirty-five years each in seven cases, the lightest sentence the law allowed, in consideration of the fact that they confessed and did away with a trial.

Paying the Redskins.

BLACK RIVER FALLS, Wis., Dec. 19.—Special Agent James G. Dickson, of the interior department, is now in the city enrolling the Wisconsin Winnebago, of this city. Payment of their annual annuity will follow, as soon as the rolls are completed. The amount per capita will not vary but a trifle from former payments, being in the neighborhood of \$20.

Wisconsin Roster Case.

SOUTH BEND, Ind., Dec. 19.—W. H. Gibson, H. B. Chyworth, C. S. Clark, B. W. Jones, J. M. Clancy and J. S. O'Connor, all of Wisconsin, have been cloistered all day with Col. W. P. J. McPhail, of this city, taking deposition in the famous roster case of Wisconsin. It is thought Col. McPhail, who is said to have signed the contract, gave them much valuable information.

A Cousin of Queen Lil.

WELLINGTON, Ohio, Dec. 19.—Minnie Clegg, one of the most popular lady teachers in the Wellington schools, is a second cousin of Queen Liluokalani. The relationship comes about through the marriage of an American missionary to the family of the ancestors of Queen Lil.

Died From Paralysis.

NEW YORK, Dec. 19.—News was received yesterday of the death at his father's house in Rusti, Chataqua county, N. Y., of "Ned" Curtis. He was insane from paralysis. Deceased was the private secretary to the late Senator Le Land Stanford several years ago.

Gen. Coon Dead.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., Dec. 19.—Gen. D. E. Coon, who was accidentally shot by his friend, J. H. Groveson, Saturday morning, died Sunday. The deceased was breveted brigadier general for bravery at the battle of Nashville Dec. 14, 1864.

Satioli's New Office.

VIENNA, Dec. 19.—The Politische Correspondenz says that Monsignor Satioli, papal delegate to the church in the United States, has been appointed archbishop of Bologna.

School House Burned.

YONKERS, N. Y., Dec. 19.—School Building No. 2 was totally destroyed by fire this morning. Loss \$50,000, fully insured.

Given Away.

For the holidays we make special inducements to the family trade and will give away from now until Christmas with the purchase of one gallon of liquor, a bottle of wine worth \$1; half gallon of liquor, a bottle of wine worth 50c. Do not forget to call at

THE PACIFIC WINE HOUSE, 520-531 West Superior street.

KIDNAPPED BY MEXICANS.

A Pretty American Girl Carried Off by a Rejected Lover and Friends.

DURANGO, Mex., Dec. 19.—The prefects of the district of Concordia and a party of rural guards are in close pursuit of the Mexicans who kidnapped Miss Charlotte Newman, a pretty American girl, a few days ago.

Miss Newman lived at Mazatlan with her mother. She was on her way by stage from Aguas Calientes to Lasinit, when the driver reigned up at a call from the roadside, where four men on horseback lay pointing revolvers at his head.

While one man held a gun on the driver and another to the horses, the other stepped to the end of the coach and contemptuously requested the young lady to come out. The frightened girl recognized the larger man, a fine looking fellow, as Jose Valdez, her rejected lover. She begged the passengers to save her. Valdez warned her to do nothing, and as they had no firearms they dared not protest.

After vainly urging Miss Newman to alight, Valdez and a companion laid hold of her and carried her to the horses. They placed her upon one, tied her to the saddle and drove the horse toward the mountains. The Mexican authorities were at once notified.

A COAL MINE ON FIRE.

Loss of Three-Quarters of a Million and Many Miners Without Work.

NEW YORK, Dec. 19.—A special from Avonville, Wyo., says: The Union Pacific Coal company sustained a loss of three-quarters of a million dollars in the destruction by fire of Mine No. 7, at Almy, seven miles north of here, and 400 miners are thrown out of employment.

The fire started on Saturday from spontaneous combustion and all efforts to extinguish it have been unavailing. No. 7 is in close proximity to a mine which has been on fire for more than ten years.

A PECULIAR ACCIDENT.

An Iron Bar Forced Through a Boy's Body at Rush City.

RUSH CITY, Minn., Dec. 19.—An accident occurred here yesterday morning which may result in the death of Willie Ellis, 18 years old. He, with Peter Egili, was moving a freight car. He was using a clinch bar and was kneeling in front of the car.

The bar slipped and as the car slowly moved the clinch bar caught him on the right side, just above the hip, passing through his chest and coming out at the back. The bar was bent and the boy was lying on the ground. "Well, I guess I'm going, but I can't help it."

Stole Registered Letters.

DANVILLE, Ill., Dec. 19.—A. A. Truesdell, postal clerk between Evansville and Terre Haute, a short time ago stole, it is said, thirty registered letters from the mail, securing \$600 in money. W. F. Rabb and C. P. Collins, two notorious agents of the Chicago syndicate, who had \$95 left. He claims that he was intoxicated when he committed the robbery. Rabb and Collins turned him over to the postoffice inspectors, who took him to Evansville last night.

He Killed Himself.

NEW YORK, Dec. 19.—Louis A. Nor-ganthal, 21 years old, a wine merchant of London, England, committed suicide by shooting himself in the head with a revolver. While his wife was out of the room he shot himself in the head with a revolver.



CATARRH OF HEAD AND THROAT.

The most prevalent form of Catarrh, and results from neglected colds.

"Is the breath foul?"

"Is the voice husky?"

"Do you spit up mucus?"

"Do you ache all over?"

"Do you blow out snobs?"

"Do you cough and sneeze?"

"Do you snore at night?"

"Does your nose discharge?"

"Does the nose bleed?"

"Is there pain in front of head?"

"Is there pain in back of head?"

"Is your sense of smell impaired?"

"Do you hawk to clear the throat?"

"Is there a dropping in the throat?"

"Are you losing your sense of taste?"

"Do you sleep with your mouth open?"

"Does the nose stop up towards night?"

This form of Catarrh is the easiest to cure.

All diseases treated at the uniform rate of \$5.00 a month. Remember, this includes consultation, examination, treatment and medicine for all diseases and all patients.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

The Celebrated French Cure.

Warranted to cure "APHRODITE" or money refunded.

IS NOT A POSITIVE GUARANTEE.

OF ANY DISEASE OF ANY ORGANS.

BEFORE THE EXPOSURE.

OF THE EXPOSURE.

OF THE EXPOSURE.

OF THE EXPOSURE.

OF THE EXPOSURE.

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OF THE EXPOSURE.

THE GRIP PREVALENT

Making Its Annual Visitation.

Is Your System in a Condition That Would Invite the Germs of This Malady.

From all parts of the country come reports of the prevalence of the "grip," or "influenza." It is making its annual visitation with more severity than it has ever done since its appearance in '89-'90, when it indirectly caused such an appalling death rate and left so many with physical ailments, from which they never recovered.

What is the "grip?" According to the eminent authority, Osler, it is "an infectious disease, characterized by great prostration and catarrh of the mucous membranes, particularly the respiratory and digestive tracts."

Catarrh is the starting point. The germs of the disease lodge on a catarrhal membrane where they grow and reproduce themselves and their poison affects the whole system. The necessity of curing the catarrh is obvious. Catarrh is simply an inflammation, and is curable if treated in the proper time and in the proper way. How often you hear of this or that person passing out of this world, and when you are informed of the cause you are told that a couple of years ago the individual had the "grip" and never got quite over it, and when this last cold was taken the patient was totally unable to resist the disease, and so another life is lost that might have been saved if proper treatment had been given at the proper time. A person suffering from catarrh of any organ, you might say, has a standing invitation out for almost every prevailing disease. It invites such diseases as pneumonia, Bright's disease, bronchitis, consumption, asthma, etc.

The way to save your health is not to neglect little things. If you have catarrh, attend to its treatment and avoid the diseases it invites. You can get the skillful attention and treatment at the Copeland Medical Institute that your case requires at the low fee of \$5 per month, and this charge covers the cost of all medicines and office treatment. Can you afford to neglect your case? Think of it.

Mr. McGillis indorses the Copeland SYSTEM OF TREATMENT.

Mr. Duncan McGillis has been treated at the Copeland Medical Institute, and to a reporter told the following story: "I came to Duluth about three years ago and shortly after my arrival I felt coming on what I supposed to be catarrh of the nose. It was not long, however, before I was suffering from breathing through it. Mucus would drop into my throat, making me feel very disagreeable, and cause much coughing and sneezing. My sleep was often disturbed because of collections of mucus in the throat. Dull headaches were of frequent occurrence. I was referred to the Copeland Medical Institute by a friend, and after a short course of treatment I feel as well as ever. The obstruction in my nose was skillfully and carefully removed so the air could pass freely to and fro. I can not say too much in favor of the Copeland physicians."

Mr. McGillis makes his home at 415 East First street, where he can be seen by anyone who questions the authenticity of the above.

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Mr. McGillis makes his home at 415 East First street, where he can

BOYCE'S DRUG STORE!

Everything in readiness; an unrivalled array of attractions for the holiday trade; more than ever, better than ever and cheaper than ever, and everything just as represented. Thousands of practical, beautiful Holiday Gifts at prices within the reach of all. These are especially interesting for they have no equal for value.

Leather Goods.

Traveling Cases,
Collar and Cuff Boxes,
Chatelaine Bags,
Shopping Bags, Leather Cases.

Elegant Goods, ones that please and satisfy, AT
RIGHT PRICES.

Toilet Waters.

WE HAVE THEM ALL.

Pocket Books

Suitable for Ladies or Gentlemen. Your choice
of thousands at actual wholesale cost.

Perfumes.

Largest assortment in the city. Prices ranging
from 25c to \$5 per Bottle.

Toilet Sets.

An immense variety to choose from at the low-
est possible prices.

Manicure Sets,

The finest goods in the world. Not the kind
you see in department stores, but the best made
and the ones ladies appreciate. They make the
most acceptable Christmas Presents, and you
will be surprised to find how cheap we sell them.

Toilet Articles And Soaps

Of every description. Combs and Brushes, Mir-
rors, Puff Boxes, Cut Glass Bottles, Shaving Sets.

CIGARS!

IN BOXES OF

25,

50,

75,

100.

The kind that made men
live longer and happier.

STATIONERY

From 20c to \$1.00 Per Box.

Imported Perfumes

IN BULK.

Imported Perfumes

IN BOTTLES.

WEST DULUTH ITEMS

The Sixth Street South Assessment Matter
Will be Left to the Duluth City
Council.

Meeting of the Village Council to be Held
Thursday When More Bonds Will
be Issued.

Money Due on Bonds Will Pay all Indebted-
ness and Leave a Balance on
Hand.

At the council meeting last evening
Attorney Phelps reported that he had
discussed the Sixth street south assess-
ment with City Attorney Greene, of Du-
luth, and they had decided to recom-
mend that the matter be left to the Du-
luth council.

Estimates of \$610,270 on Sixteenth ave-
nue west, from Third street south to the
St. Paul & Duluth road, and of \$355,115
on Grand avenue west were allowed and
also the final on Tacony street amount-
ing to \$153,210 was ordered paid.

The council will hold another special
meeting next Thursday to order the
issuance of more street improvement
bonds. It is expected that a total of
\$162,754.21 will soon be received from
the sale of bonds. On Nov. 1, the out-
standing village order amounted to
\$138,089.90, so that the money will pay
all the present indebtedness of the vil-
lage and leave about \$240,000 in the
treasury at the time of union with
Duluth.

Wants Them Stopped.

The fire department was called out
yesterday afternoon through the burning
of a chimney on Grand avenue near
Sixth avenue west, which caused no
damage. Owing to the heavy snow the
department found great difficulty in
getting their wheeled vehicles through
the snow banks. Chief Ryan put in a
request to the council last night asking
for two heavy sleds on which to mount
the hook and ladder truck and the hose
car, and a committee was appointed
with instructions to make the purchase.

West Duluth Briefs.

Company G has secured Scott's hall
on Central avenue for an army. It is
reported that arrangements will be made
so that those who are dissatisfied may
receive honorable discharges and their
places in the ranks filled by more en-
thusiastic soldiers.

The Transfer railway has added an-
other switch engine to its facilities for
handling freight. The company is also
extending sidings at a number of the
manufacturing institutions.

An adjourned meeting of the Business
Men's club will be held this evening for
the purpose of winding up the affairs of
the club and disposing of its furniture
to the highest bidder.

The Ladies' Guild of the Episcopal
church will meet Friday of this week
with Mrs. Follett.

The apron sale and supper which was
to have been held last week by the
ladies of the Episcopal church has been
postponed until Friday evening, Dec. 20.
Mrs. F. Olund will open a musical
studio in Duluth on Jan. 1.

J. J. Lausman, of St. Cloud, is in the
city on business.

P. Tjellman, of Willmar, is in the city
looking up a business location.

Munger Delaney has been ap-
pointed to a position on the fire depart-
ment.

C. S. Caird, an employee of the Great
Western, is quite ill at the Bennett.

E. O. Armstrong and wife have re-
turned from California.

The Methodists are making prepara-
tions to give an old folks concert in the
near future.

An adjourned meeting of the Business
Men's club will be held at its rooms this
evening at 8 o'clock for the purpose of
closing up the affairs of the club and dis-
posing of its furniture to the highest
bidder. All members and ex-members
are requested to be present.

A Great Bargain.

Sixteen piano cases new for \$200.
Pike & Hall, music store, 225 West
First street.

Attend the glove sale at Madame
Ward's.

You can rent your rooms, or houses
quickly through The Herald want
columns.

For Stomach

Bowel,
Liver Complaints, and
Headache, use

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS

They are purely
vegetable, sugar-coated,
speedily dissolved,
and easy to take.
Every dose

Effective

INSISTS ON RESIGNING.

The Belgian Prime Minister Will Not Retain
Office.

BRUSSELS, Dec. 19.—King Leopold
has urged M. Beernaert, the prime mini-
ster, to reconsider his determination to
resign because of the refusal of the party
of the Right in the chamber of deputies
to support the proposal for proportionate
representation as incorporated in the
franchise bill.

M. Beernaert has replied that his de-
cision is irrevocable and that he intends
to take a long trip abroad in order to
leave the ground clear to his successor.
M. Beernaert has been president of the
council and minister of finance since
1884.

The Italian Crisis.

Rome, Dec. 19.—The Corriere says
that had the intentions of Signor Crispi-
ni been realized, there would have been a
better ministry than the one now in
power. Still, the paper adds, the pres-
ent ministry is the best that Italy has
had in many years. Prime Minister
Crispieni is not responsible for the defects
in the present cabinet. This crisis has
a curious story which the paper prom-
ises to tell and confirm by documents
where such confirmation is necessary,
because it appears that the spirit of fac-
tion and antagonism to the government
has deeper roots than is supposed.

Iron Works Closed.

MASSILLON, Ohio, Dec. 19.—The
Carns iron works, employing 200 men,
suspended operations yesterday for an
indefinite period. Russell & Co., a man-
ufacturing establishment employing 1000,
have been idle the past four months with
no prospect of resuming. A citizens'
meeting has been called to devise means
by which relief will be furnished.

Had Listened to the Experts.

New York, Dec. 19.—The trial of Dr.
Meyer, the alleged poisoner, was ad-
justed this morning until Thursday, by
Judge Barrett, in order to give the med-
ical experts time to examine into the
mental condition of Juror Low, who be-
came suddenly ill yesterday and showed
signs of insanity.

The Princess Better.

LONDON, Dec. 19.—The princess of
Wales has entirely recovered from the
influenza, with which she was attacked
some days ago. It was owing to her
sickness that she was not present at the
services in memory of the prince con-
sort and Princess Alice held at Frog-
more a few days ago.

The Duffer State.

PARIS, Dec. 19.—The Gaulois urges
that an interpellation be addressed to
the government before the chamber of
deputies separates upon the convention
with Great Britain signed by M. Develle,
former minister of foreign affairs, re-
specting the establishment of a buffer
state between the French and British
possessions in Asia.

The Pension Debate.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 19.—The debate
regarding pensions was resumed today.
An amendment was adopted making a
pension a vested right which cannot be
suspended without proper notice; yeas
123, nays 46.

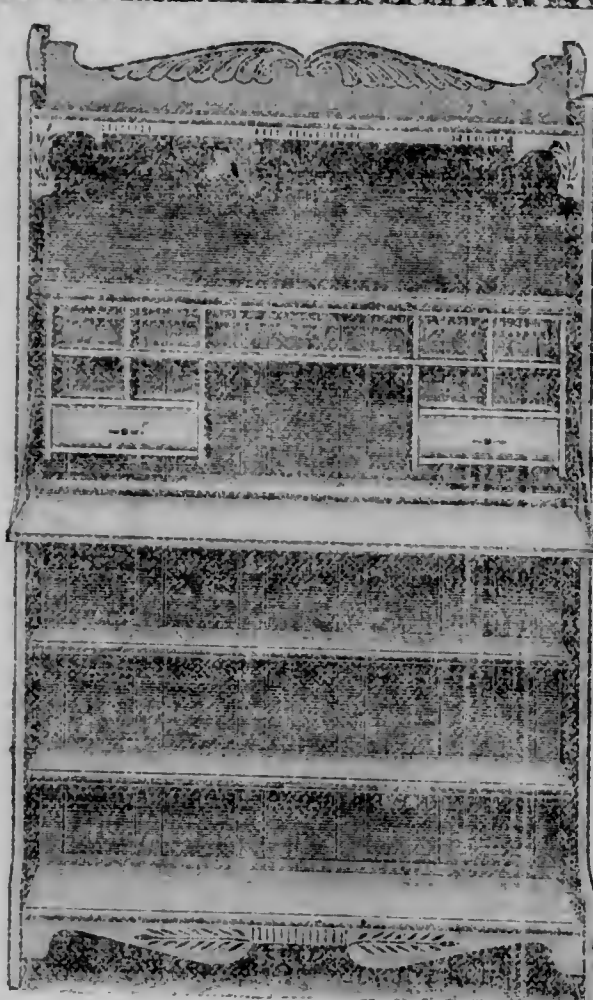
A Republican Elected.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 19.—At a special
election in the Second congressional dis-
trict today, Robert Adams, Jr., the Re-
publican candidate, was elected to con-
gress to fill the unexpired term of the
late Charles O'Neill.

The Session Ended.

CHICAGO, Dec. 19.—The American
Federation of Labor transacted some
routine business this morning and ad-
journed since die.

Attend the glove sale at Madame
Ward's.



For
The
Holi-
days.

We Will Sell

Twenty-five Solid
Oak Secretary Book
Cases, like this cut
for

\$6.50

Each, worth \$12.

TWENTY MORE.

Same Style with bevelled plate mirror for

\$8.50,

Worth \$13.50.

TEN MORE

Substantial Plain Book Cases, adjustable Shelves, for

\$4.50,

Worth \$6.50.

The above are from the BANKRUPT HUDSON FUR-
NITURE COMPANY. No other firm in town has had
goods from this company and we can prove it.

Our Easy Payment Plan

Commands the respect and at-
tention of all. It enables people in
every circumstance of life to com-
pletely, comfortably furnish a home,
and pay for the furnishings in
small weekly or monthly remittances
which are no drain upon their
finances, and leads to the posses-
sion and enjoyment of comforts
they would not otherwise obtain.

FAIR, SQUARE AND EQUITABLE.

Smith,
Farwell &
Steele Co.,

COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHERS,

222, 224, 226 and 228 West
Superior Street,

DULUTH, MINN.

DIAMONDS for Sale at a Sacrifice.

They Must be Sold at Once.

- One Pair Diamonds, worth \$350.00 for sale at \$200.00.
- One Diamond Ring, worth \$175.00 for sale at \$100.00.
- One Diamond Stud, worth \$175.00 for sale at \$100.00.
- One Diamond Stud, worth \$140.00 for sale at \$90.00.
- One Pair Diamond Ear rings, worth \$200.00 for sale at \$110.00.
- One Diamond Pin, worth \$140.00 for sale at \$85.00.
- One Emerald Pin, worth \$120.00 for sale at \$75.00.

Inquire 430 Chamber Commerce Building.



Holiday Gifts.

Black Bear and Seal Muffs,
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Seal
Caps, just the thing for this kind
of weather. If we have not got
what you want we will order it for
you. We will furnish a seal Jacket or Cape at the wholesale
price in New York.

CATE & CLARKE,

333 West Superior Street.

SIMON CLARK

Grocery Co.

Cash Grocers.

17 East Superior Street.

- Best Dairy Butter, per lb., 25c.
- Best Creamery Butter, bulk, per lb., 28c.
- Best Creamery Prints, per lb., 32c.
- Storage Eggs, candled, per doz., 18c.
- Strictly Fresh Eggs, per doz., 25c.
- Cranberries, 5c quart, 6 quarts, 25c.
- Best Snowflake Potatoes, per bu., 55c.
- Sweet Florida Oranges, per doz., 20c, 25c, 30c.
- Citron, Lemon and Orange Peel, per lb., 14c.
- Almond Nuts (fresh stock) per lb., 20c.
- Walnuts (fresh stock) per lb., 15c.
- Filberts (fresh stock) per lb., 12c.
- Nigger Toes (fresh stock) per lb., 12c.
- Best Mixed Nuts (fresh stock) per lb., 12c.
- One Ton Mixed Candies 3 lbs for 25c.
- Best Cream Candies, 5 lb boxes, \$1.00.
- Best Java and Mocha Coffee per lb., 38c.
- Package Coffee, 4 A Brand, per lb., 25c.
- Extra Choice Java and Mocha, 3 lbs., \$1.00.
- Solid heads Cabbage, 3 for 25c.
- Roiled Oats, 3 packets for 25c.
- Imported Jams, equal to home made, 2 lb full weight jars, 40c.
- Best Quality Bulk Olives, per quart, 35c.
- Best Quality Bulk Oysters, per quart, 50c.

Do not fail to visit us in making your
Christmas purchases. We will have
the best selection of Table Delicacies in
the city at right prices

MEN!

Men who suffer from that shameful disease
called Leet Musculi, with vital drains, soon
begin to show it in their faces and feel it in
their brains. And, more than that they are in-
able, even in a single day, to become suddenly
ill, impatient, paralyzed or insen-
sible. Warned by the sad fate of thousands of
young men who have drained their strength
away by self abuse and sexual excesses and who
have suddenly dropped dead on the street of
heart disease.

Thousands are dying of consumption and
heart disease of the lungs who have but
desires to thank for their terrible condition.
Look at the wretched creatures who are huddled
together in our insane asylums. Deprived
of their vitality, drained of their strength, they
live but a short time to live; death is a relief.
For years I have made a special study of
venereal diseases and my experience with hun-
dreds of awful cases tells me that if the matter
is not allowed to run too long they can be
cured. Consultation free at my office, Room
4, over 19 East Superior street.

Dr. L. A. Faulkner.

STORAGE OF HOUSEHOLD
AND OTHER GOODS
At 206 West Michigan Street.
DULUTH FEED & STORAGE CO.
D. A. DUNLAP, Manager.

\$8.00—BEST SET OF TEETH
Patent Floor,
PALLADIO BUILDING

Special Hurricane Sale THIS WEEK!

We have but one more week to dispose of our stock
and we intend to make prices that will move it, if prices
are any object.

If You Have Money
Prepare to Spend it Now.

In among the Furnishings bought of the Dawkins
Company are a lot of Fancy Night Robes:

- The 75c ones go for..... 35c
- The \$1.00 ones go for..... 50c
- The \$1.25 ones go for..... 75c
- The \$1.75 ones go for..... \$1.00
- The \$2.00 ones go for..... \$1.25

The
WOODWARD
CLOTHING CO.

No. 10 East Superior St. J. L. DICKINSON, Mgr.



PRIMUS

Is a luxury and yet such a cheap neces-
sity. It makes that delicious, light, white
bread—a modern ambrosia, we imagine
the ancients would have been delighted to
have given it to their gods for a feast.
Insist on having your grocer send you
this Four. There is no substitute. Try
it and you will use no other.

T. B. HAWKES & CO., Manufacturers.

MENDENHALL & HOOPES,
District Managers,
London Guarantee & Accident Co.
(LIMITED),
OF LONDON, ENG.
ORGANIZED 1888.

Employers Liability,
Elevator Accident,
Workmen's Collective,
Surety Bonds,
Individual Accident



"We Are Born Weak,
We Need Strength!"

IMPERIAL FLOUR!

There is more nutrition and more bread
in a pound of this Flour than any other.

IT HAS BECOME
WORLD-FAMED ON ITS MERIT.

Always Get the Best—It is the Cheapest.
Your Grocer Keeps It—It's in Demand.

Auction! W. D. GORDON, Auction!
Office: 324 West Superior Street, Hotel St. Louis Block, Duluth, Minn.
Auctioneer and Appraiser.

Adjusting fire losses a specialty. Auction sales conducted anywhere. Send me word regard-
ing simple goods, furniture or stock of any description, large or small lots, and I will call and
strive to sell in promptness or remove to auction rooms. Goods stored till regular sale if neces-
sary. AGENTS FOR STEAMSHIP TICKETS: Cunard, Anchor, Allen, State, White Star, etc.

DR. MOTT'S
PENNYROYAL PILLS.
The only safe, sure and
reliable Female PILLS
ever offered to Ladies,
especially recommend-
ed to married Ladies.
Ask for DR. MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS and take no other.
Send for circular. Price \$1.00 per box, 6 boxes for \$5.00.
DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

For Sale by S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth.

COLORED PAPER STOCK

EVENING HERALD.

PUBLISHED BY THE
DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.

Business and editorial rooms in The Herald
building, 22 West Superior street. Telephone
—Business office, 225, two rings; editorial rooms,
224, three rings.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:
Daily, per three months..... \$7.00
Daily, per six months..... 12.00
Daily, per year..... 22.00
Weekly, per year..... 1.50

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

Entered at the postoffice at Duluth, Minn., as
second-class mail matter.

The Weather.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, DULUTH, MINN.,
Dec. 18.—Fair and colder weather prevailed at
7 a. m. today in the upper lake region, the tem-
perature at Duluth being 25 degrees below zero,
the minimum at 27 degrees below zero. A high barometric area that
extended northward from Kansas to the Red
River valley.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 2
degrees above zero—a twenty-four-hour fall of
12 degrees; maximum temperature yesterday,
25 degrees; minimum last night, 2 de-
grees above zero.

DULUTH, Dec. 18.—Local forecast until 8 p. m.
tomorrow: Fair, followed by increasing cloud-
iness and probably snow showers Wednesday;
warmer Wednesday afternoon; variable winds
becoming southerly.

The Pioneer Fuel company sells the best grades of
coal, and from the company's price list, the
lowest liberal discount for cash and make prompt
deliveries. Office, 220 West Superior street.

Duluth's Manufactures.

AVE YOU ever
stopped to reflect
that Duluth is
steadily and rapidly
advancing in im-
portance as a manufacturing
center? If not, the
facts and figures
presented on this
page of this issue of
The Herald will be apt to astonish you.

The truth is that Duluth is now fully entitled
to a front rank among the manufacturing
cities of the country. A product dur-
ing the present year amounting in value
to \$13,000,000, with nearly 7,000 people
given employment and over \$3,000,000
paid out in wages, certainly gives Du-
luth good reason to boast of its growth
in the manufacturing line.

Yet the manufactures of Duluth are
only in their infancy. Nature has
marked out this place as the site of a
great manufacturing city, and in the
course of a few years there will be giantic
strides in this direction. Much
has been accomplished within
the past few years, but the
early future is bright with promise of the
mighty development that is certain to
occur. The location here of the Great
Western electric works, one of the great-
est institutions in the country engaged in
the manufacture of electrical supplies,
certain to be followed by many insti-
tutions of the collateral branches of elec-
trical work. Then look at the great
York steel plant, which has just started
preliminary operations. The first ex-
periments have demonstrated that the
York process is a grand success and a
splendid future for that industry is as-
sured. Next summer the York plant
will be operated with a full force and
the manufacture of structural steel will
be pushed with vigor. The York plant
is the precursor of many similar indus-
tries. Duluth will be the site of many
more establishments connected with the
iron and steel trade, and the prophecy
concerning "the Pittsburgh of the West"
will be fulfilled.

The statistics given in The Herald
regarding Duluth's manufactures are
based upon a careful investigation, which
was made by calling at each establish-
ment and securing the figures that are
presented, and therefore they are
thoroughly reliable. The only previous
figures with which they can be compared
are those given in the census of 1892.
Then the number of hands employed
was placed at 4445; the annual amount
of wages paid, \$2,185,710, while the value
of the product was stated to be \$8,202,-
712. An increase of 2000 employees and
of \$4,000,000 in the value of the product
in three years is certainly gratifying and
shows that Duluth is growing fast as a
manufacturing city.

An Ore Shipping Port.
THIS IS THE first
year that Duluth has
figured as an iron ore
shipping port, and the
record is a splen-
did one, considering
all the circum-
stances. A detailed state-
ment of the ship-
ments from the various
mines over the
Duluth, Missabe & Northern road to
Duluth will be found in another column.
Since these figures were compiled and
printed, The Herald has received from
General Manager Philbin a corrected
statement. It shows that the ore ship-
ments for the season of 1893 were as fol-
lows: Via Duluth, Missabe & Northern
from Duluth, 440,292 tons; via Duluth,
Missabe & Northern and Duluth &
Winnipeg from Superior, 80,274; via Du-
luth Missabe & Northern and Duluth &
Winnipeg to West Duluth furnace, 480;
total from the Mesaba range, via Duluth,
Missabe & Northern, 521,056 tons.

This is an excellent showing for the
first year of mining on the Mesaba range,
and it gives promise of a great increase
in future seasons. There will be sev-
eral more properties ready to ship next
summer, and those that have been send-
ing out this year will largely increase their
output, if the tariff on ore is not re-

moved and Canadian and Cuban ores
are not allowed to enter into competition
with the ore produced in this country.

The Lockport, N. Y., Union says that
free ore will let the importers into the
seaboard market, but freight rates will
keep the Western market for Americans,
for which remark it has been tripped up
by the Buffalo Express pointing out that
as the iron works in the country are
nearly all in the East, where the chief
domestic market for manufactures of
iron is, it does not appear that the
railroad freight protection left by the
Wilson bill will keep a very large num-
ber of miners employed.

These are hard days indeed for the
prohibitionist. In Boston a few days
ago a drunken man fell out of a third-
story window and escaped with a
bruised shoulder and the very same day
a minister, who was noted for his vigor-
ous views on temperance, slipped up on
Washington street and dislocated his
hip. Such a state of affairs is almost
enough to shake a prohibitionist's hatred
of whisky.

The Democratic house has voted in
favor of admitting Arizona as a state, yet
in 1892 this territory had a population of
only 50,000, much less than the popula-
tion of Duluth. Yet if the admission
bill passes the senate, Arizona will be
entitled to two United States senators
and a representative. After this, Demo-
cratic talk about Republican "pocket
boroughs" will fall flat.

A Washington dispatch says that Maj.
Baldwin made clear in his speech in the
house yesterday "that he has given up
all idea of renomination or re-election to
congress from the Sixth district." Of
course. Has not The Herald nominated
him for secretary of the interior to suc-
ceed Hoke Smith? The major could not
hold both offices.

The New York Evening Post thinks
that if coal, iron ore and wool are not
made free, the Wilson bill might as well
be abandoned and the Democratic party
disbanded. Possibly the country could
survive such an awful calamity, but it
would be rough on the Post. Its Mug-
wump occupation would be gone.

A cynical writer in the New York
Journal declares that fame is a fraud
which is never discovered by those who
have achieved it until after they are
dead. He evidently has overlooked the
cases of Charlie Mitchell and Jim Cor-
bett. Will he assert they have not dis-
covered fame?

Judge Chapman, of Plattsmouth, Neb.,
has ordered the newspapers not to pub-
lish the details of a murder trial now
proceeding there. The animosity of some
judges is remarkable, and in Nebraska
they produce the most long-eared variety.

President Low has suspended six
Columbia students on account of a rush
between the freshmen and the sophom-
ores. He deserves high praise. If
there is any insane and at the same time
dangerous sport it is a cane rush.

A business man who recently failed in
New York tells why he was unsuccessful.
"The mistake I made," he says,
"was my failure to advertise my change
of location. Had I used printers' ink I
should not have had to suspend."

An exchange says that John D. Rocke-
feller has two marriageable daughters,
each of whom will have \$35,000,000 in
cold cash some day. Here is a chance
for some one who wishes to discover if
marriage is a failure.

There is a young lady teacher in Ohio
who is a second cousin to Queen Lili-
uokalani. She is not particularly proud of the
fact for which a missionary ancestor is
responsible.

The court of appeals in New York has
decided that fishing on Sunday even in
private streams is illegal. An increased
attendance at the churches is now ex-
pected.

Nearly every city can produce cases of
dead men having voted, but Boston has
distanced the field by trying to elect a
dead man to office.

Before buying your Christmas presents
glance over the interesting announce-
ments of the merchants in today's
Herald and your task will be greatly
lightened.

The wealth of the United States is
estimated at \$70,000,000,000, while that
of Great Britain is figured at \$50,000,-
000,000. Uncle Sam has a very respect-
able lead.

Maj. Moses P. Handy says he lost
money on the World's fair. Did he lose it
on the wheel?

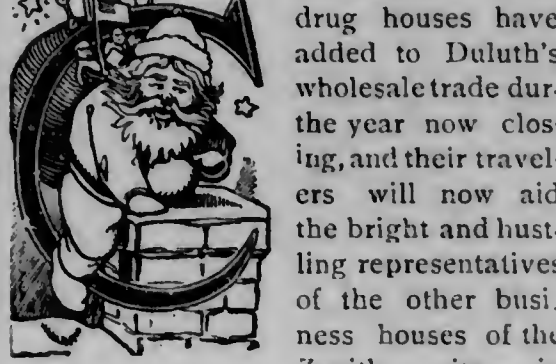
Large Hoarded, if Vulgar.
New York Daily America: More than
100,000 persons in Chicago are said to be
hoarding in a city a few of whose
citizens gave nearly \$3,000,000 for public
uses last year. Chicago may be vulgar,
but she has an abnormally large heart.

Wasted in Extravagance.
St. Louis Star-Sayings: Figures show
that America spends more money on
Christmas celebrations than any other
country in the world. A time of what is
wasted in luxurious extravagance would
mean months of good living to the
deserving poor who are so numerous
just at present.

moved and Canadian and Cuban ores
are not allowed to enter into competition
with the ore produced in this country.

The Duluth Jobbers.

ROCKERY AND
drug houses have
added to Duluth's
wholesale trade dur-
ing the year now clos-
ing, and their travel-
ers will now aid
the bright and busi-
ness houses of the
Zenith city in



spreading its trade throughout the North-
west. It is safe to say that the coming
year will witness several other notable
additions to the ranks of the wholesalers
in Duluth. Already one St. Paul house
has established a branch here from
which to distribute its goods throughout
the West, and several other Twin City
houses are seriously considering the idea
of removing their headquarters to this
city, in order to obtain the great advan-
tages obtained here by the saving of
cartage and handling, and of freight
rates and thus be able to retain the trade
which is now being wrested from them
by their Duluth competitors.

Although Duluth has only become a
wholesale point within the last five years,
and progress for a time was naturally
slow, as in the case of every new trade
center that has been established, whole-
salers in other cities already see the
handwriting on the wall and have ceased
to ridicule the claims of the city to be-
come the great wholesale center of the
West. They have felt the keen edge of
competition from the Duluth wholesalers
and they have anxiously seen their trade
slipping away by degrees to the men
whose warehouses are situated at the
point where the waterways and the iron
rails meet.

Five years ago Duluth's wholesale
business was practically nothing. Now
its value aggregates \$35,000,000 or more
a year, although its growth has been
necessarily retarded by the absence of a
full representation of all lines of trade.
The near future will see every line rep-
resented by strong houses, backed by
ample capital and managed by men of
experience in their particular lines, and
with the extension of the railway system
to the south, southwest, west and north-
west, the city's trade will grow and ex-
pand at a rate that will soon distance all
existing rivals.

The geographical situation of Duluth
has determined that it shall be a great
wholesale center, and there is no power
that can prevent its manifest destiny
being fulfilled. The jobbers of Duluth
can look forward with the utmost confi-
dence to a bright future.

The Herald's Annual.

COMPARE this issue
of The Herald with
any other Christmas
annual that has been
issued at the head
of Lake Superior,
and note how in
every respect it ex-
ceeds all that have
gone before. It can
safely be placed
by side with the holiday editions of the
St. Paul and Minneapolis papers without
fear of suffering by contrast.

In all the features of a first-class news-
paper this issue is complete. By the aid
of a complete telegraph service furnished
by the great press associations of the
country, The Herald is enabled to pre-
sent all the latest news of the world
while it is news. Yesterday it gave the
president's message on Hawaiian affairs
ahead of all other papers in this
section, and today it presents
the majority report submitted by the
Democratic members of the ways and
means committee to the full committee
in Washington today. These are but
instances of the manner in which The
Herald daily leads in the presentation of
the news from the outside, while in the
local field its supremacy has always been
unquestioned.

Thus the people have learned to ex-
pect much from The Herald in the way
of special editions and they have not
been disappointed. Today's issue
speaks for itself in more impressive
language than any that can be used in
this column. Not only is it complete
from a news standpoint, but it possesses
a wealth of special articles, relating to
Duluth's growth during the past year in
everything that goes to make up a great
city, that will be read all over the
country.

Equally as striking is the array of ad-
vertisements. It has been well said that
the character of a city can be read in the
advertising columns of its leading news-
paper, and it is therefore with pleasure
that The Herald today directs the at-
tention of the country to the announce-
ments of the thriving, pushing and busi-
ness merchants of Duluth.

An instance where the office actually
sought the man—and it is about the first
real case on record—has been discovered
in Boston, where it was found that one
of the nominees of the Republican party
had been dead over five months. A
Boston paper thinks it rather weakens
the force of the example that it is a dead
man who was so disinterested as to allow
himself to be sought for by his fellow
citizens when casting about for a brow to
enrich with civic honors; but it is a
matter for congratulation that the uni-
versal thirst for power and place does

not always continue beyond this life, not-
withstanding the poet's assertion that
"in our ashes live our wonted fires."

Holly berries, holly berries,
Red and bright and beaming,
Through the dusky eve come
Like sprays of coral gleaming;
With their shining leaves
And their merry thoughts can cling
Round the lonely tree.

When I see the holly berries
Fancy that I hear
Merry voices and carols sweet
Singing in my ear
Christmas, with its blazing fires
And its happy heart, I see;
Oh, what merry thoughts can cling
Round the lonely tree.

Bring the glowing holly berries,
Now a lying sleep;
The gay and blossoming flowers
And the springtime sleep;
Let them bring on happy homes
With their crimson light,
Mingling with the snow and fir
And the laurel bright.

Keenly blows the joy wind,
Shorter scatters cold and gloom
In his merry play;
Yes, shorter scatters the gloom of years
For the joy that bring;
That round the holly cling.

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ONE PRICE.
AND THAT RIGHT.

AMERICAN STORE.

ALL CLOAKS HALF PRICE!

OUTGOING THINGS

Under the Pressure of Price Force:

Nice Gifts to Give Ladies Here, SELLING CHEAP.

ONE PRICE.
AND THAT RIGHT.

AMERICAN STORE.

Must Get Something.

Is the thought that demands, insists, upon the compliance and present abeyance of nearly everyone now.

"What to get, what to give," are the important questions. Things that can be used are, in all cases, most acceptable, and more especially so this season. We are especially prepared to furnish you with gifts particularly suitable for ladies, and in view of the great buying now prevalent here, we raise the purchase power of money to the greatest possible notch in the store by a most severe lessening of price on things now in demand by our patrons.

Every effort will be made to promptly serve everyone.

\$3.00

For Good All Wool Dresses.

This price doesn't, as a rule, buy a very fine Wool Dress, but these we are selling this week at \$3.00 are many of them worth as high as \$10.00 or \$12.00. They are nearly all imported goods, all pure wool, and comprise nearly every color and weave known in Dress Goods.

65c

For Silk Hosiery.

Sounds funny, as anyone will say. A spun Silk Stocking cannot be made for 65c, which is true, yet we are selling real spun Silk Stockings for 65c, all colors and black.

SILK PLATED LISLES, 45c.
10 GAUGE INGRAINS, 29c.
See them.

A Great 3 for \$1.00

Handkerchief.

To be able to sell an 1800 count Irish Linen Handkerchief for 33 1/3c we consider a great mercantile accomplishment, as they are easily good value at \$1.00 each. 1000 dozen other kinds of Handkerchiefs in Silk, Swiss and Linen and Mull and Real Lace—cheap.

25c

For Ladies' Aprons

Of new, neat and novel styles, also higher priced Aprons of new conceits.

Gloves.

"Jouvin," "Jerome," "Derby" and Foster Gloves, the best kinds in the world at the lowest prices here. 50 dozen Gents' Gloves at \$1 a pair. See them. They will make magnificent gifts. All Gloves fitted free after the holidays.

Furs to Sell Cheap.

2 Otter Jackets sell for\$75.00
1 Nutra Jacket.....\$35.00
2 Persian Lamb Capes.....\$24.00
2 Astrakhan Jackets.....\$32.50
2 Wool Seal Jackets.....\$29.00
1 Baltic Seal Jacket.....\$25.00
Muffs, Boas, Sets of all kinds cheap.

\$5.00

For Umbrellas.

We have a case of ladies' and gentlemen's Umbrellas, ranging in price from \$6.50 up to \$12.00. Take your choice for \$5.

Big Glove Price.

1600 pairs Gloves in Biarditz, 4-Button Glace, 4-Button Suedes and others ranging in price from \$1.25 up to \$1.75 all go at **79c.**

Big Fan Selling.

200 Fans in Gauze, Lace, Satin, Silk and Chiffon, ranging in price from \$1.50 to \$2.50, all sell at **\$1.25.**

Linens.

Napkins, Doylies, Table Sets, Tea Sets, Embroidered Sets, Tray Cloths, Carving Cloths, Center Pieces, Art Linens, Stamped Linens, of all kinds, very cheap.

Blankets and Comforts.

All cut deep in price to sell.

29c

For Underwear worth up to 75c.

Japanese

Fancy Lamp Shades, Flowers and all kinds of fancy work cheap.

Satin Corsets,

English Hats,

Fur Purses,

Leather Purses,

Fine Stationery,

Ribbons,

Laces, Veilings,

Fancy Baskets,

Wool Fascinators.

**ALL
SELLING
CHEAP.**

HOWARD & HAYNIE.

TRANSFER ORDINANCE

Council Passed it Last Evening and it Accepted the Transfer System Will be Restored.

As Adopted, it Was a Decidedly Different Measure From the One First Introduced.

City Railway Ordinance to be Published With Amendments—Gas and Water Company Ordinance Went Over.

The principal business done at the council meeting last evening was the passage of the ordinance providing for the restoration of the street railway transfer system. When the ordinance really was passed, however, it was so changed that its own father could scarcely have recognized it. On motion of Alderman Hugo, with its amendments it was placed on its final passage. It carried by a vote of 13 to 1. Alderman Sorensen voting no on general principles, as he expressed it.

The amendments provided for a general system of transfers to and from all lines; a provision that after six months' notice the city could purchase the franchise for a proper remuneration; a provision that after 12 o'clock cars shall be run as the common council may determine, and all cars to be fully vestibuled within a reasonable time. On the strength of a communication from the board of public works stating that grades of 4 and 10 per cent are in constant and successful operation elsewhere, an amendment striking out the 7 per cent grade clause was stricken out. Other amendments empowered the council to designate new lines, restricting the company to one track on streets of less than twenty-four feet between the curbs and allowing other companies to build and construct such lines as they may deem proper and public needs demand. A clause was also inserted to the effect that nothing in the ordinance shall be construed as taking from the council the right to grant any other company a franchise.

The ordinance of the City Railway

company was reported on by the committee and a number of amendments suggested, in fact so many of them that Alderman Hugo moved that the ordinance be laid over one week and in the meantime be published with all of these proposed changes.

Alderman Thomas took this occasion to put in a word for the present company. He thought it bad policy to hamper the Duluth Street railway just at this time when it is endeavoring to borrow money, has hard work to meet its bills, and is laboring under many other disadvantages. He said that recently one of the stockholders had told him that if he would take his stock off his hands and assume all present and future liabilities, a present of a check of \$5000 would be made along with the transfer of the stock. Mr. Thomas also gave it as his opinion that the present company is giving a good service. He said that the completion of three miles of road within four years from Jan. 1, 1891, was all that could be expected from the other company, and reiterated his opinion that it was bad policy to foster the new concern and cripple the old. The speaker closed his remarks by moving to lay the ordinance on the table.

Alderman Dingwall jumped up and declared that the service was not good and that Alderman Thomas knew it; that no service without transfers could be good.

Alderman Hugo's motion to have the ordinance and amendments published and to lay it over for one week carried. The ordinance revoking the payment of guarantees to the Duluth Gas and Water company for extensions, on motion of Alderman Hugo, was laid over for one week. He said that Alderman Thomas' doctrine should apply to the gas and water company, making heavy improvements and wishing to borrow money; and even if it was the gas and water company, he was willing to take the option of putting the matter over one week. That motion prevailed. Alderman Getty, Ole and Howard voting no.

James D. Reekie was allowed \$200 for damages to a lot by reason of a change of grade.

The request of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railway for a couple of fire hydrants near the ore docks was granted and the same ordered in.

A communication from the mayor relative to the judgment for \$233.76 against Officer Olson was referred to the claims committee. The mayor recommended the payment of the judgment by the city.

The residents of the three sections of

petitioned the city to assume the bonded and warrant indebtedness of the town. The matter was referred to the city attorney. The regular monthly pay rolls were passed. Adjournment was taken until next Wednesday.

SHOT THROUGH THE LUNG.

Ed Martenson Shot by a Companion in Itasca County.

At the close of the deer hunting season it was generally supposed that the slaughter of hunters would cease for this year, but a human being lying at the point of death at the National Benefit hospital with a shot through the left lung bears witness to the contrary, says the Grand Rapids Review.

Tim Michaud and Ed Martenson started out from Miller Bros. camp, near Quaden, last Tuesday morning to break the law if possible, and thereby secure a deer. They were ranging through the woods twenty or thirty rods apart, when Ed suddenly espied a deer, and not stopping to consider that his companion might be in line with the deer, fired, missed the deer, but sent the bullet crashing through Martenson's body.

It struck him in the left side, a little over the heart, and passing through the lung and shoulder blade, lodged in the muscles of the back. He was brought to the hospital and Dr. Manson extracted the ball and is doing all he can to make the sufferer comfortable. He is still alive and may recover, but he will never be a sound man again.

THE MAJOR CALLED DOWN.

James Corrigan Disputes Maj. Baldwin's Iron Ore Assertions.

The following letter from James Corrigan, of Cleveland, the well known mine and vessel owner and ore dealer, to the editor of the Virginia Enterprise is published in the last issue of that paper:

I note in your paper of Dec. 1 that Maj. Baldwin thinks it will not hurt the Mesaba range to have the duty taken off iron ore. I don't know who Maj. Baldwin is, but I should say that he don't know much about the ore business if he made such an assertion as this. He also states that it is better to have \$1 per ton profit on 3,000,000 tons than \$125 on 1,000,000 tons. This may be all true, but even with the duty on foreign ores, there has been no time in the last twelve months when anything like \$1 per ton profit could be made on Mesaba ore, and if the duty is taken off and reduced the price 75 cents there will be no profit whatever on Mesaba ore, even though they can mine a little cheaper than other ranges. There will not be \$1 per ton profit on Mesaba ore required to fill the market if the foreign ores come in free of duty.

I think Maj. Baldwin does not take into account the Mesaba range is a long way from the docks of manufacture and consumption of iron, and that in competition with free ore the 25 cents per ton may look to be quite a profit, leaving the dollar figure of it out of the question. Yours truly,

JAMES CORRIGAN.

Heavy Reduction
On underwear, gloves, mitts and old pants. For genuine bargains you will have to call on
C. W. ERIKSON,
219 West Superior street.

POSTOFFICE BUSINESS.

Receipts for this Year Will Show an Increase Over Last.

The business of the Duluth postoffice for the year 1893 will show an increase over last year of about 7 per cent in spite of hard times and financial depression. The total business for the year, with the last two weeks of December estimated, is \$84,321.33; in 1892 it reached the sum of \$79,864.91. The itemized statement is as follows:

REVENUES.	
From sale of stamps, stamped envelopes and postal cards	\$82,410.57
From fees on other business	1,792.45
Total receipts for the year	\$84,203.02

DISBURSEMENTS.	
Salary and clerical	\$15,861.43
Special delivery service	\$21.51
Ship letters	15.46
Rent, light and fuel	2,060.40
Miscellaneous expenses	31.29
Postage on mail	5,000.00
Weighting mails	102.40
Free delivery service	17,689.40
Remitted to the United States mail	5,219.53
Total	\$84,321.33

In no case, however, has the business of the office fallen behind that of the previous year, but has on the contrary increased.

The Duluth postoffice now has twenty-one carriers and four substitutes. This is not enough and there should be at least six more, in order that Lakeside may be given proper service and some improvements be made in certain sections of the city. But postoffice authorities always move slowly and about the time they get around to giving Duluth these additional carriers, double the number will be actually needed.

A LAUNCH IN JANUARY.

The First of the Northern Line Passenger Ships Nearly Ready.

January 3 is the date now fixed for the launch of the North America, the first of the Northern Steamship company's big passenger ships, building at the yard of the Globe Iron Works company, Cleveland. The engines are rapidly being taken down in the machinery department and transferred to the ship yard, where the first boat is probably further advanced as regards cabin work and superstructure than usually follow launching, than any passenger ship ever launched.

F. P. Gordon, says that the crew for this ship as finally planned will number 110. The second and third officers as well as the chief will hold first class licenses, and in all cases the men holding positions of importance will be hired for the season, or under conditions that will offer inducements for steady service. Another measure of safety will be the employment of a corps of thirteen experienced seamen for the different positions on deck, who will work under the direction of a deck captain.

Among the engine room employees inducements will also be given for steady service throughout the season. A summary of cabin arrangements shows that with all available berth space taken up 521 passengers can be accommodated, in addition to about half as many in the steerage. The immigrant apartments will be such that they can be utilized for second class passengers on return trips from the head of the lakes.

BALDWIN HEARD FROM.

Is Studying the Tariff and Will Not Commit Himself.

Arvin Bagley, the West Duluth lumber dealer, wrote to Congressman Baldwin recently regarding the proposed removal of the duty on iron ore and enclosed some extracts from newspapers showing the opposition of the people of this city to any interference with the existing tariff on ore. Mr. Bagley has received the following reply, which speaks for itself:

Honorable Representatives, United States, Washington, D. C., Dec. 12, 1893.—Arvin Bagley, Esq., West Duluth, Minn.—Dear sir: I am in receipt of yours of Dec. 8, calling my attention to newspaper clippings. I know you will take no offense if I decline to commit myself at this time on the question at issue. I am studying the question of tariff as applied to our district, very closely, and shall vote in accordance with my convictions as to the best interests of the Sixth congressional district. Truly yours,
M. R. BALDWIN.

An Ancient Relic.
Assistant City Clerk Austin, while rummaging in some drawers at the city hall recently found the following letter, which is a most vivid illustration of the growth of Duluth:

"DULUTH, Minn., April 20, 1874.—To the Hon. City Council—Gentlemen: I hereby agree to perform the duties of city clerk for one year, for the sum of Three Hundred (\$300) Dollars, payable in city orders. Respectfully,
CHAS. A. EVERITT."

On the back of the sheet the communication is labeled "Proposal" and further down are the words "Laid on the table."

Where Wakefulness Has Its Birth.

Intelligent physicians are regarding with an eye less and less favorable the use of narcotics. While these are used in extreme cases to afford greatly needed temporary relief, professional efforts are far more generally directed, nowadays more than formerly, to means of building up the nervous system as the basis of its healthful quietude. This is one reason why Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has received the sanction of physicians as a nerve tonic. Indigestion unrelieved is the fruitful father of insomnia, and the relief of the parent malady by the Bitters is usually followed by a return of tranquil sleep. Overwork, mental anxiety, sedentary habits impair digestion and weaken the nerves. The Bitters strengthens them by renewing the ability to digest and assimilate the food. Besides this, it healthily stimulates the liver and kidneys. Biliousness, constipation, rheumatism, and debility are remedied by this sterling medicine.

Still Climbing Upward.
The vote in The Herald mayoralty contest stands as follows today:

Henry Hastings	17,821
Geo. W. Stevenson, manager Cranberry	15,711
W. E. Richardson	4,745
A. J. Erickson	2,500
A. M. Morrison	1,720
Robert L. Kunkel	653
H. W. Cornell	653
H. P. Howard	490
E. C. Knudsen	490
S. W. Clark	185
F. C. Bartley	150
W. G. Gornberg	150
George W. W. W.	129
J. B. Sutherland	129
Scattering	129

A. WIELAND

123 West Superior Street.

LOW PRICES ON HOLIDAY SLIPPERS.

See Our Display. We Have a Large Assortment and Have Put Prices Down With the Times.

Men's Slippers.

Men's Velvet Embroidered Slippers.....75
Men's Velvet Embroidered Slippers.....\$1.00
Men's Leather Slippers, light and easy.....\$1.00
Men's Plush Embroidered Slippers.....\$1.50
Men's Morocco Chamois Skin Lined.....\$1.50

For a Nice Present.

MEN'S COLUMBIAN SLIPPERS, High Front.
MEN'S OPERA SLIPPERS.
MEN'S NULLIFIER SLIPPERS.
Goat, Ooze Calf, Russian Calf and Alligator in different shades.

Ladies Slippers.

Velvet Slippers.....\$1.00
Felt Slippers.....\$1.00
Felt Slippers, Embroidered.....\$1.25
Plush Slippers.....\$1.50

LADIES' FUR TRIMMED SLIPPERS—The Styles must be seen to be appreciated.
DOLGE'S FELT SHOES AND SLIPPERS—The most complete line.

A. WIELAND.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

COLORED PAPER STOCK

**EVERY
PURCHASE**
Entitles you
to a Chance on the
**VALUABLE
HOUSE & LOT**
given away New
Years morn'g.

What Can You Afford to Give?

Suit Your Taste, Satisfy Your Friends and Spare Your Pocket!

By a visit to the grand display at our store of useful and sensible Christmas Gifts for Men and Boys.

TICKLES A MAN

It always tickles a man to get a present that saves him from buying—that is, an article that combines practical usefulness with elegance. So we submit a list that meets this idea. In making selections for coming Christmas gifts to the "lords of creation" (large and small) we know that pleasure will follow the gift, satisfaction will be with the giver—and you'll save money—for no other store can match the values or variety for the same money. HERE'S THE PROOF:

Boys' Caps.
Boys' Caps, the quality 25c
Boys' Caps, \$1.00 quality 45c

Handkerchiefs.
Fancy Bordered Cambric 10c
Fancy Bordered Cambric, 3 for 25c
Fancy Bordered Linen 25c and 50c
Gross Bleached Linen, (plain white) 75c
Japanese Silk, Plain and Initial 50c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50

Mufflers.
Silk, \$1.00; Scarf, Plain Figured Silk, Polka Dot, \$1.00; Fancy Stripes, Checks, Plaids and Plain Colors, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$4 and \$5

Umbrellas and Canes.
Just the right thing to keep you in fashion. Just the right place to come by and buy them. At all prices and a positive saving of 10 to 40 per cent on our prices elsewhere.

Suspenders.
To keep up in the world a man must have them sure to fit and please.
Fancy Silk Webs, \$1, \$1.50, \$2.
Fancy Embroidered, plain, trimmed to match, in boxes, \$1.75, \$2, \$2.50, \$3, \$4.
Fancy and Fancy Webs, in Cotton Elastic, from 25c to 50c

Underwear.
Makes a rare present and a dainty reminder of the store. We have the largest assortment in the city. Prices range from 50c to \$6.00 a suit.

Pants.
THOUSANDS OF NEW PATTERNS to select from.
The \$1.50 kind for **\$4.50**
The \$5.00 kind for **\$3.00**
warm

Footwear.
We have without doubt the largest stock of shoes in the city. And the best Boys', Rubber Boots and Rubber Spats in the city. OUR PRICES

The Following Letter Speaks for Itself:

Duluth, Minn., Dec. 13, '93.—M. S. Burrows & Co., Duluth, Gentlemen: I take pleasure in acknowledging the receipt of \$20 in gold from a plate glass and steel money box displayed in your store and which I unlocked with a key given me by one of your salesmen after making a purchase in one of the departments. I desire to express my appreciation of the very fair and impartial manner in which the distribution of this \$20 a week is made. Very respectfully,

MRS. C. H. FARMER, 400 Ninth Avenue East.

The time is short and we suggest early purchases. Whether you spend 25 cents or \$25, you get best value from us. It has been proved time and time again. There's a thousand and one things you'll see when you come in.

MEN'S
FINE SUITS,
OVERCOATS
AND ULSTERS
AT
60c
On the Dollar.

Store Open Every Night
THIS WEEK.

M.S. BURROWS & CO.
Cor Superior St.
and Third Ave. W.
DULUTH, MINN.

Store Open Every Night
THIS WEEK.

Ladies'
And Gents'
**FINE
TRUNKS**
Selling here at
ACTUAL
WHOLESALE
PRICES

demand. Bar silver 70. Government bonds steady; state bonds dull; railroad bonds weaker. After 1 o'clock Lake Shore made a

	Opened.	Closed.
Atchison.....	18 3/8	18 3/8
C. B. & Q.....	76	76 A
Chicago Gas.....	6 1/2	6 1/2

Delaware, Lackawanna & West'n.	48 3/4	48 3/4
Louisville & Nashville	22 1/2	22 1/2
Missouri Pacific	24 1/2	24 1/2
New England	20 1/2	20 1/2
Northern Pacific	19 1/2	19 1/2
Reading	18 1/2	18 1/2

Great Trust.....	81%	81%
Union Pacific.....	19%	20
Western Union.....	87	87
Whisky Trust.....	27 1/2	27 1/2

SPECULATION.

The War's Matter. The matter of restricting the city into wards is still under consideration by Judges Ensigen and Lewis. It is possible that they will reach a decision to-night. At noon today a rough plan which the judges seemed to favor provided for eight wards but Judge Ensigen said that when considered further all these calculations might possibly be upset.

COLORED PAPER STOCK

Why Pay 40 Cents a Pound for Java or Mocha Coffee

WHEN YOU CAN BUY

PANMALT COFFEE

A Much Better Article for 15 Cents a Pound.

WE do not offer PANMALT COFFEE as a substitute for Java or Mocha, but as a better article, which is not the case. No one who has tried it can fail to see that it is a much better article than either Java or Mocha, and it is sold at a much lower price than either of them.

PANMALT COFFEE is not only a much better article than either Java or Mocha, but it is also a much better article than either of them. It is sold at a much lower price than either of them, and it is a much better article than either of them.

EVERY ONE CAN DRINK IT in any quantity, from the babe in the cradle to the worn-out and debilitated old man. Instead of making those who drink it weak, it makes them strong and healthy.

The taste for coffee, tea, cocoa, the bitter beers, and many articles of food as well, is a cultivated one. A few persons who have been used to the taste of a particular brand of coffee, through long usage, may not at first like the peculiarly delicious taste of PANMALT as well as their favorite coffee, but a few days' trial will convince the most prejudiced or skeptical person that

PANMALT COFFEE is not only wholesome, but refreshing and strengthening. It is a much better article than either Java or Mocha, and it is sold at a much lower price than either of them. It is a much better article than either of them, and it is sold at a much lower price than either of them.

PANMALT is entirely unlike any other coffee ever introduced. It is prepared for market under the direct supervision of one of the best known and most skillful physicians in the United States, from carefully selected and scientifically combined nutritive principles of the choicest cereals. It is rich in all the elements required by the human system for building up first-class, broken-down or worn-out nerves and muscles.

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and while containing all the good properties of common coffee, it is absolutely free from the col-
estrous constituents which make Java, Mocha, or Rio Coffee TOXICATED POISONS. It is
specifically submitted to a discriminating public by the manufacturers.

GREAT OPPOSITION to PANMALT COFFEE must be expected from dealers in
profits. Trickery, misrepresentation and the influence of trusts and combines are enor-
mously used to prevent PANMALT COFFEE, the people's beverage, from gaining a foothold in the
CODY-POWELL COFFEE COMPANY is

BACKED BY CAPITAL THE FAVOR OF THE PRESS AND THE CONFIDENCE OF THE PUBLIC

And for the first time in their million-making careers realize that they have in PANMALT a foe
to exorbitant profits and a friend to the public, which will eventually DRIVE THEIR NASTY
ATTENTION TO THE FOLLOWING FACTS:

ORDINARY COFFEE IS HARMFUL Every sensible mother knows this and refuses it to her children. It causes more derangements of the stomach than any other known beverage. Nearly every case of dyspepsia, indigestion, heartburn, and sour stomach, nervousness, inability to sleep well, habitual constipation, headache and a dozen other symptoms, of disease of the digestive apparatus and alimentary canal can be traced to its use. Every intelligent physician advises his patients to

STOP DRINKING COFFEE whenever they complain of dyspeptic symp-
toms, and it is a well-known fact that the
laziest, most indolent, careless, worthless, good-for-nothing and sickly people in the world belong to the Oriental race, who indulge immoderately in the use of common coffee.

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A NEW BRIDGE BILL

The Commercial Company Has Offered Another Bill for Bridging From Rice's to Connor's Point.

Offers to Pay Five Per Cent of the Net Annual Income to the Two Cities.

Duluth and Superior are Also to be Given Representation on the Board of Directors.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 19.—[Special to The Herald.]—Senator Davis today presented an amendment to the bill he introduced at the extra session authorizing the Commercial Bridge company to build a bridge over the St. Louis river between Connor's and Rice's Points. The amendment is really a new bill. It provides for the passage of street railway, steam cars, wagons, vehicles of all kinds, animals and foot passengers under such rules as may be prescribed by the company for such reasonable rates of toll as may be agreed upon by the parties in interest or fixed by the secretary of war.

Right of passage shall at all times be free to foot passengers and to employees and apparatus of the fire and police departments of Duluth and Superior. The bridge must be constructed without material interference with navigation and shall be at least twenty-six feet above high water. The plan must be approved by the secretary of war. It must have a pivot draw of not less than 200 feet on each side.

All street railway companies shall be entitled to equal privileges upon the payment of reasonable compensation. The corporation owning the bridge shall pay five per cent of the net annual income to Duluth and Superior, and may at any time transfer the bridge to either of the two cities.

The city councils of Duluth and Superior shall also be entitled to representation in the directorate of the company.

AS IT IS AMENDED.

Some of the Changes Made in the City Railway Company's Ordinance.

If the city fathers amended the Duluth Street railway transfer ordinance at their meeting last night, until it is scarcely recognizable, the ordinance now pending, which is drawn in the interest of the City Street Railway company, seems likely to experience the same treatment. Up to date twenty-three amendments have been made to that ordinance and there is no telling when some patriotic alderman's spirit will not move him to tack on a few more or the measure is passed.

Some of the amendments are inconsequential, while others are most important. One whole section, not in the original draft, is added and it is an important one, too.

One section designating the kind of poles to be used is changed to read "of iron or steel" instead of "of wood." The rails must be "six-pound" instead of "four-pound." When a line is extended through or across paved streets, the company shall restore the pavement to its original condition and shall notch all blocks adjacent to the rails so that they shall fit close to their respective rails.

The clause permitting the use of salt is stricken out and instead of reading "eight miles an hour," the clause in the section regulating the rate of speed shall read "or as may from time to time be regulated by the council."

Another section is amended so that yearly, after the first five years that the company's lines are in operation, 1 per cent on the gross earnings shall be paid to the city. At the end of the second, fifth and eighth years, and each year thereafter, while the charter exists, that payment shall be a per cent of the gross earnings. The payment shall be made on the first of each January and shall be figured on a verified statement of the company's business. The franchise also shall run for thirty instead of fifty years.

The wholly new section provides that after the first ten years that the road has been in operation, upon giving a twelve

month's notice, the city shall have the right to purchase the system. If the price cannot be agreed upon, three disinterested parties shall be appointed, one by the company, one by the city and the third by these two. Each side shall have the privilege of introducing not more than three expert witnesses and the three commissioners or arbitrators shall consider only the amount actually expended by the company in the purchase, erection and construction of the plant, or the transportation to the city of the plant, machinery, apparatus, cars, etc. The interest on such expenditures shall be estimated at 7 per cent per annum from the time of the purchase of the fixtures, machinery, plant, etc., up to the time of the purchase by the city. The city shall have six months in which to decide whether or not it shall conclude the purchase.

PUBLIC OPINION.

Gossip of the Corridors. Lobbies and Places of Popular Resort.

Maj. Landberg, of Minneapolis, is at the Merchants. The major was a prominent figure during the last term of Doc Ames as mayor of the Flour City. He wore a blue coat, with gold braid and brass buttons, a big slouch hat, gold braided and was brigadier general of police and chief of staff to the mayor and he was ably assisted in his efforts by Adj. Warde, who is now a reporter on the Pioneer Press. The major said: "I would not know Doc Ames now. He has taken a brace and is like himself once more. He has the largest practice in Minneapolis and is rapidly regaining his wealth. He is just as popular as ever with the people and you will some day again hear of him in politics."

Dr. McNulty was a proud man when he received the news that his famous bull terrier "Jack" had taken the first prize in his class at the Chicago bench show. "Jack," said the doctor, "is the property of my brother, W. J. McNulty, assistant city engineer of St. Louis, Mo., and is like himself."

He is a 10-pound dog, snow white, with black points, and was whelped in 1889. His breeder, Mr. Marshall, of Lincoln, Eng., considered him one of the best pups he ever owned. Jack has taken three first prizes, in Cincinnati in 1891, in Chicago in 1892 and now again in Chicago. We also own another likely winner in Duke of Westworth by Prince Scipio out of Kathleen Mavourneen, a pair of dogs that Dr. Griffin, of Hamilton, gave \$500 for.

"The newspapers should take up the flag pole offer of Mr. Miller and try and arouse a feeling of public pride," said a vessel agent. "This stick is 150 feet long and were it erected on the hilltop, and a good flag furnished, it would form a conspicuous landmark."

William H. Smith, chairman of the supervisors of Oneota township, and Edward Swenson, of Spirit Lake, were at the Spalding last night after the council meeting. Mr. Smith said: "The township of Oneota has assets enough to pay all its indebtedness if the taxes were collectable, but they are not. The township owes about \$12,000 and is owed about \$10,000. All but three sections are now to be taken into the city of Duluth. These three sections can reorganize into a new township and assume the liabilities of the old township. If they do not, we do not see exactly when or by whom the orders will be paid. Town orders are not negotiable at present, and it is a great hardship upon those who have been working for the town not to be able to get their money. There is no provision in the act annexing Oneota township by which the indebtedness is taken care of."

The Duluth Male Scandal and Gossip club has resumed its winter sessions in the Spalding lobby. The committee appointed to look after other people's morals has already arranged for the divorce of four or five prominent men from the partners of their respective short bosoms. The same committee is also investigating several cases of alleged immorality about which they feel jealous, because they are "not in it." The finance committee have reported that all the iron interests of this county have been absorbed, gobbled up and totally taken away from them and they are afraid from their rightful owners also. Of this they are not quite so sure "only afraid you know." They say that they would sooner have a \$1000 apiece than speak ill of the financial standing of any Duluth institution or Duluth man, but that a man over in Superior has told

ESTABLISHED 1882.

W. C. SHERWOOD & CO.,

REAL ESTATE AND FIRST MORTGAGE LOANS.

One of the Oldest and Most Successful Firms at the Head of the Lakes.

Everyone acknowledges that Duluth and Superior real estate is bound to enhance in value very rapidly during the next few years.

No cities in the United States have stood the great outlook for depression of 1893 as well as Duluth and Superior and no cities will continue to grow as rapidly as these cities. New is the opportunity of a lifetime.

We offer for sale in Duluth and Superior, and contiguous rare bargains that in our honest opinion will more than double in the next two years.

We make a specialty of choice business property and well located acres. Now is the time to make your fortune by the investment of a few thousand dollars at the head of the lakes.

We have been loaning money on real estate security since 1882 here. We take great pride in stating that as yet our clients have never lost a dollar.

We have on hand as choice three and five year loans with interest and principal payable in gold, and interest payable semi-annually as any conservative person can wish for.

We invite correspondence. Write fully.

W. C. SHERWOOD & CO.,

Torrey Building, DULUTH, MINN.

then that there is no doubt but that all Duluth will be bankrupt inside of thirty days and that what will be the outcome of all this, do you think? The report is instructive and is growing. It shows thoroughly the petty meddling, instincts of the club, which as a whole does more by its gossip to injure Duluth than any other scandal circle in the city.

S. A. Phillips said today: "Excuse me, I am only a life insurance agent, at the present writing, and am not engaged in the publication of 'blue books,' of any kind, although I wish the boys who are getting up the Duluth blue book unbounded success and much joy."

County Auditor Fisher, of Grand Marais, is in the city. "I am going home on snowshoes," said he, "no more riding on the big lake at this time of the year for me. As we were coming up, in the little tug Elin, we saw some fishermen making signals for us to stop. They tried to come out to us but their boat capsized and they had to swim for it. They all got ashore, but the mere thought of getting into that icy water decided me to go home overland. I think that they

wanted us to take the mail carrier between Beaver Bay and Grand Marais, John Koss, but we could not tell for certain. Walking at this season is good enough for me."

A party of men were discussing the approaching change in the United States district attorneyship today, when Mayor d'Autremont gave in sight. The mayor is a candidate for the position, but he is not saying much about it just at present. "Say Dote" said one, "how about that appointment of yours?" "Ask Alderman Cox," said the mayor on municipal business intent, and even now he does not know what made them all smile.

Has Been Postponed. The meeting of the joint committee from Westaway Bay and Grand Marais for the consolidation celebration waste have been held this evening but has been postponed to a week tomorrow at Mayor d'Autremont's office.

Buy your best girl something to remember you by. Fur scarfs, collars, muffers, etc., at Kroyer's, 59 West Superior street.

To Our Customers

And those who are not, but are going to be:

Do You Want On The Square

STOVES TO LOVE STOVES TO LOVE

Assortment Style Qualities Buy And Rejoice

As the stove season is rapidly drawing to a close we have decided to close out our entire stock of Heating stoves at actual cost—BAR GARLANDS. This sale includes all such well-known and reliable makes as the Radiant Universal, Cheerful Universal, Keystone, Radiant Gem, Ideal Beaver, Cheerful Oak, Oak Leaf, &c. Don't think that these stoves are a lot of shop-worn stuff unfit for service, but bear in mind that every stove we offer was purchased this season, and is perfection in style and durability.

We want trade and we will have it if fine goods and low prices will win.

COME IN AND WE SHALL CONVINCE YOU THAT WE ARE IN THE LEAD!

Marshall-Wells Hardware Co.,

409-411 West Superior Street.

THE RIOTS IN SICILY.

The Italian Authorities Will Try to Crush the Mafia.

ROME, Dec. 19.—Owing to the situation in Sicily, growing out of the taxation schemes, the government is sending troops to augment the present forces on the island which number 8000 men. A determined attempt will be made to put an end to the rioting that has occurred of late in connection with the popular agitation against the new taxes. Efforts will, it is said, also be made to break the influence of the secret society, the Mafia, which is held to be responsible for much of the evil now prevalent in Sicily.

Another Baseball League.

OMAHA, Dec. 19. J. J. Hickey, of Lincoln, is in the city to arrange with J. T. McVittie and others for a meeting to be held in Chicago Tuesday, Jan. 9 to organize a baseball league comprising Omaha, Lincoln, Des Moines, Cedar Rapids, Davenport, Quincy, Peoria and St. Joseph. The league will be organized with a \$2000 salary fund. Stock companies are being formed in the

various places mentioned with a view of putting first-class teams in the field.

Boys will be boys and girls will be girls when Christmas comes. Don't argue with them about the financial emergency, then stockings will be hung up just the same. Buy them a nice fur muff and collar at Kroyer's fur store.

Two Farmers Killed.

LOGAN, Ohio, Dec. 19.—John W. Kaupke and son were killed by the explosion of a threshing boiler. The son was killed instantly but the father lived five hours. Both were prominent farmers.

Remember.

Christmas comes but once a year and do not forget a nice warm fur set for your little ones at Kroyer's fur store.

COLORED PAPER STOCK

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, Dentist, top floor Palladio.
Smoke Eudion cigar. W. A. Foote & Co.
Imperial Flour the best in the world.

Good applications for loans on inside property wanted at once. S. M. Chandler, 424 Palladio bldg.

The Merchants' hotel has cut rates for table board to \$5 per week; room and board, \$8.50.

Hear Miss Ford at Pilgrim club entertainment, next Tuesday evening.

One of the best Xmas gifts for a young man or boy is a membership in the Y. M. C. A.

A hat for your wife would make a nice Christmas present. Get one at cost. Call at Mrs. Humes.

Holly, lycopodium, Anderson, florist, 27 West Superior street.

The following births have been reported to the board of health: J. H. and Minnie Patterman, Duluth Heights, a son; Frank and Augusta Burg, Hunter's Park, a son.

The following deaths have been reported to the board of health: Augusta Kusch, aged 65 years, 516 East Seventh street, Bright's disease; James E. Fitzgerald, aged 2 years, infant son of Robert and Jane Fitzgerald, 1212 East Superior street, of enteritis. The remains will be taken to St. Paul tomorrow for burial.

James Edward Fitzgerald, aged 2 years and 4 months, son of Mr. and Mrs. Robert F. Fitzgerald, died this morning at 1212 East Superior street of enteritis. The remains will be taken to St. Paul for burial, Mr. Fitzgerald having four children buried there.

Reuben Noble has entered suit in the United States circuit court against the North Star Construction company to quiet title to Itasca county lands valued at about \$5000.

A marriage license was issued today in Clerk Sinclair's office to Sherry Burns and Dolly Hibbard.

On Saturday last the children at the Women and Children's home were presented with tickets by the Duluth Street Railway company to enable them to visit Panton & Watson's store in the afternoon, the children's day.

B. B. Nargarkar, lectured last evening before the Union club on the "Hindu Schools of Philosophy." He was listened to with great interest and gave a very instructive and entertaining talk.

The Tremont hotel will probably be opened under new management in a few days and run upon the European plan.

J. W. Blackman, sheriff at Midland, Mich., has telegraphed Chief Horgan, inquiring for Charles and Norris Richardson, formerly of Midland. Their mother is very low and their presence is desired at her bedside.

Dennis Callahan was brought down from Hibbing last evening to serve thirty days in the county jail for vagrancy.

The insurance adjusters began work today on the Levine stock, a majority of the insurance being represented. W. B. McCord of Minneapolis, W. D. Fargo of St. Paul and other insurance men are here.

F. S. Wardwell, now vice president and general manager of the Edgewood Street Railway company of New Haven, Conn., writes to T. J. Barrow for plans and models of his patent street car brake. He says he considers it the best brake invented and thinks he can have it put on the Brooklyn City railway lines.

The ladies of the Christian church will hold a fair and social at the church on West Fourth street tomorrow evening.

Wanted.—Twenty-five more salesladies. Apply tonight at Panton & Watson's.

Extra copies of this paper can be had at The Herald counting room.

PERSONAL.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas R. Congdon will sail for Paris on the fast French liner La Champagne, Saturday, Dec. 23. They will be gone three years and will devote their entire time to the study of art under the very best French and Italian artists. Mr. Congdon desires to keep an eye on Duluth and has ordered The Herald sent to him abroad.

Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Doane returned this morning from a few days visit in St. Paul.

E. T. Archibald, the gold expert of Northfield, is at the St. Louis.

D. M. Finlayson, the sawmill man of Virginia, and Robert McGruer, one of the lumber dealers of that place, are in the city.

Mike O'Keefe, of Tower, is at the St. Louis.

Labeled the Barker. When the steamboat Barker was laid up last fall Ben Nibenberger, the cook, did not, he claims, receive the full amount of wages due him. The hearing of the case was held before United States Court Commissioner T. H. Pressnell yesterday. The case will probably be settled out of court today.

Railroad Notes. W. W. Schoff, private secretary of A. B. Plough of the St. Paul & Duluth railroad, came up in a private car today with a party consisting of Mrs. C. D. Sinclair and Miss Sinclair, of Racine, and Mrs. L. A. Schoff, of St. Paul.

E. L. Brown, master of transportation of the St. Paul & Duluth, is in the city.

The storm of yesterday did not bother local traffic much and most of the trains were on time this morning.

Halt Price! Boys' and Children's suits and overcoats going at half price. This is no fake, call and be convinced.

C. W. Erickson, 219 West Superior street.

Manicure sets and smoking sets. The largest assortment of fine goods in the city. Boyce's drug store.

AWARDED HIGHEST HONORS—WORLD'S FAIR.

DR. PRICE'S

Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

DULUTH WILL HAVE IT

Executive Committee of the National Educational Association Votes to Meet Here Next Time.

Some Conditions Made But it is Not Thought That These Will Stand in the Way.

If the Railroads Terminating Here Give a One Fare Rate Every Difficulty Will be Removed.

The executive committee of the National Teachers' association has voted in favor of Duluth for the next meeting place, on condition that Duluth meet the expense of issuing the official bulletin, pay the expenses of the committee in Duluth and that the terminal lines of railway in Duluth give the regular one-fare rate, plus \$2 the membership fee in the association. It all rests with these lines of road now and Superintendent Denfeld has very sanguine hopes of landing the prize in good shape. A letter from Secretary Irwin, received this morning, says that he is very anxious that the final circular be issued before the holidays. His letter was mostly of a private nature, but was very encouraging.

Letters favoring Duluth and announcing that letters seconding the selection of this city had been forwarded from President Lane, were received this morning from the following superintendents: W. F. Staton, Atlanta, Ga.; R. G. Young, Helena, Mont.; and B. F. Hood, Huron, S. D.

SEVERAL CONTEST CASES.

One Contendant Accuses the Defendant of Taking Land on Speculation.

Several contest cases were on in the United States land office today. One was that of Lestina A. Kingston vs. Henry Ekman. The defendant seeks to make final timber and stone proof on the S¹/₂ of the NW¹/₄, lot 1, section 13, and lot 4, section 4-6-19. The contestant enters protest against the acceptance of Ekman's proof, on the alleged grounds that he is taking land on speculation and that he has entered into an agreement with Mee & Sharp to give an interest in the land or the timber thereon.

Another case is that of Louis N. Yerkes vs. John B. Bayer, both rival pre-emption claimants against the Indian allotment of 10-oh-as. The land is the NW¹/₄ of NE¹/₄ and SE¹/₄ of NE¹/₄ and the SE¹/₄ of SE¹/₄, section 24-63-14. The allotment case was called but 10-oh-as made no appearance. That leaves the matter apparently to be fought out between the rival pre-emptors and the fight will be a bitter one.

THE COURT FILINGS.

Receiver For W. C. Doherty Asked For—Big Suit Against the McKinnleys.

I. Pershing, Hans Johnson, H. Halversen and Andrew Swanson have applied to the court for the appointment of a receiver for W. C. Doherty on the Kentucky avenue contract matter; also for an order restraining David McKinnley and W. T. Bailey from collecting any money from the city of Duluth due to Doherty and that the city be enjoined from paying him any. W. R. Spencer is attorney for the petitioners.

A. M. Miller has commenced suit against John and William McKinnley to recover on seven promissory notes aggregating \$30,428.80. Ellsworth Benham is plaintiff's attorney.

The schedule of property in the assignment matter of Reed & Hanson was filed today. The property aggregates \$106 mostly in real estate. The debts amount to \$5100.

Notice of plaintiff in Wood county National bank vs. Marinette Iron works et al, that judgment against Ironton Structural Steel company garnishee for \$221.29 will be applied for was also filed.

His Head May Drop. The fire commissioners will hold an adjourned meeting Thursday afternoon. It is expected that at that time Chief Smith's head will come off. If it comes off at all. It is not unlikely that something will soon drop for the chief is said to be non persona grata to a portion of the present administration as well as to some of the members of the board of underwriters.

The Municipal Court. In police court this morning, Henry Johnson was found guilty of drunkenness and jail was escaped for ten days only by the payment of \$10 and \$2 costs. John Jones, guilty of a similar offense, lacked the wherewithal to wipe out his guilt, so he went to jail for ten days. William Henderson, charged with disorderly conduct, pleaded not guilty and his trial was set for this afternoon.

Secure tickets at Kilgore & Siewert's or Duluth Paper company, for Pilgrim club entertainment to be given at Pilgrim Congregational church, Tuesday evening, Dec. 19, at 8 o'clock. Tickets, 25 cents. See handbills.

Still Going On! Our great half price sale on men's suits and overcoats. You cannot afford to miss this sale. C. W. Erickson, 219 West Superior street.

Ladies buy him a nice fur cap from \$5 to \$20 at Krojanker's fur store.

REMARKABLE RECORD.

A Mighty, Marvelous, Monetary Monument of Modern Methods Making Many Men Money.

Profitable Pointers Pertinently Put By the Progressive and Popular Pushers of a Prosperous Palladium.

On the tenth day of January, 1892, the Manhattan Life Insurance Company, of New York, opened its local office in the city of Duluth for the purpose of obtaining business in this section. During the past year, the Manhattan has made its greatest strides towards the front in the field of life underwriting. The Manhattan was organized in 1850, and during the past forty years it has always been at the forefront of battle, issuing the very best class of policies, and during that entire period of time no breath of scandal



MANHATTAN LIFE BUILDING.

has ever tainted the bosom of this great fiduciary institution, which is today noted for its strength, solidity, stability and security.

During the year 1893 the Manhattan has written in the city of Duluth over one million dollars of insurance, undoubtedly leading all other companies represented here in the amount of business done.

During the past year the Manhattan has erected a magnificent new home office building, the foundations of which are laid on bedrock by the pneumatic caisson process, the only building in the world employing this solid construction.

The lot on which this building is erected at Nos. 64-66-68 Broadway, near the stock exchange, cost \$1,600,000. The building itself when completed will have cost nearly two million dollars. The structure will be twenty stories in height, sixteen on Broadway and seven on New street together with a three-story tower, and fitted throughout with the most modern improvements of all kinds necessary to the successful equipment of the tallest and finest office building in the world.

The district manager of the Manhattan is Mr. S. A. Phillips, who prior to his entrance into the journalistic field in Duluth, was connected with the leading metropolitan journals of St. Paul and Minneapolis in important capacities, and

from 1884 until the latter end of 1886, was the manager of the St. Paul department of the Minneapolis Tribune, with magnificent headquarters in the Hotel Ryan block. Since 1886 Mr. Phillips has resided in the city of Duluth, and until a year ago was the publisher of daily journals in this city. During the past year, which has been one of unusual dullness in the business world, he has succeeded in writing over one million dollars of insurance for the Manhattan Life. With returning prosperity, it is safe to predict that the Manhattan will exceed this amount of business in Duluth during the year 1894.

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KILGORE & SIEWERT,

Under St. Louis Hotel.

THE BIG Handkerchief Sale

Is an Immense Success and

CONTINUES

Tomorrow

Remember Our Offerings are Always the Very Best.

All Our Holiday Silk Suspenders, Silk Mufflers, Smoking Jackets, Dressing Gowns, Bath Robes

At Immense Reductions all the Rest of This Week!

KILGORE & SIEWERT.

SOMETHING NEW FOR DULUTH!

On Wednesday, Dec. 20th.

Avery & Co.,

Manufacturing Confectioners,

—WILL OPEN—

THE PALACE OF SWEETS,

319 West Superior Street. Opposite Hotel St. Louis.

The finest grades of Confectionery made here daily. Everything pertaining to a metropolitan Confectionery establishment can be found here. See candy makers in the window every afternoon.

THE WOODWARD.

We have fifty styles of Single and Double Breasted Sack and Cutaway Suits reduced for this season of the Holidays to \$14. These were the choicest values at \$18, \$20 and \$22 and but a few of each remain—perhaps three or four of each. In the lot are several styles from the famous Sawyer mills and the Franklin at Plymouth.

They all go at \$14.

A lot cheaper but really elegantly made and of unquestionable merit are now put on the market at \$10—they were \$14 and \$16 but have been cut deeply. They are in dark shades of Cheviots, Stripes and plaids, in Sacks and Cutaways. At once handsome and durable.

Your Choice for \$10.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER, 19, 1893.

A Duluth Clothing House, Exclusively Owned and Controlled by Duluth Men, and Not Tributary to Any Eastern Management.

Established in Duluth in 1881.

Store Open Every Evening This Week.

Keep Him Home

Lots of men don't stay at home evenings as much as they ought, and we think it's because you neglect to make them comfortable at home. There's no real comfort in a snug fitting street coat. There should be ease and relaxation, and you get this in one of our

House Coats or Smoking Jackets



That We're Selling

At Half Price.

Our \$ 7.00 ones for \$ 3.50
Our 8.00 ones for 4.00
Our 10.00 ones for 5.00
Our 15.00 ones for 7.50
Our 20.00 ones for 10.00

Silk Mufflers, Handsome Neckwear, Silk and Satin Suspenders, Silk Umbrellas, Canes, Silk Hosiery, Dress Shirts, Handkerchiefs, Full Dress Shields, Cuff and Collar Boxes, Cuff Buttons, Night Gowns, Traveling Bags, Mittens and Warm Gloves, Seal Caps, Plush Caps,

Make useful and appropriate Christmas presents for young and old.

The BIG DULUTH

W. L. DOUGLAS
\$3 SHOE NOT RIP.
Do you wear them? When next in need try a pair;
Best in the world.

\$4.00 \$3.00
\$4.50 \$2.50
\$5.00 \$2.00
\$5.50 \$1.75
\$6.00 \$1.50
\$6.50 \$1.25
\$7.00 \$1.00
\$7.50 \$0.75
\$8.00 \$0.50
\$8.50 \$0.25
\$9.00 \$0.00

If you want a fine DRESS SHOE, made in the latest styles, don't pay \$6 to \$8, try my \$3, \$3.50, \$4.00 or \$5 shoe. They fit equal to custom made and look and wear as well. If you wish to economize in your footwear, do so by purchasing W. L. Douglas shoes. Name and price stamped on the bottom, look for it when you buy W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass., Sold by Saffell & Co., 129-131 West Superior Street.

DULUTH INVENTORS.

We are informed by MESSRS. MASON, FENWICK & LAWRENCE, PATENT LAWYERS AND SOLICITORS, Of the Duluth building, Duluth, and of Washburn D. C., that the following Duluth inventions have recently secured patents by the United States Patent office:

Edward E. Fitzgerald, Silver B. Nelson, Peter J. Cooney, John E. Roush, Alexander McDougall, Edward C. Korte and John Opheim.

PILES! PILES!

Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind, Bleeding Itching and Ulcerated Piles of ten years standing. It also cures the cancer, and cures the itching at once, acts as a powerful, gives instant relief. Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared only for Piles and Itching of the private parts, and nothing else. Sold and guaranteed by MAX WIRTH, Duluth Minn.

Our House and Lot

Given Away Next Monday Morning

at 11 O'clock.

At eleven o'clock on Christmas morning our Beautiful Little Home will be given away. The Drawing will take place in our large front show windows and will be in entire charge of representatives from the Duluth Daily Papers. They will select some little girl from the crowd outside, blindfold her, and from the box inside the window she will draw a numbered ticket. The person holding the corresponding ticket number on our House and Lot will be given this

Handsone House and Lot without any charge whatever

We will Continue to give you a chance on this Beautiful Home with each and every purchase made at our Store this entire week.

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Christmas Presents

For the Children

GIVEN AWAY!

Skates, Sleds, Knives, Wagons, etc.

Free! Free!

Hundreds of packages taken from our Boy's and Children's department every day, each one of them containing besides the boy's suit or overcoat a handsome present which we give away entirely free of charge.

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SYMPOSIUM ON XMAS

Citizens of Duluth Relate Incidents Connected With Their First Christmas in the Zenith City.

The Very Thrilling Experience Which R. A. MacFarlane Had With a Band of Wild Redskins.

Aldermen Hugo and Howard, W. C. Sargent, Collector of Customs Johnson Tell Their Little Stories.

VERY reader of The Herald will be interested in the communications published below from well-known citizens, which have been contributed in reply to a request for articles on the subject of "My First Christmas in Duluth." In soliciting contributions to this Christmas symposium it was the desire of The Herald to secure a novel and interesting feature for its annual Christmas edition, and it feels that it has succeeded in securing a bureau of experiences and incidents that will attract the attention of everyone. Without further introduction, therefore, the articles may be presented:

Collector of Customs Johnson.

To the Editor of The Herald:

I have no recollections of my first Christmas in Duluth that stand out vivid enough for a picture, such as I evidently contemplated by your invitation to furnish early experiences and as I did not actually spend Christmas here at all before that of 1870. I am aware that an account of what transpired at that "late date" would scarce be of interest for the real "old settler." Even the "Sixty-niners" do not as yet venture to call themselves pioneers, and there is really no one yet quite venerable at the head of the lake unless he can date his honors back to the hoary antiquity of the "fifties" or about the time Superior City was first founded and built.

This being the case, Mr. Editor, I will not venture upon any Christmas recollections. I have looked over my journals, however, of twenty years ago, and have found two or three entries, which have rather a strange sound at this date, and probably may interest your readers:

"December 21, 1870.—Yesterday was a fine day for this time of year. The oldest inhabitant says unusually so. The lake is yet entirely free from ice and the atmosphere at noon has been that of a warm summer's day. The day of the year and the unusual weather has been celebrated by racing contests between half-breeds, Indians and squaws. The squaw prizes consisted of sacks of flour."

"January 13, 1871.—Bears have been tracked as near our house as the edge of the woods about a block back, and wife is in sore fright about it. At last she has something tangible to be afraid of which is not to be wondered at in our present lonely situation." N. B. The timber was yet uncut in front of that portion of Third street on which we lived, so that the lake was hid from view by the dense growth of woods to the west.

"What if Bruin should come day 'mosey' into the house in his easy, deliberate way and invite himself to supper? or be found in the wood shed? or seen in the yard? I really can not imagine what would become of my two children." I venture to think, however, that the mother would fight Bruin hard for the baby."

"April 10, 1871.—Coming home from a Grand Army meeting last night, about half-past 10, I found myself in the thickest and blackest darkness. I have experienced, with mud everywhere, a northeaster, with sleet, raging, and without a lantern, I got along tolerably well until I left the sidewalk at the Gould and Edmunds cottages, from there my path leads around the edge of the terrace on second street, amongst stumps, boulders and the refuse of timber lately felled, then on to the corner of the terrace on second street. To add to my very general disgust, everything the melting snow and rain had turned every little gully, or hollow into a miniature rivulet, which could be heard, but not seen—never experienced such pitch-black darkness—had to feel every step of the way, but in my anxiety to keep the path I lost it, and I lost myself. I lost myself as completely as though fifty miles from here in the thickest of timber, and by what way I got out onto a piece of ground I knew is mystery to me yet."

N. B. The path led over the sites now occupied by the Ray residence, then called "Ashabula Hill." C. F. JOHNSON.

Duluth, Dec. 15.

A. R. MacFarlane's Novel Christmas.

To the Editor of The Herald:

My first Christmas in Duluth was that of 1874, and to me it was not only the most novel but perhaps the most pleasant I had ever experienced. After an early breakfast (with mine host Col. Hull, of the old Clark house) consisting of ham and eggs, buckwheat cakes and "roaches," I started out over the hill in company with our Capt. McDougall on a rabbit hunt which was more fearful of glowing episode and prophetic account of the wonderful possibilities and prospects of the Zenith City than of game.

The general opinion was, as now, a perfect compendium of transportation statistics and showed signs of his inventive and executive genius.

I had a curiosity to see some Indians, real wild Indians such as one reads about in dime novels, and had arranged with a young cousin of my own acquaintance, who spoke a little Chippewa and was more or less accustomed to meet the nomads, to show me around among the fifteen or sixteen Indian wigwams which

were at the time located in the thick woods just about where Mr. Peyton's delightful home now stands, but we had no town clock in those days and as a consequence my friend's timepiece and mine did not indicate the appointed hour at the same moment and we missed one another.

Not to be frustrated, however, and to satisfy my curiosity, I mustered up all the courage that could be inspired in a bosom by calling to mind the deeds of valor usually accredited to such historic characters as Napoleon, Grant and Wellington, and started out alone. Taking the first trail that led from London road into the woods about Tenth avenue east, I was not long in coming upon the encampment, where I was immediately surrounded by a howling legion of Indian dogs, but the spirits of departed heroes were present and the canine whelps did not make of me their Christmas pie. Young braves and dusky maidens in goodly numbers seemed to swarm out of the brush in all directions to seek the shelter of their tepees. I tried to tell them that I was not a hostile, but I could not make myself understood.

Occasionally a redskin's head would peep out of its hiding place, and finally one brave apparently more daring than the rest ventured outside and stood in a defensive attitude in front of his wigwam. He seemed impervious to the explanations of the peaceful nature of my visit which I endeavored to make. The Indian then struck me that it might please this son of the forest if I bought some furs from him, and proceeded to ask him in English if he had any for sale; he simply grunted, and I could see that he did not catch my meaning. I had heard and remembered the Chippewa equivalent for money, but that was the extent of my vocabulary.

As a last resort, however, and in the vain hope of getting him to understand that I wanted to trade money for furs, I took off my hat and pointed to my hair, which was then not quite so scarce as now, wishing to convey to him the idea of my hair. He immediately took my hat and pointed to his hair, which was then not quite so scarce as now, wishing to convey to him the idea of my hair.

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that determined the location, as there were no houses for rent in those days. The meeting of the fire companies and occasional fire kept us from getting too lonely, and in a measure caused us to become reconciled to our enforced life so far out of town. Our first herald of the coming of winter was a snow storm on Nov. 11. Thanksgiving day was fine but on Dec. 1 it snowed again and kept cold till about the 9th, when the weather turned fine and kept so till the end of the year.

This being my first holiday a drive around the town was suggested, that the family might view its beauties so I started to get a liver rig but found that somebody else had got there ahead of me and had hired it for the day. On my way home to tell of the sad disappointment I made a Christmas call on my first Duluth acquaintance, Ernest Kugler, at Burg's meat market. Ernest and I went in next door and saw "Merry Christmas" twice, that is, I said "Merry Christmas" and he said "Here's Ho!"

By the time I got home the Duluth Waterworks plant had backed up against the sidewalk and John, the waterman, was metering into a couple of barrels our usual supply; as John did not look overly pleasant I inquired the cause and was informed that some person had stolen the handle of the pumping system and he had to improvise one so as to supply his customers.

Being disappointed in our drive the family went for a walk, but as Iler Mitchell had informed us through the Tribune that owing to the early setting in of winter the wolves were very bold I borrowed John Nelson's gun, for even then Alderman Nelson owned a gun club. We, however, met no wolves or bears although we went up as far as what is now Sixth street, and fully expected to give the dyspepsia to some wild brute when we realized how careless we had been to go so far. It was dark when we got back and while supper was being prepared I lit my portable gas plant and went down town to try and buy a newspaper, and so many people were brought along their lanterns that it was actually safe to walk along the streets, and the lighting effect was beautiful. The eighty saloons were brilliantly illuminated by many lamps, and the dazzling effect caused the "four hundred" of Old Superior to grind their teeth in jealous rage. During supper

of which Capt. Thomas Wilson was master, Capt. Alex. McDougall, first mate and Alex. Crawford, first engineer, men all well known in Duluth's history. Duluth was then practically in the first year of her existence and did not claim, as she does today, to be superior to Superior or any other town in America or out of it for go-ahead grit and energy.

And this reminds me of what I heard at the Minnesota club when St. Paul yesterday old Democratic times said: "Oh! Duluth's all right. The difference can be readily seen in going from here up there. In St. Paul every one is going about like a whipped cur, as though he had lost his last friend and his pluck all gone; in Duluth people say, 'Well, we've had a rather bad summer for us, but just wait till spring; then you will see things move.' Duluth is in it to stay." And this was a St. Paul man.

To resume: There were none of the docks, elevators, mills, wholesale houses, or manufacturing that line our water road completed into town. Superior street was a series of toboggan slides and Proctor Knott was yet to be heard from. My own recollection of Christmas day is rather vague. The principal and about the only thing I remember was that the Rev. Mason Gallagher made his debut to a Duluth congregation, opening St. Paul's Episcopal church, which had just been completed for the occasion. It was in the same place as now and the same church, only smaller than at present, having been three times enlarged since. The music was furnished by four well-known Duluthians of today, Messrs. Graves, Munger, Burke and McWhorter. The building of the church and securing a pastor was considered a great triumph at the time as it was the first in Duluth, having been built and donated by Jay Cooke, often called the father of Duluth.

We have all passed through good and bad times since then, and the present ones are not all one could wish for, but I with others have many things to be thankful for, and I cannot but believe that, when these dark clouds have rolled by, we will see a mantle of prosperity and advancement descend upon the city will cause our beloved city to rise to a position in the commercial and financial world that will give her the synonym of not only the Zenith City of the United States, but of the whole United States.

Wishing you, my dear editor, and all your readers a happy Christmas in 1893 and a bright and prosperous year in 1894, I am very sincerely yours,

WILLIAM C. SARGENT.
Duluth, Dec. 10.

Fred Chipman's Dream.

To the Editor of The Herald:

The incidents of my "first Christmas in Duluth" were distinguished by their absence. I had been here but a few weeks and it was my first Christmas away from home. Late a solemn dinner, then took a nap, and while I slept a voice seemed to say to me, "You are not Christmas unless spent at home. If not, no matter whether in marble halls and in the midst of music, the memory will wander back to the familiar fireside where once the clattering children, the jolly Santa Claus and the spruce tree covered with its shining toys fastened the day's picture upon the mind to be cherished through the rest of life."

Christmas is the only time when childhood is really grand. To joyed thereafter it must be passed among children. And remember this: For the stranger in a strange land there is no Christmas. He may be the sleigh bells and laughter ring out upon the air and everywhere see peace and happiness abound, but before him will come that picture of his childhood days, like the vision of a departed friend smiling in death to lead a shade of sadness to the bright surroundings.

Upon this day everyone should strive to see some face grow happy from a touch of kindness. You cannot reach the wandering emigrants huddled in the storm-tossed ships; the silent war-faced children of the poor whom the great cities hide in their dark corners, those who go searching for a sheltering roof, while hunger, with its iron fingers, is tugging at their vitals; no, for millions of others whose lives have been cast among thorns and who are struggling, with bleeding heads, to force themselves to the light. But look around you and you will find in some near spot where a little kindness like a gleam of sunshine will bathe in a golden radiance.

"To make others happy is the happiest part of life," and then the voice grew louder as it said: "He who never thinks of doing good who passes his Christmas in a cold and selfish mood is like one who walks a treadmill made of bricks, rocks and thorns, his mind, his heart, his very life is dead and the exile in Siberia is happier than he."

This suddenly awakened me and shaking off the last touch of drowsiness I walked slowly to my office. A couple of newshoys, both of a size, strolled in. I got them to wrestle "catch-as-catch-can" best three out of five. I gave a nickel to the winner and as they were brothers they were both glad. And then happier in the knowledge of having done some good I returned to finish my sleep in peace. Yours truly, F. J. CHIPMAN.
Duluth, Minn., Dec. 14.

Logan Circle, ladies of G. A. R. will give a camp fire supper and Christmas tree sale at the Hayes block, corner First avenue east and Superior street on Wednesday, Dec. 20, during the afternoon and evening. Supper served from 5 o'clock till 9. Admission free; supper, 25 cents. Everybody welcome and a good time is assured to all.

ALWAYS AHEAD.
BENSON'S
Porous Plaster
For the relief of all kinds of
Pain, Rheumatism, Sprains, Burns, Scalds, etc.
It is the most perfect of all
medicines for the relief of
Pain, Rheumatism, Sprains, Burns, Scalds, etc.
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SEABURY & JOHNSON,
CHEMISTS,
NEW YORK.
GET THE GENUINE

W. C. Sargent's Recollections.

Hoping, Mr. Editor, you will take "My First Christmas at the Head of Lake Superior" in place of your request, I remain yours truly,

B. F. HOWARD.
Duluth, Dec. 12.

Alderman Hugo's Experiences.

To the Editor of The Herald:

In response to your invitation to write the experiences of "My First Christmas in Duluth" I send you a few incidents that a treacherous memory for events allows me to retain. I had been a resident of Duluth for eleven months when Christmas, 1882, found us living on Second street, near the old fire hall and opposite the site of the present High

school. It was not choice but necessity that determined the location, as there were no houses for rent in those days. The meeting of the fire companies and occasional fire kept us from getting too lonely, and in a measure caused us to become reconciled to our enforced life so far out of town. Our first herald of the coming of winter was a snow storm on Nov. 11. Thanksgiving day was fine but on Dec. 1 it snowed again and kept cold till about the 9th, when the weather turned fine and kept so till the end of the year.

This being my first holiday a drive around the town was suggested, that the family might view its beauties so I started to get a liver rig but found that somebody else had got there ahead of me and had hired it for the day. On my way home to tell of the sad disappointment I made a Christmas call on my first Duluth acquaintance, Ernest Kugler, at Burg's meat market. Ernest and I went in next door and saw "Merry Christmas" twice, that is, I said "Merry Christmas" and he said "Here's Ho!"

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U. S. BLOCK.

WEST END HEADQUARTERS FOR HOLIDAY GOODS!

SPECIAL BARGAINS FOR THIS WEEK!

**DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
TOYS OF ALL KINDS.**

TRADE WITH US AND SAVE MONEY. TRADE WITH US AND SAVE MONEY.

CROCKERY DEPT.

Lamps and Dinnerware—Dinnerware Sets at all prices from \$8 up to \$100. Large stock to select from.

SILVER PLATE DEPT.

A full line of everything in the way of Silverware, from the best factories. We are unable to specify prices, besides it would tire our readers out. Clocks of all kinds from the cheapest to the highest.

TOY TRUNKS.

From 25c to \$1.50. Iron Toys—The U. S. Block is the place to buy Iron Toys. We carry the largest assortment of any house in the city.

DRUMS.

Drums at 25c, 35c, 50c, 75c, 95c, \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$2.50. These drums are almost worth double these figures.

ALBUMS.

An endless variety to select from. The run in price from 25c up to \$10. If you want an album for a Christmas present, the U. S. Block is the place to visit. You have room to select from.

DULUTH PROVISION & DRY GOODS COMPANY,
Nineteenth Avenue West and Superior Street.

LEADING WEST END FIRMS.

OLSON & CO.'S Numan & Lynch,

**CLOSING
OUT
SALE!**

We are positively going out of business and our entire stock of DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, LADIES' and GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, SHOES, RUBBERS and LUMBERMEN'S OVERSHOES, Etc., AT LESS THAN ACTUAL COST.

SPECIAL TO NARROW FOOTED.
All our Mens' Cordovan Shoes in B and D widths, worth \$6.50 to \$7.00, AT HALF PRICE.

\$3.50.

Christmas Gifts at Cost.
OLSON & CO.
1903 West Superior Street.

Non-splut-out

**BOWS
(RINGS)** ON

**BOSS
WATCH
CASES**

HULBERG BROS.
Watchmakers and Jewelers.

HEADQUARTERS FOR
Elgin, Springfield, Waltham, Rockford
and Hampton Watches.
FINE WATCH REPAIRING
A SPECIALTY.

1801 W. Superior St. - DULUTH, MINN.

DOLLS.

The U. S. Block opens up the finest line of Dolls, imported direct from the German factory, from 1c to \$25.

TIN TOYS.

An extra large variety at prices ranging from 1c to \$1.50. Magic Lanterns from 98c up to \$15. Auto Harps from 25c up to \$15.

Plush and Toilet Cases.
From 25c up to \$25. Books and Xmas Cards at all prices.

WOODEN TOYS.

The finest line of Wooden Toys ever brought to the city, and offered at very Low Prices as they were bought direct from the manufacturers.

METAL TOYS.

A fine selection of Combs and Brushes, Cases, Ink Stands, Card Cases, Jewelry Boxes, Frames of all kinds from 10c up to \$2.

SKATES.

As we have still about 250 pairs of Skates left we will close them out Christmas week by giving 25 Per Cent Discount. These Skates are solid steel and were sold at least 25 per cent cheaper than any house in the Northwest before making the cut. DO YOU SKATE?

DULUTH PROVISION & DRY GOODS COMPANY,
Nineteenth Avenue West and Superior Street.

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A SPECIALTY.

1801 W. Superior St. - DULUTH, MINN.

FANGY

—AND—

STAPLE

GROCERIES!

1804 West Superior Street.
Duluth, Minn.
Telephone 325.

**C. S. PIERCE,
HARDWARE.**

DULUTH, MINN.

REAL ESTATE SOLID

The Transfers of Realty Recorded This Year
Amount in Value to Eleven Million
Dollars.

Money Coming in for Investment and Any
One With Good Security Can Get
a Loan.

The Building Associations Report That a
Good Demand Exists for Money
for Building Purposes.

XMAS 1893



The HISTORY of Duluth would be complete without some reference to the real estate situation, for to this interest has been due a large portion of the development of the city. The real estate men are quite apt to be regarded as "boomers" and as chasing air bubbles, especially when times are dull and money is tight, and yet when the city was in the height of progress no class of men were ever so ready to put their shoulders to the wheel and give their money and enterprise to building it up and advancing its interests. They may be enthusiasts, but the greatest undertakings which this world has seen accomplished were born and bred in the minds of men who were classed as enthusiasts. To say that at the present time the real estate market in Duluth is booming, that there is a great demand for property and no desire whatever on the part of owners to sell, would not be true and would not be believed for a moment. But when the assertion is made that in no city in this whole country is the real estate market in a healthier condition, values steadier and the outlook brighter, unprejudiced investigation will be convincing of its truth. There was a time when Duluth was a "boom" city—in 1887. Values went up way above their proper limit, and it seemed as though the real growth of the city would never reach them. It was not long, however, before the actual development of the city made the realty values legitimate and reasonable and ever since the tide of increase and improvement has flowed on and without any unnatural stimulation of values.

The year 1893 opened up with exceedingly bright prospects and there was every reason to believe that an active real estate business could be expected. There began to be a steady inquiry for property and not a few sales were made. Endion and all East End property was in good demand and bargains were easily secured. Nearly a half of these lots were purchased for residence purposes.

First street business property also was in good demand and a number of transfers were recorded. Superior street property was subject to large inquiry and in fact realty in all parts of the city was in demand. But the depression beginning early in the summer season, this market as it did in every other line. Men held on to their money, realty deals fell through. So it continued on through the summer and fall.

There was no panic following this, however, nor any perceptible slump in prices. Owners demanded just as much for their property in September as they did in March and while there undoubtedly was stagnation there never at any time was consternation.

Today there is again a marked improvement in the market just as there was in the early months of the year. It does not manifest itself in sales but in constantly increasing inquiries and these are all for inside property, especially of the residence class. A well known lawyer stopped a Herald man on the street a day or two ago and said: "A well known and responsible real estate man showed me his books this afternoon and from them I learned that his commissions in the past two weeks on property sold amounted to \$100. That looks better, don't it?"

The transfers of real estate for the year as recorded in the register of deeds office reach about \$11,000,000. The mining and pine land business has grown to be considered as almost a part of the real estate business in Duluth and in these lines there has been considerable doing this year. The United States land office also has done an immense business this year especially in lands coming under the stock and timber laws. The total valuation of Duluth is \$21,050,685; of West Duluth, which will be a part of Duluth on Jan. 1, \$7,497,476 and of New Duluth, \$10,188.

On Jan. 1 there was every reason to believe that the year then opening would be the greatest in the history of the city in the amount of building to be done. Architect offices were flooded with work and applications for loans were numerous. The financial depression interfered, however, and building plans were deferred. Nevertheless the list of improvements for the year as shown in another column is a very flattering one. Nearly all of the building which was projected has been only temporarily deferred and will be carried out later.

Money loaning is almost inseparably connected with the real estate business and in this line also a marked improvement is apparent. Money is coming in for investment and any one with good security can get a loan at reasonable rates. But as is to be expected, lenders are very particular and are taking only the choicest loans that they can get. These are far more exacting as to the security and are more difficult to satisfy. This is only natural, as it is simply the timidity which follows the period of shaken confidence. But it is a certain indication of improvement that money is to be had at all. In June last the supply was almost entirely closed and loans could not be negotiated at any price. It might be supposed that rates would be higher now, but this is not so. It is true that they may be a little stiffer, but it is not so much a question of rate as it is of security.

Stryker, Manley & Buck, who do a heavy business in this line, say that there is a decided improvement in the loaning business, although investors are very cautious and particular as to security. Last week this firm placed about \$50,000, part of which

was invested in St. Louis county bonds given to the Missabe road. A large amount also went into West Duluth orders. It is not a question of rate, but security, they say.

Large loans can be negotiated at 6 per cent if the security is gilt edged, and as low as 5 per cent has been secured in some cases. Seven and even 8 per cent is paid in some cases, but these are for smaller loans.

W. E. Lucas says: "The supply of money for mortgage loans was practically shut off about June 1 of this year. Lenders are beginning to consider applications again and some small loans are being placed, though as yet no large loans are reported. The prospects are that after the holidays the supply of money for good loans will be largely increased, though it will not for some little time yet reach a point which could be called abundant. The outlook is improved and improving. The matter of the rate per cent is practically unchanged and is not cutting much figure."

Other dealers talk similarly. R. A. Tausig & Co. have placed several loans lately and at a low rate of interest, and express themselves as greatly encouraged at the outlook.

E. R. Bruce is enthusiastic and says that there is lots of money, more than there are good applications for. The difficulty, he says, is not in getting the money, but in securing people who want to borrow on property. Money can be had at 6 per cent where the security is good, and plenty at 7 and 8 per cent.

The building associations also report a good demand for money for building purposes and anticipate a big season of building.

FOR A CHRISTMAS DINNER.

A Few Cherished Secrets of the Kitchen Revealed.

The plan for a rich plum-pudding given here was taken from the written memoranda of an Englishwoman in the long ago. Her dishes were a treat when her skilled hands undertook their concoction, and this pudding was the greatest of all.

To insure good luck and prosperity until the next Yule-tide, every member of the household must stir this pudding, and the baby should turn the spoon in the batter, and every one must taste—be it ever so tiny a morsel—of the completed dessert.

Stone one pound of Sultana raisins and the same of Muscatel. Wash and dry a pound of currants. Chop fine a pound of beef suet and two ounces each of candied orange and lemon peel. Blanch two ounces each of sweet and bitter almonds. Grate three ounces of nutmeg and one pound of bread crumbs—weigh this after grating—and also grate the rind and squeeze the juice from one lemon. Weigh three quarters of a pound of flour and a whole pound of powdered sugar. Measure a tumbler of tart jelly.

Plum is the best, currant next choice, and with this quantity of ingredients. Use a large mixing bowl, putting in the eggs first, beat the jelly into these, add the suet, then the flour, a little at a time, alternating with the fruit, nuts, crumbs, etc., and last of all, put in a teaspoonful of powdered ginger-root and one of salt.

You must have ready a large piece of thick, new muslin, that has been well washed, wet it and sprinkle one side with flour; tie the pudding loosely in this cloth, leaving plenty of room to swell, and put into a large pot of boiling water. Cover closely and let it boil slowly at least nine hours. Lift it out, then and put the pudding, cloth and all into cold water. Turn out on a dish, stick it full of blanched and sliced almonds, put a sprig of holly in the center, pour a small glass of cognac over it, light the liquor and serve while blazing.

This pudding is the crowning Christmas touch, distinguishing it from all the other puddings of the year.

A foam sauce made by creaming together a cupful of sugar and half as much butter, flavoring to taste with brandy, is always served with this pudding. The recipe can be halved, but as the pudding keeps well, you will find it none too large and the last morsel will taste as good as the first.

SYPHILIS A Written Guarantee to CURE EVERY CASE OR

Our cure is permanent and not a passing one. Cases treated eight years ago have never seen a symptom since. Rebuilding our body we can treat you by mail, and we give the same strong guarantee to cure or refund all money. These bottles of cure come here for treatment and so we will pay railroad fare both ways out hotel bills while here if we fail to cure. We guarantee a cure in one week. If not, we will refund every dollar, and as we have a reputation to protect, also a financial backing of \$100,000, it is perfectly safe to all who will try the treatment. Heretofore you have been paying out your money for different treatments and although you are not yet cured, do not waste any more money until you try us. Old chronic, deep seated cases find it in us to cure. Arrested and financial standing, our reputation as business men, and the thousands of testimonials of those who have cured who have given permission to refer to them.

If your symptoms are sore throat, mucous patches in mouth, rheumatic pains, bone and joint aches, falling out, eruptions on any part of the body, feeling of general depression, pains in head or bones—you have no time to waste. Those who are constantly taking mercury and iodine should discontinue it.

Don't fail to write. All correspondence sent sealed in plain envelope. We handle the most rigid investigation and will do all in our power to aid you in your cure.

COOK REMEDY CO., CHICAGO, ILL.
Room 307 Masonic Temple.

VIGOR OF MEN

Easily, Quickly, Permanently Restored.

Weakness, Nervousness, Debility, and all the train of evils from early errors, later excesses, the results of colds, influenza, etc., fillatremia, development and strengthening every organ and portion of the body, stimulating natural methods. Immediate improvement guaranteed. Failure impossible. 2000 references. Look, explanation and proofs mailed (costs) free.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y.

S. GELHAAR

DULUTH'S PRACTICAL FURRIER,
Makes and repairs all kinds of FUR GARMENTS. Suits and robes made and refitted on the premises. PLUSH COATS STEAMED.

209-211 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

PHILLIPS & CO.

218 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

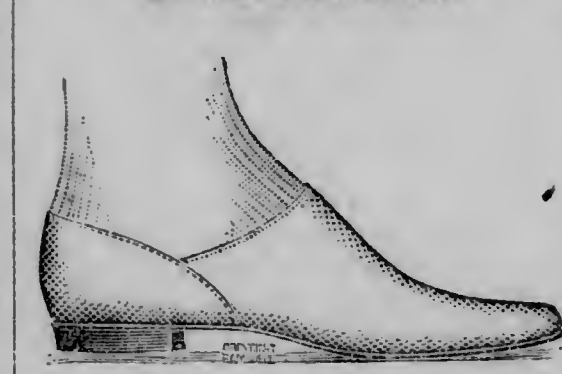
USEFUL AND NECESSARY ARTICLES

—FOR—

XMAS GIFTS! LOW PRICES.

We must close out our line of Men's Slippers this week. Prices are no object. Last week we had all our Slippers on four tables; this week you will find them all on three tables. YOU GET BETTER SELECTION FOR LESS MONEY.

**85c
TABLE.**



Men's Velvet Embroidered Slippers.

Men's Plush Slippers.

Ladies' Velvet Slippers.

Boys' Velvet Slippers.

Boys' Leather Slippers.

Ladies' Felt House Slippers.

Ladies' Felt Toilet Slippers.

Children's Red or Dark Blue Toilet Slippers.

Children's Felt Sole Shoes.

Table No. 4

On this table you will find all our Slippers not on the other two tables.



Men's Russia Calf or Tan Goat Nullifiers, regular price \$3.50, now

\$2.75

Like the above cut.

Men's Tan or Black Russia Calf or Goat Nullifiers, with or without rubber in the sides. Only

\$2.00

Men's Columbia—very popular—Chamois lined. A very popular seller, reduced from \$2.75 to

\$2.25

Alfred Dudge's Felt Nullifier, warm and comfortable. Reduced from \$2.50 to

\$2.00

Ladies' and Misses' Felt Toilet Slippers in Red or Dark Blue. Reduced to

65c

Lamb's Wool Soles... 15c

Dolls' Slippers... 15c

Patent Leather Cloth Top Button, Reduced From **\$7.00** To **\$5.50**

\$2.75

\$2.00

\$2.25

\$2.00

\$2.75

\$2.00

\$2.25

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\$2.00

\$2.25

FREIMUTH'S CHRISTMAS SHOPPING IS NOW IN FULL BLAST!

It is a busy time with everybody. Our store is crowded daily and our entire force is being taxed to its full capacity. Our large and excellent stock put down at popular price is what brings the large crowds to our store. The remaining four days to Xmas we want to make the heaviest trading days of our store, and will therefore make prices on all unsold Holiday stuff so low, as will insure a quick sale of it. OUR PRICES MUST BE ALWAYS AS LOW AS THE LOWEST. We can't allow any of our competitors to quote even apparently lower prices than we do. Although our stock of Cloaks is far superior to any other Cloak stock in Duluth and is marked LOWER IN PRICE than any other Cloak stock in the city, we will offer for FOUR DAYS, EVERY CLOTH GARMENT in the house, whether Ladies', Misses or Child's, EXACTLY AT HALF PRICE. This is an extraordinary offer. To buy the best class of Cloaks 25 per cent below manufacturer's price is not an every day occurrence. Our loss will be heavy, your gain will be large. Every garment is marked in plain figures, and you can just cut this figure in two and give us the one-half of it, the other half is your net gain. We will also offer at manufacturer's cost, our entire stock of Ladies' Silk, Mohair and Satene Skirts; Our stock of Tea Gowns and Wrappers, our entire stock of Wool Shawls, and our entire stock of Children's Fancy Furs.

Fur Cloaks and Capes.

AT LESS THAN PRODUCTION COST.

ASTRAKHAN JACKETS, 32 inches long	\$25.00
KRIMMER JACKETS, 32 inches long	42.50
\$10.00 CAPE AT	5.00
\$15.00 CAPE AT	7.50
\$20.00 CAPE AT	10.00
\$25.00 CAPE AT	12.50
\$35.00 CAPE AT	17.50

Handkerchiefs.

Ladies' Initial Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, hand embroidered, of fine lawn, cheap at 15c; price this week three for 25c, or only **10c** each.

Ladies' Hand Embroidered Linen Lawn Handkerchiefs, cheap at 35c. Our Price **25c**.

Ladies' Hand Embroidered Scalloped Linen Handkerchiefs, worth 70c. Our price only **50c**.

Ladies' Elegantly Embroidered Handkerchiefs, 50 per cent below the regular price, at **10c, 15c, 20c and 25c**.

Ladies' Silk Embroidered Handkerchiefs, every one a bargain in itself, at **15c, 25c, 50c, 75c and \$1.00**.

Ladies' Embroidered Neckties, special values at **10c, 15c, 20c, 25c and 35c**.

Silk and Cashmere Mufflers at **45c, 65c, 95c, \$1 up to \$2.50**.

Silk Mittens.

See our line, they are the best for the money at **\$1.00, \$1.50 and \$1.75**.

Dress Goods Dept.

A nice Dress Pattern makes a very acceptable Christmas Gift. We will offer our entire line of Imported Dress Robes at **HALF PRICE**. Do not forget that we say and **Half Price** mean at.

Candies! 2500 lbs of French Chocolate Creams, etc., for Tomorrow, at the Lowest Prices.

Embroidered Flannels.

36-inch wide, suitable for Skirts and Children's Dresses, for this week, \$1 quality at **85c**.

\$1.25 QUALITY AT \$1.00

\$1.50 QUALITY AT \$1.25

Imported Broadcloth.

\$2.00 quality for this week at \$1.58

15 pieces 46-inch French Serge, in all the new shades cheap at 88c; for this week only **62½c**

Linen Dept.

Fine Table Damask and Napkins to Match.

72-inch Damask, regular \$1.25 quality, at **98c**

70-inch Damask, regular \$1.00 quality, at **83c**

68-inch Damask, regular 85c quality, at **68c**

Plush and Leather Goods.

Have you seen our display of Comb and Brush Toilet Sets **\$1 to \$15**

CUFF and COLLAR BOXES **35c to \$4**

Manicure Sets, Gloves and Handkerchief Cases, Shaving Cases, Smoking Sets, etc., in new and attractive styles, at Lowest Prices.

Albums! Albums!

You want to see our line and prices. We have no competition in this line.

North Star and California Blankets.

For Christmas Week at Manufacturers Price.

Our stock of fine Blankets is too large. We shall reduce it by selling out at Manufacturers cost.

Carpet and Drapery Dept.

Special Low Prices on fine Silk and Chenille Portieres, Lace Curtains, Smyrna, Moquet and Fur Rugs.

Men's Holiday Slippers.

Not wishing to carry a pair of these Slippers over after Christmas we have cut deep into the regular prices:

Men's \$3.50 Tan Nullifiers **\$2.50**

Men's \$3.50 Alligator Slippers **\$2.50**

Men's \$3.50 Ooze Leather Slippers **\$2.50**

Men's \$3.00 Dongola Slippers **\$2.25**

Men's \$2.50 Dongola Slippers **\$1.75**

Men's \$2.00 Velvet Slippers **\$1.50**

Men's \$1.50 Goat Slippers **\$1.00**

Men's \$1.50 Velvet Slippers **95c**

Great Reductions in Ladies' Misses and Children's Felt Shoes and Slippers.

All our Felt Goods to be closed out at the following low prices:

Ladies' \$2.50 fur trimmed Nullifiers, now **\$1.85**

Ladies' \$2.25 velvet trimmed Nullifiers, now **\$1.65**

Ladies' \$2.00 velvet trimmed Nullifiers, now **\$1.50**

Ladies' \$1.75 velvet Slippers, now **\$1.25**

Misses' \$1.75 fur trimmed Slippers in red or black, now **\$1.25**

Children's \$1.50 fur trimmed Slippers in red or black, now **\$1.10**

Misses Felt Sole Slippers **65c**

The finest and most dressy Felt Goods made are the Martineau Felt Slippers. All our Ladies' Felt Oxfords in brown or gray reduced from \$2.00 to **\$1.50**

Candies! 2500 lbs of French Chocolate Creams, etc., for Tomorrow, at the Lowest Prices.

I. FREIMUTH.

RECOMPENSE.

BY R. K. MUNKITTRICK.

It was about a week before Christmas when Colonel Smith was wandering homeward upon the main thoroughfare of the city of his adoption. The colonel was as full of the spirit of the merry season as was the very air itself. He thought of the presents he was about to make and of those which he expected to receive as he cast his eyes about him and saw the shop windows full of the latest novelties in toys.

When he was lost in such a pleasant Christmas reverie as he hadn't had since he was a small boy, he happened to pass along in front of a great marble hotel. At the time he was passing a painter was engaged in the act of retouching some of the inside blinds at an open window. It is not likely that it will ever be known just how it happened, but the painter, while probably preoccupied with dreams of the approaching holiday, toppled the pot of paint off the window sill, from which point it whirled through the chilly air and deposited about three-quarters of its contents upon the colonel.

The latter was as red with rage as he was with paint when he flew into and through the main entrance of that hotel and presented himself at the office.

"Sir!" exclaimed the colonel in a towering rage. "What kind of treatment do you call this, sir?"

"Pretty rough," replied the clerk, not knowing exactly what to say, because he was ignorant of the accident that had just happened.

"I am glad," roared the colonel, with beautiful irony, "that you are at least kind enough to assume an attitude of sympathy, but I am here, sir, to demand satisfaction for damages. As I was passing, sir, one of your painters, sir, upset a pot of red paint upon me, sir!"

Here the colonel paused for breath, and the clerk, learning the cause of his trouble, became very profuse in his apologies.

"I am sorry it happened, sir, very sorry. But you should not be so unreasonable as to blame the establishment for what was the fault of a painter employed by it."

"You should employ only painters who understand their business, sir!" roared the colonel in a fine frenzy, "and I will teach you that, paint cannot be poured upon me with impunity, sir!"

"We are willing," said the clerk, "to do what is right in the matter. We will pay for having your clothing cleaned, or we will buy you a new suit if necessary."

"You cannot get out of it on any such basis as that, sir. I am going to make an example of you, sir, and inside of 24 hours, too, sir!" And having made this threat the colonel bustled out of the building and up the street.

Upon the following day the colonel sent his legal representative to talk the matter over and see if it could not be adjusted to his satisfaction without the worry and expense of a legal contest.

It happened that the hotel's attorney was present when the colonel's legal friend arrived, and the former said:

"We are perfectly willing to do the fair thing by Colonel Smith. We admit that the colonel's clothing was ruined through the negligence of one of our employees, and we are willing to pay for it. We will give him a sufficient sum to purchase himself a new suit of clothes. How does \$300 strike you?"

"Such a proposition would not strike the colonel at all," replied the friend of the ex-warrior. "It is not the amount of money involved in this thing that is making him unreasonable."

"Then what is it?" asked the hotel's attorney.

"It's his feelings," replied the other lawyer. "His feelings. You know he belongs to one of the oldest and proudest of all the old Virginia families, and he is as haughty and hypersensitive as any

played by it."

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"We are willing," said the clerk, "to do what is right in the matter. We will pay for having your clothing cleaned, or we will buy you a new suit if necessary."

"You cannot get out of it on any such basis as that, sir. I am going to make an example of you, sir, and inside of 24 hours, too, sir!" And having made this threat the colonel bustled out of the building and up the street.

Upon the following day the colonel sent his legal representative to talk the matter over and see if it could not be adjusted to his satisfaction without the worry and expense of a legal contest.

It happened that the hotel's attorney was present when the colonel's legal friend arrived, and the former said:

"We are perfectly willing to do the fair thing by Colonel Smith. We admit that the colonel's clothing was ruined through the negligence of one of our employees, and we are willing to pay for it. We will give him a sufficient sum to purchase himself a new suit of clothes. How does \$300 strike you?"

also a very dignified and proud, spirited person. And when she saw the colonel enter the house bedaubed with red paint and heard that he had been glibed at by boys as he passed along the street she was completely undone and has since been confined to her bed. Her feelings have got to be paid for, too. The colonel is really more distressed over his aunt's feelings than anything else connected with this unfortunate affair, and he proposes to fight it out on the basis of their feelings and wounded pride."

"See here," said the hotel's attorney, "I'll tell you what we'll do. We'll settle the thing for \$300, and not a cent more. If this doesn't meet your views of a fair compromise, you must seek your remedy in the law, and then you will find what your client's feelings are worth."

"Is that the best you will do?"

"It is," replied the hotel's attorney.

On Christmas morning, when the bells were ringing merrily in the frosty air, Colonel Smith appeared in a new suit of clothes, to the great satisfaction of the hotel's attorney, for he had accepted the hotel's terms of \$300 for his ruined clothing and \$375 for his feelings and those of his dear old aunt.

"MERRY XMAS TO CHRISTMAS GIVERS."

Suggestions as to Appropriate Holiday Presents.

The gift which harmonizes with its future surroundings and just fits in a vacant spot is the one which is most valued. The same rule applies to articles of dress. To the young brunette, whose evening gowns are generally pink or crimson, the pale blue fan, although lovely in itself, would not be as serviceable as a plainer one which she could use with her existing wardrobe. Before you embroider the dollies or centerpieces for the housewife's table consider the color of her china and try to bring your work into affinity with her possessions.

The friends in mourning and the invalid appreciate the thoughtfulness which adapts the gift to their saddened lives. The book, with its comforting message; the pointed pin to brighten the darkened room, the soft knitted shawl or slippers—in fact, anything that evidences consideration for their feelings, and does not jar by incongruity, is welcome.

It is interesting to note how much is frittered away on perishable trifles when the Christmas gift, of all others, should be something enduring. The elaborate card and heribonbed booklet are practically useless, aside from the remembrance which prompts their giving. Almost every one has a collection of satin hand painted valentines, lovely to look at, but the care of which is the despair of both mistress and maid. But some say: "Other things are beyond my means. I cannot afford to give substantial presents."

It is a fact that the shops, especially during the hot months, are filled with at least three articles which delight the hearts of housewives: the world over, and which many young girls love to collect against the wedding day. What are they, pray? Dainty individual coffee cups, harlequin spoons and similar

plates, suitable for the serving of fruits, cream or salad.

Co-operation is a boon to the average purse. If the members of the family or a set of friends accustomed to exchange gifts unite their finances, they can give one handsome article in the place of several makeshifts.

Good taste discriminates between the needs of country and town and does not send an opera glass or party bag to the farmhouse. Neither does it give the boy a book which he ought to like, but tries to select one to complete his favorite series. Children's stockings are sometimes filled from the standpoint of maturity. Frillity and not suitability governs the choice of their contents. There has been many a disappointed, sorrowful heart on Christmas morning because the powers that be, forgetting their own childhood, had catered to the tastes of those of 40 instead of to those of 10.

On the principle of like attracting like, the most valuable gift too often finds its way to the one who needs it least. In some cases good judgment dictates the giving of money as the kindest thing to be done. How often some poverty-stricken one has sighed over the expensive gift, "If I only had the money this gift cost!" No field affords a wider opportunity for the exercise of common sense than Christmas giving. Women, by exercising judgment, not only benefit themselves, but are a positive blessing in their example to the entire sex, and yesterday of 1893 will be a happy one indeed if common sense is more employed in Christmas gifts.—A. L. Fleming.

CHRISTMAS TOYS.

In no respect is the extravagance of modern taste and the progress of mechanical genius better exemplified than in the children's toys of the present. The skill of inventors and manufacturers has been exerted to the utmost to bring out novelties in Christmas playthings, and the result this year is more attractive than ever before. Many of these toys are of considerable practical value, and some of them sell for from \$5 to \$100. At the same time toys that far surpass the playthings of other days may be purchased for comparatively insignificant prices. The industry of toy-making began at Nuremberg, in the fifteenth century. At present Paris is the headquarters for the manufacture of toys, although Germany divides the honors with the French metropolis in many respects. In this country many large factories are devoted to this industry in New York, Philadelphia and Boston.

MERRY XMAS.

Back to mother's pumpkin pie, Apple sauce and oyster-stews. From the city come the new toys. And forget all French means.

Speeches at Christmas banquets will be stuffed with chestnuts this season, as usual.

THE CHURCH ALTAR.

A Clergyman Tells How to Handsomely Decorate It.

Palms and other potted plants are usually used in the Christmas decoration of the church, but a much finer effect can be secured by grouping these at points away from the altar and decorating that with vines or evergreens. If holy is procurable, it can be massed about the altar and arranged along the chancel rail in a carefully artistic way and be made much more effective than any potted plants, as the latter always have a morose less formal air about them, in spite of all efforts to avoid it. If you have tall palms, place them in the background.

If evergreens and flowering plants are used, do not combine them, but keep the flowers to one side. The two do not harmonize. One "kills" the other, to make use of the term which artists use to express inharmonious combinations of colors. In this case it is not so much a clash of color as it is of individuality. Red berries and leaves require nothing in the shape of flowers to bring out their beauty, but show to the best advantage by themselves, or when used with evergreens. In wreathing the chancel rails, fasten the sprays to a rope or cord with fine wire or string, and do not attempt any regularity in size or shape of festoons when you put the wreathing in place. Aim to produce an unstudied effect.

A charming effect is produced by sprinkling the leaves of evergreen with mullage and sifting powdered mica over them. This will glisten in the evening like frost. If the supply of holly berries is limited, crystallized grasses can be worked in effectively. There are varieties of shrubs growing in swampy places which bear scarlet fruit which makes a very satisfactory substitute for the holly. Throw vines over the altar, letting the ends of the branches trail on the floor at sides and front.

Among the dark green foliage—which should be washed before using, to bring out its glossy beauty—fasten the berries gathered in the swamp and use grasses among them if you choose. Some of the berries can be dipped in mullage and dusted with mica and combined with the scarlet clusters. The frosty white and glowing scarlet harmonize well and contrast strongly and heighten the effect of each other. The rich green of the ivy will throw out the colors most effectively.

The long branches are easy to arrange satisfactorily. Simply throw them over the altar, and they seem to almost arrange themselves. A pure white cross can be placed on the altar, with sprays of ivy winding about it and trailing over its arms. If thought preferable, a cross or star made entirely of berries, either in their natural color or frosted, can be placed in front of the altar, against a background of ivy or evergreen. In this case I would not use clusters of berries at other points of the altar-decoration, but confine the effect to the designs into which they are worked.—Rev. D. E. C.

THE CHRISTMAS BOX.

The origin of the term "Christmas box" as applied to donations of Christmas spending money is uncertain, though antiquarians generally seem to think that it was derived from the custom of placing money for masses to be said or sung on Christmas day—therefore "Christ masses"—in a box, which from this use was called a Christmas box, a term gradually corrupted to Christmas box and finally applied to all money given as a Christmas gratuity.

USEFUL HOLIDAY GIFTS!

Smoking Jackets,
Mufflers,
Gloves,
Mittens,
Handkerchiefs,
Suspenders,
Night Robes,
Smoking Jackets,
Boys' Suits,
Boys' Overcoats,
Reefers,
Boys' or Men's
Caps,
Card Cases,
Cuff Buttons,
Hosiery.

A large assortment and prices to suit all. After Christmas, as well as before, if your purchase does not suit bring it back and get your money.

The
WOODWARD CLOTHING CO.
No. 10 East Superior St. J. L. DICKINSON, Mgr.

WE have no shelf worn Books which we are obliged to sell at a discount, but our prices are "way down" on our entire stock of

New Christmas Goods

And Novelties.

Chamberlain & Taylor's 323 West Superior Street.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

Three 1620 Old Steel Rollers, Putman Setting.
One 14 horse-power I. C. Automatic Cut Off Engine.
One 14 horse-power I. C. Automatic Engine.
One 40 horse-power Westinghouse Engine.
One 50 horse-power Westinghouse Engine.
All in first-class condition.

Also the old power house building of the Hartman General Electric Co. at the foot of Fifth Avenue east, on the front, and a miscellaneous lot of Piping and Steam Fittings, Pumps, Shafting, Pulleys, etc.

ENQUIRE

HARTMAN GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY,
ROOM 3, EXCHANGE BUILDING

COLORED PAPER STOCK



THE WELCOME GUEST.

CHRISTMAS GHOSTS.

ET! 'twixt the moonlight and the firelight, the first of the winter evenings long ago, when the ghosts I raise at your door—
To make your happy blood run about—
How old, how grave, how wise, we grow—
What Christmas ghost can make us chill—
Save these that troop in mortal row—
The ghosts we all can raise at will.

The best—can talk to him and bays—
On Christmas eve, old legends know.
As one to one the years retire,
We then fall silent on their row—
Such sights have memory to show.
Such voices from the distance thrill.
Ah, no! they come with Christmas cheer.
The ghosts we all can raise at will.

Oh, children of the village choir,
Your carols on the midnight throng—
Oh, bright, sweet voices, and old legends,
Ye truly hearts of Christmas glow!
Beat back the shades, beat down the voice,
Renew the strength of I and will.
Be welcome, all, to come to us—
The ghosts we all can raise at will.

Friend, you are come, so we are glad,
We part, like guests who've paid their bill.
Forget them not, nor mourn them so—
The ghosts we all can raise at will.
—Andrew Lang.

TRADE IN CHRISTMAS TREES.

We now require a million or two of young evergreens for Christmas trees, and these, too, are cut and stored away in good time, the choppers after going into the woods soon after the 1st of November. A fall of snow in November or December greatly increases the difficulty, because the snow is apt to melt and freeze, rendering the branches too brittle for transportation. The woodmen therefore like to get their work forward and pile their trees in the woods along side the road, where they will keep fresh and green for six weeks.

The largest market for Christmas trees is Philadelphia, whence they are distributed to all parts of the country within 1,000 miles. The woodmen get from \$1 to \$2 a hundred for their trees, which sell in the cities at prices ranging from 50 cents to \$1.

As for Christmas presents, they give employment to many important trades, the work upon which is continuous from the first of January to the last of December. Some knowing grandmothers and ingenious aunts, to say nothing of uncles and grandfathers, are on the lookout all the year for Christmas surprises, which they hide away in unfathomable recesses, sometimes forgotten by themselves.

WHEN MEN OPEN THEIR HEARTS.

There is nothing more effective or oft-quoted than those lines from the "Christmas Carol" of Charles Dickens: "There are many things from which I might have derived good, by which I have not profited, I dare say," returned Scrooge's nephew, "Christmas among the rest. But I am sure I have always thought of Christmas when it has come round—apart from the veneration due to its sacred name and origin, if anything be longing to it—can be apart from that—as a good time; a kind, forgiving, charitable, pleasant time; the only time I know of in the long calendar of the year when men and women seem by one consent to open their shut-up hearts freely and to think of people below them, as if they really were fellow-passengers to the grave, and not another race of creatures bound on other journeys. And therefore, uncle, though it has never put a scrap of gold or silver in my pocket, I believe that it has done me good, and will do me good, and I say, God bless it!"

ORIGIN OF CAROLS.

The singing of carols on Christmas eve and Christmas days is of medieval origin. A carol should be simple and melodious. There are many fine specimens of them, but most of them are not fine. Here is the first verse of a favorite and ancient carol.

God rest you, merry gentlemen,
Let nothing you dismay;
For Jesus Christ, our Saviour,
Was born upon this day.
To save us all from Satan's power,
When we were born in sin;
Oh, think of comfort, good friends,
Let us the joys begin!
For Jesus Christ, our Saviour,
Was born on Christmas day.

CHRISTMAS IN GERMANY.

A Week of Successive Feasts and Festivities.
Christmas in Germany is not limited to one day, but extends over a week of successive feasts and festivities. The family gatherings are usually very large and the merriment correspondingly great. The observance is usually inaugurated on Christmas eve with a supper.

The tree, which is comparatively small, is placed in the center of the table, where it stands until after the New Year, retaining its festal decorations. The gifts are not suspended from the tree, but are placed in parcels about it and under the table. The presents are distributed amid great hilarity by an elder son or brother, who makes up as a jovial St. Nicholas. The children, like children everywhere, enjoy their toys, which are less expensive and more practical than ours, and their elders rejoice in additions to their personal wardrobes and household belongings.

The supper is a comparatively plain one. The table is set forth with huckery, meat or sausage, herring salad, French cake or German tart and light beer or wine. After healths have been drunk and songs and choruses sung, the final ceremony is to bid every one "Froeliche Weihnacht," and the party disperses. The Christmas dinner is on a more elaborate scale. The piece de resistance consists of roast goose, the national dish. It is stuffed with apples or chestnuts and preceded by a soup and accompanied by Kartoffel (potatoes), Blumenkohl (cauliflower) or Rosenkohl (Brussels sprouts) and sauerkraut, the latter cooked and seasoned, and a compote of plums or other fruit cooked with vinegar, sugar and spices. The dessert upon so important a day may consist of two dishes beside fruit, a pudding and apple krapfen. This will perhaps be of rice stewed until tender in milk, and then blended while hot with fine chopped and sifted beef suet, raisins and eggs, whites and yolks both well beaten. This is a sort of German plum pudding, for it is baked in a cloth or mold and served with hot and sweet wine sauce.

These feasts are renewed every day until the inception of the New Year, and then whoever you meet, wherever you are, the greeting is passed, "Prosit Neujahr" (Happy New Year), and the Christmas season comes to an end.

MRS. DINWODIE TALKS.

Continued from page 16.

bicycle riders. The small boys sit on the patient little burros, driving them with thick sticks, sitting not in the middle of the animal's back but as near the burro's tail as they can get. At a distance, the legs and the burro's legs seem to get mixed up and look very funny.

Going to an afternoon meeting the other day, two of the clergymen of the city passed me on their bicycles, talking good theology as they went on. As I reached the church and came near to several dismounted cyclists, I heard one say to a brother pastor, "Haven't you a bicycle? You are not in fashion, nearly all of the ministers have one." I was a little surprised when I came out of the church to see twelve fine wheels sedately propped against the church wall. The earnest spiritual talk of these pastors gave me no hint of over-exercise in following this style of locomotion.

My letter is getting too long and I must stop, but I have not told you anything of Pueblo's glorious climate, its smelters, iron and steel works, churches, hospitals, mineral springs, etc. There are beautiful sunny days, during which I sit on the piazza from three to five hours, sometimes with my cloak on, more frequently with only a light wrap. Before sunrise and after sunset it is cold. Then conceivably and intemperately turn up their coat collars and wear overcoats. Dec. 14 was the first day I saw coat collars shielding ears after to o'clock in the morning. Since December came I have not seen a dozen boys wearing overcoats to school.

You wish to know of my health? I hope for perfect recovery under the skillful treatment of my friend, Dr. Genevieve Tucker, in her small sanatorium. I would like very much some letters in reply to this. Who will write? May the vacation be a happy season to you. May He, whose birthday we celebrate on Christmas day, keep you from all harm and enable you to become girls and boys, men and women of whom even the nation will be proud. Affectionately your teacher, Mrs. J. S. Dinwodie, 215 Union Street, Pueblo, Col., Dec. 16.

First Street
And
Third Avenue
West.

FRENCH & BASSETT

First Street
And
Third Avenue
West.

GRAND HOLIDAY DISCOUNT SALE UNTIL CHRISTMAS

This Sale Affords Everyone an Opportunity to Give or Receive A USEFUL GIFT.

Large and Beautiful Lines in All Departments.

OPEN EVENINGS UNTIL CHRISTMAS!

We Give the Following Discounts According to the Color of Tag:

RED	WHITE	BLUE	GREEN	YELLOW	PURPLE
10	15	20	30	40	50
PER CENT.	PER CENT.	PER CENT.	PER CENT.	PER CENT.	PER CENT.

Cash
Or Credit!

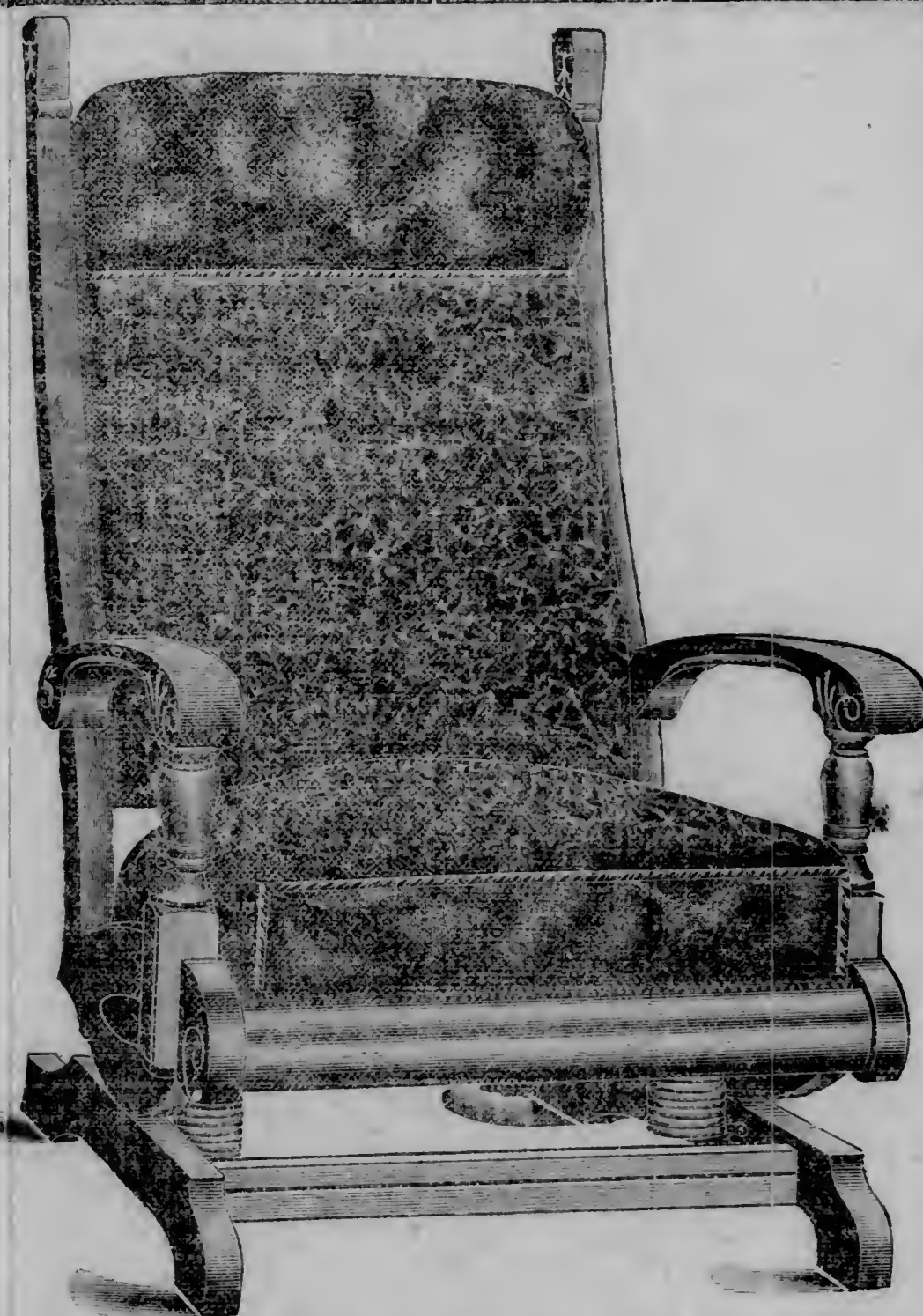
GOODS SOLD ON

Our Partial
Payment Plan.

This system of selling goods was first inaugurated in Duluth by This House in 1887, and has constantly grown in favor and added to our list of customers, until now

They Number
Into the Thousands.People Are
Learning

Rapidly that at all times our prices are from 10 to 25 PER CENT LOWER than other houses here, and our great advantage of enjoying a Low Rent on First street, only half a block off Superior street,

Is Bringing Us
Even in Dull Times
A Large Trade.

Large Handsome Rocker, In Best Crushed Plush And Silk Plush Trimming..... \$7
In Best Wilton Rugs And Plush Trimmings..... \$10
\$10 and 20 Per Cent Off. Others at \$15 and \$20 for these Rockers.

During
This
Sale

Our total net price of most articles only equals the first payment demanded by the so-called "Easy Payment Shops." (Their schemes should be called "Difficult Payment Plans," considering the prices they get.)

This List Shows How
the Matter Stands:

	OUR PRICE:	Amount of First Payment demanded by the Difficult Payment People.
A Good Chamber Suite,	\$7.00	\$7.00
A Comfortable Rocker,	4.50	5.00
An Upholstered Rocker,	2.61	3.00
Pair Lace Curtains...	1.00	1.00
An Ingrain Carpet...	5.00	5.00
Pair Chenille Curtains,	2.75	3.00
Writing Desk.....	5.00	5.00
Sideboard.....	10.00	10.00
Parlor Table.....	1.80	2.00
Hall Tree.....	6.00	6.00
A Rich Rockwood Vase	3.00	4.00

The Above is Food
For Very
Serious Thought.

Low Rents! Low Prices!

To all who consult us, we
pledge absolute secrecy.

- THE -

CONSULTATION
FREE TO ALL.

SUPERIOR MEDICAL INSTITUTE

Main Offices, New York Block, Corner Tower Avenue and Fourteenth Street, West Superior, Wis.

We Know We Can Cure You!

Always Watch
The Urine.We Analyze Urine
Free of Cost.

If you notice any irregularity about your urine, consult us at once.

Living Testimony of Our Ability:

SUPERIOR MEDICAL INSTITUTE.

TO MEN ONLY:

We are proud of our ability to cure you, and repeated successes make us prouder each day, for we have succeeded in restoring many prominent men to full power and vigor; have plucked many a young life from the very jaws of the destroyer. We have a sure cure. We are willing to let the public have the benefit.

Our New
Method!

1. When we cure a case it STAYS cured.
2. We restore virile power at any age.
3. Once cured ALWAYS well.

I was a wreck; now am a man. Self-abuse, the cause. My manhood thoroughly restored. I have Dr. Speer & Co. to thank for this wonderful cure.
H. J. McDONALD, Amnicon, Wis., Aug. 20th, 1893.

Tower Avenue and Fourteenth Street, West Superior, Wis.
same office formerly occupied by Dr. Speer & Company.

COLORED PAPER STOCK

A Popular Error.

Who was it that said the American people liked to be humbugged? To say that we, as a nation, enjoy being humbugged, is to insult our intelligence. To attempt it is to draw down a swift and terrible punishment. We not only know a good thing when we see it, but we also appreciate merit when we meet it. That's just the why we have decided and resolved to make this the last week before Christmas, one that will be appreciated by every MAN, WOMAN AND CHILD in this part of the state.

This will be a sale deserving of your instantaneous recognition---A MERCANTILE MILLENNIUM.

A GIGANTIC HALF PRICE SALE

Heavy Stock, Unfavorable Weather, Hard Times, combined with the idea that the anticipated change in the Tariff Bill now before Congress will have a telling effect on some of our departments. We say we will take no chances, but will at once proceed to clear this gigantic building of ours of every dollar's worth of goods inside its portals that may be affected by the change in tariff. FIRST OF ALL WE TAKE OUR

CLOAK DEPARTMENT

HALF PRICE.

And name the selling price of every article in it at EXACTLY

All Go at Half Price.

Now is the time to buy winter garments and carefully note the prices we quote on them:

Seal Skin Sacques,

All new styles,
Former price \$300, now..... **\$150**

Real Persian Lamb Sacques,

All new Styles,
Former price \$200, now..... **\$100**

Real Mink Sacques,

New Styles
Former price \$275, now..... **\$137.50**

Real Astrakhan Sacques,

34 inches long, formerly \$50, now..... \$25.00
40 inches long, formerly \$60, now..... 30.00

Mohair Plush Sacques,

ALL GO AT HALF PRICE.

\$12.00 Garments for..... \$6.00 \$25.00 Garments for..... \$12.50
\$18.00 Garments for..... 9.00 \$30.00 Garments for..... 15.00
\$35.00 Garments for..... \$17.50.

Ladies' Cloth and Fur-Trimmed Jackets

\$ 5.00 Jackets for..... \$2.50 \$15.00 Jackets for..... 7.50
7.50 Jackets for..... 3.75 18.50 Jackets for..... 9.25
9.00 Jackets for..... 4.50 22.50 Jackets for..... 11.25
10.00 Jackets for..... 5.00 25.00 Jackets for..... 12.50
12.50 Jackets for..... 6.25 30.00 Jackets for..... 15.00
\$35.00 Jackets for..... \$17.50

Fur Capes,

ALL KINDS OF FURS HERE.

\$ 5.75 Capes for..... \$ 2.88 \$25.00 Capes for..... \$12.50
8.00 Capes for..... 4.00 30.00 Capes for..... 15.00
10.00 Capes for..... 5.00 37.50 Capes for..... 18.75
15.00 Capes for..... 7.50 45.00 Capes for..... 22.50
18.00 Capes for..... 9.00 50.00 Capes for..... 25.00
22.50 Capes for..... 11.25 60.00 Capes for..... 30.00

Children's Garments,

\$5.00 Garments for..... \$2.00 \$ 8.00 Garments for..... \$4.00
6.00 Garments for..... 3.50 10.00 Garments for..... 5.00
7.50 Garments for..... 3.75 12.50 Garments for..... 6.25
\$15.00 Garments for..... \$7.50

Double Saxony Shawls,

\$ 5.00 Shawls for..... \$ 2.50
7.50 Shawls for..... 3.75
10.00 Shawls for..... 5.00
5.00 Beaver Shawls for..... 2.50
6.00 Beaver Shawls for..... 3.00
8.00 Beaver Shawls for..... 4.00
10.00 Beaver Shawls for..... 5.00
12.00 Beaver Shawls for..... 6.00
15.00 Beaver Shawls for..... 7.50
18.00 Beaver Shawls for..... 9.00
20.00 Beaver Shawls for..... 10.00

Ladies' Made-Up Wrappers

AT EXACTLY HALF PRICE.

Holiday Goods.

Some lines of our Christmas goods to be closed out at

EXACTLY HALF PRICE.

This may surprise you. It don't surprise us a bit, because we knew we would be compelled to do this a week ago.

Our Importation Order

For Dolls and Toys was placed last March, and consequently bought heavy anticipating a big increase in our Holiday trade this year.

We can now positively see it will be impossible to close everything out unless we get all of the holiday trade at the head of the lakes. The following articles go at

EXACTLY HALF PRICE.

Toys! Toys! Toys!

Noah's Arks, Violins, Kitchens, Butcher Shops, Drug Stores, Wooly Dogs, Swords, Barn Yards, Magnetic toys, Soldiers, Warehouses and thousands of other Toys, embracing nearly

Two Carloads in All.

English, German, Swiss, Japanese, China, American and Indian Baskets of every description, positively none reserved. All go at

EXACTLY HALF PRICE.

Dolls! Dolls! Dolls! Dolls!

We have about 1000 Dolls, somewhat soiled, ranging in prices from 10c up to 75c each. They all go at

EXACTLY HALF PRICE.

Our Crockery Department.

Entirely too heavy. \$5,000.00 tied up in Dinnerware and the time has come when they too must go.

Read Carefully What We Say.

For this sale we will offer our entire stock of Havilands, French China, Leonard's French China, Leonard's Vienna China.

Dinner Sets.

Consisting of 100 to 175 pieces. This includes all our China Dinner Sets excepting stock pattern. Can you afford to miss this opportunity? If you haven't the money borrow it. This will pay you.

3 Sets formerly \$120.00 now..... \$60.00
2 Sets formerly 95.00 now..... 47.50
1 Set formerly 75.00 now..... 37.50
3 Sets formerly 85.00 now..... 42.50
1 Set formerly 125.00 now..... 62.50
6 Sets formerly 59.75 now..... 29.88
5 Sets formerly 49.50 now..... 24.75
3 Sets formerly 59.75 now..... 29.88
2 Sets formerly 75.00 now..... 37.50
7 Sets formerly 45.00 now..... 22.50
12 Sets formerly 27.50 now..... 13.75

Special.

1 Set of Limoges China Dinnerware, cost \$350 to import it. The handsomest Set in this city, in plain white with beautiful gold decorations, worth \$500 at retail. We name the price \$175. Who will be lucky enough to get this grand bargain.

Half Price is What We Name.

On all our Gents', Ladies' and Children's Imported Stuttgarter Underwear, Night Gowns and Skirts. Now is the time to buy when we want to sell.

We Must Bring Buyers Out

Early in the week and will offer grand inducements to effect this point.

Kollar and Kuff Boxes.

1000 Kollar and Cuff Boxes, in single or combination Silk Plush, all colors. You can't duplicate them elsewhere for less than \$1.25, 95c and 75c. Our price **50c**

Toilet Sets.

500 Handsome Toilet Sets, a beautiful assortment; sold all over from \$2.50 up to \$2.75. Sale price per set for box, brush, comb and mirror, satin lined, well made..... **\$1.39**

Glove and Handkerchief Boxes.

500 Sets in Silk Plush
Per Set..... **\$1.00**

Ladies' Fine Embroidered Silk Handkerchiefs.

At 15c, 20c, 25c, 35c, 45c up. Grand value.

Christmas Cards.

at 1c, 2c, 3c, 5c, 10c, 15c, 25c, up.
Booklets at 5c, 10c, 15c, 25c, up.

New Jewelry.

New Clocks, Picture Frames, Mirrors and fancy articles suitable for Holiday presents.

BUY YOUR PERFUMERY HERE.

Gents' Furnishings.

Beautiful Sets at..... 25c, 50c and 75c
Mufflers at..... 50c, 75c and \$1.00 up
Suspenders at..... 25c up to \$1.50
Gloves at all prices.

Ladies' Gloves.

Special prices by the half dozen on Kid Gloves.

Shoes.

Our great sale of Shoes is still going on. Come and see our Shippers for ladies and gents. Prices right.

Candies.

ALL NEW AND FRESH.

Old Time, per pound..... 10c
Chocolate Creams; per pound..... 20c
Hand Made Chocolate Cream, per pound..... 25c
French Candies, all kinds, only 35c per pound, sold elsewhere for 60c to 75c..... 35c

Patrons Take Notice.

Our Big Store will remain open every night this week until 10 o'clock.

REMEMBER

The Glass Block is the place to buy your goods

And Save Your Money.

PANTON & WATSON PANTON & WATSON PANTON & WATSON

Glass Block Store, Duluth, Minn.

Glass Block Store, Duluth, Minn.

Glass Block Store Duluth, Minn.

COLORED PAPER STOCK

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER, 19, 1893.

WHOLESALE TRADE OF DULUTH.

Only a Few Years Ago the First Jobbing House Was Opened in Duluth and Announced to an Incredible World That This Was to be the Great Wholesale Center of the West.

Already a Trade of Large Proportions Has Been Established, New Houses Are Constantly Being Added to the List, and the Scaffolds at the Zenith City's Well Founded Claims Are Silent.

Despite the Trying Period of Financial Depression and Commercial and Industrial Stagnation, the Young Duluth Wholesale Houses Have Come Through the Past Twelve Months Solid and Unshaken.

Twin City Houses Seriously Considering the Necessity of Removing to the Head of the Lakes in Order to Obtain the Great Advantages of Duluth's Location for Supplying the Northwest.

Duluth's jobbing trade has been the theme of hundreds of newspaper and magazine articles and banquet speeches; its praises have been in the mouth of every Zenith City citizen and property owner; political orators have turned to it when their audiences grew cold and have aroused them to enthusiasm, and even the pastors in their pulpits have occasionally stirred some of their sleepy auditors in the back seats from their slumbers by exhorting their congregations to go forth into the battle with his Satanic majesty with such courage, energy and determination as to do the Duluth jobbers in their competition with their rivals.

But much as the topic has been expatiated upon, it is as far as ever from exhaustion. It needs to seek no fountain of perpetual youth to renew and invigorate its life, for it is a tale which grows with each repetition and every year will find something added to it, for progressiveness is its most striking characteristic. Duluth's jobbers never rest content; they may find satisfaction with work well done and constantly increasing business but never will they lay back on their oars and say: "We are doing enough." So long as time will exist they will push forward, crowding their business, branching out into new territory as fast as it is opened to settlement, and in every way proving themselves worthy representatives of a city known throughout the continent as the typical American city.

A Lusty Infant.
The jobbing trade of Duluth is in its infancy, almost in swaddling clothes, but it is a lusty infant just the same and has plenty of lung power. Of course in years past Duluth had always been a point of distribution, because of its position at the head of the chain of great lakes, but it is only within four or five years that the first wholesale house was established and announced to an incredulous world that here was to be the great wholesale center of the West. The Twin Cities, St. Paul and Minneapolis, had long held undisputed sway in the Northwest and scoffed derisively for a time, but not for long. Shrewd men studied the map and were convinced even over their prejudices that the claim of the young city was well founded. Like a flash they saw that here was the true geographical location, and that by reason of its situation this city should be the great distributing center for the whole Northwest. Give a place the natural advantages and it will come to the front some time. Its progress may be slow for a time and to a certain point but once it reaches a certain level nothing can stop it. Railroads may discriminate but it must give in. Rivals may endeavor to ruin and drive its dealers from their fields by selling at lower prices but they will only cut their own throats. The result is inevitable as time will prove and history will show.

The Primal Cause.
It is the advantages which Duluth receives by reason of its peculiarly commanding location that is building up the jobbing trade and these are such that they cannot be overcome. Already, a number of the Twin City houses are seriously considering the wisdom of removing to the head of the lakes and in fact one St. Paul house, the firm of Wright Barrett & Stillwell, wholesale paper dealers, has within the past year established a warehouse in Duluth. Just consider for a moment what these advantages are. All of Duluth's large wholesale houses are located not only on railroad tracks but boats tie up right at their back doors and unload right into the houses without any cartage. Then they are loaded out again into cars and shipped without any cartage, and this certainly is the minimum of handling.

Goods going to Twin City houses must be unloaded into warehouses, from there into cars and shipped to their destination and arriving there they must be carted to the wholesale houses because very few of them have railroad facilities. When sold they must be carted back to the cars and loaded and shipped. These then are the great advantages which Duluth has—the saving of cartage and handling and the freight on 150 miles of

distance between here and the Twin Cities. So great are they that the day is not far distant when the only serious competition the Duluth houses will meet will be from the Chicago establishments. This will be in territory which is almost equidistant from Duluth such as points in Iowa and Nebraska and other Southwestern states. Of course, Duluth has a territory which is strictly her own and which no other competition can meet her in, for instance on the ranges of St. Louis county, in the copper country and all through the Upper Peninsula of Michigan and in Northern Wisconsin.

A Steady Growth.
Beginning as has been said, four or five years ago with the establishment of the first wholesale house—a grocery firm—the jobbing trade has marched steadily forward. Other lines came in and soon the volume of business swelled from about \$3,000,000 per year to \$35,000,000 in 1892. The most serious drawback has always been the absence of a representation of all lines of trade. It is still felt but the situation is improving and in time this will be entirely overcome. This year there has been established a drug house and a crockery house. There are still needed hat and cap and wholesale saddlery and harness houses and one or two other branches but these are sure to come in time.

This has been a hard year everywhere and the volume of business will probably not aggregate as much as in 1892 but the Duluth houses have come through the period of financial depression and stagnation solid and unshaken. This speaks volumes for the newer establishments and the ones which suffered in such times. Old houses which have been accumulating profits for years can stand a set-back, but to those in their infancy and just beginning to branch it is a serious situation. Naturally, the jobbers have curtailed their trade and placed it upon the most conservative basis. Their aggressive policy has necessarily been somewhat checked and they have chafed under it for they are all energetic hustlers.

New Institutions.
There have been two notable additions to the wholesale trade in Duluth this year, the Duluth Crockery company and the Sagar Drug company. These two firms are located in a new building erected this summer on Fifth avenue west, just south of Stone-Ordean's building, by W. R. Sweatt, of Minneapolis. This building is 75 by 100 feet in size, and five stories in height, not including a basement, the full size of the building. It is a plain, substantial structure and is one of the best wholesale buildings in the city. These two concerns were brought here through the efforts of the Duluth jobbers and will take their place in the front rank.

The Duluth Crockery company began business on Aug. 1 in temporary quarters on Lake avenue, but it was not until the new building was entered in October that its business really began. It occupies the south side of the block, and its stock covers five floors and the basement. Everything in the line of crockery and glassware, from the cheapest ironstone china to the fanciest dinner sets, is carried. The company has had three men on the road since Oct. 1, and they cover a large field. Northern Wisconsin and Michigan, points along the lines of the South Shore road send a good trade and all Minnesota and North Dakota is included in the territory covered by the company's men. Of course the company meets with competition, but it is easy and causes no worry. A nice local trade has been built up and is increasing. The retail men feel very friendly toward the house, especially because it refrains absolutely from doing any retail business.

Frank A. Parker is president and general manager of the company. He came to Duluth from Auburn, N. Y., and is a young man, although old in the business of the Zenith City as a jobbing point.

The Sagar Drug company was organized during the past summer. Its president and general manager is Charles H. Sagar. He also comes from Auburn, N. Y., and though a young man, has been

engaged in the drug business for eighteen years, twelve of which have been spent in the wholesale line. This company occupies the north half of the building. It is not as yet doing a general business but is actively preparing for aggressive work. The five floors are being conveniently divided and arranged into departments and an immense amount of shelving is being put in. A general wholesale line of drugs will be put in including patent medicines and sundries of all kinds handled by the retail drug trade. There will also be a complete laboratory on the fifth floor and the pride of the new house will be its special pharmaceuticals and household remedies.

Three traveling men will be started out early in January and will run into Northern Wisconsin and Michigan and all Minnesota and North Dakota points. A nice local trade is also anticipated. Charles S. England will be assistant general manager. He comes from the house of Strong, Cobb & Co., of Cleveland. W. B. Cross is secretary. These with Mr. Sagar, constitute the executive force of the company. They are all young men and will crowd their business to the utmost.

Another new house which opened for business is the Imperial Coffee and Spice company at No. 12 West Michigan street. D. B. Smith, W. A. Holgate and W. C. Bond are the proprietors. The firm is doing a nice and growing business and anticipates a prosperous future.

There have also been a few new commission houses and some changes in old ones. A. L. Simonds, formerly with Kelly, Robson & Co., has branched out for himself. Arundel, Warner & Co. succeeded to Potter, Lucas & Co., and became an exclusively Duluth house. Some other changes may be noted. The Cudahy Packing company bought out the Minneapolis Stock Yards and

for four years ago without any flourish of trumpets and in a modest way and has come steadily forward until it is today among the foremost of Duluth's commercial bodies, in fact none other ranks with it except perhaps the board of trade.

This body while organized, of course to promote the mutual interest of the jobbers of the city, does not stop here. Any and every branch of public affairs or improvement receives consideration and no year has proven better than the one now closing the wisdom and foresight of some of the conclusions reached by these business men. Especial attention has been given to securing better train accommodations and freight rates and this work has never been dropped and is constantly being pushed. Then a large amount of effective advertising matter has been sent out and many other details attended to which when considered in the whole mean a great deal.

F. A. Patrick, of the Stone-Ordean company, is the president of the union; James E. York, of the Ironport Structural Steel company, first vice president; L. A. Barber, of Peyton, Kimball & Barber, second vice president; P. S. Amcke, of A. Fitzer & Co., brewers, treasurer, and William Buchanan, secretary. The secretary gives his entire time and attention to the union.

The union now has fifty-five members, twenty of whom have come in during the past year.

Prospectus of the Trade.
The strength and solidity to which the jobbing trade has grown, incomparable as it is, is nothing when the prospective is considered. The territory which is tributary and rightfully belongs to Duluth, is boundless, and though other cities may now be usurping its place they will eventually be driven out. A study of the map will show that Northern Wisconsin and Michigan are almost exclusively Duluth's territory, and it is an actual fact that the jobbers of this city to

Duluth must fight for and demand and the jobbers realize this. To get them railroad lines must be induced to centralize and concentrate here. The Great Northern is doing this more and more and consequently the Duluth jobbers expect a great deal from the extensions into new territory which this road is making. The completion of its line to Crookston which will come next year will not only open an immense territory through Northern Minnesota which Duluth jobbers will exclusively control but will give another line direct to North Dakota and Montana. True, there is the Northern Pacific now, but competition is needed, the necessity for it having already been felt. Then, too, this route will shorten the distance to Grand Forks 125 miles and this means to the whole West. The proposed extension of this road into southwestern territory is also viewed with satisfaction for it will bring the jobbing trade of this city closer to the trade in that section.

Another road which is to lead out into a new and growing territory is the Duluth & Winnipeg, which proposes to run to the international boundary line, passing through a country rich in its lumber, mineral and agricultural possibilities. This also cannot fail to be of immense benefit to the Zenith City.

Duluth to Omaha.
There is another line which the Duluth jobbers believe will, if built, open up a more extensive and richer field than any other now in contemplation—the Duluth, Red Wing & Southern. For this reason they have lately taken an interest in urging its promoters to renew their efforts to extend to the head of Lake Superior. The plan also contemplates an extension from Red Wing down through Southern Minnesota and Northwestern Iowa to Omaha. A little reflection will show what a rich territory would be tapped. Running South from Lake Superior for 100 miles



SANTA CLAUS DISTRIBUTING HIS GIFTS.

Packing company's establishment here and is swinging a big business. G. F. Swift has succeeded to the old house of J. B. Sutphin & Co.

A big addition to the coal business, which is a large portion of the jobbing trade, is the Pennsylvania and Ohio Fuel company. Last winter it put in large docks at Oneota and did a handsome business this summer; so good, in fact, that a large addition to the dock is to be built this winter.

Besides the wholesale building occupied by the drug and crockery companies, another large building begun in 1892 was completed and covered, and this year. This is the Stone-Ordean company's building erected by R. M. Hunter. It is a substantial 4-story block, and like the other wholesale houses, has both dockage and railroad facilities.

The coming year will probably see the erection of a building for the Wells-Stein Mercantile company, and if it does go up it will be the largest of all Duluth's wholesale houses. Some time ago the company purchased a piece of property at the end of Fifth avenue west and a frontage of 175 feet on the avenue and a depth of 140 feet running back to the slip. Upon this it is proposed to erect a building 150 by 100 feet and from five to seven stories high.

It is also among the possibilities that the Duluth Dry Goods company will have another home, giving up the present building entirely to the shoe company. This is uncertain, however, and may be deferred for a year or two more.

The Jobbers' Union.
No article on the jobbing trade of Duluth would be complete without some reference to the Duluth jobbers' union. This organization was instituted three

years practically have the bulge on the trade from this section at all points tributary to the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway. This territory sends in a line trade and the jobbers here were long headed when they entered it a year or two ago. In the summer time the boats running to points along Lake Superior in those states give much better rates than the railroads offer and give the Duluth dealers an even more unapproachable advantage. From competition in this territory the Duluthians have but little to fear, and it is furnishing a constantly growing trade.

Along the Northern Pacific and Great Northern lines the jobbing trade has been formed an extensive and profitable trade extending as far as the western limits of North Dakota. Further on than this, there has not been very much done, except by the Duluth Shoe company which sends its traveling men as far as Helena, Mont., and also sends its men further on. This is being done, a question of goods and quickness of despatch.

Freight rates are the one thing which there is a thick forest of, pine and hardwood. Of the latter there is an especially large quantity, a fact which does not escape the manufacturer. Coming out of this a rich agricultural country is entered and from Red Wing on through to Omaha the road will pass through the veritable garden spot of the continent, the finest agricultural country in the whole United States, covered with prosperous farms. Not only would this give entrance to a vast purchasing field but would enable the commission houses to gather in the finest dairy products of the Northwest, and what does Duluth need more than this? One of the greatest drawbacks today in Duluth is the high price of all these absolute necessities of life and the poor quality as well for the Zenith City gets what the Twin Cities do not want.

A contemplation of this prospective outlook cannot but fill the Duluth jobber with confidence in the future. Railroads are beginning to feel an interest in the Zenith City's welfare in this line and with good reason. Every road wants to haul both ways just as every vessel does. All the year round what pours into Duluth, bringing car after car and these must go out again. The greater Duluth trade the more cars will go out loaded. Lumber and coal already give a large supply for the haul back, but not enough. The greater the volume of business that flows into Duluth over the roads, the greater will be their interest in promoting the jobbing trade. Another result which must come is that the more the two hauls are equalized the better will be the rates the roads can make. When all of these things are calmly and carefully considered and weighed the most confirmed skeptic cannot but admit that there is some foundation for claims for prospective growth which the Duluth jobbers make.

PRODUCT OF THIRTEEN MILLIONS

Striking Facts and Large Figures Which Show That Duluth is Now Justly Entitled to Claim the Title of a Manufacturing Center of Very Large Proportions and of Great Importance.

The Total Value of the Manufactures in Duluth and Her Suburbs During the Past Year Reached a Magnificent Sum Approaching Thirteen Million Dollars and Gave Employment to Nearly Seven Thousand Men.

Over Three Million Dollars in Wages Paid to Employees, or an Average of \$460 Per Year to Every Man, Woman and Child Engaged, Although All Works Did Not Run Full Time.

An Interesting Description of Some of the More Notable Plants That Are Now Established Here and a Tabulated List of the Manufactures With Value of Output and Number of Persons Employed.

Some years ago in Milwaukee, Chaucer Depew said, speaking of the Cream City, "her varied fields of commerce are the ribs of her greatness, which commerce comprises all there is of real business life within her borders." A less noted speaker, Henry C. Payne, following the gentleman from New York, admitted the strength of Mr. Depew's statement but added that "ribs of commerce might be all very well in their way, but unless they were built up against or attached to the spinal column of manufacture the business anatomy of the place would not amount to much." The latter speaker was correct, not for Milwaukee alone, but for any place which aspires to prosperous cityhood.

A Magnificent Showing.

Still a stripling in years, Duluth has already shown that her incomparable geographical position has been taken advantage of by wide-awake manufacturers, and although the year just passing away has not been a rushing one, the total of manufactures in Duluth and her suburbs reaches a magnificent sum approximating \$13,000,000. To bring out this great amount of created wealth the services of over 6700 employees, of various grades of proficiency were necessary. They received a little over \$3,000,000 in wages, or an average of about \$460 per year for every man, woman and child employed, presuming of course, that each one labored for a full year. But a large number of the manufacturing establishments were in operation but a little more than half time, others were idle part of the year, and a few have only just commenced production, while the minority put in all time. Even the great Imperial mill, with its magnificent showing of \$4,000,000 worth of manufactured flour, did not put in a full season, and could have easily added another \$1,000,000 to its product, if such had been the case.

Steam is the principal agent by which the "whirl of wheels" has been accomplished, and something like 340 steam engines have been employed. Electricity is beginning to play an important part and a number of motors assist in the general output.

The manufacture of flour, with two plants in operation part of the year, gave \$4,150,000 to the total and employed 270 hands. Lumber comes next in its various ramifications, with an output of \$3,912,000 and 345 employees. Third on the list is iron manufacturing which foots up a product valued at \$1,400,000 and gave employment to 1015 persons, and so on down the scale, in amount of production and number of employees.

The Herald's figures are the result of a careful plant to plant canvass of city and environs, and the results given are from a summary of the statements of interested parties, except in the case of one planning mill where the proprietor said he was unable to give the figures, or even make an estimate as to the amount of his product. The figures in his case are the estimates furnished by lumber dealers, etc., who were quite well acquainted with the business in question.

York Steel Plant.

There are several important new industries in the manufacturing ranks and prominent among them is the Ironport Structural Steel company, James E. York, manager. The city office is on the third floor of the Lyceum building and the works are situated at the pleasant suburb of Ironport. The plant is installed, but beyond the employment of some thirty-five hands in experimental work nothing has been done or will be done until next year when an early start will be made with 500 employees, mostly skilled artisans. The group of buildings, seven or eight in number, and for the greater part built of brick, stone and steel, form a striking evidence of the growth toward greatness of the manufacturing center which will ultimately stretch unintercepted between what is now known as Rice's Point and Thomson on the dallas of the St. Louis river.

The works of the company are only a few minutes distant, by steam cars, from the Spalding house corner, and the sight-seer who is armed with a pass will find

plenty of interest inside the walls of the big plant. The chemical process of manufacture is the company's secret, but the mechanism by which the results are brought about can be seen and generally understood. No money has been spared in equipping the works in the most complete manner for the production of the output in the most economical manner. Huge traveling cranes reduce the lifting of heavy weights to a minimum, and in similar manner manual labor is supplanted by mechanism, which works faster, untiringly and at less expense. Transfer tracks run like a network over all portions of the plant and four great lines of railway have their tracks adjoining or passing through the yards of the works.

One of the specialties of the company will be the manufacture of steel girders or beams and when the statement is made that the York plant will do in one process what usually takes four or five processes in other plants one of the sections of cheapness in the steel beam production is evident. Bar and sheet steel, all classes of structural steel work and a complete steel building bridge plant are embodied in the present works and future additions thereto and by the opening of 1895 the works are to be so enlarged that 2500 men will be employed. The resources of the company for the purpose of developing the York processes, are unlimited and they have abundance of money for every purpose.

On Monday, Dec. 4, there was turned out at the plant a 24-inch steel beam 30 feet long, which is one of the largest ever made in the world. The Carnegie works at Homestead, Pa., being the only concern which has ever equalled it in size. Commencing with an ingot 30 inches wide, 7 inches thick and 37 inches long, the finished product was turned out after fifteen passes through the monster rolls. Large as this beam was the same works will produce in a few weeks a 30-inch beam, rolled laterally and horizontally, at the same time. The rolls are reversing and the 5000 horse-power engine, built by the Marinette Iron works of this city, is the largest in Minnesota, weighing 133 tons, with 36 by 48 cylinders. The beam alluded to has been sectionized and sent to prominent engineers all over the world for their inspection.

Hurd Refrigerator Works.

A complete refrigerator enterprise is the Hurd Refrigerator company, of New Duluth, another suburb just south of Ironport. At present the works are running on full time and with a full complement of men and the books of the company show orders for over 8000 refrigerators which must be in readiness by or before the spring of 1894. The product of the company has already found its way into European markets and a busy future is ahead. The works will probably be enlarged during the coming year.

Lumber with a product valued at nearly \$1,000,000, is an important feature of Duluth manufacture and the development and increase of the volume of business is as surprising as gratifying. The number of firms and corporations is increasing and the output, mentioned elsewhere under its proper head, places Duluth and the Duluth district in the front rank of lumber producers.

Great Western Electric Works.

Steam has been spoken of by some one as that "giant servitor of the human race," and it is certainly entitled to the appellation, but there is a new Richmond in the field—a rival claimant for distinction—the giant electricity, and although but one plant devoted to the manufacture of electrical appliances exists, that one—the Great Western Electrical Supply company—is the largest of its kind in America. It employs at present about 200 hands and its output for the portion of the year in which it has been in operation is \$160,000. A new department, that of wire winding, will be added in a few weeks and sixty additional hands, mostly females, will be furnished employment. The production for 1894 will be close on to if it does not exceed \$1,000,000. There are a number of electrical companies, and they have manufactured minor appliances aggregating \$50,000 in value and employing twenty-six hands.

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IS IN ADVANCE OF LAST YEAR.

While the Number of Vessels arriving at and Departing From Duluth This Year Was Less Than Last, the Tonnage Was Greater and the Amount of Commodities Carried Was Larger.

Several Lines of Freight Have Made Unprecedented Strides, Notably Iron Ore, Lumber and Flour, While the Shipments of Wheat Were Also Larger Than a Year Ago to a Considerable Extent.

Less Than Seven Hundred Thousand Dollars Expended By the War Department in the Improvement of Duluth and Superior Harbor Since the Work Was Begun and the Dredged Area Now Equals 104 Acres.

An Interesting Summary of Freight Rates for the Season Shows Very Many Fluctuations in Everything Except Buffalo Coal Rates, Which Changed Only Eleven Times to Duluth and Fifteen Times to Chicago.

The navigation season of 1893 has closed and with it, when the first glance is taken at comparative figures, comes a feeling of disappointment because the number of arrivals and departures is 180 less than in 1892; but a little further investigation shows that the season, nevertheless, is in advance of last year in tonnage of vessels and in commodities carried. Several lines of freight have made unprecedented strides notably iron ore, lumber and flour. Commencing with the vessel list itself, a rather striking exhibition of growth is seen which will be discovered by a perusal of the following table:

Comparative statement of arrivals and clearances, tonnage, average tonnage, etc.

Year.	Arr's & Clearances.	Tonnage.	Ave. Tonnage.	Yearly Increase.
1883	1,372	233,283	170	
1884	1,380	1,024,331	745	11
1885	1,415	2,023,781	1,430	58
1886	1,510	1,043,236	687	75
1887	1,555	2,023,781	1,302	116
1888	1,554	2,400,334	1,544	242
1889	1,589	2,023,781	1,273	129
1890	1,582	3,510,612	2,219	946
1891	1,582	3,510,612	2,219	0
1892	1,392	3,510,612	2,521	302

A Peculiar Fact.

The gross tonnage of the vessels only exceeds last year by the hardly perceptible trifle of 22,477 tons, but that amount was distributed among 3302 vessels or 180 less than in 1892 which gives an increase in tonnage averaging 66 tons to each vessel. This peculiar fact as shown by the figures brings out an interesting condition regarding the vessels themselves, which can best be illustrated by propounding the question, "how do you account for the increase in tonnage?" and answering it by stating that the vessels are being built larger, which would be the kindergarten solution of the query. Then, perhaps, someone would want to know whether there are not as many small boats now as there were a few years ago, or even last year. The smaller class of freight and passenger boats are being lessened in number or put on to less important traffic routes and their places are taken by larger, speedier and greater carrying craft. Such boats as the Selwyn Eddy, Centurion, S. S. Curry, Merida, Mabonnet, Cadmus, the Hill line, the Minnesota fleet, and last but not least the Leviathan whalebacks, which trade almost exclusively between Buffalo and this end of Lake Superior, are the finest vessels on fresh water in the world, and the greatest carriers.

Then, too, a number of smaller vessels which used to trade here, and have been supplanted by larger craft, have been trading between Lake Erie and Lake Michigan ports, which of itself has proven a thorn in the side of Milwaukee and Chicago papers and called forth some sarcastic but harmless flings at the growing commercial importance of this section. Shipbuilders or vessel owners are not all philanthropists, and they are not putting their millions into ships for fun—it is because there is a need for them, and when they are built they are sent where needed, and seven out of every ten of the new freight craft launched make the head of Lake Superior one of the termini of their water journey.

Arrivals and Clearances.
Another interesting showing is that made in the tables of arrivals and clearances, foreign and coastwise, for the last year, as shown by the monthly footings gleaned from the books of the Duluth customs house. Only the actual Duluth figures are given and the showing is as follows:

Month.	Arrived.	Cleared.	Tonnage.
May	15	22	28,759
June	47	38	59,726
July	43	32	54,597
August	23	21	30,527
September	19	15	22,767
October	19	15	26,149
November	11	23	28,107
December	1	2	765
Total	180	167	246,987

Month.	Arrived.	Cleared.	Tonnage.
May	129	174	416,069
June	297	253	667,059
July	257	263	594,745
August	13	12	20,600
September	215	221	550,164
October	18	14	317,741
November	136	127	382,007
December	8	3	5,857
Total	1,460	1,405	3,350,702

Month.	Arrived.	Cleared.	Tonnage.
May	314	329	714,174
June	290	295	640,345
July	251	244	535,307
August	237	236	547,091

Month.	Arrived.	Cleared.	Tonnage.
October	206	209	544,021
November	150	146	382,007
December	9	3	6,852
Total	1,460	1,405	3,350,702

The Season Short.
The season has been a short one, too, the shortest by several days since and including 1890, and this state of affairs at Duluth was also noticeable at the Sault Ste. Marie locks, which were open only 219 days this year against 233 days in 1892. The lockages through that important gateway last year were 12,580, and this year 12,000. Oldest citizens and indeed many of recent settlement, like to read about the time when the harbor opened and closed, and to this class, if not any others, the following table will be very interesting:

Year.	Opened.	Closed.
1883	May 1	December 17
1884	May 8	December 16
1885	May 9	December 29
1886	May 9	December 29
1887	May 9	December 29
1888	May 9	December 29
1889	May 9	December 29
1890	May 9	December 29
1891	May 9	December 29
1892	May 9	December 29
1893	May 9	December 29

The steamer George W. Roby, the first lower lake vessel to arrive this year, steamed into port May 9. She also was the first boat in 1892 arriving that year. The last boat to arrive this year was the John M. Nicol of the Crescent line. It might be interesting to note that the Nicol's commander, Capt. Stevens, was in command of the steamer Keweenaw which took away the first flour ever shipped from or via Duluth. He made a landing at the little point of rocks about back of where Fitzer's brewery now stands and while in deep water dropped an anchor and let go enough chain to allow him to drift alongside the rock where planks were run out and freight and passengers transferred. When he was ready to leave port he simply "hoisted" the anchor until deep water was reached when the anchor was finally weighed and the departure made in safety.

The Christopher Columbus.
Within the past year the first really aristocratic vessel of the whaleback fleet constructed by Capt. McDougall, of this place—the Christopher Columbus—went forth, as did the plebeian pig 101, to try her luck on the great lakes. Well, the world knows how she was snubbed and jered at; how the well-known Milwaukee marine reporter gravely announced that she was "top heavy" and would tip over "just as easy as a canoe." Well, she went out the best finished vessel which ever left a ship yard, with the bunting of all nations conspicuously displayed. She came back and those who before seeing her spoke of her as "another breed of pig," proclaimed her, the "great white whale," or "queen of the lakes. Two million passengers trod her decks in the six months of the World's fair and no other boat has ever half approached that record.

The fast steamers of the lakes were left behind her one by one until no more nautical worlds were left to conquer, except the magnificent Goodrich liner, Virginia. Agent Hurson, of the Goodrich line, was confident the Virginia could beat the Christopher Columbus and one of his penciled notes to an intimate friend in Chicago said: "Come with me to Milwaukee tomorrow and watch the Virginia do up that McDougall fake." Hurson was sure of victory but he took no chances. The Virginia was lightened up eighteen inches forward, specially picked coal was stowed in her bunkers and then she started out a mile ahead of the whaleback with the avowed intention of "making a whale" all the way to Milwaukee. But the whale wasn't smoked for her mighty engines after leaving Goose Point churned out 23½ miles an hour and drove the new leviathan into the Cream City harbor nearly a half hour ahead of the Virginia. Hurson's particular friend was missing but a pencilled note told the story; it read, "Excuse me, Hurson; I'm in a hurry to get back to Chicago, so I have taken a fast boat." It was afterward learned that he went back on the whaleback steamer.

Harbor Improvements.
Uncle Samuel has spent on Duluth and Superior harbor since the commencement of work upon it, \$66,454.79. Of this amount \$370,518.81 was outlayed before the present project was matured and dock lines were altered and the balance since the adoption of the present plan. Maj. C. B. Sears, chief of engineers, U. S. A., at this port, says the dredged area of the harbor basin now equals 104 acres and he recommends a number of needed improvements on both sides of the bay, including widening of present channels, deepening of some, repairing and renewing of the canal piers, dredging of several new channels to the ore docks, particularly from the Superior side of the bay. He tells how the \$45,000 appropriated by the act of July 13, 1892, for improving the St. Louis river above Grassy Point was expended and recites the need of a navigable channel up to and beyond Ironton or New Duluth, and urges an extensive appropriation.

The Freight Rates.
The following recapitulation, in brief,

of the prevailing lake and canal freights will prove interesting:

A summary of freight rates for the season shows very many fluctuations in everything except Buffalo coal rates, which changed only fifteen times to Chicago and eleven times to Duluth. The Chicago rate opened and closed at 60 cents. The Duluth rate opened at 50 cents and closed at 60 cents, only one vessel, the Brazil, obtaining this latter figure. In May the Chicago rate dropped to 40 cents, but returned to 60 late in the month. About the middle of June it dropped to 50, where it remained till well into August, dropping then to 45 cents, at once spurring back to 50, but only to go down to 30. Early in October going to 25 for half the month, then slowly rising to 50 cents, and early in November to 60.

The Duluth coal rate dropped early to 30 cents and in June to 25, rising through July and part of August to 30, only to decline steadily to 15 cents by Sept. 1. Late in that month it rose to 25 cents and in October was soon to 40.

The ore rate made two grand curves. Escanaba opened at 65 cents and made a drop of 10 cents in June to 55, rising through July then slowly declining to 40 by Aug. 10, whence it rose to 65 in early October, fell back to 40 for a short time, and after remaining there to the very end of the season rose to \$1.

The Duluth ore rate opened at 95 cents, fluctuated between that figure and \$1 till late in June, then began the long decline to 45 cents before the end of July. It then rose steadily to \$1 in October, fluctuated at that point and in the 90's awhile, declined to 85 at the middle of November and closed at 90.

The Chicago corn rate opened at 2 cents to Buffalo, dropped almost at once to 1, but was back to 2 early in June, only to return to 1 late in the month. After a short spurt to 1½ cents in the middle of July it returned to 1 cent for a month, then slowly rose to 2½ cents by the end of September, falling then to 1½ cents at Nov. 10, then rising and closing at 2½ cents.

The Duluth wheat rate opened at 3 and closed at 3½ cents, rising to 3½ in June, then falling to 1½ cents in August, whence it rose rapidly to 3 cents early in October, falling then to 2½ cents by the middle of November, then slowly rising to 3½ at closing.

Canal freights on wheat from Buffalo to New York opened and closed at 5 cents. They were down to 4½ cents for a few days in May, but returned to 5 on May 22, rising to 5½ cents on June 6. On June 17 they were back to 5 and on June 22 to 4½, not reaching 5 cents again till July 25. On Aug. 16 a decline began that reduced the rates to 3½ cents on Sept. 6, but only for a day. On Sept. 13 they returned to 5 for two days, then slowly rising to 5 cents on Oct. 13, being 4½ cents on Oct. 17 for a day, and then rising again to 5 cents for eleven days, recovering on Nov. 20 to close at 5 cents. The record shows that the rate on wheat was 5 cents or better for eighty-four days of the 212 days the canal was open.

The Sault Canal.

The annual report of St. Mary's Falls canal at Sault Ste. Marie has been issued, and for the first time in years it shows a decrease in traffic, as compared with the preceding year. Flour, wheat and coal advanced, but other articles fell back, thus saving a net decrease. Ten articles show a decrease in volume and seven show an increase. An inspection of the table is interesting, as it is a mirror or trade such as is not to be had from any other source. It is extremely valuable from a statistical standpoint. Here it is:

ITEMS.	1892.	1893.	PERCENTAGE INCREASE.	PERCENTAGE DECREASE.
Flour	1,000,000	900,000	-10%	
Wheat	2,000,000	1,800,000	-10%	
Barley	1,000,000	900,000	-10%	
Oats	1,000,000	900,000	-10%	
Hay	1,000,000	900,000	-10%	
Coal	1,000,000	1,100,000	10%	
Iron ore	1,000,000	1,100,000	10%	
Copper	1,000,000	1,100,000	10%	
Lead	1,000,000	1,100,000	10%	
Gold	1,000,000	1,100,000	10%	
Silver	1,000,000	1,100,000	10%	
Mercury	1,000,000	1,100,000	10%	
Antimony	1,000,000	1,100,000	10%	
Asbestos	1,000,000	1,100,000	10%	
Flint	1,000,000	1,100,000	10%	
Granite	1,000,000	1,100,000	10%	
Slate	1,000,000	1,100,000	10%	
Marble	1,000,000	1,100,000	10%	
Soapstone	1,000,000	1,100,000	10%	
Quartz	1,000,000	1,100,000	10%	
Amethyst	1,000,000	1,100,000	10%	
Garnet	1,000,000	1,100,000	10%	
Spinel	1,000,000	1,100,000	10%	
Peridot	1,000,000	1,100,000	10%	
Emerald	1,000,000	1,100,000	10%	
Sapphire	1,000,000	1,100,000	10%	
Ruby	1,000,000	1,100,000	10%	
Diamond	1,000,000	1,100,000	10%	
Unregistered	1,000,000	1,100,000	10%	
Total	1,000,000	1,100,000	10%	

Note (a) — Included in the item of unclassified freight is 27 tons of wool and 212 tons of hides.

Canal open to navigation during the season of 1892—233 days.

Canal open to navigation during the season of 1893—219 days.

Table showing the estimated value of freight through St. Mary's Falls canal, Michigan, during season of 1893:

ITEMS.	Quantity.	Value.
Coal	1,000,000	\$1,000,000
Wheat	2,000,000	\$2,000,000
Barley	1,000,000	\$1,000,000
Oats	1,000,000	\$1,000,000
Hay	1,000,000	\$1,000,000
Iron ore	1,000,000	\$1,000,000
Copper	1,000,000	\$1,000,000
Lead	1,000,000	\$1,000,000
Gold	1,000,000	\$1,000,000
Silver	1,000,000	\$1,000,000
Mercury	1,000,000	\$1,000,000
Antimony	1,000,000	\$1,000,000
Asbestos	1,000,000	\$1,000,000
Flint	1,000,000	\$1,000,000
Granite	1,000,000	\$1,000,000
Slate	1,000,000	\$1,000,000
Marble	1,000,000	\$1,000,000
Soapstone	1,000,000	\$1,000,000
Quartz	1,000,000	\$1,000,000
Amethyst	1,000,000	\$1,000,000
Garnet	1,000,000	\$1,000,000
Spinel	1,000,000	\$1,000,000
Peridot	1,000,000	\$1,000,000
Emerald	1,000,000	\$1,000,000
Sapphire	1,000,000	\$1,000,000
Ruby	1,000,000	\$1,000,000
Diamond	1,000,000	\$1,000,000
Unregistered	1,000,000	\$1,000,000
Total	1,000,000	\$1,000,000

B. F. NELSON,
President.

GILBERT M. WALKER,
Vice President and Treas.

C. I. MCNAIR,
Secretary.

THE HENNEPIN PAPER COMPANY,

CAPACITY, 20 TONS PER DAY.

LITTLE FALLS, MINN.

MANUFACTURERS OF PRINT PAPER.

ROLL AND BUNDLE PAPER A SPECIALTY

All of the print paper used in The Herald is manufactured in our own state out of Minnesota product by the Hennepin Paper Company.

They supply nearly all of the leading papers at the Head of the Lakes with their print, as well as nearly all of the Twin City dailies.

WE CLAIM for our print paper all the qualities of a high grade rag paper. A few years ago not a pound of paper manufactured in Minnesota was used.

TODAY our capacity is overtaxed and is being increased at the present time. Minnesota dailies and weeklies have stood by us nobly and the result has been that at the present time we furnish a little better quality of paper and for less money than can be purchased elsewhere in the United States.

We sell direct from the mill to the consumer—no jobbers or middlemen to reap a profit.

MENDENHALL & HOOPES,

REAL ESTATE, MORTGAGE LOANS, FIRE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE!

First National Bank Building, - Duluth.

WOODLAND PARK

THE PRETTIEST SUBURB OF DULUTH IS
GROWING STEADILY AND SURELY AND
IS FAST BECOMING THE MOST POPULAR
RESIDENCE PORTION OF THE CITY.

Buy a Lot Now While They
Are Cheap.

Motor Line Improvement Co.,

MENDENHALL & HOOPES, Managers.

First National Bank Building. - Duluth, Minn.

ST. LOUIS COUNTY ABSTRACT COMPANY.

14 Third Ave. W., First National Bank Bldg.

Correct Abstracts of all Lands in St. Louis County.

Having purchased the books and records of the Union Abstract company we have two complete and independent sets of books. All abstracts are checked from both records thereby insuring absolute correctness.

COLORED PAPER STOCK

MEMBERS *****OF THE***** DULUTH CLEARING HOUSE ASSOCIATION.

	CAPITAL	SURPLUS
FIRST NATIONAL BANK	\$1,000,000	\$200,000
AMERICAN EXCHANGE BANK	500,000	355,000
MARINE NATIONAL BANK	250,000	33,000
NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE	200,000	28,000
STATE BANK OF DULUTH	100,000	40,000
SECURITY BANK OF DULUTH	100,000	40,000
IRON EXCHANGE BANK	100,000	8,500

THE BANKS OF DULUTH

Splendid Record Made By the Financial Institutions of the Zenith City During the Stringency.

When Banks Elsewhere Were Closing Their Doors, the Duluth Banks Continued to Do Business.

All Have Paid Their Usual Dividends and Added to Their Surplus Accounts—Building Associations.

In the whole of Duluth's record for the year 1893 there is nothing to which the people of the city may point with greater pride than to the magnificent manner in which the banks and financial institutions have come through the financial depression and stagnation of the year. Not one of them ever failed to pay every check presented by its depositors; there were quiet and steady runs on every one of them just as there were on every bank in the country but they have come through it solid and unshaken, to the utter astonishment of the whole country. Here was a city regarded throughout the land as the home of speculators, the very stamping ground of men who did business on wind and depended on the financial prosperity of the nation for their success; who, at the first whisper of financial weakness would be plunged into hopeless bankruptcy, their assets worthless and their liabilities enormous. This impression was greatly augmented by the big iron boom and the heavy speculation in stocks of the year previous. But, how is it, today? Not a city in the whole land has come through the fearful siege as has this great Zenith City. Her colors were nailed to the mast head and there they fly today as bright and clear as ever.

Good Banking Methods.
Of course there were times when matters looked dubious; there is not a Duluth banker, confident as he might be, but thoroughly appreciated the condition of affairs. It was thorough, keen and sagacious knowledge of the state of affairs which enabled them to meet the situation and be prepared when the worst came. Conservative methods were of necessity adopted and many business men had to be disappointed and made feel that the financiers were unnecessarily cautious, but careful banking required unusually close methods, regardless of popular opinion. Today, when calmly reflecting, business

men unanimously admit the justice of the course that was taken.

Not only did the banks emerge from the cloud of depression unshaken and solid, but when July 1 came around the usual semi-annual dividends were declared with but few exceptions. The First National bank paid out 3 1/2 per cent to its stockholders, as it has regularly done every six months. The American Exchange bank paid 5 per cent, its twenty-seventh semi-annual dividend of that sum. Besides this the surplus account was increased \$25,000. The State bank paid 4 per cent and the National Bank of Commerce 3 per cent. Both carried handsome sums to their surplus and undivided profits accounts. On Jan. 1 next these banks will all declare the usual dividends.

The Duluth Loan, Deposit and Trust company on Dec. 10 of this year declared a semi-annual dividend of 4 per cent and yet has only been organized a little over a year. A new building has been arranged for and will be located on Superior street near the Board of Trade. The name is also to be changed to the Duluth Trust company.

Surplus Increased.
There have been no additions to the banking capital during this year but the surplus accounts have been swelled considerably. The following statement will show the capital, surplus and undivided profits, deposits, and loans and discounts of the statements last issued by them:

	Assets	Liabilities
First National Bank	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000
American Exchange Bank	500,000	500,000
Marine National Bank	250,000	250,000
National Bank of Commerce	200,000	200,000
State Bank of Duluth	100,000	100,000
Security Bank of Duluth	100,000	100,000
Iron Exchange Bank	100,000	100,000
Duluth Loan, Deposit and Trust Co.	100,000	100,000
Total	\$2,350,000	\$2,350,000

Building Associations.
Of building associations, Duluth has one, having been added this year, the Ohio. All are remarkably prosperous and have been of vast aid and benefit in building up the city. All but the Du-

luth are conducted on the installment plan and that operates on the gross plan. Several of the associations are borrowing money for a definite period and issuing shares to borrowers only. Only a few days ago one of the big associations of the city returned a number of certificates held by parties for investment. These associations have gone through the financial stringency in splendid shape, just as they have all over the country. The following table will show the receipts, expenditures and assets of the associations of this city:

	Receipts	Expenditures	Assets
Talen	\$121,400.31	\$1,567.77	\$122,968.08
Zenith	17,118.31	1,004.03	16,114.28
Climax	11,925.05	491.45	11,433.60
Duluth	12,297.08	1,253.51	11,043.57
Homestead	8,276.02	1,253.51	7,022.51
Skandia	5,717.00	232.00	5,485.00
Ohio	8,867.00	306.25	8,560.75
Co-operative	7,041.37	189.00	6,852.37
West End	5,727.41	189.00	5,538.41

One of the most significant facts which attested Duluth's splendid position during the financial depression throughout the Union was the showing made by the bank clearings of the city. Several times the week's clearings show a small decreasing period of last year, but it was not unusual to find in the bank clearings a handsome increase credited to Duluth when nearly every other city showed a heavy decrease, some as high as 70 per cent. For the month of November just ended the total bank clearing at Duluth were \$10,499,497, as against \$9,575,578 for the corresponding month last year, an increase of nearly \$1,000,000 and greater than for any other November in the city's history. During the eleven months ended on Nov. 30, 1893, Duluth's bank clearings aggregated \$92,536,861, as against \$87,031,394 for the eleven months in 1892, a gain of \$5,505,467. Omaha was the only city in the Northwest that showed an increase during the same time, and its increase was comparatively lower than Duluth's. Not a single other city in the West showed an increase. This is a showing of which Duluth can justly feel proud.

How's This?
We offer \$100 reward for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure, F. J. Cheney, Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last fifteen years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by him.

West & Taylor, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.

Low Rates to California.

Via St. P. & D. C., St. P., M. & O. Ry. from Duluth to St. Paul, and through train thence to Pacific coast, via Soo line and Canadian Pacific.

Duluth to San Francisco (via St. P. & D. C. and Pacific coast R. R.) 30.00
Duluth to San Francisco (via Portland, all rail) 45.00
Duluth to San Francisco (via To. San Francisco and return) 65.00
Duluth to San Francisco and return (via Portland and return) 65.00
Duluth to San Francisco and return (via To. San Francisco and return) 65.00

Tickets and full information may be obtained from T. H. LARK, No. 426 Spaulding House block, Duluth.

IRON ORE SHIPMENTS.

The Largest Ore Dock in the World is Now Operated in the Harbor of Duluth.

Facts, Figures and Information About the Shipment of the Ore From the Mesaba Mines.

Shipments From Two Harbors By Rail and Water—The Idle Ore Dock in Alouez Bay.

The first season of iron ore shipments from the port of Duluth has just closed and the record made is one of which the Duluth, Missabe & Northern Railway company may well be proud of. The first ore was dumped into the dock on Saturday, July 22, and the first shipment to the water was made on the 23rd, just one week later. The last vessel to clear from Duluth was the M. B. Grover, which practically finished loading on Nov. 28, thus giving a shipping season of 106 working days, during which time nearly 420,000 tons of ore were shipped East.

The Mesaba ore dock at the West End is said to be the largest ore dock in the world. The dock is 2304 feet in length from the water's edge. A little better idea of its size may be had when it is stated that a person walking out to the end and back will have traversed only 700 feet less than a mile. The width is 50 feet and height above the water 50 feet 8 1/2 inches. On each side of the dock are 192 pockets, or a total of 384 each with a capacity of 175 tons, giving a total dock capacity of 67,200 tons. At the Duluth, Missabe & Northern cars—the largest made because of the nature of the ore—hold 25 tons each, it will take 7 cars to fill a pocket, or 2688 to load the dock. Each pocket has a frontage of 12 feet on the water, extends back in the dock 21 feet and is 22 feet deep. The bottom of the pocket inclines at an angle of 45 degrees toward the water and commencing at a point about 8 feet from the bottom the sides are made to slope toward the center, thus forming a hopper about 3 1/2 feet wide. This formation causes the ore to run freely into the spouts when the door to the pocket is swung.

Besides being the largest dock in the world, the Mesaba's will be the most perfectly equipped. The improved Denton hoist, made by Pettibone & Milligan of Chicago, is being used. When in perfect working order one man can lower and place a spout easily. By means of a counter balance the spout when relieved of the weight of the ore will rise to a position out of the way without even the assistance of the man. The spouts have a lateral swing of 3 feet each way which enables the boats to be trimmed as they are loaded without putting men into the hold, a great saving of time and expense. The spouts are of 3/4 inch soft steel, semi-circular in form, 27 feet long, 7 feet in diameter and

manufactured by the American Steel Barge works.

In the dock proper 9,000,000 feet of timber were used, requiring to transport it 1100 cars; thirty cars of steel and 1000 cars of piling. The lumber came from all parts of the country, 3,000,000 feet of the heavier timbers being brought from the Pacific coast. It is of course nearly all pine, but some maple is used in the bottom of the pockets, and there is a strip of oak running the whole length of the dock to make a securer hold for hinges. The doors are also of oak. Most of the time 400 men were employed on the work and never more than 200.

On each side of the dock are two independent tracks. The inside rails, however, are placed just standard gauge apart, which gives really three tracks on each side or six on the dock. These tracks enable the pockets to be trimmed easily.

A feature of this dock of interest to ore handlers is the angle of 45 degrees toward the water which the bottoms of the pockets are placed. Heretofore a much less angle has been used, but the new angle of the ore led the engineers to try 45 degrees, and they are well satisfied with the result.

Quite a piece of work in itself is the approach or viaduct of piling, running 4000 feet from the dock to the hill, and 2,500,000 feet of lumber were used in its construction. For this approach and for seven and one-half miles back from the bay double tracks are laid with 80-pound steel rails. The rails from there on are of 60 pound steel.

The following table shows the amount of ore shipped from the producing mines on the Mesaba, which ship over the Duluth, Missabe & Northern. It should be borne in mind that under the head of "Biwabik" is included the ore mined and shipped by the Biwabik Ore company, the Duluth Ore company, and the Minnewas mine. All of these companies lease from and pay royalty to the Biwabik Mountain Iron company.

The amount shipped by the Minnewas mine was 12,749 tons; by the Duluth Ore company, 37,255 tons, and by the Biwabik Ore company, 148,235 tons, making a total of 198,249 tons from the Biwabik property alone.

It is safe to say that next season, if trade revives somewhat and the duty on ore is not materially changed, many times this amount of ore will pass through the dock in Duluth.

There is another big ore dock at the head of the lake, which is situated over at Superior in Alouez bay. This dock was built by the Duluth & Winnipeg road and for a while was used for the shipment of Mesaba ore, but since the Duluth dock was finished, no ore of any consequence has been loaded there. This dock is about 1200 feet long with 100 pockets, 50 on a side, holding 185 tons each making a total capacity of 18,500 tons for the dock. It is approached from the land by about three miles of trestle and is situated in Alouez bay, about a mile from the natural entry to Superior harbor. About

80,000 tons of ore was shipped through this dock before the dock on this side of the bay was finished as above stated. Next season the railroad company hopes to do a large business for the mines at the western end of the Mesaba range. Although not in St. Louis county the shipments of iron ore at Two Harbors in Lake county really should be credited to this county, as it is in St. Louis county that every pound of ore is mined. The ore docks at that port are owned by the Minnesota Iron company and are of the very best modern type. The following is the record of ore shipped from Two Harbors for the season of 1893.

	From Vermilion Range	Gross Tons
Minnesota	10,139	389,461
Chandler	24,896	435,388
Hale	9,510	12,989
Total	44,545	817,738

In addition to the ore indicated in table above as hauled to the docks by the Duluth & Iron Range railroad, during the present year the following all rail shipments were made over that road between mines and furnace:

	Tons
Minnesota	1,428
Zenith	19
Hale	47
Cincinnati	16,376
Total	18,269

The all rail shipments were made to the West Duluth blast furnace, and most of the steel plates made from Cincinnati ore were used in the construction of the whaleback steamship Christopher Columbus.

RAINY RIVER VALLEY.
The Great Resources and Great Possibilities of This District.

It is strange that citizens of this and adjoining states will flock to such barren sections as the Cherokee strip and the Sisseton Indian reservation, when there is close at hand such a fertile and promising agricultural, timber and mining district as the Rainy river valley, says the Minneapolis Tribune. The Canadian side of this valley is thickly settled by a prosperous agricultural and manufacturing community. But the Minnesota side seems to have been completely overlooked. In state reports attention has repeatedly been called to the fact that the Rainy river valley has a fertile soil which is bound in time to support a substantial population, not to mention the immense timber supplies tributary to that region. On the Canadian side nearly every agricultural product is profitably raised that is produced in this state. Indeed, on the higher and less alluvial lands twenty-five miles this side of the Rainy river valley, Minneapolis lumbermen raise corn, oats, vegetables and all other agricultural supplies which they need for their winter lumbering operations on the Little Fork and Big Fork rivers.

Rainy river valley has a much more favorable climate for agriculture than the country lying between the Vermilion range and Duluth, for the reason that the valley is situated at so much lower altitude. In following the water courses

northward and downward from the iron ranges to the Rainy River valley—which forms the drainage of the entire north central portion of the state—you descend from 600 to 800 feet, and reach an altitude which is as favorable to farming as any portion of Canada.

The recent gold fever, which is still raging in that section, is calling attention to the country's resources, whether the result be a development of a coming California or Colorado, or not. In order to accommodate the gold pilgrimage and attract the prospecting multitude to do their trading in Tower, the enterprising citizens of that iron city propose to lay out a road from Vermilion lake to the falls of St. Francis at the foot of Rainy lake, a distance of two miles west by northwest. The new highway thus opened into the heart of the Rainy river valley will give the city of Tower not only the business of supplying the region with merchandise, but will insure a tower a convenient base of agricultural supplies for its thousands of miners and business population.

What may be developed in gold mining in the Rainy river valley is as yet uncertain. Gold has been found, but as yet in veins of scarcely great enough magnitude to promise a profitable quartz-milling and smelting industry. At the Lake of the Woods, adjoining the west end of the valley, gold is now mined, quartz mills have been established and smelting works put in, but the industry has not as yet assumed large or profitable proportions. There is no evidence, however, that profitable discoveries may not be made. Gold-bearing quartz exists, and of rich enough quality for mining. It is entirely a question of quantity. Gold-bearing veins three or four feet wide have been found, and development may finally show veins of great enough width to attract the establishment of a substantial milling and smelting industry.

Whatever else the gold fever may do, it has at least done this—it has attracted attention to the general resources and possibilities of the valley. The first important resource noted was the existence of a water power at Fort St. Francis, second not even to that of St. Anthony falls. The river, at the foot of Rainy lake, has a width of a quarter of a mile, a greater depth and volume than the Mississippi at Minneapolis, and a fall of 25 feet. If dammed by a milling company, the latter would have all Rainy lake, with a width of over 50 miles, for a mill pond. The abundance of poplar and spruce timber, the woods most largely used in the manufacture of paper, has started the project of erecting paper mills, and negotiations to that end are reported as already on foot.

Minnesota now boasts a Mississippi valley, a Minnesota valley, a St. Croix valley and a Red river valley; the next we know we will be advertising to the world the agriculture, mining, manufacturing and trade of the Rainy river valley. The last named will have one advantage over many of its contemporaries, namely, the possession of a stream which is navigable at all unfrozen months of the year. Rainy river is now traversed by several steamboats every summer, and its deep and regular current, flowing out of the great Rainy lake on the east and emptying into the Lake of the Woods on the west, will be plowed by steamers in increasing numbers as population and enterprise patronize its shores.

COLORED PAPER STOCK

HARD TIMES ECONOMIZE!

Earn Money By Saving Money!

You can do this by applying to the Gas and Water Company for a Gas or Water Meter. The demand for Meters has been great the past month, in fact, we couldn't get them fast enough from the manufacturer, but we have just received another large consignment and are prepared to set them ON SHORT NOTICE.

REMEMBER GAS IS CHEAP!

At the price we are now selling it at, and it is much the cheapest and most satisfactory light to be had in Duluth. Many old customers who have experimented with inferior modes of lighting, have become disgusted and have come back to us.

.. FUEL GAS ..

For cooking, for light housekeeping, or for heating a bedroom, or for temporarily heating an invalid's room, is much more convenient, cheaper and much simpler than coal. There are hundreds of Gas Stoves used in Duluth, and people wonder how they managed to get along without them. We carry a fine stock of Gas Stoves, and it will be worth your while to investigate this matter.

Call and Leave Your Order for Meter or Gas Stove, or Telephone Us No. 54, and One of Our Representatives Will Call and Cheerfully Furnish all Information You May Desire.

DULUTH GAS & WATER CO.,

232 WEST FIRST STREET.

DULUTH'S GRAIN AND FLOUR TRADE

The Shipments of Wheat and Other Grain From This Port During the Past Season Were Greater Than During the Previous Year While the Receipts Were Smaller Than During the Preceding Twelve Months.

One of the Features of the Local Market Was the Increased Demand For Milling Wheat, While a Good Market Was Created For Barley and More Recently For the Handling of Oats.

The Duluth Elevator System Now Has a Capacity of Nearly Twenty-six Million Bushels, an Increase of Four Millions During the Year, and the Warehouses at the Mills Can Hold a Million More.

The Growth of the Flour Industry at the Head of Lake Superior Has Been Phenomenal, There Now Being Eight Mills With a Productive Capacity of Nearly Twenty Thousand Barrels a Day.

Duluth during the year now drawing to a close has ably sustained its commanding position as a great primary wheat market. The shipments of wheat from this port during the season of navigation just ended were over 1,000,000 bushels greater than the shipments during the season of 1892. The average rate charged for carrying wheat to Buffalo was about 2 cents per bushel. The season opened with a rate of 3½ cents and closed with the same rate in effect, but during the summer cargoes were taken as low as 1½ cents, while a large volume of business was done at a rate of 1½ cents. The receipts were smaller than during the preceding year, but on the whole the year's wheat business was one of the largest ever transacted in this market. The following table shows the receipts and shipments of wheat by months in 1893, the figures for the last half of December being estimated, as compared with the receipts during last year:

Wheat Receipts.		1892.	1893.
	Bu.	Bu.	Bu.
January.....	1,755,357	1,447,091	1,504,362
February.....	288,486	1,504,362	1,504,362
March.....	1,142,463	844,534	844,534
April.....	624,410	4,457,159	4,457,159
May.....	1,682,169	1,062,093	1,062,093
June.....	1,189,046	8,261,124	8,261,124
July.....	2,445,439	2,297,433	2,297,433
August.....	1,508,227	1,181,556	1,181,556
September.....	5,118,249	5,847,105	5,847,105
October.....	2,418,181	2,229,011	2,229,011
November.....	4,453,860	7,223,005	7,223,005
December.....	4,700,000	9,012,797	9,012,797
Totals.....	28,406,109	40,660,572	40,660,572

Wheat Shipments.

	1892.	1893.
Bu.	Bu.	Bu.
January.....	19,400	121,259
February.....	15,517	121,259
March.....	10,962	119,862
April.....	36,364	3,099,814
May.....	7,427,061	8,711,887
June.....	7,554,568	2,900,535
July.....	3,890,535	3,121,042
August.....	3,890,535	1,924,442
September.....	3,890,535	3,653,791
October.....	4,262,000	3,061,257
November.....	2,547,005	3,829,459
December.....	420,000	51,745
Totals.....	38,938,150	32,958,494

The actual receipts of wheat during the past season were greater than are indicated by the figures given above because a considerable quantity that was taken by the mills was never reported, being bought to arrive and not passing through the elevators. As will be seen by the two tables, the shipments from Duluth this year were greater than the receipts, which is an unusual occurrence. When navigation opened there were large stocks in the elevators and the exporters here began to send it out at the ruling prices, when the Chicago men refused to part with their wheat, holding out for better prices. But higher figures were never realized, and the result shows the wisdom of the policy pursued by the Duluth dealers. One of the features of the grain market here this year was the increased demand for milling wheat. This caused an almost continuous active market for cash stuff during the summer in conjunction with the heavy demands by

shippers, and this milling demand is certain to increase in the future. A good market has also been created for barley, several strong firms having established themselves here to handle it and as Duluth has been paying a better price than Minneapolis for barley and all that came here was quickly taken there has been a noticeable increase in the shipments to this point. Recently arrangements have been made for handling large quantities of oats, and this branch of the grain business here promises to increase in importance. Flaxseed has also been traded in quite extensively. The following tables show the receipts and shipments of barley, oats, etc., for this year, as compared with the preceding year:

	1892.	1893.
Bu.	Bu.	Bu.
Corn.....	30,000	37,411
Oats.....	22,241	108,719
Barley.....	602,000	108,949
Flaxseed.....	421,075	505,198
Duluth Roller, Duluth.....	579,300	718,735

It must be remembered that the figures given above for the present year are only approximate, it being necessary to estimate the receipts and shipments for the month of December.

Elevator Capacity.
The Duluth elevator system now has a capacity of 25,050,000 bushels. In addition to the head of the lakes there are warehouses that will hold about 1,000,000 bushels additional, and it would be possible to still further increase the storage capacity at the head of the lakes during the winter by loading grain direct into the wharves and other vessels lying here. Following is a list of the elevators, with their capacity, connected with the Duluth board of trade:

	Bu.	Bu.
Elevator B.....	800,000	800,000
do C.....	1,300,000	1,300,000
do D.....	1,300,000	1,300,000
Warehouse No. 2.....	900,000	900,000
do 3.....	700,000	700,000
Total.....	4,000,000	4,000,000
Lake Superior Elevator Co.		
Elevator B.....	1,000,000	1,000,000
do C.....	1,300,000	1,300,000
do D.....	1,300,000	1,300,000
Warehouse No. 1.....	700,000	700,000
Total.....	4,300,000	4,300,000
Great Northern System.		
Elevator A.....	1,500,000	1,500,000
do X.....	1,500,000	1,500,000
Total.....	3,000,000	3,000,000
Duluth Elevator Co.		
Elevator No. 1.....	2,000,000	2,000,000
do No. 2.....	2,000,000	2,000,000
do No. 3.....	1,000,000	1,000,000
Total.....	5,000,000	5,000,000
Superior Terminal Elevator Co.		
Elevator K.....	700,000	700,000
do L.....	700,000	700,000
Total.....	1,400,000	1,400,000
Belt Line Elevator Co.		
Elevator M.....	1,700,000	1,700,000
do N.....	700,000	700,000
Total.....	2,400,000	2,400,000
Grand total.....	25,050,000	25,050,000

The Flour Industry.
Closely allied with the grain trade is the flouring industry. To relate at this time Duluth's advantages as a milling center would be to repeat an old story. The facts in connection with what has already been accomplished in establishing mills at the head of Lake Superior speak more eloquently than anything could be added upon this point. There are now eight mills here, with a total productive capacity at present of 10,500 barrels a day, and so constructed that nearly all can be fitted with additional machinery that will double this productive power, thus giving a total capacity of nearly 20,000 barrels a day. Following is a list of the mills and their present capacity:

	Bbls.	Bbls.
Imperial, Duluth.....	6,200	6,200
Lake Superior, Superior.....	3,000	3,000
Grand Republic, West Superior.....	2,500	2,500
Anchor, Superior.....	2,000	2,000
Lakota, West Superior.....	1,500	1,500
Freeman, West Superior.....	1,200	1,200
Duluth Roller, Duluth.....	400	400
Total.....	19,800	19,800

Nearly all these mills have their offices in Duluth and transact their business here. Duluth flour is in great demand in all the Eastern markets, and only recently a leading New York paper alluded to the fact that it has been driving the Minneapolis flour out of the market, owing to the Duluth millers being able to sell at a smaller price and yet realize the same if not greater profits than do their Minneapolis competitors, owing to the less cost of production. It is no wonder, therefore, that the English syndicate which now controls the Pillsbury mills at Minneapolis has been losing money during the last two years. Following is a statement showing the production of the mills at the head of the lake during the present year, the figures for December being estimated, as compared with 1892. The great increase in production will instantly attract the attention of every reader:

	1892.	1893.
Bbls.	Bbls.	Bbls.
January.....	52,135	45,928
February.....	61,434	77,200
March.....	134,184	61,560
April.....	62,062	62,062
May.....	154,418	76,141
June.....	154,418	76,141
July.....	134,110	87,065
August.....	110,000	110,000
September.....	207,426	38,274
October.....	283,512	183,670
November.....	283,400	122,015
December.....	191,000	71,091
Totals.....	2,018,317	1,094,489

The flour traffic shows a large increase over last year. The receipts by rail in 1892 were 4,095,047 barrels. This year they have reached about 4,995,051 barrels. The shipments of flour from this port last year amounted to 4,763,481 barrels, while during the year now ending they have aggregated about 6,667,301 barrels. Is it any wonder that with this great increase in one item of Duluth's trade and commerce, the city continues to grow and prosper, while other places are standing still?

Christmas Present.
To make special inducements for the family trade we shall give away from now until Christmas with the purchase of one gallon of liquor, one bottle of wine worth \$1; of half a gallon of liquor, one bottle of wine worth 50 cents. Do not miss this opportunity and call at THE PACIFIC WINE HOUSE, 529-531 West Superior street.

FAMOUS OPHIR GOLD MINE.

A Rich Property That Is Controlled by Duluth Men.

The Ophir mine is in Galbraith township, in the valley of the Thessalon river, eighteen miles northeast of the old village of Bruce Mines, says the Soo Democrat. The Ophir location is part of lot 12, con. 3 Galbraith, and contains 153 acres. The situation is one of exceeding beauty as viewed from the southern approach. The vein looks like, and is in fact, a great vein. Shafts sunk upon it show that the ore body comes together at a depth of about 100 feet. The fissure at the base has a width of 3½ feet and narrows at the top to about 18 inches, but where the chimney joins it it has a width of 9 feet and is filled to the surface with well mineralized quartz. The ore at the point of contact is exceedingly rich, in fact the face of the vein is yellow with gold.

Four adits have been driven at different levels, and the formation has been carefully explored, showing it to consist of three folds. The measure across the vein is 53 feet. The lowest fold carries the richest ore, the others are comparatively lean. They are separated from each other by bands of slate—coal black slate. At the end of the third adit, the upper and middle veins run out; from that onward to the point of contact with the fissure vein it is all pay ore. A fourth adit was driven 75 feet, when a cutting was made at 50 feet and the vein there shows 16½ feet in width.

All the development work has been made inside of one year under the management of Col. W. K. Wallace. A mill has been erected this year for treating the ore. Work on it commenced in July and the first run was made on Nov. 9. It is a Fraser & Chambers mill of twenty stamps and eight fine vanners, and when run at full capacity can crush and treat fifty tons for a day of twenty-four hours. At present it is crushing forty-four tons per day. For three days ran on barren rock to get the mill in working order. They began to crush ore with four batteries on Oct. 14, selecting the leanest ore. The plates were cleaned up every day, and last Friday evening Col. Wallace weighed the product of the first week's work from the plates. They weighed about twenty-eight pounds avoirdupois, of which about eight pounds would be quick silver. The precious metal is an alloy of gold and silver in the proportion of \$15 of the former to \$3 of the latter per ounce.

This would give a little over \$5000 as the gold output for the first week. Without touching the amalgam in the batteries or in the vanners all the larger particles of gold will be found in the batteries and in the concentrates as now milled will yield about \$50 per ton. It is not unlikely therefore that the first week's millings, say 200 tons, will yield not less than \$15,000. A quantity of 2½ tons of average ore from this mine milled at the Houghton, Mich., school of mines yielded \$60 per ton. There is a large mass of gold ore in sight, calculated at 150,000 tons and although no one can say positively what the yield will be until it has gone through the mill, there is hardly a shadow of doubt that the property will be rich and productive. There are also several other discoveries in the district, some of which are worth development.

The Lakes Still Lead the Country.

E. C. O'Brien, commissioner of navigation, whose office was turned over a few days ago to a Democrat, Eugene R. Chamberlain, gave out some advance matter from his annual report before retiring, and the statistics again place the lakes far in advance of other divisions of the country as regards new tonnage. The records of the bureau show that the tonnage of the lakes increased from 711,205 tons in 1882 to 1,201,067 tons in 1893. In all parts of the country during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1893, 950 new vessels have been documented whose aggregate tonnage is 211,539.35 tons. Of these, 175 vessels, representing a tonnage of 99,271.24, were built upon the great lakes.

Thirty-five of these, measuring 62,825.22 tons, were of iron or steel, also built upon the great lakes. Their tonnage tonnage built in the United States elsewhere than on the great lakes embraced thirty vessels, aggregating 31,706.82 tons. The number of iron and steel vessels documented on June 30, 1893, on the lakes was 172, the tonnage being 265,727. The increase in the documented tonnage built upon the lakes during the past year as compared with that of the previous year was 53,392. The number of vessels documented in the various customs districts on the northern lakes at the end of the fiscal year was 3761, and the tonnage was 1,261,067. Of this number, 1205 vessels, of 317,789 tons,

were sailing craft, 1731 vessels, of 858,702 tons, were steamers, and the residue, consisting of 825 vessels reported of 114,576 tons, were canal boats, barges, etc.

Four hundred and ninety-three sailing vessels, measuring 49,348 tons, and 380 steam vessels, measuring 134,367 tons, were built and documented in all parts of the country during the last fiscal year; also 28 canal boats, measuring 3701 tons, and 53 barges, measuring 24,135 tons. The number and tonnage of vessels composing the merchant marine of the United States, as compared with the preceding year, is as follows:

	Number of Vessels.	Tonnage.
1892.....	24,388	4,784,921.00
1893.....	24,382	4,826,671.00

This shows an increase of 129 vessels and an increase of tonnage of 60,140.85 tons during the last fiscal year. Other tables published herewith are of interest as showing the growth of domestic commerce and shipbuilding for domestic commerce, but a large part of the report is as usual devoted to data showing the decadence of American shipping engaged in our foreign commerce. Tonnage owned by Americans and employed in foreign commerce continues on the decline. In 1860 the amount of tonnage thus engaged was 2,379,365; in 1870, 1,448,845; 1880, 1,314,402; 1890, 928,062; 1891, 988,719; 1892, 977,624; 1893, 883,199.

TITLE AT LAST PERFECTED

WE ARE NOW ABLE TO OFFER LOTS IN

EAST LAWN DIVISION

WITH PERFECT TITLE.

This Property is Centrally Located on the Street Railway Line, and is now offered

FOR THE FIRST TIME,

And at such Prices and Terms as will bear investigation.

Richardson, Day & Co.

1003 TORREY BUILDING.

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CHIPS AND SAWDUST.

Resume of the Lumber Business of the Past Year in the Duluth Inspection District.

The Lumber Trade Suffered Alike With Others From the Universal Depression in All Trade Centers.

Pacific Coast Timber Brought Into Direct Competition With Local Products—Pertinent Facts and Figures.

The lumber trade of Duluth has, in common with every other industry in the Northwest, suffered severely from the financial stringency of the past year. A fair stock of logs and lumber "on the stick" was carried over from 1892, and last winter's log cut in the Duluth district was a large one, but after June 1 the mills ceased running at night and sawmillmen were not unhappy whenever a temporary scarcity of logs shut down their mills for a few days at a time.

About the middle of July fully half of the sawmills in this district were shut down, and those that started up again ran on short time. At Cloquet the first logs of the season of 1893 were turned out of the boom, and on Aug. 8, exactly ninety days after the last log of the season was sluiced through the sorting gates and the boom closed for the season.

The natural consequence of this is that the lumber companies at Cloquet have a full stock of logs and the Nelson Lumber company, that last year cut and banked over \$500,000 feet of logs, this year has one camp in the woods from which they will put in only 5,000,000 feet. The same is true of the Shaw Lumber company and in fact of nearly every lumbering concern in this district. It is estimated that the companies at Cloquet are also carrying over about 100,000,000 feet of sawed stuff and the yards here are pretty well stocked up for this time of the year.

The cause for these heavy stocks being carried over, independent of the hard times, is this: If the duty is removed from lumber, the Eastern cities, and especially the lake ports, will be flooded with lumber from Canada. This may or may not be profitable to the Canucks, but the rush will come and it will check considerably, if not entirely, the shipment East of lumber from here, for a time at least, as demoralization of prices from such an invasion. The fear of this has had the effect of rendering Eastern buyers very cautious, and last fall the shipments made East from the head of the lake were mostly to fill contracts already made. The hard times also had the effect of reducing home consumption and the prairie trade, so that at 30 cents a bushel and lower, was a hollow mockery and a fraud.

On the other hand it is claimed by some of the lumbermen in this district that they will get a big trade from Manitoba and the Canadian Northwest if lumber should be admitted free into Canada, and they expect to see if the duty is removed from lumber from Canada. The Northwest Territories draws their supply of lumber from the mills upon the Lake of the Woods, where the lumber from the Rainy river district is manufactured. Duluth, if the duty is removed by Canada, can afford to compete for this trade, as very soon the Canadian Pacific railroad will have its own line through to Winnipeg, the distributing point for lumber, as for the most of the other goods going into the Northwest Territories of British North America.

One thing that is noticeable is that in spite of the utter stagnation in most forms of legitimate speculation, pine lands are becoming more and more inquired for every day. Not in the Duluth district alone is this apparent, but also over in Wisconsin, where some heavy sales of lumber tributary to Duluth have recently been reported. All stumpage in this vicinity has been firmly held at huge prices for the past two or three years, and the wise old heads among pine land buyers are on the alert at present to take advantage of any sign of a disposition to let such property go upon slightly easier terms.

Some pine land owners, however, are pursuing a different course. For instance, Shibley & Bearinger, the heavy dealers of Saginaw, are having some of their best lands cut over this winter by jobbers, and the logs will presumably be for sale in the spring. Jobber's contracts are playing an important part in lumber operations this winter. As will be seen by the table given below, quite a few firms who in times past have put a good jag of logs upon their own account, are not in the woods at all this winter. These men will for the most part want some logs next year, and the pine land man who cuts his timber this winter and can supply the demand for logs that will be the inevitable result of a retention of the duty on lumber, will reap a rich return upon his enterprise.

Wages this season are very small. In many of the camps they are working more men than are really needed, and any camp near a settlement or reasonably accessible, is sure to have to feed from six to a dozen men a day who come looking for work. A Michigan lumberman said that it reminded him of twenty years ago when the "pot gangs" used to roam through the Michigan lumber woods and hold up tote teams and help themselves to the supplies. Upon the Mesaba range robberies from the camps have been numerous and the tote teamster who has to put up at any of the stopping places, has to sleep on his load, if he wants to take any of it into camp with him in the morning.

It is too early in the winter to say anything about prices for the next season. Everything depends upon the question of tariff. If the duty is removed logs will be plenty and cheap, as the manufacture of lumber will be much curtailed; if the duty is retained and our Eastern market conserved to us, as against the Canucks, then logs will be in good demand and most probably some immense logging will have to be done.

One of the most startling innovations in the lumber business of the past year, has been the introduction of redwood timber from the Pacific coast. For dock and elevator building 12 by 12 timbers and upwards, even where Norway pine would pass inspection, have always been

difficult to procure. Lumbermen feel that good, sound, clear lumber is getting too valuable to side up and turn out for crib building at \$11 or \$12 per thousand when it will cut into stuff worth \$30. It is also difficult, if not nearly impossible, to get white pine timbers 12 by 12 by 30 and upwards, and when the Mesaba ore docks and the docks at Superior were designed the builders were confronted with this difficulty. It was solved, however, by sending to Seattle for figures, and timbers of the requisite dimensions were obtained at about \$25 to \$28 per thousand feet on the cars here. At this price the coast lumbermen cut, saw, load and deliver their stuff for about \$8 to \$10 per thousand, or at about the price of good white pine logs in the boom here, when the demand is good. It would not appear that there was very much profit in that sort of business. However, although the amount per se of timber used in these two structures was large, the sale of it here did not have any effect upon the local market, but its advent was rather hailed as an advantage by the lumbermen, as it relieved them of the necessity of slaughtering good, heavy pine to oblige customers. Some of this timber was also used in the construction of the new flouring mills and elevators, but only in the form of heavy timbers, no dimension stuff or plank having as yet been shipped.

Log towing this past season has been fairly successful. Scarcely any timber to speak of was lost on the lake, and a fair rate, both to log men and tag men, was maintained. The report of the government engineers on log towing in the great lakes and their connecting channels will not affect log towing in this district to any great extent. More care will have to be exercised inside the harbor, while in the government channels and perhaps when passing through the piers of the canal, or the natural entry, the services of an extra tug or two may be needed, so as to prevent obstruction, but at this end of the lake the log rafts have seldom proved an obstruction to navigation.

A good many logs are already being hauled on the cars and this mode of bringing logs to the boom is becoming every year more popular. The iron ore roads are beginning to find that this is a profitable winter business for them when no one is moving and instead of loggers having to beg for the privilege of getting cars and sidetracks for loading, they now have good facilities offered them at fair rates.

The outlook for next season may be summed up thus: If the duty is taken off lumber, then, in view of the heavy stocks of manufactured stuff and logs that are being carried over this winter, it is reasonably certain that most of the sawmills will remain idle next summer, and that logs will be a drug. If, however, the present duty, or even a slightly lower be retained, logs will be trumps and black smoke and sawdust will be plenty around the mills.

The following is in round numbers the approximate amount of lumber sawed in the Duluth district and at the head of Lake Superior:

	Feet.
Mitchell & McClure	4,000,000
Cloquet Lumber Co.	4,000,000
C. N. Nelson Lumber Co.	4,000,000
Granberry Lumber Co.	4,000,000
Howe Lumber Co.	4,000,000
West Superior Lumber Co.	4,000,000
Peyton, Kimball & Barber	4,000,000
Messia Lumber Co.	4,000,000
Duncan, Brewer & Co.	4,000,000
Murray & Co.	4,000,000
Saginaw Lumber Co.	4,000,000
Scott & Holston	4,000,000
Palma & Co.	4,000,000
B. B. Richards Lumber Co.	4,000,000
Howard Lumber Co.	4,000,000
Bradley & Hanford	4,000,000
Finlayson Lumber Co.	4,000,000
W. P. Humbach	4,000,000
Railroad mills for miscellaneous	4,000,000
Total	35,000,000

Amount of shingles cut, 95,000,000

Amount of lath cut, 6,000,000

Amount of lumber shipped east by lake, 210,000,000

The amount of logs cut this winter will be approximately as follows:

	Feet.
Knox Lumber Co.	1,000,000
C. N. Nelson Lumber Co.	1,000,000
Peyton, Kimball & Barber	1,000,000
Granberry Lumber Co.	1,000,000
West Superior Lumber Co.	1,000,000
Duncan, Brewer & Co.	1,000,000
Scott & Holston	1,000,000
B. B. Richards Lumber Co.	1,000,000
Howard Lumber Co.	1,000,000
Finlayson Lumber Co.	1,000,000
Crabtree Lumber Co.	1,000,000
Louden & Thomas	1,000,000
Total	12,000,000

The total estimated log cut for the winter of 1892-3 was about 400,000,000, and these figures tell eloquently of the depression in the lumber trade. Surveyor General George F. Ash estimates that about 110,000,000 feet of logs are being carried over in the booms this winter.

A Lumber Journal's Comment.

This is what the Mississippi Valley Lumberman said in a recent issue. "But the fact remains that Duluth as a lumber manufacturing city is destined to cut quite a figure, although the lumber produced at Duluth is entering into competition with the product of Minnesota and Wisconsin interior mills less and less each year. Duluth is building up a lake shipping lumber trade, and while a few years ago the lumber sawn there was largely shipped to the West and Southwest by rail, and entered into competition with the lumber manufactured at upper Mississippi river points and mill towns in Central and Northern Wisconsin located at a distance from lake harbors now the trade of Duluth is with Eastern dealers and their lumber delivered by water. The mills in the Duluth district are drawing closer and closer to the lake shore, that they may enjoy the privileges of lake transportation, and it is the belief of the best posted lumbermen of that district that what mills are to be built at Duluth in the future, will be located on deep water that they may enter the Eastern trade with their product. Speaking of this new drift of the Duluth lumber trade to the Lumberman a few days ago, Mr. L. A. Barber, of Peyton, Kimball & Barber had the following to say:

"The lumber trade here is gradually getting into a wholesale line, and it is easier to sell a cargo to go East by water than to sell a carload to the Northwest, besides being a great deal more satisfactory. I take it that those mills of the Duluth district that are located on deep water will quite rapidly get into the Eastern trade almost exclusively, leaving the Northwest to interior mills of Western Wisconsin and railways west of us. This will help both sides and avoid unnecessary competition. I take it also that any more mills that may be built in this district will be for this very reason located on the water front in this city and not along any of the rail lines or streams back of us. Logs are worth \$1 per 1000 feet more delivered at mills here than

Continued on page 18.

LAKE SIDE LAND COMPANY,



507 FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

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A LOT IN LAKESIDE FOR A

CHRISTMAS PRESENT!

The Lakeside Land Company,
Like the Rest of Duluth, is in It to Stay!

LAKESIDE where our property is situated, is in the eastern portion of the city along the lake shore, lies beautifully, having a gentle slope towards Lake Superior.

Lakeside has electric lights, city water, sewers, finely graded streets, handsome churches, well appointed schools and beautiful parks. Lakeside is reached by an electric line which runs comfortable cars at frequent intervals. Lakeside is also reached by the London Road, which is one of the finest drives in the world.

LAKESIDE has all the comforts and conveniences of the city proper and none of the discomforts. Owing to the enactment of a law by the legislature in 1891, there can never be any liquor sold in Lakeside and thus it will always be Duluth's banner residence suburb.

Anyone Intending to Make Duluth
His Permanent Home will Do Well to See Us
BEFORE DECIDING TO PURCHASE ELSEWHERE

We offer special inducements to those who buy to build. If you are buying for a rise in value, we are now selling lots at such a price that magnificent returns are bound to result from a purchase of us. Write for maps and prices.

LAKESIDE LAND COMPANY.

COLORED PAPER STOCK

JOBBER AND MANUFACTURERS OF DULUTH.

DRY GOODS.	SHOES.	DRUGS.	GROCERS.	MEATS.	LEATHER.	HARDWARE.
<p>F. F. McIVER, President and Manager. L. MENDENHALL, Treasurer.</p> <p>—THE—</p> <p>DULUTH DRY GOODS COMPANY.</p> <p>Duluth, Minn.</p> <p>—</p> <p>WHOLESALE</p> <p>DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, HOSIERY AND MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.</p>	<p>ROBT. F. FITZGERALD, President & Manager. JOS. SELLWOOD, Treasurer.</p>  <p>Duluth Shoe Company.</p> <p>Manufacturers and Jobbers. DULUTH, MINN. Foot of Sixth Avenue West.</p>	<p>Sagar Drug Company, Importers and Wholesale Druggists. Fifth Avenue West, DULUTH, MINN.</p>	<p>Wells= Stone Mercantile Company, Wholesale Grocers. DULUTH, MINN.</p>	<p>Armour Packing Company KANSAS CITY. BRANCH ARMOUR PACKING COMPANY, SIXTH AVENUE WEST AND RAILROAD STREET, DULUTH, - - MINN.</p>	<p>Schulze Bros., Dealers in LEATHER and SHOE FINDINGS And Manufacturers of Boot & Shoe UPPERS. 116 West Michigan Street, DULUTH, MINN. P. S. REMEMBER We have re- moved from our old stand on Lake Avenue to more commodious quarters at the ABOVE NUMBER.</p>	<p>Marshall- Wells Hardware Company HEAVY and SHELF. Mining, Mill, Rail- road and Lumber- men's Supplies, a Specialty. DULUTH, MINN.</p>
COAL.	BROWNSTONE.	FLOUR.	GROCERS.	LIQUORS.	COFFEE AND SPICES.	HARDWARE.
<p>NORTHWESTERN FUEL CO., WHOLESALE AND RETAIL Dealers in Bituminous and Anthracite</p> <p>COAL.</p> <p>Offices in Torrey Building. 2,000,000 Tons Storage Capacity.</p> <p>Wharves: Duluth, West Su- perior, Washburn, Green Bay and Milwaukee.</p>	<p>FRANCIS OMEIS, Formerly QUIMBY & OMEIS. JOBBER IN... LAKE SUPERIOR Brown Stone.</p> <p>Bedford Stone, Buff and Blue Chio Stone, Kasota Lime Stone, And All Kinds of Granite and Marble.</p> <p>We also own in connection the Cranberry River Quarry. Stone and estimates furnished to any part of the United States.</p> <p>OFFICES AND YARDS— 215-221 Lake Avenue South.</p>	<p>T. B. Hawkes & Co. INCORPORATED. MANUFACTURERS OF... FLOUR. WHOLESALE Grain, Hay And Produce! MILLS AT ROYALTON, MINN. MAIN OFFICE DULUTH, MINN.</p>	<p>Pioneer Wholesale House in Duluth.</p> <p>Stone-Ordean CO. IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE GROCERS. Duluth, - Minn.</p>	<p>THE California WINE HOUSE, FRERKER BROS & CO. Proprietors. WHOLESALE Wines and Liquors. 15 WEST SUPERIOR ST. Duluth, - Minn.</p>	<p>THE SMITH & COULTER Spice Company, D. B. SMITH, President. J. W. COULTER, Vice President. CHAS. L. WHITE, Sec. & Treas. Manufacturers of COFFEE, SPICES, EXTRACTS and Cream Loaf BAKING POWDER. Coffee and Spice Mills, Duluth, - - Minn.</p>	<p>J. J. Costello Hardware COMPANY. Wholesale and Retail. Mining, Mill and Lumbermen's Supplies. 20 and 22 East Superior Street, DULUTH, - MINN.</p>
COAL.	MINING AND MILL SUPPLIES.	FLOUR.	BEER.	LUMBER.	FISH AND OYSTERS.	CONFECTIONERY.
<p>Pioneer Fuel Co. General Sales Office Is now located at the Storage and distributing point for coal: Duluth, Minn. Mail and telegraph orders reach it direct. The confusion and delay inci- dent to handling business via St. Paul and Minneapolis is avoided. The selection, screening, weigh- ing and shipment of coal come under its immediate supervision. Invoicing, accounts and corre- spondence with the general trade receive special attention; and This company always offers Speedy Shipments, Effi- cient Service, Prompt Re- plies to inquiries, and its well-known Coals at the Lowest Market Prices. Correspondence, Mail and Telegraph Orders Solicited.</p>	<p>THE CRANE & ORDWAY COMPANY. Northwestern Agents for Hoyt's Pure Oak-Tanned Leather Belting, Boston Belting Company Rubber Goods, A tkin's Saws, and REEVE'S PULLEYS. Manufacturers and Jobbers of Mining, Mill and Lum- bermen's Supplies, Iron Pipe, Brass Goods and Fittings. 8 and 10 East Mich. St., Duluth, Minn.</p>	<p>J. J. HARTLEY & CO. Flour General Commission Merchants. Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Grain, Mill Feed, Hay Duluth, Minn, Exclusive Agents for "Fargo's Best" Fancy Patent Flour.</p>	<p>GEO. SCHMIDT, Duluth Agent Val Blatz BREWING COMPANY. Milwaukee, Wis. Bottle and Keg Beer to the Trade and Families a Specialty. DULUTH, MINN.</p>	<p>Howe Lumber Company LATH AND Shingles LONG DIMENSION. P. D. Graff, President, P. M. Graff, Vice Pres. F. L. Murray, Sec. & Treas. J. Howard, Supt. Duluth, Minn.</p>	<p>ESTABLISHED 1850. Highest Medals and Awards From Every Country on the Globe. A. BOOTH Packing Company. OVAL BRAND Oysters, Fish and Canned Goods. A Specialty of Lake Superior Trout and Whitefish. DULUTH OFFICES and DOCK 501 Lake Avenue South. BRANCH OFFICES: Chicago, St. Paul, St. Louis, Kansas City, Omaha, Lincoln, Denver, St. Joseph, Minneapolis, Ashland, Duluth, Bayfield, Astoria, Escanaba, Marquette, Mobile.</p>	<p>J. S. Shinnors & Co. Wholesale CANDY Manufacturers. 110 West Michigan Street, Duluth, - Minn.</p>
DOCKS AND WAREHOUSES.	SHIP CHANDLERS.	COLD STORAGE.	COMMISSION MERCHANTS.	LUMBER.	BREWERS.	FEED AND STORAGE.
<p>Union Dock AND Warehouses. Storage, Forwarding AND Commission. Telephone 392.</p>	<p>CLYDE IRON Company. Machinists, Foundrymen and Ship Chandlers. Marine Trade ... A SPECIALTY... Dealers in Mill and Con- tractors Supplies. OFFICE AND WORKS— 302, 304, 306 & 3 8 Lake Avenue South, DULUTH, MINN.</p>	<p>GEO. MESSICK. GEO. MACAULAY Messick & Macaulay, COLD STORAGE! WHOLESALE DEALERS IN Butter, Eggs, Cheese, ETC., ETC. GENERAL COMMISSION. 317-319-321 Lake Avenue South, DULUTH, MINN.</p>	<p>W. H. Carpenter & CO. GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS, JOBBER OF <i>Cigars and Grocers' Sundries.</i> 201-203 W. Mich. St. Telephone No. 513. DULUTH, - MINN.</p>	<p>HOWARD Lumber COMPANY, Manufacturers and Dealers in Lumber Lath and Shingles Office:— HOWARD BLOCK, 10 East Michigan Street, Duluth, Minn.</p>	<p>A. Fitger & Co., -PROPRIETORS, LAKE SUPERIOR BREWERY. CAPACITY 100,000 BARRELS ANNUALLY The Trade and Families Sup- plied.</p>	<p>P. G. KRAEMER & CO., WHOLESALE Hay, Grain and Millstuffs Agents: The Duluth Imperial Flour. Manufacturers of Feed. STORAGE: 102 and 104 W. Michigan St.</p>

COLORED PAPER STOCK

PANTON & WATSON

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

Entered at the postoffice at Duluth, Minn., as
second-class mail matter.

The Weather.
U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, DULUTH, MINN.,
Dec. 20.—There has been a considerable
decrease in pressure in the region north of
Montana and North Dakota, and the barometer
was lowest this morning at Great Falls, Minn.,
and was highest at St. Paul, Minn., and
St. Louis, Mo. The wind is from the west
and the temperature is below normal.
The temperature at Duluth is 30 below
normal.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 7
degrees above zero; maximum temperature
yesterday, 10 degrees; minimum last night,
zero.

DULUTH, Dec. 20.—Local forecast until 8 p. m.
Snow, heavy; Thursday, warmer tonight and
Thursday; winds becoming easterly.
JAMES KENNER,
Local Forecast Officer.

The Pioneer Fuel company sells the best grades of
coal, and from the low prices now in effect
gives liberal discounts for cash and makes prompt
deliveries. Office, 230 West Superior street.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—Forecast till 8 p. m.
tomorrow: For Minnesota and Wisconsin:
Fair; warmer Thursday morning and afternoon;
southerly winds.

A Very Liberal Measure.
A special dispatch from Washington
to The Herald yesterday announced the
introduction by Senator Davis of an
amendment to the Commercial Bridge
company's bill, which makes it practically
a new bill. The main provisions
of this measure were published in last
evening's issue of The Herald, but the
News Tribune this morning, owing no
doubt to an oversight, did not mention
the matter.

The new bill is one of the fairest and
most liberal that has ever been presented
to congress by any company seeking a
bridge franchise. It follows closely the
recommendations of the joint committee
of Duluth and Superior citizens held
here several weeks ago, and
adds some features very favor-
able to the two cities that were
not even suggested by the joint com-
mittee, thus showing a disposition on
the part of the company to act in a fair
and liberal manner towards the people on
both sides of the bay. It provides for
equal rights and privileges for all street
and other railway companies, teams,
wagons, etc., desiring to use the bridge,
and also declares that foot passengers
and the employees of all companies for
the fire and police departments of the two
cities shall have the right of passage free
of all tolls.

The bridge is to be of iron and steel,
and the plans submitted to the war de-
partment show that the approaches will
be similarly constructed. The height of
the bridge is fixed at twenty-six feet,
two feet higher than previously designed,
which is a feature that the vessel inter-
ests will appreciate. Due provision
is made for the sale and transfer of the
bridge at any time to the two cities or
two counties at the cost price, with 7 per
cent interest, with the proviso that "said
bridge and its approaches thereafter
shall be made free of tolls only to
wagons, teams and foot passengers." This
is an eminently sensible provision.
There is no reason why street cars or
steam railway cars should be given free
passage over this bridge. The city
should receive some revenue from these
sources to pay the cost of maintenance
and repairs and provide for interest and
sinking fund for the bonds. To give
street or other railway companies free
passage would be granting them a valu-
able franchise without any return what-
ever. The argument of the News Tri-
bune to the contrary is weak, flimsy and
nonsensical.

Section 5 of the Commercial company's
new bill is worthy of particular notice.
It says: "The corporation, person or per-
sons owning said bridge shall pay to the
city of Duluth and city of Superior each
5 per cent of the net annual income de-
rived from the use and operation thereof,
which sums shall be paid to the respec-
tive cities for the use of the city treasurers
of said cities on June 1st in each
and every year after the completion
of said bridge. And said city of
Duluth and city of Superior shall each
be entitled to be represented upon the
board of directors of said bridge com-
pany by one person to be selected an-
nually by said councils."

In other words the Commercial com-
pany offers to divide to per cent of its
net annual income between the two cities
and allow each city a director to see
that the interests of the cities are taken
care of in a proper manner. What could
be fairer or more liberal than this?

Shutting Out the Fakirs.
The railroads with headquarters at St.
Paul and Minneapolis have taken a step
that means hard lines for the advertis-
ing fakirs. They have decided to re-
strict their advertising to the old and re-
liable publications and give all the fakes
the cold shoulder.

A well-known passenger agent is
quoted as saying: "The local lines have
been imposed upon for years past by
cheap newspapers and other advertising
mediums. On numerous occasions the
men operating these schemes have se-
cured advertisements from the roads, re-
ceived valuable transportation in pay-

ment, and, after two or three issues, have
suspended publication. This cheap ad-
vertising does not pay. This has brought
about the recent reform movement in
the matter of advertising, and there is no
doubt but that the roads will save largely
by the new deal."

The railroads are extensive advertisers
and they are good judges of the relative
values of the various mediums for adver-
tising. This decision on their part is
therefore not astonishing. It should
have and doubtless will have a good ef-
fect upon the merchants, who are being
unconsciously imposed upon almost
every week by fake advertising medi-
ums. Duluth merchants have had some
experience in this line and most of them
know better now. They have learned
that the best returns are obtained by ad-
vertising in long established newspapers
of general circulation.

It is stated that there is a wailing and
gnashing of teeth among the Democrats
at Washington over the appointment of
Wayne MacVeagh to be minister to
Italy, and that it has created as big a
sensation as Judge Gresham's selection
for secretary of state. Old time Demo-
crats are disgusted to see recent converts
catching such juicy plums.

John P. Hopkins, the Democratic can-
didate for mayor of Chicago, was elected
yesterday by the narrow majority of 1230
on a total vote of nearly 130,000. This
is a big falling off from the last election,
and cannot bring much comfort to the
Democrats.

Secretary Carlisle's recommendation
that more bonds be issued to preserve
the gold reserve will not please the
silverites. But, "it is a condition and
not a theory" that confronts the secre-
tary of the treasury.

The state supreme court has discovered
that it is not fully posted on the
laws of the state. Other people have
had a suspicion for some time past that
such was the case.

The New York Commercial Advertiser
thinks that "Powderly might possibly se-
cure a lucrative job as walking dele-
gate." Well, bless you, he already has
his walking papers.

Congressman Keifer, of St. Paul, has
presented a protest against taking play-
ing cards as proposed in the Wilson bill.
It probably emanates from the Minne-
sota club.

The Mugwumps are still in it. Look
at Wayne MacVeagh!

THE CHRISTMAS EDITION.

"Has a Splendid Review of the City and
Suburbs."

Duluth News Tribune: The Herald last
evening published its Christmas edi-
tion, which consisted of twenty-four
pages. It is a paper that reflects credit
upon the enterprise and energetic man-
agement and advertising force and upon
the ability and newspaper capacity of
the editors.

It has a splendid review of the city
and suburbs for the past year, its jobbing
and manufacturing articles being espe-
cially noteworthy, and its miscellaneous
columns are well filled.
It is such papers as this which do
as much as anything else to build up a city,
and The Herald should have the cordial
cooperation of the business men of the
city in the support of such a paper. It
should be widely circulated. A city is
known by its newspapers. If they are
good, the place is thought well of by the
people abroad.

Duluth people should encourage the
progressive press. The press has made
during the past year, and should not so
divide their patronage that first-class
papers cannot be published. What is
wanted here is a good morning and an
evening newspaper, good in every
sense of the word.

The Herald admirably fills the evening
field. If anything more was needed to
show this, its issue of last evening
does it.

The Usual Way.
St. Paul News: A man by the name
of John W. McKane is suing the New
York World for libel. The charges in
the World for which damages are asked
have just been sustained by a court
which sends the aforesaid John W. Mc-
Kane to jail, the very place where the
World said he ought to go. And there
you are.

Doesn't Believe in Christmas.
Chicago Tribune: There would be no
appropriateness in giving Lincolnkian's
present back to him as a Christmas
present. She doesn't believe in Christ-
mas.

Give to the Poor.
Yenowine's News: Our Christmas
has grown really selfish, and may be
this year we can untwist some of the
strands of this hard cord of selfishness,
and give generously where we look for
no return nor even a thank you.

Lived in an Apartment.
New York Herald: Muggins (recently
married showing his apartment). This is
a wardrobe where my wife hangs her
clothes and this is another wardrobe
where my wife hangs her clothes. Bil-
lter—Where do you hang your clothes?
Muggins—Oh, I don't have any now.

True Love.
Boston Transcript: True hymeneal
love is to be found in the family where
the man never thinks that the woman
spends too much money for bon bons
and where the woman never thinks the
money her husband spends for cigars is
money thrown away.

Life Is Too Short.
New York Herald: The preachers
have given up preaching about the fol-
lies of women's apparel. Life is too
short.

Too True.
Toledo Commercial: A miner may be
ever so well off, but he can't help getting
in a hole occasionally.

NO FRAUDS WERE FOUND.

An Inquiry That Resulted in Favor of
Settlers.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—Special
Agents Young and Lamb, of the interior
department, who have been investigating
certain alleged irregularities in connec-
tion with the settlement of certain lands
in the Duluth district, have reported in
most of the cases in favor of the settlers.
It will be remembered that several
months ago a report was given currency
from the heads of the land department
that big frauds were suspected. The
frauds were not found, and the report is
in accordance with the facts.

SWINDLED A MILLER.

Minneapolis Men Mixed Up in a Fraudulent
Deal.

BLACK RIVER FALLS, Wis., Dec. 20.
—About a week ago W. F. Gibson,
claiming to hail from Ireland, made a
deal of the flouring mill here owned by
M. Martins. Last night R. E. Bader, an
alleged real estate dealer of Minneapolis,
was arrested, charged with being privy
to aiding and abetting a fraudulent
transaction.

In contracting with Gibson, the mill
was exchanged for stock in the North
St. Paul Land company, worth 40
cents on the dollar, and a return mort-
gage of \$11,000. Gibson has disposed
of all the stock around the mill and has
decamped. He will be brought back
and charged with fraudulent transac-
tions.

Bader was held in \$1000 bonds,
which he could not furnish, and he is
now in jail. The property has passed
into the hands of Elliott C. Allen and
Nellie F. Stone, of Hennepin county,
Minn.

ONE DEAD AND FIVE INJURED.

A Westbound Passenger Train Ditched in
Yesterday.

WINCHESTER, Tex., Dec. 20.—A west-
bound passenger train on the San Antonio
and Arkansas Pass was ditched
near here yesterday morning. The
dead: Clark Dyer, newsboy. The in-
jured: G. R. Bryant, arm broken; Charles
Semmler, injured in left side; T. H.
Walters, St. Louis, serious scalp wound;
H. H. Wild, Colorado, rib fractured;
Moses Smith, arm and head bruised.

A Small Plurality.

CHICAGO, Dec. 20.—The Democracy
of Chicago was victorious at the polls
yesterday when a mayor was selected for
the office. The electors were: John P.
H. Harrison. The new mayor is John P.
Harrison, and his defeated opponent,
George B. Swift, now mayor ad interim.
The contest was a close one as shown by
the following figures: Hopkins, 112,050;
Swift, 111,735; plurality for Hopkins
1220.

Fire in Boston.

BOSTON, Dec. 20.—The building num-
bered 80 and 82 South Market street,
was partly burned yesterday. The two
floors were occupied by Green & Co.,
produce commission merchants, and the
two upper floors by Eldridge, Baine &
Baker, wholesale grocers.

Meiggs Convicted.

ST. PAUL, Dec. 20.—James H. Meiggs,
the Merchant's bank robber, was found
guilty at 11 o'clock last night and will be
sentenced to ten years in state prison.

Gladstone Criticized.

LONDON, Dec. 20.—All the Conserva-
tive papers this morning severely criti-
cized Mr. Gladstone's refusal to disclose
the government's naval program.

Less Business for Coppers.

New York Press: Better homes for
New York's tenement dwellers mean less
business for policemen, justices and
jails.

Free and Easy.

Baltimore American: Paradoxical as
it may seem, the freest class of people in
this liberty loving republic are the ser-
vants.

Why Not?

Daily American: Will the greater New
York include Coney Island and John W.
McKane?

Strange.

Tammany Times: The giraffe has
never been known to utter a sound, and
yet there are female giraffes.

There will be no lecture in Hunter
hall Sunday by Mrs. Luther, as she has
been called away on account of the death
of her husband.

Oh, My Heart!

Palpitation and Rheumatism.

OMAHA, Dec. 20.—Chris Frahm, one of
the trusted employees of the German
Savings bank, was arrested several days
since for stealing \$3000 from the bank.
Yesterday it developed that a bold plan
had been arranged to rob the bank and
Frahm is involved.

The night before Frahm was arrested two
clerks, being by accident in the bank at
11 o'clock, heard the time lock of the
vault, that should not sound until bank-
ing hours in the morning, go off. Inves-
tigation proved that it had been set for
that hour. It was Frahm's duty to set
this lock.

There was \$50,000 in cash in the vault
that night, and the idea is that an ac-
cident alone saved the institution.

Confessed His Guilt.

LONDON, Dec. 20.—A dispatch to the
Central News from Barcelona states that
Jose Codina, the anarchist, who was
lately arrested, has confessed that he
was the author of the dynamite explo-
sion that occurred in the Lyceum the-
ater there on the night of Nov. 7 when
upwards of thirty persons were killed.

New Public Building.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—Bids were
opened at the treasury department yester-
day for the erection of a public build-
ing at Sheboygan, Wis. Thomas R.
Bentley, of Milwaukee, was the lowest
bidder at \$29,892.

A Street Robber Killed.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Dec. 20.—Thomas
B. Barrett, the reckless and desperado
street robber, who was shot at the corner
of Sixth and Wyandotte streets early
yesterday morning by Jacob Barber,
while in the act of robbing Isaac Thomp-
son, a negro, died at the city hospital.

Attend the glove sale at Madame
Ward's.

TOM DEVINE IN A FIX

He Went to New York and Was Married
While Seeing Life in the
Metropolis.

While Going Through the Tenderloin Dis-
trict He Met a Pretty Brunette Named
Nellie English.

They Were Married Next Day by Alderman
Flynn, and Now Devine Wants a
Divorce.

Thomas Devine, formerly of Duluth,
where he has had numerous escapades
in past years and now a lumberman and
banker on the Pacific coast, is again in
trouble. In fact, he is in an awful fix,
from which he is trying to extricate him-
self. About a year ago, after visiting
Duluth, he went to New York
and while seeing life in the gay
metropolis was married to a "Tender-
loin" girl. Now he is seeking a divorce.
The whole story is told in the following
dispatch from New York:

"Thomas Devine, about 45 years old,
of Irish descent and a resident of Port-
land, Ore., is a wealthy lumberman and
president of the Bank of Kent, in the
state of Washington. A few days ago,
through Howe & Hummel, he com-
menced proceedings in the superior
court for an absolute divorce from his
wife, Sarah L. Devine. Yesterday she
went before Judge Dugro and got an
order requiring her husband to show
cause why he should not pay counsel
fees and alimony pending the action.
The order is returnable on Monday."

"Mr. Devine's story, as told by himself
in his complaint, deserves to rank with
fairy tales. Unfortunately, however, it is
true. Mr. Devine, who is a widower
with two children, left his home in Port-
land last December. He reached this
city on Dec. 12, and went to the Hoffman
house. It was his first visit to New York
for many years, and he started in to en-
joy it in genuine Western fashion. His
adventures were varied, but of no
special moment up to the evening of Dec.
15, 1892. On that evening he met a
series of calls in the Tenderloin
district, on young women who habitually
waived the formality of an introduction,
and was finally lured by an obliging
hackman at No. 241 West Thirty-ninth
street named Nellie English.

"Their acquaintance progressed so
rapidly that the next morning they de-
cided to enter the holy estate of mat-
rimony. A carriage was called, and the
lumberman and his fiancée were driven
to the city hall. There they were for-
mally united according to the law by
Alderman 'Sober' Flynn. It took the
newly married pair some time after that
to get up town, and then they parted.
Mr. Devine returned to his home in Port-
land, and Mrs. Devine returned to the life she
had been leading.

"Nine months passed. Mr. Devine
occasionally received news from his wife,
but he never heard from Mrs. Devine
for a long time. He began to feel that
something was wrong, and he decided to
write her. He wrote her a long letter,
telling her of his life in New York, and
asking her to write him. He received no
answer. He wrote her again, and again
received no answer. He decided to write
her a third time, and he did so. He re-
ceived no answer. He decided to write
her a fourth time, and he did so. He re-
ceived no answer. He decided to write
her a fifth time, and he did so. He re-
ceived no answer. He decided to write
her a sixth time, and he did so. He re-
ceived no answer. He decided to write
her a seventh time, and he did so. He re-
ceived no answer. He decided to write
her an eighth time, and he did so. He re-
ceived no answer. He decided to write
her a ninth time, and he did so. He re-
ceived no answer. He decided to write
her a tenth time, and he did so. He re-
ceived no answer. He decided to write
her an eleventh time, and he did so. He re-
ceived no answer. He decided to write
her a twelfth time, and he did so. He re-
ceived no answer. He decided to write
her a thirteenth time, and he did so. He re-
ceived no answer. He decided to write
her a fourteenth time, and he did so. He re-
ceived no answer. He decided to write
her a fifteenth time, and he did so. He re-
ceived no answer. He decided to write
her a sixteenth time, and he did so. He re-
ceived no answer. He decided to write
her a seventeenth time, and he did so. He re-
ceived no answer. He decided to write
her an eighteenth time, and he did so. He re-
ceived no answer. He decided to write
her a nineteenth time, and he did so. He re-
ceived no answer. He decided to write
her a twentieth time, and he did so. He re-
ceived no answer. He decided to write
her a twenty-first time, and he did so. He re-
ceived no answer. He decided to write
her a twenty-second time, and he did so. He re-
ceived no answer. He decided to write
her a twenty-third time, and he did so. He re-
ceived no answer. He decided to write
her a twenty-fourth time, and he did so. He re-
ceived no answer. He decided to write
her a twenty-fifth time, and he did so. He re-
ceived no answer. He decided to write
her a twenty-sixth time, and he did so. He re-
ceived no answer. He decided to write
her a twenty-seventh time, and he did so. He re-
ceived no answer. He decided to write
her a twenty-eighth time, and he did so. He re-
ceived no answer. He decided to write
her a twenty-ninth time, and he did so. He re-
ceived no answer. He decided to write
her a thirtieth time, and he did so. He re-
ceived no answer. He decided to write
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HE IS WITH US AGAIN

Dr. Matthez, the Dashing Oculist, Again Makes His Appearance at the Head of the Lakes.

He Comes Under Different Circumstances, However, For Sheriff McGrath, of Superior, Accompanied Him.

His Spirit is Not Broken, However, and He Says His Position is Not Vulnerable.

Dr. I. H. Matthez, the oculist, who remained in Duluth for about two months a year or so ago and did a thriving business, is back at the head of the lakes. He did not come of his own free will, however, but under the careful protection of Sheriff McGrath, of Superior. His return, under the circumstances which compelled it, will afford great satisfaction and give to more than one individual in Duluth and if the doctor gets set upon just enough to slightly crush his buoyant spirits there are many people who will think that there is still something in life.

The doctor's sojourn in Duluth was both pleasant and profitable, according to the best information at hand. He allowed the Spalding hotel to be honored with his presence during his stay and occupied one of the best rooms in the house. He was a prominent figure in the rounds, always appearing well groomed, his luxuriant mustache nicely curled, his patent leathers shining beautifully, his trousers properly creased and his coat cut in the latest fashion. He was popular with the boys, too, and condescended to occasionally take a "river" with them. After each one of these the boys would remark more emphatically than ever that "Doc" is a high roller.

Well, when "Doc" rolled out of town he left some bills and the bills are here yet. The amounts would come in very handy to some people just now, but it is hardly probable that they will for some time yet.

He was brought back to the head of the lakes on the warrant of a Superior man, who charges him with obtaining money under false pretences. He is represented to have received \$50 for a pair of spectacles which he never furnished. A number of Duluth men are also reported short. The Chicago Herald, in a recent dispatch from Duluth, said that E. C. Girdley is shy about \$150 on account of the slippery doctor.

The Evening Telegram, in announcing his return, says the doctor looks none the worse for wear and that he is fresh, his luxuriant mustaches are well trimmed, and his sack suit of Scotch tweed and patent leather shoes are as hoisterous enough to be heard at Jim Wengler's home. The doctor said in an interview:

"There are only ten patients in both Duluth and Superior who have not received the glasses ordered. I have sent the others from time to time, and only within the last six weeks I have sent spectacles to A. J. Webster, of Superior, and L. G. Matthews, of Duluth. On the whole I think my case richer than that of a criminal. I do not think my position vulnerable in any way. I did not receive money for a great deal of work done, and altogether the business has been done under very adverse circumstances. The many losses I sustained crippled me, and my order for the National Optical Institute, of Philadelphia, with whom I did business were not filled in consequence. The institute has written to many of my patients and asks me to write those in Duluth and Superior who will guarantee the delivery of the goods. What orders I took while here were taken and given legitimately. That is all I have to say at present respecting myself."

It is not thought probable in the event of the doctor's discharge that he will renew his friendships formed in Duluth.

A FINE ENTERTAINMENT.

Miss Ford and Miss Strandage at the Pilgrim Congregational Church.

The first entertainment of the Pilgrim Congregational church last evening was not very well attended but thoroughly delighted everyone who was present. The program was carried out by Miss Edith Cline Ford, elocutionist; Miss Floy Winston Brandage, solo whistler; Mrs. Cora Dorwin Aspinwall, soprano soloist and Mrs. John Loman, accompanist.

Miss Ford is an admirable elocutionist and her work elicited the highest praise. Her versatility is remarkable and it would be hard to say in which of her specialties she excels most, light comedy or heavy tragedy. The "Flight of Emily" from Dickens was an exquisite number and was by many considered the best of the program but it is hardly best to say this as all were of such a pleasing character. "The story of the Faithful Soul," told in pantomime, exhibited Miss Ford's dramatic talent and was very cleverly acted. "A Nocturne," a dialogue between frogs and birds was a difficult and peculiar number and was excellently rendered.

Miss Brandage is a clever whistler and her selections were well chosen. She received several encores and responded graciously several times. Mrs. Aspinwall sang the Koven's "A Winter Lullaby" and received a well deserved encore. Mrs. Loman's accompaniments added greatly to the success of the entertainment.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

WHAT PEOPLE SAY.

Some of the Sentiments Dropped by Well Known People.

"Montana has done a good business in stock this year," said Live Stock Agent F. A. Sears, of the Burlington, last night. "and our road has the cream of the trade. Out of 8000 cars of stock that went East 2000 cars went on the Burlington. Helena, however, and the other mining camps are busted. There are men who were reckoned millionaires there two years ago who today are hard up for cash to buy the necessaries of life. The only thing that will save them will be the further discovery of gold in paying quantities."

"I see by the papers," said Ed Barnes, the gold mine man, "that the United States government intends to apply the mining laws to the gold regions on the boundary. That is a good idea as it will give men a show to secure title without being blackmailed by the sharks that infest the outside of the land office. We hear good news from the Rat Portage gold fields. At the Sultana they took recently \$3000 worth of free milling ore from a cubby hole of the working shaft that they are putting down there, or at the rate of \$100 a foot. At the Bad mine, which Upton & Barnes recently purchased we have sunk about thirty-five feet by the last report and what we have taken out there assays about \$10 to the ton."

AMUSEMENTS.

Julia Marlowe.

"The Love Chase," though one of Sheridan Knowles' most brilliant comedies is rarely produced on the contemporary stage. Its revival by Miss Marlowe toward the close of her last season possessed, therefore, all the commingled charms of novelty and legitimacy. Mary Shaw created Constance at the old Park theatre in New York City, in 1838, the spring after the play's first production in London, and Miss Marlowe re-created the part at the Holis theatre, Boston two generations later. She will produce it at the Temple Friday evening. On Saturday afternoon "Much A Do About Nothing" will be the bill and in the evening "Romeo and Juliet."

SUPREME COURT DECREES.

An Order in a West Duluth Case Reversed.

The following decisions have been handed down by the supreme court: Henry Nelson, respondent, vs. Village of West Duluth, appellant. Order reversed.

In an action for trespass in casting and imposing earth on plaintiff's lot, the measure of damages is, in general, the difference between the value of the lot in its former state and the value after the earth is so imposed upon it. If there be a building on the lot, not alleged to have been injured, evidence of its separate value is inadmissible.

Where there is a street constructed along a lot affecting its value, evidence of the amount of the improvement is inadmissible on the question of the value of the lot.

In such an action evidence of what it would cost to remove the earth and to build a retaining wall to keep it off is not admissible to increase the damage beyond the diminution in value of the lot.

In an action in tort, the objection that the damages recovered are excessive or inadequate and insufficient as a ground of motion for a new trial, comes under sub-division 4, and not sub-division 5, section 253, chapter 46, general statutes 1873, as amended, laws 1891, chapter 50. In such case it is not enough that the damages are, in the opinion of the court, too large or too small. The amount appears to have been given under the influence of passion or prejudice.

When the case comes under section 4 of the doctrine of Wicks vs. Stone does not apply.

In re-assignment of Ludwig Kahn, insolvent, East Chute National bank, appellant, vs. Morris I. Fischbein, assignee, respondent. Judgment affirmed.

Where an insolvent debtor residing and doing business and having his property in the state makes in this state an agreement with a creditor residing in another state to make a preference to him in payment by sending to him at his place of residence goods to be applied in payment and the debtor sends him the goods, consigned to him at his place of residence, it is a Minnesota transaction, the legality of which is to be determined by the laws of this state.

The court in which an insolvency proceeding is pending may refuse to allow the claim of a creditor who has received a preference such as is prohibited by the insolvent law, except on condition that he restore to the assignee what he so received.

And this is so whether the unlawful preference was upon the claim he presents for allowance or upon some other. Such creditor cannot by transferring his claim put his transferee in any better position in this respect than himself.

For Ten Days Only.
Furniture at cost at Bloedel & Ebeling's, Odd Fellows' block, 18 and 20 Lake avenue north.

Notice of Stockholders Meeting.
Please take notice that the annual meeting of the stockholders of Lakeside Land company will be held at the office of the company, No. 507 First National bank building, Duluth, Minnesota, on Wednesday, the third day of January, A. D. 1894, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of electing a board of directors for the ensuing year and transacting any and all other business that may properly come before said meeting.

Wm. C. Sargent, Secretary.

Witness: Wm. A. ARBETT,
Duluth, Minn., Dec. 16, 1893.

Heavy Reduction

On underwear, gloves, mitts and odd pants. For genuine bargains you will have to call on C. W. Loomis,
219 West Superior street.

Get them at Joyce's drug store.

This is no Fake.
Bloedel & Ebeling are selling their entire stock of fine furniture at cost, Odd Fellows' block, 18 and 20 Lake avenue north.

THE WOODWARD

TWENTY-FIVE OFF

WHAT?

OUR OFFER:

When We Cut, We Cut!

MEN'S SUITS AND OVERCOATS.

WERE \$25.00	\$22.00	\$20.00	\$18.00	\$16.00	\$14.00	\$12.00	\$10.00	\$8.00	\$6.00
NOW \$18.75	\$15.50	\$15.00	\$13.50	\$12.00	\$10.50	\$9.00	\$7.50	\$6.00	\$4.50

Boys' and Children's Suits and Overcoats.

WERE \$14.00	\$12.00	\$10.00	\$9.00	\$7.50	\$7.00	\$6.00	\$5.00	\$4.00	\$3.00	\$2.00
NOW \$10.50	\$9.00	\$7.50	\$6.75	\$5.63	\$5.25	\$4.50	\$3.75	\$3.00	\$2.25	\$1.25

These Prices Good Thursday, Friday and Saturday Only.

THE WOODWARD

CLOTHING CO.

No. 10 East Superior Street.

J. L. DICKINSON, Manager.

THE ASSIGNEE SUES.

John Flynn Wants a Mortgage Given by John B. Sulphur Annulled.

John Flynn, assignee of John B. Sulphur, has begun suit against Harold Thomson to have a certain mortgage declared null and void as a preference to a creditor on a pre-existing debt. The claim sets forth that John B. Sulphur in August, 1893, at which time he is represented to have been insolvent gave Harold Thomson a mortgage to secure a debt of \$3000 due the defendant. The claim is represented to have been assigned to him by the State bank. Allen and Baldwin are the plaintiff's attorneys.

Williams, Daugherty & Upham have brought suit against John B. Sulphur and John B. Flynn, as assignee of J. B. Sulphur, and Harold Thomson. The plaintiffs want a mortgage to be annulled given them by John B. Sulphur to secure them for an indorsement of his note of \$3000 collected by the defendant.

The plaintiffs were required to pay the note. The defendant Harold Thomson claims to have some lien on the property covered by the plaintiff's claim and that the claim is theirs to be prior. Allen & Baldwin are the plaintiff's attorneys.

Matt Anderson has brought suit against the Manchester Fire Assurance company to collect \$800 due on an insurance policy. The plaintiff insured a 2-story building in Virginia in May, 1893, its value to have been \$1000. He also sues the London and Lancashire Fire Insurance company for \$500. John Jensen, Jr., is plaintiff's attorney.

The suit of the First National bank of Avon, Ohio, vs. Syndicate Investment company, John McKinley and A. F. Humphreys to recover \$5000 due on promissory notes has been dismissed.

The case of Clara A. Harris vs. City of Duluth has been removed to the district court from the municipal court of Duluth. It is an action to collect \$260 for damage to a lot because of grading.

Other papers filed today are as follows:

Findings in fact and conclusions of law and judgment in cases of Stephen V. White vs. Abram Craker, David McElroy, Martin Watkins, Francis O'Reilly.

Notice of motion for new trial by plaintiff in the case of F. W. Paine, receiver, vs. B. F. Myers, and stipulation same be heard on Jan. 13, 1894.

Complaint in suit of Moses E. Clapp vs. John E. Merrill and Leonidas Merritt to recover \$2711 due on promissory notes.

It is mutually agreed between the undersigned that on and after this date the partnership existing between them under the firm name and style of Hugo & LeRicheux be dissolved. Signed
N. F. HUGO,
A. CHAS. LERICHEUX.

Witness: Wm. A. ARBETT,
Duluth, Minn., Dec. 16, 1893.

Heavy Reduction
On underwear, gloves, mitts and odd pants. For genuine bargains you will have to call on C. W. Loomis,
219 West Superior street.

This Coupon counts for three votes if sent to The Herald office previous to Dec. 22.

My choice for Mayor

at the ensuing spring

election is.....

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Generous Charity.
BOSTON, Dec. 20.—Charles Mitchell, the pugilist, says that should he win his coming fight with Corbett, he intends to give \$1000 of his winnings to the poor of Jacksonville, St. Louis, Boston and New-York.

A St. Paul Tragedy.
ST. PAUL, Dec. 20.—Pasquale Ferraro was shot and instantly killed a few minutes after 12 o'clock last night by Gelsomino Maglione. Both were Italians and the murder was the result of a quarrel about a week ago. Maglione has been arrested.

Boston's Poor.
BOSTON, Dec. 20.—The relief committee passed resolutions declaring the intention of the committee to give relief only to men and women who have been bona fide residents of the city for three months or over.

Fine Leather Goods.
Suitable for presents for ladies and gentlemen—at Joyce's drug store.

Toilet Cases.
See them at Joyce's drug store. Prices very low.

Fatal Explosion.
WILMINGTON, Del., Dec. 19.—The grinding mill in the lower powder yard of E. J. Dupont de Nemours & Co., near this city, exploded this morning. Edward Gallagher, a workman was instantly killed. There were no other casualties, and the injury to property was slight.

A General Protest.
TROY, N. Y., Dec. 20.—Five thousand people attended a non-partisan mass meeting here last night to protest against the passage of the Wilson tariff bill in its present form. A memorial to congress asking that the duties on colars, cuffs and shirts remain as they are in the McKinley law was unanimously adopted.

The Brazilian Elections.
RIO DE JANEIRO, Dec. 20.—Advices from Rio Janeiro show that President Peixoto, of Brazil, has postponed the parliamentary elections until May.

A Child Enjoys.
The pleasant flavor, gentle action and soothing effect of Syrup of Figs, when in need of a laxative, and if the father or mother be constipated or bilious, the most gratifying results follow its use; so that it is the best family remedy known and every family should have a bottle.

A Vision of Beauty.
Is a joy forever, and a pure and natural complexion charms all beholders. Ladies will find in Canellina, a California discovery, a toilet article for the improvement and preservation of the complexion, refreshing, agreeable and controlled by the highest scientific and medical authority as being absolutely free from injurious substances. Prepared in pure white and delicate flesh color. Refreshing, soothing and effective in preventing and removing the distressing effects of sunburn, poison ivy, etc. Price 50 cents. Just received and for sale by all druggists.

Perfumes.
Get them at Joyce's drug store.

This is no Fake.
Bloedel & Ebeling are selling their entire stock of fine furniture at cost, Odd Fellows' block, 18 and 20 Lake avenue north.

Cuticura Has Worked Wonders in Our Cases And Has Proved Itself Entitled to All Praise

Write Us at Once If You Wish to Know What Cuticura Has done for Us

In Speedily Curing Torturing, Disfiguring, Humiliating Humors After All Else Failed.

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Cuticura Has Worked Wonders in Our Cases And Has Proved Itself Entitled to All Praise

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The Coming Contest

In the spring election for mayor will be a contest animated that has ever taken place in Duluth. In order to simplify matters and arrive at a sentiment of the people as to who is the choice for mayor, The Herald hereby in a voting contest, by printing in each issue of The Herald a coupon which every reader is requested to cut out and vote as they please and mail or bring it in person to The Herald office. The popular contest will receive the largest number of votes will be the choice of the \$125.00 Haviland Dinner Set now on exhibition in Panton & Son's window, or a \$100.00 Easy Chair. The former valuable prize will also interest the ladies of Duluth to take a part themselves in this contest of determining who is the popular choice for Duluth's executive head. All you have to do is cut out the coupon which appears on the page of The Herald tonight and write on it your choice for mayor, every vote cast in November will count as five votes, every vote cast in January will count as one vote. The vote casting for the dinner set will be on Jan. 13, 1894. The vote casting for the Easy Chair will be on Jan. 14, 1894. The names of the candidates for mayor will be delivered to the foreman, who will be on the ground of January 14th, and he may also be elected a nominee of the citizen's committee who will be held a few days later, send in your votes. The outcome of this contest will be watched with a great deal of interest and the standing of the different candidates announced from time to time.

FIGHTING IN BRAZIL

The Insurgents Keeping up a Heavy Fire and Stopped all Business at Rio de Janeiro.

Government Forces Under Gen. Telles Were Surrounded by Insurgents and Their Retreat Cut Off.

Persistent Reports Afloat of a Naval Engagement in Which the Insurgents Captured Two Vessels.

LONDON, Dec. 21.—The Times has this dispatch, dated at Rio de Janeiro on Dec. 16 and forwarded via Montevideo: "Since the sending of my last dispatch the insurgents have maintained a heavy fire with rifles and machine guns on the shore front. They have driven the troops from the custom house, Largo do Paço and other points. Consequently all the business of the city has practically stopped. The banks have closed. There is communication between the shipping and the shore.

The heavy artillery fire continues. On Thursday afternoon when the garrison of Villegaignon was dining, a shell from a 10-inch Armstrong in Sao Paulo penetrated the casemates, killing five and severely wounding nine. On Friday five were wounded at Villegaignon. Niteroi is quiet, only occasional shots from its batteries being fired against Cobras. On Thursday the government troops attempted to retake the Governor. The insurgents allowed the invading force, which consisted of 1000 infantry and some artillery under Gen. Telles to land, then surrounded them and cut off their retreat. It is thought probable that the troops will surrender.

In skirmishing with the troops on the shore fronts during the past week the insurgents have lost five killed and fifteen wounded. The government losses are estimated at 100, but it is impossible to ascertain the exact returns. Under the sub-head "later," the Times correspondent says: "Gen. Telles has attacked the insurgent forces on Governor. Admiral da Gama, with 200 men and four field guns, repelled the attack, killing many of the troops and severely wounding Telles. The insurgents' losses were seven wounded.

The following are the details of the attack: The government troops advanced and began firing on the insurgent hospital for contagious diseases. When the main body of the insurgents did not see the force that Admiral da Gama had concealed by the brush wood on the rising ground. When the government troops were within 200 yards the insurgent batteries opened fire, the four guns firing 200 rounds in two hours. The government troops immediately broke in all directions. Among the first to be wounded was Gen. Telles. The launches posted near the fort report that no fugitives have yet attempted to recross to the mainland.

"The government has definitely refused to grant me permission to establish a Red Cross and for the insurgents wounded on the ground that the men when cured would again fight against the government. I am endeavoring to obtain details of the rumored engagement in the South. It will be impossible any longer to protect foreign commerce here unless armed intervention by foreign powers stops the fighting."

In the part of his letter covering events before the attack of Gen. Telles, the Times correspondent says: "There are persistent rumors of a naval engagement between the Aquidaban and Republica on one side and the Tindentes and the monitor Bahia on the other, resulting in the capture of the two latter by the insurgents. Admiral da Gama informed me that the Aquidaban and Republica will bombard Santos next week. Gen. Saravia will attack Sao Paulo at the same time.

"The effect of Gama's manifesto has been to gain adherents for the insurgents and many expressions of sympathy from the provinces of Sao Paulo and Minas Geraes. The monarchical party are saying that the success of the insurgents

means the restoration of the empire. The government is endeavoring to make capital out of the manifesto and is calling on all citizens to defend the republic. The general feeling is distinctly favorable to Gama. The cruiser El Cid passed Clara on Wednesday flying the Brazilian flag."

VESSELS THAT ARE MISSING.
Supposed to Have Foundered During the November Gales.

LONDON, Dec. 21.—The following steamers have been posted at Lloyd's as missing: Amoor, (British) from Novorossisk, Oct. 31, for Dunkirk, she touched at Malta and sailed thence Nov. 11; Nyanza (British) from the Clyde, Nov. 16, for Leghorn, Ossia, (British) from Odessa, Nov. 1, for Copenhagen, she sailed from Malta, at which port she called on Nov. 8; Sir John Hawkins (British) from Maranople, Nov. 4, for Liverpool, which passed Gibraltar Nov. 13, and the William Hunter, also a British vessel.

It is the general opinion that all of these steamers foundered during the heavy gales that prevailed during the month of November.

SEVENTY PEOPLE ARRESTED.
A Panic Created in a Small Town in Germany.

BERLIN, Dec. 21.—A minor panic was created in Schwerte, Westphalia, yesterday, by the arrest of seventy of the residents of that town. All sorts of rumors were current as to the cause of the arrests and it was stated by some persons that a great anarchist plot had been discovered. A few days ago Archdeacon Shaw, chaplain to the British legation at Tokio, while walking on the street with his wife, was attacked by two drunken rowdies and much abused. The archdeacon appealed to several policemen, who, however, refused to interfere, while a big crowd gathered and urged the assailants to further indignities.

Unfriendly Japanese.
VANCOUVER, B. C., Dec. 21.—Japanese advices received by the Canadian Pacific steamship Empress of India are as follows: The unfriendly feeling of the Japanese towards foreigners is on the increase. A few days ago Archdeacon Shaw, chaplain to the British legation at Tokio, while walking on the street with his wife, was attacked by two drunken rowdies and much abused. The archdeacon appealed to several policemen, who, however, refused to interfere, while a big crowd gathered and urged the assailants to further indignities.

New York Banker Dead.
NEW YORK, Dec. 21.—George C. Magoun died at 9:30 o'clock last night at his home, 50 West Fifty-fourth street. He was a member of the firm of Baring, Magoun & Co., 15 Broad street, the successors of Kidder, Peabody & Co. for many years the New York agents of Baring Bros. of London. As a railroad man Mr. Magoun of late years has been intimately associated with the affairs of the Atchafon, Topeka & Santa Fe company.

An Editor Pardoned.
PARIS, Dec. 21.—Ducet, the editor of Cocarde, a Boulangist organ, who was sentenced Aug. 7 to one year's imprisonment for complicity in the forgery of papers that were alleged to have been stolen from the British embassy in Paris, has been pardoned. The principal in the crime, the mulatto Norton, who was sentenced to three years' imprisonment, will in all probability be compelled to serve the entire period of his sentence. Ducet will be released on Saturday.

Died of a Broken Heart.
DENVER, Dec. 21.—S. Vinson Farnum, Jr., member of the late firm of John M. Berkey & Co., died at Evanston, Ill., yesterday, at the home of his wife's sister. Mr. Farnum has been very despondent since the failure of the firm and was confined to his bed the last eight or ten weeks. "He died of a broken heart," said a friend. A wife and little daughter survive him. Mr. Farnum resided two years in Milwaukee and was a native of Hartford, Conn.

He Commits Suicide.
CHICAGO, Dec. 21.—It is believed that Charles Bacon, of Minneapolis, committed suicide. He was found groping about the hallway of the hotel Monday night and was taken to his room. During the night he went out and bought fifteen morphine pills which he swallowed. He was discovered in a dying condition at 10 o'clock Tuesday.

Granted a Reprieve.
SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 21.—Through the efforts of the Daughters of the Good Shepherd, Governor Markham has granted a reprieve to John McNulty, a longshoreman sentenced to be hanged Dec. 29 for the murder of another longshoreman, named Patrick Collins, five years ago.

An Unlucky Concern.
LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Dec. 21.—The Fones Brothers Hardware company burned yesterday. Loss by fire and water to the stock \$10,000, covered by insurance. This is the second disastrous fire this company has suffered within two months.

Indicted for Embezzling.
NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 21.—Ex-Cashier James M. Dowling, of the United States mint, who was charged with embezzling \$25,000 from the government, was indicted by the federal grand jury here yesterday.

Furniture Factory Burned.
MEDINA, N. Y., Dec. 21.—Maher Bros' furniture factory was entirely destroyed by fire yesterday, entailing a loss of \$65,000 with an insurance of \$35,000. Nearly 200 men are thrown out of work.

Released on Parole.
BROOKLYN, Dec. 21.—George B. Boynton, the American accused of having tried to blow up Melio's warship Aquidaban in Rio harbor, has been released on parole.

Criminal Malpractice.
BOSTON, Dec. 21.—Miss Dr. Mary J. Henderson was yesterday found guilty of criminal malpractice in causing the death of Mrs. Ellen Perkins, of Everett.

A Prosperous Railroad.
NEW YORK, Dec. 21.—During the last year the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern railroad company's net earnings amounted to \$5,624,769.

An Old Publisher Gone.
NEW YORK, Dec. 21.—Samuel Sinclair, publisher of the New Tribune, from 1838 to 1872, died at his home this city yesterday.



LOUIS D. VANDERVEER.

one of the best known business men in Chicago representative of the great Bradstreet Co.

HEADACHE, SLEEPLESSNESS, NERVOUS PROSTRATION.

Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind. Gentlemen: I take pleasure in informing you of the very beneficial results which have followed the use of Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine in the case of my wife. For a year I was subject to a distressing pain at the base of the brain and upper portion of the spinal cord. I was unable to sleep, and was greatly prostrated. I was recommended to me. My wife had been so afflicted that I had no confidence in the efficacy of any medicine. Yet as a last resort I consented to give it a trial. Much to my surprise, a few bottles marked benefit, my sleeplessness disappeared, my headache was removed, my spirits and general health greatly improved.

CURED troubled with sleeplessness. Your Nervine was highly recommended to me. My wife had been so afflicted that I had no confidence in the efficacy of any medicine. Yet as a last resort I consented to give it a trial. Much to my surprise, a few bottles marked benefit, my sleeplessness disappeared, my headache was removed, my spirits and general health greatly improved.

THOUSANDS gained twenty pounds. All this occurred after learning that Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine was for sale by all druggists.

Sold on a Positive Guarantee. Dr. Miles' Pills, 50 Cents 25 Cents. FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

To all who consult us, we pledge absolute secrecy.

THE SUPERIOR MEDICAL INSTITUTE

Main Offices, New York Block, Corner Tower Avenue and Fourteenth Street, West Superior, Wis.

We Know We Can Cure You!

Always Watch The Urine.

We Analyze Urine Free of Cost.

If you notice any irregularity about your urine, consult us at once.

Living Testimony of Our Ability:

SUPERIOR MEDICAL INSTITUTE,

SAN DOMINGO REVOLT

A Serious Uprising Against President Heurieux is Expected Soon and Severe Fighting is Probable.

He Recently Arrested One of His Prominent Generals on Suspicion of Plotting Against Him.

Then He Not Only Executed the General But Ordered 'all His Family to Be Shot.

(Copyright, 1893, by the United Press.)

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Dec. 21.—Intelligence received here from San Domingo is to the effect that an uprising against President Heurieux is expected soon. A short time ago President Heurieux caused the arrest of one of his prominent generals who he suspected was plotting against him and ordered that he be shot.

Not content with the execution of the general, the president caused all the members of the general's immediate family to be also shot. The affair caused deep indignation among the friends and relatives of the general and they determined to seek revenge. They have been materially aided, it is said, by Haytian agents and it is probable that a very determined attempt will be made to drive President Heurieux from power. The matter will probably be reported to be a strong one and severe fighting is shortly expected.

One Passenger Injured.
TOWANDA, Pa., Dec. 21.—The Lehigh Valley "Night Flyer," westbound, was wrecked at Hovest's mill, near Towanda, at 2 o'clock yesterday morning. The train had been "blocked" at the mill and had just started again, when a fast milk train crashed into its rear, the engine plowing through the rear sleeper. One passenger received slight injuries. Traffic was delayed five hours.

May Be a Conflict.
BUENOS AYRES, Dec. 21.—The police authorities at Rosario refuse to release Dr. Alem, the Radical leader who was recently pardoned for the part he took in the recent insurrection. The police ask for direct instructions from President Saenz Pena. The matter will probably lead to a conflict between the authorities.

Charged With Fraud.
SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 21.—Detective Renard, of Denver, has arrived in this city to take charge of W. H. Gibson, alias Owen, who was arrested last week, charged with having defrauded Mrs. Snell, of Denver, of a large sum of money. Habeas corpus proceedings are now proceeding in Gibson's case.

Resignations Accepted.
WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.—Secretary Carlisle has received and accepted the resignations of Charles S. Kimball, appraiser of merchandise at Detroit, and John Feherbach, supervising inspector of steam vessels, Seventh district, Cincinnati.

Amendments Rejected.
LONDON, Dec. 21.—The house of commons yesterday, by a vote of 213 to 151, rejected the amendments made by the house of lords to the employers liability act. One of the amendments was the insertion of a clause allowing employers to contract out of the act.

Controlled By the Admiralty.
LONDON, Dec. 21.—Owing to the fact that Manchester will become on Jan. 1, a port of entry through the opening of the ship canal, the admiralty after that date have jurisdiction there as at the other ports.

Important.
Pianos for \$50, \$75, \$100 and upwards. Organs for \$10, \$25, \$40 and upwards. These are rare bargains at Pilkey & Hall's Music store, 228 West First street.

Given Away.
For the holidays we make special inducements to the family trade and will give away from now until Christmas with the purchase of one gallon of liquor, a bottle of wine worth \$1; half gallon of liquor, a bottle of wine worth 50c. Do not forget to call at

THE PACIFIC WINE HOUSE, 529 531 West Superior street.

THE IRON TRADE REVIEW.

Call For Finished Material Growing, But Prices Very Low.

CLEVELAND, Dec. 21.—The Iron Trade Review says today: "The quietness that usually settles upon the iron trade in the closing weeks of a year is upon it now intensified by the tariff incubus. Yet in mill products it is evident that the volume of going business is greater than it was two months ago. There has been here and there a resumption of a belated agricultural concern, a few Western car shops have taken orders that will keep them running most of the winter, and what is, perhaps, best proof of all that the call for finished material has been growing for finished material is making over 25,000 tons more per week of pig iron than at the same time in October, and the demands of the mills and foundries are not equal to it, but are making a slight inroad upon accumulated stocks.

"This condition indicates that although no new undertakings of any magnitude are on hand, and none need be looked for, the country's renewal demands are constant, and the staying off process cannot be persisted in forever. Yet a more uncompromising side of the picture than the absence of great operations is the pitiful plight as to prices, in which the iron business finds itself and in which it is likely to continue. To keep rolls turning, seems to be the sole object of many mills; and bidders who have taken off a lump sum from actual cost, after figuring every item closely, have been surprised to find themselves outbid, not by one or two, but several competitors. "It would be the merest guesswork to attempt to tell to what level a desirable trade would pull the market. The East still continues to suffer from the incursion of Western mills, and the blast furnace returns indicate also that pig iron consumption has been heaviest in the mills tributary to Pittsburgh. Wheeling and the two valleys, but every quarter of the market emphasizes the fact that waste and repair supply to care for the enormous mill and foundry capacity of the United States.

"The railroad receivership record for the year, showing that 13 per cent of the entire mileage went into the receivers' hands in eleven months, is not encouraging testimony to the ability of the roads to make expenditures for renewals; yet with some of them the receivership paves the way for betterments that had long seemed imperative."

Ex-Consul Love Dead.
OMAHA, Dec. 21.—James W. Love, consul to San Salvador under Harrison, died at his home at Fremont, Neb., yesterday, aged 43.

A King's Illness.
BANGKOK, Dec. 21.—The king of Siam is seriously ill.

SYRUP OF FIGS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

YOU can depend upon our Trunks for long service. Should you give one to your traveling friend he will be certain to hold you in lasting and grateful remembrance.

NOW FOR THE RUSH

Our Prices for First-Class Goods Are in Many Cases Lower Than Those Asked Elsewhere for Inferior Qualities.

Duluth Trunk Factory,
209 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

LOOK at the beautiful Pocket Books and Card Cases we have on sale, even if you do not buy.

IN Traveling Bags, our styles include those fitted with Toilet accessories. Cabin Bags and Ladies' Club Bags. The novelties in Alligator Leather are numerous and elegant.

See that Lump? That's Lorillard's CLIMAX PLUG. It's Much the Best.

Sold everywhere. Made only by the F. Lorillard Co., New York, and the largest in the world.

LOST MANHOOD RESTORED.
SPANISH NERVE REGULATOR. This wonderful remedy is sold with a written guarantee to cure all nervous diseases such as Weak Memory, Lost Brain Power, Lost Manhood, Night Emissions, Evil Dreams, Nervousness, Headaches, Neuritis, Lumbago, and loss of vitality. It is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, and is sold by all druggists. Address: DR. J. A. FAULKNER, 13 West Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

DR. MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS.
The only safe, sure and reliable Female Pill ever offered to Ladies, especially recommended to married Ladies. Address: DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio. For Sale by S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth.

"CLEANLINESS IS NAEPIDE, DIRTY NAEPHONESTY." COMMON SENSE DICTATES THE USE OF

SAPOLIO

MANHOOD RESTORED "Nerve Seeds."
This wonderful remedy is sold with a written guarantee to cure all nervous diseases such as Weak Memory, Lost Brain Power, Lost Manhood, Night Emissions, Evil Dreams, Nervousness, Headaches, Neuritis, Lumbago, and loss of vitality. It is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, and is sold by all druggists. Address: DR. J. A. FAULKNER, 13 West Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

SAVED FROM A LIVING GRAVE. WEAK MEN CURED
THE ELIXIR OF YOUTH. We have on file sworn testimonials with our druggist agents the names of those cured by this great remedy, or address with stamp, and we will send you a bottle of this elixir to cure Sterility, Loss of Power, Night Emissions, and all Seminal weaknesses of any nature, arising from disease, over-indulgence or abuse of any kind. It effects a permanent cure in cases of old and young men, restores the vitality, strength and makes life worth living. Sold by all leading druggists. Address: DR. J. A. FAULKNER, 13 West Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

Prepared Only by THE GERMAN HOSPITAL REMEDY CO. GRAND RAPIDS, MICH. For Sale by MAX WIRTH, Druggist, 13 West Superior, Street.

CONSULTATION FREE TO ALL.

Our New Method!

1. When we cure a case it STAYS cured.
2. We restore virile power at any age.
3. Once cured ALWAYS well.

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CAN I OBTAIN A PATENT? For a prompt, answer and an honest opinion, write to MUNN & CO. They have had thirty years' experience in the patent business. Communications are carefully considered. A Handbook of information concerning Patents and how to obtain them sent free. Also a catalogue of mechanical and scientific books sent free.

MEN!
Men who suffer from that shameful disease called Lost Manhood, with vital drains, soon find relief in their faces and feet. It is able, even in a single day, to become suddenly blind, impotent, paralyzed or insane. DR. WALKER'S Pills and Creams cure thousands of young men who have drained their strength away by abuse and excess, and who have suddenly dropped dead on the street of heart disease. Thousands are dying of consumption and Bright's disease. The kidneys who have but themselves to thank for their terrible condition. Look at the wretched creatures who are huddled together in our insane asylums. Deprived of their vitality, drained of their manhood, they have but a short time to live. For years I have made a special study of various diseases and experiences with droves of awful cases tell me that if the matter is not allowed to run its course, they can be cured. Consultation free at my office, 4, over 15 East Superior street.

STORAGE
OF HOUSEHOLD AND OTHER GOODS.
At 26 West Third Street.
DULUTH FEED & STORAGE CO.,
D. A. DUNLAP, Manager.

\$8.00--BEST SET OF TEETH
GULLUM.
Painless Dentist.
Top Floor, FALLADIO BUILDING.

CURE YOURSELF!
GULLUM'S
The only safe and reliable cure for GONORRHEA, CLEET, LEUCORRHEA, and other discharges. Guaranteed not to cause Stricture. Testing draught, \$1.00.

The Celebrated French Cure,
Warranted "APPRODITINE" or money refunded.
IS SOON ON A POSITIVE GUARANTEE to cure any form of nervous disease or any disorder of the reproductive organs of either sex, whether arising from the excessive use of Stimulants, AFTER Tobacco or Opium, or through youthful indiscretion; over-indulgence, etc., such as Loss of Brain Power, Wakefulness, Headache, Nervousness, Night Sweats, Loss of Memory, Nervous Tremor, Neuritis, Lumbago, and loss of vitality. It is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, and is sold by all druggists. Address: DR. J. A. FAULKNER, 13 West Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

BEFORE AND AFTER
Dr. E. C. West's Nerve and Brain Treatment. Sold only by written guarantee, by authorized agents only, to cure Weak Memory, Nervousness, Headaches, Neuritis, Lumbago, and loss of vitality. It is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, and is sold by all druggists. Address: DR. J. A. FAULKNER, 13 West Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

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TO ASSUME THE DEBT

City of Duluth Will Issue Orders to Take up Those of Three Sections of Oneota.

Duluth Gas and Water Company's Guarantee Ordinance Was Repealed by the Vote of all Present.

Alderman Howard Moved the Payment of the Chamber of Commerce Bill and It Was Done.

Ten aldermen held a special meeting of the council last night. Those absent were Aldermen Hugo, Wilson, Sorensen and Dingwall. The first item of business considered was a petition from the residents and taxpayers of the three remaining sections of Oneota, asking that the city assume \$1,000 floating indebtedness of the dismembered village, exclusive of the bonded indebtedness of \$25,000 which must be provided for in the future.

City Attorney Greene submitted an opinion to the effect that there is no way in which the city can legally assume the indebtedness of those divisions not included in the consolidation act.

L. C. Harris, counsel for Oneota, then spoke by invitation. He said that Mr. Greene had given an opinion only as to the legality of the proposed plan that the city assume the debt. He himself agreed that it was not legal, but thought that it could be covered temporarily by a resolution of the council until the legislature can pass an enabling act.

After some discussion by the aldermen a recess was taken and the following resolution passed:

"Resolved, that there be issued orders of the city of Duluth to the amount of \$1,000 to take up orders of the town of Oneota. Said orders are to be payable one-half each eight and sixteen months from Dec. 15, 1893. Said orders are to be exchanged at par for Oneota town orders endorsed 'payable to the order of the city of Duluth.' Before any of such orders are so exchanged, a paper signed by a majority of the tax payers and voters of said town, pledging said town to turn over all its assets to said city is to be filed with the city clerk, and also a certified copy of a resolution of Oneota town supervisors to the same effect. Said orders are to bear on their face a statement of the purpose for which, and the date of the resolution under which they are issued."

It was introduced by Alderman Nelson and quickly passed.

Alderman Helm then promptly moved a reconsideration of the motion laying on the table for one week the measure repealing the Duluth Gas and Water company's extension guarantee ordinance. The repealing ordinance was taken from the table, read a second time and passed.

On motion of Alderman Howard, the bill of the chamber of commerce was passed in the sum of \$625.

MUSEMENTS.

Julia Marlowe.
With the delicacy and refinement of her art Miss Marlowe has developed a new school. The time worn methods of the stage have been cast aside by this young girl, whose youth, beauty and own peculiar glow of magnetism, have given to Shakespearean heroines a new life by the infusion of her own individuality, and that gentleness of character so prominent in this young actress. It is difficult to comprehend Miss Marlowe's marvelous career when one stops to consider that she has but just passed her 23rd birthday.

At the Temple Friday and Saturday.

"The Idlers' Dance."
"The Idlers' dance last evening in Hunter hall was attended by about thirty-five couples and was a pleasant event. Messrs. Jesse Winne, William Huntley and Frank Eger constituted the reception committee, and Henry Grochau, William Ferguson and Joshua Zweifel on the floor committee. The next dance will be given on Jan. 3.

Christmas Present.
To make special inducements for the family trade we shall give away from now until Christmas with the purchase of one gallon of liquor, one bottle of wine worth \$1; of half a gallon of liquor, one bottle of wine worth 50 cents. Do not miss this opportunity and call at THE PACIFIC WINE HOUSE, 529-531 West Superior street.

AROUND THE TOWN.

Sayings and Doings of Various People Which May Interest Some Others.

D. A. Duncan, the well known lumberman said today: "If the duty is taken off lumber it will interpose a foreign market between us in the Northwest and our Eastern trade. Even if the Canadians cannot cut prices they will flood every lower lake lumber point with heavy stocks of lumber, to the exclusion of our product, and every 1000 feet shipped into this country from Canada, means 1000 feet less cut here and so much less wages paid out to American labor in the United States."

James H. James brings this yarn home from Chicago: A white man and a colored man were arrested for the larceny of a hog. The white man got bailed promptly, but although all the locally prominent colored men came forward and offered bail for their brother, it was refused.

"How dat trial o' yourn go, Mr. Jones?" asked a darkey friend as the sheriff was taking the alleged hog-stealer to jail.

"It went Democratic, ob course," was the rejoinder.

"Whenever I see a crowd of fire insurance adjusters with their heads together, planning to scale down some poor devil's loss so that he gets something less than nothing," said a lawyer last night, "I am always reminded of the text that says, 'wherever the carcass is, there shall the eagles be gathered together.'"

"I saw a man today whom I consider reliable," said Capt. James Hale last night, "and he assured me that coal had been found in the Little Fork country. He told me that a seam six feet thick had been found by the aid of a diamond drill and that it had been pronounced of good quality by competent experts. It will not, however, vouch for the truth of his statements."

A lady living on Second street got the idea in her head that her hired girl was sitting up too late nights and she determined to find out what she was up to. The other night she insisted upon the kitchen lady going to roost and she stationed herself in the kitchen to await developments. Presently she heard a soft knock at the back door. Going into the dark entry she threw open the door prepared to give the nocturnal visitor "a piece of her mind." Imagine her surprise when she suddenly found herself seized in a pair of brawny arms, hugged up close to a frosty fur coat, and kissed all over the face by a strange pair of damp mustaches, and then suddenly dropped like a hot potato. The man vanished like a shot, but not before the outraged matron had recognized him as the copier on the beat. Whether she will make formal complaint or not remains to be seen.

"I like cool, collected people," said the red-headed man, wearily dropping into a chair near the blazing hearth in the Spaulding lobby, "but I met a Duluth man today on business who was so frigid that cold chills have been playing tag up and down my spine ever since I entered his awful presence. There he goes now," and he pointed out a well-known figure in the lobby.

"Yes, I know him," said the consumptive-looking man with felt shoes and ear muffs, "he is indeed a warm hearted gentleman. They do say that one cold winter night he slept alongside a frozen log in the woods and that in the middle of the night the log got up and begged to be allowed to have a blanket to keep out the excessive cold."

Two Tower Weddings.
Two weddings took place yesterday at Tower. Miss Lillian M. Pierce was married to William J. Robinson, one of the rising young men of the iron country by the Rev. Mr. McCausland, of the Episcopal church. Mr. and Mrs. Robinson will spend their honeymoon in Duluth.

Miss Anna Robinson, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Silas Robinson, two of Tower's oldest and most respected inhabitants, was married to Nels J. Benson, ex-postmaster of Tower. The marriage was quietly performed and Mr. and Mrs. Benson passed through Duluth yesterday and were speeding South before any of their Duluth friends knew that they were married.

Heavy Reduction.
On underwear, gloves, mitts and odd pants. For genuine bargains you will have to call on C. W. ERICSON, 219 West Superior street.

This is no Fake.
Bloedel & Ebeling are selling their entire stock of fine furniture at cost. Odd Fellows' block, 18 and 20 Lake avenue north.

THE WOODWARD

TWENTY-FIVE OFF

WHAT?

OUR OFFER: In order to place our RELIABLE CLOTHING in every family at the head of the lakes, we will cut one-fourth off of the price of every Man's and Boy's Suit and Overcoat in the store. When you take into consideration the low prices now on our goods, this is a TREMENDOUS CUT.

When We Cut, We Cut!

MEN'S SUITS AND OVERCOATS.

WERE	\$25.00	\$22.00	\$20.00	\$18.00	\$16.00	\$14.00	\$12.00	\$10.00	\$8.00	\$6.00
NOW	\$18.75	\$15.50	\$15.00	\$13.50	\$12.00	\$10.50	\$9.00	\$7.50	\$6.00	\$4.50

Boys' and Children's Suits and Overcoats.

WERE	\$14.00	\$12.00	\$10.00	\$9.00	\$7.50	\$7.00	\$6.00	\$5.00	\$4.00	\$3.00	\$2.00
NOW	\$10.50	\$9.00	\$7.50	\$6.75	\$5.63	\$5.25	\$4.50	\$3.75	\$3.00	\$2.25	\$1.25

These Prices Good Thursday, Friday and Saturday Only.

THE WOODWARD

CLOTHING CO.

No. 10 East Superior Street.

J. L. DICKINSON, Manager.

OPEN LETTER TO THE MAJOR.

Protest Against Free Iron Ore Addressed to Maj. Baldwin.

Mr. Major Baldwin, Esq.: Dear Sir: I see in to-nites herald that you were needed to be write to about the tariff, & tho I am an uneducated man, I thought I write you a few lines because I know your heart is in the rite place—I live in this town for in into 9 years, got married when I just cum here to the best woman I ever seen and we got 5 children, the oldest is 7 years old cum in 8 and the youngest is a baby that cant stan alone yet. I've always had stiddy work and good wages until about a months ago when folks got scared for fere they wood hav to much silver when the 1st thing I knod I was out of a stiddy job, an I hav ever since had to keep skurminshin aroun for what I cood do & git to keep the pot bilin an for the last 4 weeks I've had but little in the pot & a poor fire to do it with a wife an babis gettin thin & lanky an I'm feelin pretty scruffy myself.

Now, major, they do tell me that all this shut down and lok out is becose folks is skaired for fere that u an the other Demcrats in kongris air goin to parse a law so that Spain & Kuby & Kanady kin send us al the fre or they are amind to with out pain a nikel for the privilage an all the time ken tax us as much as they ar amind to for eny think we send them—now Major I dont think this is rite I dont believe that folks who liv in a warm climit whose grub an clothin costs next to nuthin or the fellers

in Kanady who live on rye bred pork & potatoes an mity little pork at that ort to be stood off aginst the labeira men of this country who tri to live decent & school their children.

We've got iron ore enuf round Lake Superior to last this country for 1000 years. We can pile up a mountain of ore at the head of the lake every year an we can bring coal an lime stone here cheaper than we kan send the ore away becose every tun of coal & limestone that cum here counts for all its worth an every tun of ore we ship counts for less than 25 of what its worth & frate costs munny. It does seem to me major as tho you ort to tri and fix things so as to use the stuff that is plenty round over own doars rite here give the boys a chanc to make the ore in to pig iron an the pig into all sorts of stuff that iron is good to make into rite here at home an we will build up 1 of the bigest towns rite here than folks ever dremp of an we will give the fellers who rais korn & where & pork & beans an all kinds of farm truck a markit rite here that will pay them as much as too Kuby, Spains and Kanatsy biled down.

All these forin fellers that these free trade fellers want to help out wont buy a cent's worth of our raising unless the hav to they think we are chumps for givin them a free show at our markit an lettin them tax us forsendin our goods in to them. We've bin livin on a hayr plane then them forin fellers, had better housis clothes, grub an schoolin for our children than them an we hate orfally to cum down to their level, but if you an the other fellers in Kongris dont cum up to

the ring bolt and do the square thing by us I'm afraide weve got to.

Now major I no that you ar a square man an an onist man an ad able man an I'll lam any galoot that siz a word agin ye. I an lots of my frens voted for you becose you promised us lower prices for what goods we had to use in our famly, your promise has cum true major but I'll be gol durned if any of us fellars can git the price to by the goods 1/2 as easy as we could when they were hier—just remember major that 75 cents a tun duty on iron ore will give us good times an a good markit all round an that fre or will keep times tuff—Yours truly

ABRAHAM WESTFORTH.
P. S. I was sho in this to a newspaper fellar an he sez to let it be put in the Herald an then that eny fellar who holds my kind of a han kin send you a copy with his compliments, cheaper than he could rite a letter. Pie e excuse poor spellin an a bad pen.
A. W.
Duluth, Dec. 18, this year.

Notice of Stockholders Meeting.

Please take notice that the annual meeting of the stockholders of Lakeside Land company will be held at the office of the company, No. 505 First National bank building, Duluth, Minnesota, on Wednesday, the third day of January, A. D. 1894, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of electing a board of directors for the ensuing year and transacting any and all other business that may properly come before said meeting.
Wm. C. SARGENT, Secretary.

A Pupils Entertainment.

The following program will be rendered by the pupils of the Cathedral school at the Polish hall on Friday evening:

"Adeste Fideles".....Chorus
"Vocal Song".....By the School
Recitation.....Honoring Christmas
Mat. Mannheim
Pecorino Palmetto.....Aloysius Shanley
Master O. L. C. T. Palmiston.....Johnie Moegeher
Hiram Caplin.....Joseph Lemmon
Teddy O'Brien.....Edward Murphy
Instrumental Duets.....Miller and Raymond O'Keefe
Recitation....."Little Mary's Wish"
Miss May Brown
"The Christmas Star".....Boys of Intermediate Department
Vocal Quartet....."Ho Has Left His Trons"
Misses Stacey and Johnson Jones, Kate
.....Pierce and Jennie Grady
Dialogue....."The Runaways"
Albert Grumpy, a Tuxberry Farmer
Johnny Grumpy, a Runaway.....Eddie Miller
Charlie Black.....Eddie Maunlein
Folksman No. 49.....John Shannon
Dumb Bell Exercise.....Girls of the Intermediate Department
Recitation....."The Leak in the Dike".....James Fitzgerald
Christmas Chorus.....Pupils of the School
Rt. Rev. Bishop McGolrick will deliver an address.

Rheumatism originates in the morbid condition of the blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures rheumatism. Get only Hood's.

Fine Leather Goods.
Suitable for presents for ladies and gentlemen—at Boyce's drug store.

Perfumes.
Get them at Boyce's drug store.

Where Wakefulness Has Its Birth.

Intelligent physicians are regarding with an eye less and less favorable the use of narcotics. While these are used in extreme cases to afford greatly needed temporary relief, professional efforts are far more generally directed, nowadays more than formerly, to means of building up the nervous system as the basis of its healthful quietude. This is one reason why Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has received the sanction of physicians as a nerve tonic. Indigestion, nervousness, the relief of the parent malady by the Bitters is usually followed by a return of tranquil sleep. Overwork, mental anxiety, sedentary habits impair digestion and weaken the nerves. The Bitters strengthens them by renewing the ability to digest and assimilate the food. Besides this, it healthfully stimulates the liver and kidneys. Biliousness, constipation, rheumatism and debility are remedied by this sterling medicine.

It is mutually agreed between the undersigned that on and after this date the partnership existing between them under the firm name and style of Hugo & LeRicheux be dissolved. Signed
N. F. HUGO.
A. CHAS. LERICHEUX.

Witness:
WILL A. ARNETT,
Duluth, Minn., Dec. 16, 1893.

For Ten Days Only.
Furniture at cost at Bloedel & Ebeling's, Odd Fellows' block, 18 and 20 Lake avenue north.

POCKETBOOKS! POCKETBOOKS!

MAKE USEFUL AND APPROPRIATE CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

AT BOYCE'S DRUG STORE!

YOU HAVE YOUR PICK FROM THOUSANDS AT ACTUAL WHOLESALE COST,
RANGING IN PRICE

FROM 5 CENTS TO \$5.00.

PUBLISHED BY THE
DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.
Business and editorial rooms in The Herald
building, 235 West Superior street. Telephone
—Business office, 324, two rings; editorial room,
324, three rings.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:
Daily, per year..... \$7.00
Daily, per three months..... 1.80
Daily, per month..... .50
Weekly, per year..... 1.50

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.
Entered at the postoffice at Duluth, Minn., as
second class mail matter.

The Weather.
U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, DULUTH, MINN.,
Dec. 22.—During the twenty-four hours ending
at 7 a. m. today the temperature had risen and
was above the freezing point at all points in the
Mississippi and Missouri valleys. It had
also generally risen in the lake region and the
Ohio valley, where the weather was cloudy, but
with no precipitation greater than a trace.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 30;
maximum temperature, 32 degrees; minimum
temperature last night, 28 degrees. Snowfall
trace.

Dec. 22.—Local forecast until 5 p. m.
Continued cloudy, misty weather this afternoon
and tonight, with southerly winds and
slight changes in temperature; fair with cooler
southerly wind Saturday.

JAMES KENNELLY,
Local Forecast Officer.
The Pioneer Fuel company sells the best grades
of coal and from the low prices now in effect
gives liberal discounts for cash and makes prompt
deliveries. Office, 320 West Superior street.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—Forecast till 5 p. m.
tomorrow: For Wisconsin: Generally fair;
preceded by light snow in the northern portion
today or tonight; probably slightly cooler;
southerly winds. For Minnesota: Generally
fair Saturday; probably cooler; winds become
northwesterly.

Improved Road Making.
The agitation in favor of good roads is
bearing good fruit all over the country,
although it must be confessed that not much
progress has been made in this state.
The campaign of education along this
line is being pushed, however, and
perhaps the legislature may be induced
to enact laws that will place Minnesota
upon an equality with other states that
have taken advanced ground upon this
question.

The agricultural department has been
conducting an investigation of road man-
agement and road construction, and the
results are being summarized in a bulletin
that will soon be issued. The advance
in road legislation, the bulletin
says, proceeds on ten distinct lines.
More rigid provisions for operating the
old systems, without radical change of
the systems themselves; more liberal tax
levies; substitution of money levies in
place of labor; local assessment, accord-
ing to benefits; for construction of new
roads; construction by townships, with
power to issue bonds; construction by
counties; state highway commissions;
provisions for working convicts; direct
state aid to road building and to build-
ing of state roads.

Expert Stone, in this bulletin, says:
"The new road law of Tennessee is con-
sidered the best example of the first
class, giving the county courts full power
and direct control over the whole of the
effect of roads, eliminating the evil in-
fluences of local politics and the generally
prevailing easy-going methods. The
court classifies the roads, establishes
the districts, appoints commissioners and
assesses the road taxes." Vermont,
New Hampshire, North Dakota and Ore-
gon are deemed conspicuous examples
of the class of increased tax levies, the
last named allowing county courts to
levy a special tax of 50 cents on the \$100
and \$2 per head for a county road fund.

Construction on the local assessment
plan, extending to a limit of three miles
on each side of the line of road, obtains
to some extent in Oregon, Indiana, and
by special acts in Ohio. In Oregon the
county may assume 50 per cent of the
cost and in Ohio a large share is usually
placed on the county list by the act. Ex-
tensive construction by townships has
taken place in Pennsylvania and New
Jersey, where township bonds have been
successfully used. The special feature
of recent legislation, however, is the
county system. The issue of county
bonds is provided for in New York, New
Jersey, Indiana, Michigan and Washing-
ton, but in the last two a popular vote is
required to authorize the issue.

It is shown by the data already gathered
that new roads are being constructed
in many parts of the country, and that
increased knowledge and skill, im-
proved machinery and methods, and ex-
tended practical experience are rapidly
lessening the cost of good roads. Civil
Engineer Harrison, of Asbury Park, N. J.,
is authority for the statement that
while three or four years ago the cost of
road building was \$10,000 per mile, it was
last year \$3500 a mile. Professor J. B.
Hunnicut, of the University of Georgia,
in response to an inquiry from the bureau
states that the cost of good hard roads
recently built in Georgia, providing for
track of stone and one of earth was \$2000
a mile. Supervisor Chapin, of Cananda-
igua, N. Y., in a letter to Expert Stone,
reports that ten miles of a single stone
road with an earth track on each side
was built in that town for \$700 a mile.
Good roads are a profitable investment
even if the cost exceeds the highest figures
named, and if Minnesota would keep
pace with the other states something
must be done to secure better roads.

Why Democratize?
The St. Cloud Times is a dyed-in-the-
wool Democratic organ that believes the
tariff is a tax, that protection is uncon-
stitutional and that free trade is the only
correct economic policy. Therefore it
objects to The Herald's demand that
Maj. Baldwin should make a fight
against the removal of the duty on iron
ore. It says: "The Herald will find
that Maj. Baldwin will vote with the

'other Democrats' for the bill as it shall
be agreed upon by the house. If every
member should vote to 'protect' some
local interest, no tariff reduction bill
could ever be passed by this or any
other house."

The Times may be correct in assert-
ing that Maj. Baldwin will vote for the
Wilson bill with its free iron ore pro-
vision, but The Herald will not believe it
until he does vote that way. The major
has always been credited with being
honest and upright in his dealings with
other men, and unless his ideas have be-
come perverted by the political atmos-
phere at the capital he will so
act in relation to his constitu-
ents. He pledged himself
on this question before election. The
question whether he would vote for free
iron ore was asked him, and in his opera
house speech here he pledged himself
not to vote for anything that would in-
jure this section of the country.

The people here interpreted this to
mean that he would vote against free
iron ore. The Herald cannot believe
that he intended them to so believe,
while he meant something else. He cer-
tainly knew that this was the meaning
they extracted from his words, and hav-
ing never corrected that impression he
would be acting in bad faith toward them
should he vote in favor of free iron ore.

The case might be different were the
people of St. Louis county divided upon
this question. But they are practically
a unit, both Democrats and Republicans,
in demanding that there shall be
no interference with the existing
tariff on iron ore. Maj. Baldwin cannot
pled ignorance of this fact. The news-
papers of Duluth have printed inter-
views with leading Democrats protesting
against any change, and he has received
numerous letters of a similar tenor from
his Democratic brethren in this city.

The St. Cloud paper says that if every
member should vote to protect some
local interest, no tariff reduction bill
could ever be passed. But what does
the Wilson bill itself do? Does it pro-
tect no local interest? Is it in line with
the platform of the Democratic party
adopted at Chicago? Does it follow out
the declaration of the party that protec-
tion is unconstitutional? If it is in line
with that platform and contained no pro-
tective features, then the argument of the
Times might have some force. But the
Wilson bill is not that sort of a measure.

Viewed from a free trade stand-
point, it is a lopsided, jughandled, sec-
ond-hand protective measure, that pro-
vides for free trade in some lines and af-
fords protection to certain interests.

There is no obligation imposed on any
Democrat in congress or out of it or on
any Democratic paper to support it, be-
cause it is contrary to the Chicago plat-
form. Not only that, but it discriminates
in favor of some "local interests." If,
for instance, the proposed duty of a quar-
ter of a cent per pound for refined sugar
is right and proper, as giving protection
to the sugar trust, why is it not right that
the iron miners of Minnesota and other
parts of the country shall also be given
protection of 75 cents a ton on the ore
that they mine? Perhaps the St. Cloud
Times can explain wherein lies the jus-
tice of this discrimination, and why the
iron miner of Minnesota has not as much
right to protection as the mighty sugar
trust which has been well cared for by
its friends among the Democratic major-
ity of the ways and means committee.

New York newspapers are advocating
a change in the rule for the stopping of
cars at crossings so as to make the first
crossing the stopping place. The old
rule was made to obviate the obstruc-
tion of the street by the horses which
formerly pulled street cars. Now that
electricity has been substituted, it is
claimed that there is no need for it and
that a change to the first crossing would
prevent the rush of cars across streets at
a dangerous speed.

Hon. William F. Cody, otherwise
known as "Buffalo Bill," is aspiring to
become governor of Nebraska. And
why not? He has made a fortune with
his "Wild West" show, and having a bar-
rel is well equipped to dabble in politics.
It is a costly amusement, but he can
afford it. He would probably make a
first-rate governor.

Seaboard, a New York marine publi-
cation, yesterday had a lengthy and very
interesting interview with Capt. McDoug-
all, who is now in New York. The
greater portion of it is published on the
second page of today's Herald and will
be found very good reading.

The Kansas City Star says: "The
Kansas editors are a hard lot to please.
They have been abusing Peffer and
Simpson for two years because they talk
too much; now the editors are sneering
at Col. Harris because he has sense
enough to keep quiet."

"George Gould's duty to Mrs. Nicols-
son," says the Cleveland Plaindealer,
"seems to have been an export duty." And
she charged an ad valorem duty on her
affections.

A Dividend Wanted.
To the Editor of The Herald:
In talking with some of the poorer de-
positors of the late Bell & Eyster bank
they said they would be very much
pleased in these hard times if they could
get only 10 per cent of a dividend. I
think Assignee Markell should make
some effort to assist some of those peo-
ple by distributing whatever money he
has on hand, for certainly some of them
have not enough to buy coal for the
winter. A DEPOSITOR.

Duluth, Dec. 22.

THE CHRISTMAS EDITION.
'Editorially Above Criticism and Mechanically
a Jewel.'

West Duluth Sun: The Christmas
edition of The Evening Herald, issued
Tuesday, surpasses all special editions
heretofore issued from Duluth news-
paper offices. It was a 24-page paper,
printed on tinted paper, was brim full
of Duluth's most interesting history and
valuable information as to her present
standing, and contained a plentiful
supply of good things for Christmas.
Editorially it was above criticism and
mechanically it was a jewel. It is a
pleasure to note that the enterprise was
fully appreciated; a proper portion of
the paper was occupied by the advertise-
ments of Duluth's enterprising business
men. The Herald deserves congratula-
tions on the complete success of the
undertaking.

Sarcastic Minne.
Minneapolis Journal: Duluth has
again wiped the Twin Cities off the face
of nature. The Herald has out its an-
nual review.

A Remarkable Woman.
Washington Star: It is claimed for
Miss Dorothy Klumpke, of San Francis-
co, not only that she is the first woman
to gain the degree of "doctor of mathe-
matics" in France, but that she can
sharpen her own lead pencils when she
desires to engage in a computation.

Love Would Find a Way.
Norristown Herald: A St. Louis phys-
ician says that "if he had his way" he
would never marry two blondes, but
would always require a blonde to get a
brunet for a partner. If he had his way
thousands of brunets would bleach their
hair light yellow and blondes would dye.

Singular but True.
Texas Singers: It is a singular phase
of human nature that when a man gives
his wife a dime to buy a box of hairpins
or a gum ring for the baby, it looks about
seven times as big as when he plunks it
down for himself.

True to the Cause.
Indianapolis Journal: Hungry Hig-
gins—'Wot's dis? You been buyin'
socks?'

Not if He Knows Himself.
Washington Post: There is one thing
quite sure, the Hon. J. Sterling Morton
will not be the granger candidate in
1896.

A Big Point Gained.
New York World: A great result is
achieved for honest government when
the path of a lawless bossism leads to the
jail.

Rivet Their Attention.
Buffalo Courier: The boiler-maker with
oratorical tendencies ought to have little
trouble in riveting the attention of his
hearers.

Hope for Colorado.
Dallas News: The potato promises to
solve the silver problem for Colorado.

This is no Fake.
Blodell & Ebeling are selling their
entire stock of fine furniture at cost.
Old Fellows' block, 18 and 20 Lake
avenue north.

SIMON CLARK
Grocery Co.
Cash Grocers.
17 East Superior Street.

We will have on Saturday
the finest layout of

**TABLE
DELICACIES**
ever offered in the Northwest.
We will make special prices

**FOR
CHRISTMAS.**
Our goods will be the best
the market affords, therefore
we can with confidence solicit
your patronage.

We will employ extra help
and put on extra delivery
wagons. By placing your or-
ders early you can be assured
of a better selection.

Our old time Candy, 3 lbs.
for 25c, and Sweet Florida
Oranges at 20c per dozen, are
worthy of your attention.

SIMON CLARK
Grocery Co.
Cash Grocers,
17 East Superior Street.

FREIMUTH'S

Just as We Predicted
a Few Days Ago

The crowds are coming and
increasing every day. We
have got the goods and are
doing the business. We ex-
pect to sell every dollar's worth
of Holiday Goods and have
made prices on EVERY-
THING uniformly low to in-
sure a quick sale.

Cloak Dep't
Did a tremendous business
yesterday and it is no wonder.
The price is

JUST HALF

Now and our stock is the
choicest and cleanest in the
land. Prices are marked low.
Remember all this week any
Cloth Garment in the house
goes at HALF PRICE.

Furs! Furs!

The last few days have nearly
closed the department. We
have a few elegant Bear Sets,
Muffs and Boas left which we
will let out at special Low
Prices.

Bear Sets
formerly \$25,
now... **\$16.50**

Bear Sets
formerly \$35,
now... **\$25.00**

Bear Sets
formerly \$45,
now... **\$30.00**

Alaska Seal Muffs
At **\$12.50, \$15, \$18.**

Handkerchiefs.

There is a constant rush in
Handkerchiefs, no store can
show the assortment or make
as low prices as we do.

Toilet Plush Boxes are sell-
ing fast because we have the
right Styles and Prices.

**Tea
Gowns**
HALF PRICE.
All Our Fine

Cashmere,
Silk and
French Challie
Tea Gowns

Go for today Exactly at
half of Regular Price.

Candies
Fine Mixed Can-
dies, per lb... **10c**

Handmade
Chocolate and
Creams only. **20c**

Fine French
Creams and
Chocolates
only... **35c**

SIMON CLARK
Grocery Co.
Cash Grocers,
17 East Superior Street.

I. FREIMUTH

THESE SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS ARE MONEY-MAKERS FOR THOUSANDS.
EVERYBODY SHOULD USE THEM.

ONE CENT A WORD!

Herald Wants,
Popular Because Effective.

One cent a word; 75 cents a line per month.
No advertisement taken for less than 15 cents.
Payments must be made in advance.

SITUATIONS WANTED, FREE.
All persons wanting situations can use The
Herald want columns for three insertions free
of charge.

COOK—A STRICTLY TEMPERATE MAN
wants work at once. Wages not so much
as object as a place to work. Hotel or boarding
house. Address Stevens, Clarendon hotel,
city.

YOUNG MAN OF 21 DESIRES ANY KIND
of office work; good references. Address
C-28 Herald.

WANTED SITUATIONS BY TWO REGIS-
tered druggists. Best references. Address
D-64 Herald.

EXPERIENCED HOUSEKEEPER WANTS
D-64 Herald.

WANTED SITUATION BY A FIRST CLASS
stenographer with best of city references.
Address Stevens, Clarendon hotel, city.

WANTED SITUATION BY AN EXPERI-
enced cook, references. Address G, 21
Herald.

SITUATION WANTED BY A COMPETENT
pastry cook, good references, will work for
low wages. Address G, 20 Herald.

YOUNG MAN STRICTLY TEMPERATE
wants work at once. Wages not so much
as object as a place to work. Hotel or boarding
house. Address Stevens, Clarendon hotel,
city.

WANTED—MALE HELP.
Wanted a first class baker. Ad-
dress C-31 Herald. State salary ex-
pected.

SALESMEN TO SELL BAKING POWDER.
We want our goods in Glass Rolling Pins,
Sifters and all expenses, or commission. Chi-
cago Baking Powder Co., 20 Van Buren street,
Chicago.

TWO GOOD HUSTLERS, SALARY AND
commission to sell goods on installment.
728 West Superior street.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.
10 GIRLS WANTED AT L. B. WEBER & CO.

WANTED—GIRL OR WOMAN FOR HOUSE-
work, 418 Eighth avenue west.

WANTED—A NURSE GIRL AT 119 EAST
First street.

WANTED, LADY'S PLUSH SACKS TO
steam and repair, at S. Gehlman, 309 and
311 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.
FOR SALE—ANOTHER CAR LOAD OF
don't milk cows. Ernest Miller, 1325 Lon-
don road.

For Sale or Rent.
The building situate at 106 West Michigan
street, now occupied by the Duluth Electric
Light and Power Company, with central steam
heating apparatus.
For further information enquire at
HARTMAN ELECTRIC LIGHT CO.
Room 3, Exchange Building.

BOARDERS WANTED.
528 WEST SECOND STREET; GOOD TABLE
board \$4.50 per week.

LOST.
L-108 WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON ON
Fourth avenue west between Third and
Fourth streets, a black fascinator. Finder will
please return to 135 West Fifth street.

HOTELS.
HOTEL BENNETT, WEST DULUTH, CA-
nadian and English and sleeping parties;
banquet and dancing hall; all modern con-
veniences. F. F. Smith, proprietor.

MIDWIFE.
PRIVATE HOSPITAL—MRS. L. BALDWIN.
Midwife. Full graduate of German college
of midwifery. Cupping and vaccination done.
609 East Third street. For the next three
months Mrs. Baldwin will attend calls in con-
tinuous cases from those too poor to pay, free
charge.

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.
THE MOST RESPECTABLE LICENSED
office in Duluth, free of charge to all girls,
also have a full line of ladies' dresses, hats, etc.
Mrs. M. C. Sanford, 225 East Superior street.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION
FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRA-
TOR.
STATE OF MINNESOTA, ss.
County of St. Louis, ss.
In Probate Court, Special Term, December 14th,
1893.
In the matter of the estate of Julia L. Conder-
man, deceased:
On receiving and filing the petition of Jay G.
Conderman, of the county of St. Louis,
representing, among other things, that Julia
L. Conderman, late of the county of St. Louis,
deceased, and being an inhabitant of
this county at the time of her death,
leaving goods, chattels and estate
within this county, and that the
said petitioner is the surviving husband of
said deceased, and praying that ad-
ministration of said estate be to him granted.
It is ordered, that said petition be heard be-
fore said court on Saturday, the sixth
day of January, A. D. 1894, at ten o'clock a. m.,
at the probate office in Duluth, in said county.
Ordered further, that notice thereof be given
to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons
interested by publishing this order on Fri-
day in each week for three successive weeks
prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth
Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and
published at Duluth, in said county.
Dated at Duluth, the 14th day of December,
A. D. 1893.
By the Court.
(Seal)
D-15-22-23.
PHINEAS AVER,
Judge of Probate.

NOTICE—
STATE OF MINNESOTA, ss.
County of St. Louis, ss.
District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.
In the matter of the assignment of T. J. C. Clegg,
insolvent.
Notice is hereby given that I, Wm. E. Clegg,
do hereby declare that I am the assignee of the
estate of T. J. C. Clegg, insolvent, and that I am
assumed as assignee of said insolvent;
shall at a special term of said court to be held
at the court house in Duluth, on Saturday, De-
cember 30th, 1893, apply thereto for its order
discharging me from further responsibility as
such assignee.
WILLIAM E. CLEGG,
Assignee.
W. HARRISON,
Attorney for Assignee.
Dec-24-22.

ONE CENT A WORD!

TO RENT—HOUSES.
RENT YOUR HOUSES, FLATS AND STORES
of Alexander & Speyers, 216 W. Superior st.

FOR RENT—3 ROOM HOUSE WITH BATH-ROOM.
Address G, 91 Herald.

SIX ROOM FURNISHED HOUSE 106 EAST
Second street for rent cheap. W. A. Hol-
gate, 12 West Michigan street.

TO RENT—ROOMS.
FURNISHED ROOMS—STEAM HEAT AND
bath. 211 Fifth avenue west.

NICELY FURNISHED FRONT ROOM
with board. 415 West Second street.

BEST LOCATION—FURNISHED ROOMS
with board. 313 West Second street.

FOR RENT—LARGE FRONT ROOM WITH
bath and two closets, all modern con-
veniences. 225 Third avenue east.

4 UNFURNISHED ROOMS FOR RENT, 15
East Fourth street.

FOR RENT, CHEAP—HALF OF NICE
light room; if convenient, adjoining room
too. Inquire 32 West First street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, WITH
or without board, 565 West Second street.

TWO LARGE FURNISHED FRONT ROOMS
for rent; suitable for light housekeeping.
15 First avenue east.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, HOT AIR
heat, bath, etc.; centrally located, with or
without board. 131 First avenue west.

LADIES—IF YOU LIKE TO KNOW THE
way through married life troubles, send
2-cent stamp and get a pass. Address E 23,
Herald.

MARRIED LADIES—SEND 10 CENTS FOR
"Infalible Safeguard" (no medicine, no
deception) just what you want. Ladies' Bazar,
Kansas City, Mo.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.
WANTED, ONE OR TWO FURNISHED
rooms for light housekeeping. Address
D-58 Herald.

MISCELLANEOUS.
CLEAN, DRY STORAGE.
For Household Goods.
Free from Mice, Vermin or Dust.
Furnished at Reasonable Rates by
THE SMITH, FARWELL & STEELE CO.,
In their old store building. Apply at
the new store.

STOVE REPAIRING.
HEATING STOVES, COOK STOVES AND
ranges cleaned and repaired on short no-
tice, castings furnished for any kind of stove
made. American Stove Repair Works, 116 East
Superior street.

ARCHITECTS.
ALBERT BRYAN, 510 BURROUGHS, WARE-
houses and heavy buildings a specialty.

TRAPLAVEN & FITZPATRICK, ARCHI-
tects, Rooms 911 and 917, Torrey building,
Duluth, Minn.

MASSAGE.
DR. JOHN GREENFIELD—MASSAGE
treatment satisfaction to all guaranteed.
Rooms 1 and 2 Max Wirth block, 13 West Su-
perior street. Office hours, 11 to 1 a. m., 4 to 6 p. m.

DYEING AND CLEANING.
FIRST CLASS DYEING AND CLEANING OF
all sorts of furs and goods garments, at
the Lake Superior Steam Dry Works, 32
West First street. Mrs. A. Forester, Prop.

FINANCIAL.
MONEY LOANED ON DIAMONDS,
watches, jewelry, etc., Standard
Jewelry and Loan Office, 324 W. Su-
perior. Business strictly confidential.

MONEY TO LOAN IN ANY AMOUNT ON
M. horses, wagons, household furniture, pi-
ano, diamonds, jewelry and all kinds of per-
sonal property, on short notice and at lower rate
than you can possibly get it elsewhere. Inquire
of Wm. H. Harkin, manager, Duluth Mortgage
Loan company, room 430, Chamber of Commerce
building, Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS AND
Jewelry. G. A. Elain, only licensed pawn-
broker in Duluth, 13 West Superior street.

MINE ENGINEERS.
CHARLES F. HOWE, SPECIAL AT-
tention given to the examination and report-
ing on mineral lands. Iron lands bought and
sold. Analysis of all kinds made on short
notice. 631 Chamber of Commerce.

PLUMBING.
W. W. MCGILLIVRAY, CIVIL ENGINEERS
and surveyors. 521 Chamber of Com-
merce.

RICE & MCGILLIVRAY, CIVIL ENGINEERS
and surveyors. 521 Chamber of Com-
merce.

ONE CENT A WORD!

FRATERNITIES.
PALESTINE LODGE No. 79, A. F. & A. M.
A. M. Regular meeting first and third
Mondays evening of each month at 7:30
o'clock. Next meeting Dec. 15th, 1893.
Work, second degree. W. B. Patton,
W. M., 12 West Michigan street.
R. W. Moore, secretary.

IONIC LODGE No. 196, A. F. & A. M.
Regular meetings second and fourth
Mondays evening of every month. Next
meeting Dec. 27th, 7:30 p. m.—Install-
ation—S. L. Frater, W. M., 11 W.
Chandler, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER No. 29, B. A. M.
Stated communications second and fourth
Wednesdays evening of each month at 7:30
o'clock. Next meeting Dec. 13, annual meet-
ing of officers. Geo. A. Black H. P. T.
J. Hunter, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 13,
K. T. Stated convocations at 7:30
o'clock, first Tuesday evening of
every month. Next convocation will
be held on Tuesday, Jan. 2, 1894, W.
G. Ten Brook, E. C., Alfred DeLichta, sec-
retary.

GOLD.
OLD GOLD AND SILVER BOUGHT FOR
cash by Hirsley & Regal, manufacturing
jewelers, 21

TOMORROW, THE LAST DAY!

Cut Prices on All Our Holiday Goods! They Must Go Tomorrow!

Thousands of Pocketbooks at actual wholesale price. Toilet Sets, Manicure Sets, Collar and Cuff Boxes, Music Rolls, etc., all made for fine trade and selling here for less than department store truck. Perfumes, both foreign and domestic, we have them all. See us tomorrow and you will find that your money goes farthest

AT BOYCE'S DRUG STORE!

CHIEF JACKSON NOW

Fire Commissioners Chopped Off Chief Smith's Head Yesterday Afternoon and Elected His Successor.

Assistant Chief Jackson Was Given the Place by a Vote of Two to One.

Capt. Randall Was Advanced to the Position of Assistant Chief—Went Into Effect Today.

When the board of fire commissioners met yesterday afternoon, a majority of the members were thirsting for blood and they got it. Commissioner Hart spat on his hands, grabbed his headman's ax and moved "that Chief Smith be removed for incompetency, bad management of the Lake avenue fire and for not enforcing proper discipline."

The motion was promptly seconded by Commissioner Helinski after which the flood gates of debate were opened with all that warm freedom characteristic of the fire commissioners. Things came mighty near getting sensational when Alex McGregor defended Chief Smith and asserted that if there was a fault, to be found it was because the chief had not been given sufficient authority in his department. But the hearts of commissioners Hart and Helinski were as stone and the arguments of Mr. McGregor had no more effect upon them than water on a duck's back. The motion carried, Commissioner McGregor voting no, and as Commissioner Helinski gave his official ax the final swing Chief Smith's head fell onto the carpet.

Commissioner McGregor suddenly assumed the offensive. He moved that Capt. J. D. Randall be chosen chief in place of Mr. Smith. That caused the mercury to strike down into the basement and the dense silence was broken only by the hard breathing of the commissioners. Mr. Hart broke the silence by moving that Assistant Chief Jackson be given Mr. Smith's shoes and the little red wagon in which he has been wont to go rushing to the fires. Helinski promptly seconded the motion and by a vote of 2 to 1 it prevailed. The next move of the wheels landed Capt. Randall, of No. 3, into the place of assistant chief and James McIlhenny was promoted to Randall's old place.

The meeting closed with a motion to the effect that the changes go into effect at 3 o'clock this afternoon. Chief Smith has been at the head of the department since March 1891. His dismissal, Oct. 31, 1891. Edward Jackson joined the old volunteer department in 1887. In May, 1887, he was made a fireman in the regular department, and in January, 1888, was promoted to a lieutenant. In February, the same year, he was given the rank of captain and last January, when Assistant Chief Little was fired, Jackson was given his place. Ed Randall has been with the department a long time and has an excellent record. Ex-Chief Smith speaks highly of Chief Jackson, and says he is a good man and if given proper authority will prove satisfactory.

Notice of Stockholders Meeting.
Please take notice that the annual meeting of the stockholders of Lakeside Land and Company will be held at the office of the company, No. 506 First National Bank building, Duluth, Minnesota, on Wednesday, the third day of January, A. D. 1894, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of electing a board of directors for the ensuing year and transacting any and all other business that may properly come before said meeting.
Wm. C. SARGENT,
Secretary.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

AROUND THE TOWN.

Sayings and Doings of Various People Which May Interest Some Others.

"The Tower boys got up a good joke on Dr. Fred Barrett," said a Towrite who for obvious reasons desires to preserve a strict incognito. "The doctor has not visited Tower for about seven weeks and life was becoming a dreary waste without him, so when they heard that he was on his way home they resolved to do the square thing and greet him in style. When the train bearing the doctor to Tower drew up at the depot a delegation of about a dozen leading citizens was found upon the platform. As Doc alighted they advanced and gravely shook him by the hand and inquired after his health. Then forming a procession, two abreast, they proceeded to escort him in silence to his home. 'Doc' was puzzled. He did not want to give himself away, but the idea occurred to him that something was wrong at his house and he was troubled. 'What is it boys,' said he at last, 'is anything wrong?'"

"Nothing," gravely replied the boss of the outfit, and on they marched as silent as a carload of cook stoves. 'Doc' could not make it out, but he grew rather nervous. When the gang reached the house, they, without waiting to be asked, filed into the hallway where stood Mrs. Barrett and the family. The leader then lifted his hat and formally introduced 'Doc' to the wife of his bosom and to his children, who tried to look as if they were not in the frame, and then the crowd, taking a formal leave of 'Doc,' went out into the snow and mingled again with the world. It is now Dr. Barrett's turn and he does not often miss a joke."

"Give Congressman Baldwin a chance," said Fred Barrett, "to show his hand. Never crowd any man's cattle. The mayor may be all right for what we know, I believe that if he were informed of the popular sentiment in relation to iron ore, that he as a sensible and honorable man would do what his constituents want. Give the man a chance, but give him plenty of good advice."

When Maj. Bert Braden was a small boy he was in the habit of relating to his parents all his experiences, and although Bert is tolerably truthful now, when he was a kid, he evidently needed correction. When he would indulge in a wild, wailing and swooping assertion he was told to always add the saving clause "present company always excepted." The major has a good memory. One day some one took him to see a line lot of Berkshire pigs and when he returned home he burst into the parlor where his mother had company and exclaimed:

"Oh, mother, I have just been to see the best lot of hogs in the state—present company always excepted."

"Can you tell me why it is?" said Dick Shell today "that the local coal dealers charge us \$6.75 per ton for coal, when they sell the same coal for \$5.75 in Chicago. We have cheaper coal freights than Chicago, but the people do not seem to get the benefit of this? As a searcher after the deep and infinite truth I should like an answer to this question."

R. P. Edson said today: "I have just received a letter from my son, who is a law student at Columbia college. He says that the greatest sight at present in New York is the crowds of men looking for work. It is estimated that over 135,000 men crowd around the newspaper offices near the Brooklyn bridge every day for the purpose of reading the advertisements of men wanted. The condition of many is pitiable in the extreme."

New Business Block.

Work was commenced today upon the construction of a story office building 50 by 115 on the lot adjoining the Board of Trade. It is the intention to carry the work right on and complete the building early in the spring. Plans have been prepared by Architects McMillen & Tenshush, who estimate the cost of the building at about \$50,000.

MASON BLOCK GUTTED

Fire Discovered in the Basement Under Foran Bros. & Co.'s Store at Midnight Last Night.

The Flames Spread Slowly, But Crept up Through the Building and Out of Roof.

The Flats Were Full of Tenants, But All Escaped Easily—The Stocks and Insurance.

Chief Smith's retirement from the fire department did not come quite in time to relieve him from fighting another bad fire. The Mason block, on West First street was gutted last night, the alarm going in at exactly midnight. The building is a story structure. The ground floor was occupied by Foran Bros. & Co., grocers, and Dixon & Lowry, dealers in building supplies. The two upper floors were divided into flats and were filled with tenants and roomers.

The fire caught in the basement under Foran Bros. & Co.'s store and the origin is unknown, the theory being that some one must have dropped a lighted match or else spontaneous combustion from some cause. John Foran left the store at 11:15 o'clock, fifteen minutes before the fire was discovered and there was then no sign of anything like smoke. The department arrived quickly but was hampered by the dense black smoke, probably due to burning molasses, which rolled out of the basement. It looked at the start as though the fire might be confined to the basement and it was an hour before it broke through the floor into the store. Then it crept slowly up through the building. There are numerous partitions in the flats and it was very difficult to get at the flames. About 5 o'clock the flames burst through the roof and lighted the heavens for a brief period with a brilliant glare. The aerial ladder was quickly run up and the flames were up on the roof in a moment dragging the hose after them. Everybody expected to see the whole building go when the flames appeared at the top but they were checked and fairly well controlled. From then on it was simply a dogged fight until morning.

The fire engines two in number were at work at 12:15 o'clock and continued until 7:15 o'clock this morning. The basement was completely filled with water up to within one and a half feet of the sidewalk level. There was 200 gallons of oil and some of this caught fire at one time, but there was no explosion from it. There was ample time for the inmates of the building to get out. Those in the rear flats were badly smoked, but all started, but in the front end and on the sides very few persons after the fire was discovered. Of course there was more or less excitement and the usual number of ludicrous scenes. F. D. W. Morse, an old gentleman, has been ill for some time, and when it became apparent that the fire would spread through the building, he was removed and taken to the hospital. Capt. William Smith, of Hose Company No. 1, was thrown from one of the engines and had his leg badly wrenched. He will be laid up for two or three weeks. The building is owned by M. P. Mason, of Rochester, and was built last winter at a cost of about \$25,000. It is a solid brick and well constructed. It is believed today that the loss can be repaired at an expense of from \$500 to \$1000. Thomas S. Wood was the lessee but has no rental insurance. Stryker, Munley & Buck are Mr. Mason's representatives here. The insurance on the building is as follows:

Georgia	\$1,000
Buffalo German	1,000
London and Lancashire	1,000
Handwriting Bremen	1,000
Manchester	1,000
Sun Insurance Office	1,000
London Assurance	2,000
Readvay	2,000
Total	\$10,000

The loss falls heavily on Foran Bros. & Co. They started in business a few months ago and have built up an excellent trade. Their stock as near as they can estimate, is valued at about \$100,000. It will probably be at least \$50,000. They were permitted to carry \$7500 insurance but only had \$5000.

R. A. Tansig & Co.
Citizens of St. Louis..... \$1,000

ONE PRICE, AND THAT RIGHT

Mr. Lowry, of Dixon & Lowry, estimated his stock at \$5000. On this there will be some salvage. The insurance is \$2500 as follows:

Newark	1,000
Pacific	1,000
Montreal & Boston	1,000
Stryker, Munley & Buck	1,000
Manchester	1,000
Total	\$5,000

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America, of New York	500
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The loss to other tenants cannot be definitely ascertained as yet, but will aggregate \$750 or \$800. A large amount of personal effects that were supposed to be destroyed were saved.

Bethel Peoples' Concert.
A people's concert will be given at the Bethel this evening under the direction of Professor F. R. H. Stanton and a fine program has been arranged. In addition Edgar Eva has, by request, consented to sing. The following is the program:

PART I.
Violin Duet, Symphony No. 1, Op. 10, No. 1, by Mendelssohn & Chopin.
Song, "Whisper and I Shall Hear," Pictorial.
Song, "The Flower of the Valley."
Piano Solo, "A. Polonaise No. 1," Mollenhuth.
Song, "My Love is in the Cold Ground."
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AMUSEMENTS.
Julia Marlowe.
Tonight Julia Marlowe appears at the Temple in "The Love Chase," by Sheridan Knowles. Tomorrow afternoon she plays "Much About Nothing," and in the evening "Romeo and Juliet." Miss Marlowe is probably the most popular actress with Duluth people.

Miss Marlowe infuses her lines with the charm of candid ingenuousness and intellectual womanliness. Her insight into the poet's fancy is deep, and in his ideal is high; so is her interpretation broad, the manifestation of natural artistic sympathies.

Twelve Per Cent Grades.
The board of public works this morning received a letter from F. H. Keating, formerly city engineer here, now city engineer at Toronto, with reference to street railway grades in this city. In Toronto the heaviest grade over which electric cars run is one of 5 per cent. Mr. Keating enclosed a statement made by William McKennie, president of the Toronto Railway company, to the effect that the company on its lines in Montreal is operating very successfully on 12 per cent grades.

A Child Enjoys.
The pleasant, gentle action and soothing effect of Syrup of Figs, when in need of a laxative, and if the father or mother be constipated or bilious, the most gratifying results follow its use, so that it is the best family remedy known and every family should have a bottle.

Fine Leather Goods.
Suitable for presents for ladies and gentlemen—at Boyce's drug store.

Will Trade Improved Farms.
In North Dakota, good location, property unimproved, for Duluth property. Inquire of J. W. Sheridan, Duluth Fuel company.

Another Bad Fire.
Last night and the loss was large. The prompt use of a Miller fire extinguisher would have saved this. Place your order now. C. E. Abbott, manager, No. 20 Third avenue west.

Perkins.
Get them at Boyce's drug store.

Change in Train Schedule. The Duluth & Iron Range Railroad.
On and after Monday, Dec. 25, 1893, passenger trains leaving Duluth at 8:45 a. m., and arriving at 6:30 p. m., will be discontinued. Trains leaving Duluth at 3:15 p. m. and arriving at 11:30 a. m. will have through coach attached for Biwabik and Virginia.
Trnos. Owens, Superintendent.
Duluth, Minn., Dec. 20, 1893.

For Ten Days Only.
Furniture at cost at Bloedel & Ebeling's, Odd Fellows' block, 18 and 20 Lake avenue north.

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The board of public works this morning received a letter from F. H. Keating, formerly city engineer here, now city engineer at Toronto, with reference to street railway grades in this city. In Toronto the heaviest grade over which electric cars run is one of 5 per cent. Mr. Keating enclosed a statement made by William McKennie, president of the Toronto Railway company, to the effect that the company on its lines in Montreal is operating very successfully on 12 per cent grades.

A Child Enjoys.
The pleasant, gentle action and soothing effect of Syrup of Figs, when in need of a laxative, and if the father or mother be constipated or bilious, the most gratifying results follow its use, so that it is the best family remedy known and every family should have a bottle.

Fine Leather Goods.
Suitable for presents for ladies and gentlemen—at Boyce's drug store.

Will Trade Improved Farms.
In North Dakota, good location, property unimproved, for Duluth property. Inquire of J. W. Sheridan, Duluth Fuel company.

Another Bad Fire.
Last night and the loss was large. The prompt use of a Miller fire extinguisher would have saved this. Place your order now. C. E. Abbott, manager, No. 20 Third avenue west.

Perkins.
Get them at Boyce's drug store.

Change in Train Schedule. The Duluth & Iron Range Railroad.
On and after Monday, Dec. 25, 1893, passenger trains leaving Duluth at 8:45 a. m., and arriving at 6:30 p. m., will be discontinued. Trains leaving Duluth at 3:15 p. m. and arriving at 11:30 a. m. will have through coach attached for Biwabik and Virginia.
Trnos. Owens, Superintendent.
Duluth, Minn., Dec. 20, 1893.

For Ten Days Only.
Furniture at cost at Bloedel & Ebeling's, Odd Fellows' block, 18 and 20 Lake avenue north.

ONE PRICE, AND THAT RIGHT

Mr. Lowry, of Dixon & Lowry, estimated his stock at \$5000. On this there will be some salvage. The insurance is \$2500 as follows:

Newark	1,000
Pacific	1,000
Montreal & Boston	1,000
Stryker, Munley & Buck	1,000
Manchester	1,000
Total	\$5,000

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R. A. Tansig & Co.	\$500
Citizens of St. Louis	500
Milwaukee Mechanics	1,000
Little & Noble	500
Providence, Washington	500
America, of New York	500
Total	\$5,000

The loss to other tenants cannot be definitely ascertained as yet, but will aggregate \$750 or \$800. A large amount of personal effects that were supposed to be destroyed were saved.

Bethel Peoples' Concert.
A people's concert will be given at the Bethel this evening under the direction of Professor F. R. H. Stanton and a fine program has been arranged. In addition Edgar Eva has, by request, consented to sing. The following is the program:

PART I.
Violin Duet, Symphony No. 1, Op. 10, No. 1, by Mendelssohn & Chopin.
Song, "Whisper and I Shall Hear," Pictorial.
Song, "The Flower of the Valley."
Piano Solo, "A. Polonaise No. 1," Mollenhuth.
Song, "My Love is in the Cold Ground."
Song, "My Love is in the Cold Ground."
Song, "My Love is in the Cold Ground."
Song, "My Love is in the Cold Ground."

AMUSEMENTS.
Julia Marlowe.
Tonight Julia Marlowe appears at the Temple in "The Love Chase," by Sheridan Knowles. Tomorrow afternoon she plays "Much About Nothing," and in the evening "Romeo and Juliet." Miss Marlowe is probably the most popular actress with Duluth people.

Miss Marlowe infuses her lines with the charm of candid ingenuousness and intellectual womanliness. Her insight into the poet's fancy is deep, and in his ideal is high; so is her interpretation broad, the manifestation of natural artistic sympathies.

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Newark	1,000
Pacific	1,000

MEN'S
FINE SUITS,
OVERCOATS
AND ULSTERS
AT
60c
On the Dollar.

Christmas Greetings!

Neckwear, 50c

LATEST STYLES AND THE
PRICE MADE POSSIBLE
FROM THE FACT THAT

EVERY
PURCHASE
Entitles you to
a Chance on the
VALUABLE
HOUSE & LOT
given away New
Years morn'g.

Selling our Holiday Goods in
connection with our Suits and
Overcoats affords a saving over
a specialty house and leaves a
small profit that proves satis-
factory to us.

Open Tomorrow Night
Until 11 O'clock.

The Great Eastern
Duluth

We're after you

With the best values and varieties. Comparison is the
best friend—stick to it—it gives you bargains and us trade.

EVERYBODY HAPPY

Who trades at our store—can't help it—the assortment the best—quality and
style same—prices correct—why, Christmas trading's easy.

Men's Suits.....	\$12.00	Boys' Suits.....	\$2.48
Men's Suits.....	\$9.00	Boys' Suits.....	\$3.98
Men's Suits.....	\$7.20	Boys' Suits.....	\$6.98
Men's Suits.....	\$6.00	Boys' Suits.....	\$6.98
Men's Suits.....	\$6.00	Boys' Suits.....	\$4.98

A Pair of Skates or Sled Free With Every Suit or Overcoat Purchased in Our Boys' Department.

M.S. BURROWS & CO.

Christmas Greetings!

Stupendous
Clearing Sale!
**House
Coats and
Smoking Jackets!**

We've too many House Coats and Smoking Jackets. If inter-
ested, investigate. It will pay you.

Gloves, Mufflers, Underwear, Suspenders,
Cardigan Jackets, Umbrellas and Canes,
Men's and Boys' Caps.

Largest Assortment
In the City
At the
Lowest Prices.

Open Tomorrow Night
Until 11 O'clock.

Ladies'
And Gents'
**FINE
TRUNKS**
Selling here at
ACTUAL
WHOLESALE
PRICES.

\$1000
IN GOLD GIVEN AWAY
\$20
EVERY WEEK.
Every purchase made here
gives you a chance to
GET IT.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, Dentist, top floor Palladio.
Smoke Ender cigar. W. A. Foote & Co.
Imperial Flour the best in the world.
Good applications for loans on inside
property wanted at once. S. M. Chan-
der, 404 Palladio bldg.

The Merchants' hotel has cut rates for
table board to \$5 per week; room and
board, \$8.50.

The best Xmas gift for a young man or
boy is a membership in the Y. M. C. A.
Extra copies of the 24-page Christmas
number of The Herald can be had at The
Herald counting room.

Polo game tonight at Glen Avon. All
invited. Good music. Admission 25c.
Births as follows have been reported
to the board of health: Peter and Clara
Le Cour, 1616 Piedmont avenue west, a
daughter; Joseph and Maggie Quick,
435 Lake avenue south, a daughter.

The death of Louis A. Kirkland, aged
20 months, infant son of Alexander and
Emma Kirkland, 508 Garfield avenue, of
inflammation, has been reported to the
board of health.

Richard Mahallach was arraigned in
police court yesterday on the charge of
striking and beating his wife, Stella, sev-
eral times Dec. 19. He pleaded not
guilty and his trial was set for Saturday
afternoon.

Marriage licenses have been issued in
Clerk Sindler's office to Ernest E.
Cavallin and Augusta E. Jonson, Ole
Dahlsten and Helma Anderson, Charles
Eckholm and Emma Sundby, C. S. Ful-
ton and Lillian Kall.

The Duluth High School Musical
society has made a generous donation of
\$20 to the Bethel fund for which Dr.
Salter is grateful.

Tonight the Duluth and North Star
polo club teams will contest at the Glen
Avon rink. The rink will be open to the
public and a band will be in attendance.
Certified list No. 15 of swamp
lands deeded to the Duluth & Iron
Range road was filed with Register of
Deeds Shepherd today by State Auditor
Bernhard. The lands selected are in
66-12, 50-16 and 56-18.

Rev. W. A. Fleming Dead.
Rev. William A. Fleming, well known to
old residents of Duluth, died at St.
Louis, Mo., yesterday morning. His wife
and daughter were at his bedside. He
has been in failing health for some time,
but a fatal termination was not expected
until within a few days.

He was for many years pastor of the
Presbyterian church at Marietta, Pa., and
of the First church, Johnston, Pa., and of
the First Side church at Grand Rapids,
Mich. He came to Duluth in 1880 as
pastor of the First Presbyterian church,
which position he resigned a year or two
later on account of ill health. He was
65 years of age. The funeral will take
place tomorrow at the residence of A.
M. Kilgore at Hunter's Park.

Prices were down on holiday goods at
Hulberg Bros., jewelers, 1801 West Su-
perior street.

Remember that Day, the jeweler, has
a most complete line of cut glass.

Attend the glove sale at Madame
Ward's.

Look at the Bargains
At Bloedel & Ebeling's. Furniture at
cost. Odd Fellows' block, 18 and 20
Lake avenue north.

Half Price!
Boys' and Children's suits and over-
coats going at half price. This is no
fake, call and be convinced.
C. W. ERICSON,
217 West Superior street.

Manicure sets and smoking sets. The
largest assortment of fine goods in the
city. Boyce's drug store.

AWARDED HIGHEST HONORS—WORLD'S FAIR.

D. PRICE'S
Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 years the Standard.

PERSONAL.

Charles E. Mackean, of St. Paul, agent
for the Empire line, was in the city yester-
day.

Fred Ryan left yesterday for Roches-
ter, N. Y., where he will spend the holi-
days at his old home.

A. J. Tallon leaves today for St. Paul
to pass the holidays at home.

Miss Metta Adams leaves tomorrow to
spend the holidays in Minneapolis.

John L. Fuller, the local manager of
the North American Telegraph com-
pany, has gone to spend the Christmas
holidays at his mother's home in Red
Wing.

Gen. Moses E. Clapp is at the St.
Louis.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Bishop, of Fond du
Lac, were in the city today.

Neil McInnis is in the city. He now
registers from Eveleth.

Capt. H. D. Powers, formerly of the
Third regiment and now a hardware
merchant at Grand Rapids, is in the city.

A bevy of young Towentees, consisting
of the Misses Barrett, Andrew and Miss
Maggie McInnis and Harry Morcom go
home to Tower today to spend the holi-
days.

Capt. N. D. Moore is back from the
Iron Chief in 58-10. The drill is
down in thirty-three feet of good ore and
the forty feet of surface is all boulder
drift, so that it will make a stripping
mine.

State Senator W. P. Allen is down
from the county commissioners of Itasca
county is in the city.

W. C. Gilbert, president of the First
National bank, of Grand Rapids, is at
the St. Louis.

Dan Green, of Grand Rapids, one of
the county commissioners of Itasca
county is in the city.

Mrs. E. N. Ward and son left yester-
day for Chicago over the Wisconsin
Central.

Mrs. William Andrew, Miss Ida An-
drew and Mrs. and Miss Mona Tre-
wehla were a quartet of ladies who
greeted William Andrew on his arrival
from Virginia after a bad attack of
typhoid pneumonia.

Senator C. H. Pettit, of Minneapolis,
left for home today.

Grand Larceny Charged.
In police court this morning the only
matter that came up was the arraignment
of John Wennerstein on the charge of
grand larceny. The defendant has been
collecting for C. W. Renard, who makes
complaint and alleges that the defend-
ant has knocked down \$50. The exam-
ination was set for Dec. 27, and in default
of bail in the sum of \$200, Wennerstein
was given a free sleighride and lodged
in the county jail.

How's This!
We offer \$100 reward for any case of catarrh
that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.
F. J. CHENEY & CO.,
Proprietors, Toledo, O.
We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney
for the last fifteen years, and believe him per-
fectly honorable in all business transactions and
financially able to carry out any obligation
made by him for them.

West & Trex,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
WALSH, KIRKIN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting
directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of
the system. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all
druggists. Testimonials free.

Go and Find Out the Cost of Watches
From those that advertise to sell them
at those figures, then call on Hulberg
Bros., 1801 West Superior street and find
out who sells them the cheapest. Large
assortment always on hand.

Remember that Day, the jeweler, has
a most complete line of cut glass.

Still Going On!
Our great half price sale on men's
suits and overcoats. You cannot afford
to miss this sale. C. W. ERICSON,
217 West Superior street.

MUST HOLD ANOTHER

Duluth & Winnepig Railroad Annual Meeting
Held This Month Is Found to be Il-
legal and Void.

Another Call for a Stockholders' Meeting to
be Held on Jan. 12, Has Been
Issued.

Duluth Stock Exchange Decides to Continue
Until May 1, and Made Reductions
in Expenses.

The officials of the Duluth & Winnepig
railroad were astonished a few days ago
to find out that the annual meeting of
stockholders held on Dec. 15, at which a
full board of directors was elected, was
illegal and void and would have to be
held over again. It seems that the notice
in advance to the stockholders was not
properly published and circulated.

Because of this error a new call for a
meeting has been issued. It is to be
held on Jan. 12, 1894, in Duluth, and
directors of the road will be elected. It
is not probable that the result of the
coming election will be any different
from the one held recently. The call is
signed by W. F. Fitch, H. J. Boardman
and J. H. Peters.

DECIDED TO CONTINUE.
Stock Exchange Will Be in Existence to May 1
at Least.

There was a meeting of the Duluth
Stock exchange yesterday at which it
was decided to continue business until
May 1 at least. There was quite a strong
sentiment unfavorable to anything but
immediate dissolution but an agreement
was finally reached to keep open until
the date mentioned. There will be a
pretty liberal slash made in the running
expenses, however. One of the largest
reductions will be the amount of the sec-
retary's salary. It has been \$75 per
month but \$25 seems to be the more popu-
lar amount now and it was cut to that
amount. The rent has been reduced
considerably also and some other cuts
made which will enable the exchange to
continue in existence for a long period
should it be so desired.

Railroad Notes.
William Orr, general freight agent of
the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic rail-
road, left for Chicago last night.

Fred S. Swisher, general Northwestern
agent for the Blue Line at Minneapolis,
went home yesterday.

The Duluth & Winnepig will hereafter
handle all their freight over the Duluth
Transfer railway.

Ticket Agent F. B. Ross says that dur-
ing the holidays it is cheaper to travel on
the St. Paul & Duluth than to stay at
home.

Dania Lodge Election.
Dania Lodge, No. 65 of D. B. S. of A.,
elected the following officers last night
for the term of six months: Ex-presi-
dent, Martin C. Miller; president, F.
Gabrielson; vice president, A. W. Eller;
secretary, Ole Jensen; treasurer, Nels
Christiansen; financial secretary, Her-
man E. Hansen; marshal, Hartvig Toft;
inside guard, Ch. Jensen; outside guard,
P. Row; trustees, John P. Hoier, Christ
P. Moller, John C. Wittrop. The lodge
meets on the first and third Thursdays
of each month.

Geist shows twice the stock and has
twice the number of customers and his prices
are about half what other dealers ask for
reliable jewelry.

We sell best print creamery at 30 cts.
per lbs. and tomatoes, corn and peas at
10 cts. per can which has no equal.
Gronseth & Olson, 401-403, East Fourth
street.

A contract made between M. B. Hull,
of Chicago, and Marie Boring, of De-
troit, with John Perrault, of St. Louis
county, for the sale of lands in 57-20, has
been found and can be had by applying
at The Herald office and paying for this
notice.

Remember that Day, the jeweler, has
a most complete line of cut glass.

BOARD OF TRADE PROTESTS.

Opposed to Lowering the Duty on Barley and
Flaxseed.

At a general meeting of the board of
trade at noon today, the following resolu-
tions introduced by Clarke Fagg, local
manager of the VanDusen-Harrington
company, were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, the farmers of the state of Minne-
sota, North and South Dakota, are by reason
of climatic conditions, largely restricted to
raising wheat, barley and flaxseed and owing
to the fact that the duties on barley and
flaxseed for the last two or three years has
become an item of considerable and growing
importance to them, to the members of this ex-
change, to the railroad and lake navigation
interests to and from our city, that we
contemplate with alarm the proposal con-
tained in the so-called Wilson bill now before
congress to largely reduce the import duty on
foreign grown barley and flaxseed, imported
into this country, the effect of which, we believe,
would be to turn over our best market to the
Canadian growers of barley and to the flaxseed
of East India and to force values of our own
products to a lower and unremunerative level;
therefore

Resolved, That we, the members of the Du-
luth board of trade, do most earnestly and
strongly protest against any change being made
in the present import duty on barley and flax-
seed and respectfully petition and request that
the senators and representatives of this state
and those of North and South Dakota oppose
and vote against the proposition to lower the
duty upon the railroad and lake navigation
interests of this state.

Resolved, That copies of these resolutions be
at once forwarded to the senators and repre-
sentatives of this state.

HONORS ARE EVEN.
The Leading Contestants in the Mayoralty Con-
test Are Close Together.

Honors are nearly even now between
the two highest contestants in the Her-
ald voting contest, Henry Haskins and
George W. Stevens. The latter jumped
nearly 500 votes again today and is now
only a little over 100 behind. Next week
all coupons will count three votes, but al-
though Saturday Dec. 30, one each is all that
the coupons will be counted for. The
following is today's score:

Henry Haskins..... 17,006
George W. Stevens..... 16,906
Lumber company..... 17,581
W. C. Richardson..... 4,250
B. A. Gray..... 4,250
A. M. Morrison..... 1,729
Robert L. Knobel..... 683
G. W. Cornell..... 627
H. C. Kendall..... 489
H. C. Hartley..... 184
G. O. Morris..... 129
George W. Buck..... 132
J. B. Sublin..... 129
J. B. Sublin..... 129

THE COURT FILINGS.
Motion in the Corman Libel Case to be Ar-
gued Tomorrow.

Answer of the defendant in the case
of M. L. Corman vs. Duluth Printing
and Publishing company was filed today.

Also notice of motion by plaintiff to
strike out a portion of the answer as
sham and irrelevant. This motion will
be argued at the special term tomorrow.

Marshall-Wells Hardware company has
brought suit against Anton King-
red to recover \$515.82 for goods sold.
Draper, Davis & Hollister are plaintiffs' attorneys.

Other papers filed were as follows:
Confession of judgment in the case of
John H. Brigham vs. Herman E. Long
et al; amount, \$634.07.

Garnishee bond to release property in
Security bank vs. W. C. Sherwood, M.
O. Brooks, and Wyoming Iron company.

Proof of service of notice of applica-
tion for condemnation of lands for rail-
road purposes in Duluth & Iron Range
railroad vs. Amelia Sherwood, et al.

The statement in yesterday's Herald
that default judgment for \$174,183 in
favor of O. Dore against Henry G. In-
gersoll, G. J. Atkins, M. O. Brooks and
W. C. Sherwood was filed is incorrect.
Judgment was entered against Ingersoll
and Atkins, but not against Brooks and
Sherwood.

Chase & Sanborn's celebrated coffees
and teas, always fresh at Gronseth &
Olson's, 401 and 403 East Fourth street.

Try our "Viking Pride" flour at \$1.70
per sack. Gronseth & Olson, 401-403,
East Fourth street.

We received a large consignment of
elegant dairy butter last night from our
country shippers, which we shall sell at
low prices. Call and examine.
Gronseth & Olson, 401-403, East Fourth
street.

Celery, radishes, lettuce, parsley,
cucumbers, tomatoes, Catalpa grapes,
Malaga grapes, oranges, bananas, can-
dies and nuts at Gronseth & Olson, 401-
403 East Fourth street.

Everything in the dried fruit line,
cheap, at Gronseth & Olson's, 401 and
403 East Fourth street.

AFTER THE HOLIDAY RECESS.

Debate on the Tariff Bill Will Begin in the
House.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—After the holi-
day recess congress will begin an inter-
esting and most members think a long
session.

The Wilson bill revising the tariff will
be the first measure taken up in the
house. Debate on the measure will be
began as soon as congress reassem-
bles, and after continuing several
days the ways and means
committee will give way for
a few days in order to allow the com-
mittee on foreign affairs to have its resolu-
tion regarding Hawaiian affairs dis-
cussed and disposed of. Debate on the
tariff will then begin in earnest.

The limit of debate has not yet been
decided on, but the managers hope to
have the bill passed and sent to the sen-
ate by the middle of February at the lat-
est. After the tariff is disposed of, the
committee on appropriations will claim
the attention of the house with the an-
nual appropriation bills.

"Verdict of 'Not Proven'."
EDINBURGH, Dec. 22.—The case of
Alfred John Monson, on trial for the
murder of Lieut. Hambrough, was given
to the jury this morning. They returned
a verdict of "not proven," and Monson
was discharged.

An Unfounded Report.
NEW YORK, Dec. 22.—Flint & Co. had
direct advices from Rio de Janeiro today
and they say that there is no truth in the
report that Rio has fallen. Brazilian
Minister Mendonca says he has no ad-
vices indicating any unusual trouble.

Diamonds.
It would not show good judgment to
purchase any without seeing Geist.

Christmas day our store will be closed.
Please prepare tomorrow for Sunday and
Monday's dinner. Gronseth & Olson,
401 and 403 East Fourth street.

S. GELHAAR
DULUTH'S
PRACTICAL FURRIER,
Established 1887. Makes and repairs all kinds
of FUR GARMENTS. Seal skin Scaques re-
dyed and re-dressed on the premises. PLUSH
COATS STEAMED.
209-211 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

Polo! Polo! Polo!
TOMORROW NIGHT.
—AT—
Duluth Athletic Club Skating Rink,
GLEN AVON.
Duluth Polo Club
North Star Club.

The entire rink will be open to the pub-
lic for skating. Street cars every ten min-
utes after 7 o'clock. Good music. Game
called at 9 o'clock.
ADMISSION, 25 CENTS.

Shaving
10 Cents,
at Sullivan's
White Front
Barber Shop
215 West Superior St.,
Between 4th and 5th.

TEMPLE OPERA HOUSE
J. T. Condon, Lessee and Mgr.

Miss Julia Marlowe,
Under Management of
Mr. Fred Stinson.

FRIDAY EVENING, Dec. 22, Sheridan
knows! Fine Old Comedy, THE LOVE
KNOWS! No. 1. 7 o'clock. Dec. 23
MUSIC ABOUT NOTHING. Saturday
Evening, Dec. 23, ROMEO and JULIET.
No. 2. 7 o'clock.

Seats on sale Wednesday morning at
9 o'clock at Box Office and Kilgus &
Simpson's, Exchange block, 5th, 5th, 5th,
\$1.50. Matinee 50c, 75c, \$1.

AT COST! AT COST!
WE WILL, FOR THE BALANCE
OF THIS YEAR,

**SELL YOU ANY WATCH
WE HAVE IN
STOCK AT FACTORY PRICES!**

This we consider the rarest opportunity of a lifetime
to get a good reliable watch for a small consideration.

W. A. MONTAGUE,
325 West Superior Street. JEWELER.

LOST MANHOOD RESTORED.
"SPANISH NERVE GRAINS" the wonderful remedy is sold
with written guarantee to cure all nervous diseases such as Weak Man-
ner, Loss of Brain Power, Loss of Memory, Nightly Emissions, Evil Dreams,
Lack of Confidence, Acromiast, Lassitude, all drains and loss of power
of the Generative Organ in either sex caused by over exertion, youthful
excess, or excessive use of tobacco, opium or stimulants which soon lead
to Infertility, Consumption and Insanity. Put up convenient to carry in
vest pocket. Sent by mail in plain package to any address for \$1.00, or 6
for \$5.00. This every 10c order gets a written guarantee from the
manufacturer. Circular Free. Address STANLEY NERVE GRAINS CO., New York.

For Sale in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist, 13 West Superior Street.

Fill out the Coupon in
The Herald this evening
and send it to this office.

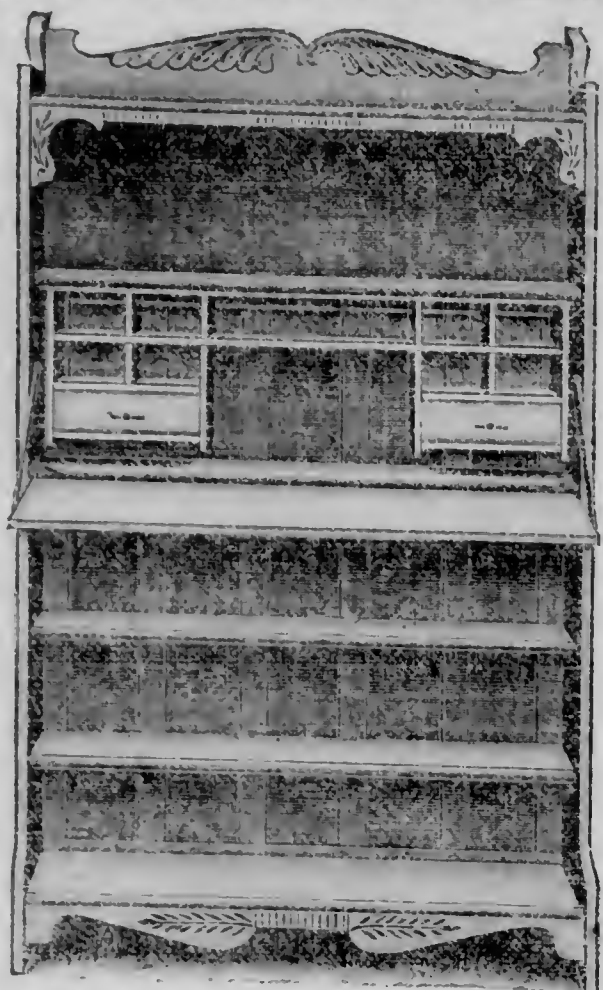
DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

ELEVENTH YEAR

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 23, 1893.

FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION.

THREE CENTS



For
The
Holidays.

We Will Sell
Twenty-five Solid
Oak Secretary Book
Cases, like this cut
for
\$6.50
Each, worth \$12.

TWENTY MORE.

Same Style with bevelled plate mirror for

\$8.50,
Worth \$13.50.

TEN MORE

Substantial Plain Book Cases, adjustable Shelves, for

\$4.50,
Worth \$6.50.

The above are from the BANKRUPT HUDSON FURNITURE COMPANY. No other firm in town has had goods from this company and we can prove it.

Our Easy Payment Plan

Commands the respect and attention of all. It entitles people in every circumstance of life to completely, comfortably furnish a home, and pay for the furnishings in small weekly or monthly remittances which are no drain upon their finances, and leads to the possession and enjoyment of comforts they would not otherwise obtain.

PAIR, SQUARE AND EQUITABLE.

Smith,
Farwell &
Steele Co.,
COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHERS,
222, 224, 226 and 228 West
Superior Street,
DULUTH, MINN.

Auction! W. D. GORDON, Auction!
Office: 324 West Superior Street, Hotel St. Louis Block, Duluth, Minn.
Auctioneer and Appraiser.

Adjusting fire losses a specialty. Auction sales conducted anywhere. Send me word regarding surplus goods, furniture or stock of any description, large or small lots, and I will call and arrange to sell on premises or remove to auction rooms. Goods stored till regular sale of necessity. AGENCY FOR STABLES, FURNITURE, CARRIAGES, AND ALL KINDS OF VEHICLES.

WE have no shelf worn Books which we are obliged to sell at a discount, but our prices are "way down" on our entire stock of

New Christmas Goods
And Novelties.

Chamberlain & Taylor's 323 West Superior Street.

PROCLAMATION!

By the Powers in us Vested:

We, Santa Claus, Kris Kringle and St. Nicholas, the merry patron saints of all good children, do hereby decree and promulgate that we will hold our Christmas revels in the great and goodly City of Duluth.

And we have ordained that Kropfner's Fur Store shall be prepared meet for our reception, and we further command that all good children shall come to our festival, and that they shall bring their father, their mother, and all their relations, who shall select the beautiful and useful gifts that the fur store has in readiness for them, suitable for every taste, for every age, and compatible with every purse. In witness whereof we have affixed our hand and seal.

SANTA CLAUS. [SEAL.]

MENDENHALL & HOOPES, District Managers,
London Guarantee & Accident Co. (LIMITED)
OF LONDON, ENG.
ORGANIZED 1862.

Employers Liability,
Elevator Accident,
Workmen's Collective,
Surety Bonds, -
Individual Accident



Holiday Gifts.
Black Bear and Seal Muffs,
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Seal
Caps, just the thing for this kind
of weather. If we have not got
what you want we will order it for
you. We will furnish a seal jacket or Cape at the wholesale
price in New York.

CATE & CLARKE,

333 West Superior Street.

HIS COURAGE FAILED

Jose Codina, Who Threw the Bomb in a Barcelona Theater, Makes a Full Confession.

Selected to Kill Gen. de Campos, But His Courage Failed at the Critical Moment.

Pallas Snatched the Bomb When Codina Hesitated, But When Arrested Did Not Betray Him.

BARCELONA, Dec. 23.—Jose Codina, the anarchist who has already confessed that he threw the bomb that caused upward of thirty deaths in the Lyceum theater, has made a further confession giving details of his crime. He says that he was selected by an anarchist group to assassinate Gen. Martinez de Campos in September last. He, in company with two or three comrades, including Pallas, went to view the march past of the troops, it being his intention to then assassinate Gen. de Campos, who was the reviewing officer.

He took a position from which he would have been an easy task to have carried out his project, but when the troops arrived his courage failed. The reason for this, he says, was that he realized that if he threw a bomb amid the crowd that surrounded Gen. de Campos he would have killed or wounded hundreds of persons. He had the bomb ready to throw, but the thought of the many innocent persons that would suffer restrained him from throwing it.

Pallas, at the time set for the assassination drew near, urged Codina to throw the bomb. Seeing that Codina hesitated, Pallas angrily snatched the bomb from him saying: "You're no good." Pallas' nerves were evidently unstrung by the struggle, and for a time he hesitated to throw the bomb that he had seized. Had he thrown it as he originally intended he would have killed Gen. de Campos, but the delay, which allowed the crowd surrounding the reviewing stand to grow thicker, saved the life of the general.

Pallas, when arrested and until after his execution, insisted that he alone was responsible for the attempt at assassination, and despite the close questioning of the authorities he never by a word betrayed that Codina had anyone else had anything to do with the crime. It was this fact that made him a hero in the eyes of the anarchists who knew all the facts.

His stoicism and willingness to accept death rather than to betray his comrade Codina, to determine that he would give effect to Pallas' threat that his execution would be avenged. Shortly after Pallas was shot at Mount Juich, Codina began his preparations to avenge his comrade's death, and the explosion at the Lyceum theater followed.

IN ENFORCED IDLENESS.

Over Eight Hundred Thousand People Are Out of Work.

New York, Dec. 23.—Special telegrams to New York from London, Paris, and other cities throughout the world, at 110 cities throughout the world, show that there are wage-earners in enforced idleness at the present time numbering more than 800,000, and that there are idle employees of industrial and other establishments more than 1,050,000 persons.

The reports are summarized as follows: New England, 60,000 unemployed; 151,400 dependent. New York and New Jersey, 233,350 unemployed; 503,750 dependent. Pennsylvania, 151,500 unemployed; 440,200 dependent. Central Western, 227,310 unemployed; 443,310 dependent. Northwestern, 61,000 unemployed; 173,800 dependent. Pacific coast, 25,800 unemployed; 47,000 dependent. Southern, 42,065 unemployed; 122,650 dependent. Totals, 801,055 unemployed; 1,956,110 dependent.

Opera House Burned.

WOODSTOCK, Ont., Dec. 23.—The opera house here, one of the handsomest in the Whitney circuit, was burned last night and the adjoining warehouse of James Hay & Co. was considerably damaged. The Frank Tucker company was playing a week's engagement at the theater, and the audience had only left the building an hour when the fire broke out. It is supposed to have originated from a gas explosion. Loss, \$30,000.

Cars Not Vestibuled.

ST. PAUL, Dec. 23.—Last evening a warrant of arrest was served upon Frank S. Hoskins, St. Paul superintendent of the Twin City Rapid Transit company. The charge is that the Twin City Rapid Transit company has refused to comply with the provisions of the state law, requiring that all Minnesota street railway companies should put vestibules on their cars before Nov. 1, 1893, for the protection of motormen and gripmen from severe storms.

Twenty-Four Killed.

NEW YORK, Dec. 23.—A special to the Press from Cerritos, N. M., says: A race war has broken out at Laguna del Gallo, Lincoln county. A dispute arose between Mexicans and Americans over the ownership of a herd of sheep. In a battle that followed the Mexicans and nineteen Mexicans were killed.

Horribly Mangled.

NEWPORT, Pa., Dec. 23.—Early this morning a young man was run over by a freight train here and horribly mangled. He died at once. He gave his name as William Dipple and lives home, Watson, Mich.

The Alchison Directors.

BOSTON, Dec. 23.—From the best advice obtainable, it is learned that no meeting of the Alchison directors will be held in Boston today and that no concerted action of these officials is probable until Tuesday next at the earliest.

A BATTLE IN BRAZIL.

Government Forces Penned in and Surrender Unavoidable.

NEW YORK, Dec. 23.—The Herald's Montevideo special cable says: News has just been received here of a fight which began on Wednesday between government troops and the insurgent forces from Santa Catharina. Gen. Saraiva's men had joined with those under Salgado, making a total of 8000. The fighting took place in Itajaib, the insurgent divisions being led by Gens. Pinheiro, Machado, Luna and Martins.

According to the latest reports received here the rebels had lost 400 men, but had the government troops so badly penned in that surrender seemed unavoidable. The rebels are well armed, having lately received 2000 rifles and guns brought down from Rio on board the Aquidaban.

The Republic is taking on coal and is almost ready to sail. It is rumored that she is coming to Montevideo to fight Peixoto's squadron gathering here. One of Mello's steamers, the Urano, is now blockading another town called Itajaib, a small port commanding the state of Parana, and an important railway.

Another of Mello's steamers, the Meteor, is reported ashore at Barrahaty. While she was reconnoitering in the harbor entrance, she ran aground and the government force of artillery there, which has four guns, opened fire upon her and kept up the cannonade till her crew were all killed.

SMALLPOX AT JOLIET.

The City is Scared and Vaccination is Being Pushed.

JOLIET, Ill., Dec. 23.—This city is aroused over the prevalence of smallpox, which was recently imported from Chicago. A special meeting of the city council was held last night and \$1000 appropriated to fit up an emergency hospital.

Mayor Skussen today issued a proclamation forcing school children to be vaccinated. Warden Allen has quarantined the prison against the outside world. Great fear is entertained from the possibility of a canal, along which 1000 men are employed.

This Coupon counts for three votes if sent to The Herald office previous to Dec. 25.

My choice for Mayor
at the ensuing spring
election is.....

December 23. Signature.

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC CUT.

Meeting of the Grievance Committees With the Officials.

ST. PAUL, Dec. 23.—The various grievance committees were listened to by the officials of the Northern Pacific road yesterday, and the conference was renewed today. General Manager Kendrick presiding. The officials state that some of the claims will be paid, but that others will be dropped before a definite conclusion is reached.

The differences between the men and the company will not be settled until taken up by the receivers. The schedules will give the most trouble because of the knotty points involved. The engineers get so much a mile and on the Western division a ton, even if it is only forty miles, is constituted 100 miles and the men are accordingly, and the engineers are unwilling to relinquish the schedule. In a minor degree all other schedules are of relative importance.

Robbed a Farmer.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Dec. 23.—James Gordon and William Miller, two well-dressed young men, were arrested here last night charged with having drugged with liquor and afterwards robbed J. E. Cotton, a Talladega county farmer, of \$12,000. Cotton sold his farm a few days ago and came here with the money sewed in the waistband of his trousers. Two men got him drunk, put him to bed, stole his money and left.

The Roof Wrecked.

DES MOINES, Dec. 23.—The huge fly wheel in the power house of the Des Moines Electric railway exploded at 10 o'clock this morning, wrecking the roof of the building and inflicting damages amounting to \$10,000. No one was injured. The company has duplicate machines, and the stoppage of cars was very brief.

Died From Starvation.

BANGOR, Me., Dec. 23.—Fanny Landers died yesterday at the Brewer almshouse from starvation. She refused to take food for fifty-five days, during which time she drank only a little water. Her husband died just before she began her fast, and despondency probably caused her action. She was 39 years old.

Ocean Steamships.

NEW YORK, Dec. 23.—State of Nebraska, Glasgow; Aller, Southampton. Liverpool—Sailed: Cific, New York. Bremen—Sailed: Weimar, New York. Naples—Arrived: Normandia, New York for Genoa.

Pensions Granted.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—The following pensions were granted today: Minnie J. T. Clements, St. Paul; Thomas Stern, St. Paul; Elizabeth Hoffman, Hancock; Edwin G. Shell, St. Paul.

A Centenarian Dead.

CAMBRIDGE, N. J., Dec. 23.—Mrs. Sarah Johnson died this morning. She was the oldest woman in the state, her age being 115 years.

THE EARTH CAVED IN

Five Men Entombed While Excavating for a New Furnace at Carnegie's Homestead Steel Works.

One Was Dead When Taken Out, While Four Were Badly, But Not Fatally Injured.

Nine Others Were Working There, But Fled to Their Homes When the Accident Happened.

HOMESTEAD, Pa., Dec. 23.—In an excavation for a new furnace at the Carnegie Steel works at this place, in which fourteen men were working this morning, five men were entombed in a cave-in. One was dead when taken out, four were very badly injured and may die, and the remaining nine cannot be accounted for. The men in the pit were Hungarians and Slavs. The names of dead and injured are:

John Kennedy, aged 32 years, lived at Monaca, married, leaves a wife and four children; killed instantly.

John Norosk, aged 28, lives in Homestead, leg broken and injured internally.

John Harco, aged 30, lives in Homestead, both legs broken.

John Gado, Homestead, married, two children; head cut and injured internally.

Gado cannot recover and it is feared one or two of the others will die. The injured men were taken to their homes as soon as they were rescued. The pit in which the men were imprisoned under several tons of loose dirt, is an excavation for a new furnace in the open hearth department. It was twenty feet deep and almost finished. There were four men in the gang and about 1:30 o'clock the alarm was given that all were entombed.

The body of John Kennedy, who worked on the scaffold, midway in the pit, was found first. Ropes were extended from the top and a number of men descended and began the work of rescue. One by one the injured men were taken out, until five men out of the fourteen were accounted for. The search continued until daylight, when owing to the danger of another cave-in, the work was abandoned until cave-diggers can brace the hanging walls of earth.

Later this afternoon, when the search was seriously made, it was found that the other nine men who were working in the pit when the cave-in occurred have also been accounted for. They escaped injury but were badly frightened when they ran to their homes and remained there.

FROM THE SIXTH STORY.

Four Workmen Precipitated From the Chicago Stock Exchange.

CHICAGO, Dec. 23.—Four workmen employed at the great Stock Exchange building in course of erection at La Salle and Washington streets, were precipitated to the ground from the sixth story on a crude outside elevator this afternoon.

The injuries of all are serious and one or two may die from their internal injuries. The victims are: T. Morrison, 117 E. Erie street; J. Brennan, 822 Belmont avenue; Abraham Hanson, 226 North May street; J. Gibbons, 760 Huron street.

Indicted for Perjury.

BROOKLYN, Dec. 23.—John J. Vail, ex-cashier of the defunct Central bank of Brooklyn, who was arrested on a charge of perjury in connection with the bank's statements, was this morning released on \$40,000 bail. Assistant District Attorney Clarke announced today that the Kings county grand jury had found two more indictments against Mr. Vail for forgery in the third degree.

Judge Long's Pension.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—The argument in the mandamus proceeding of Judge Long of Michigan, before Judge Bradley of the district supreme court to compel Commissioner Lochren to restore his pension, was concluded this morning.

F. A. Baker, of Detroit, made the closing argument, and at its conclusion the court announced that he would take the case under advisement.

Suicide in New York.

NEW YORK, Dec. 23.—The disappearance and suicide of L. H. Marsteller, a wealthy retired dry goods merchant, was reported at police headquarters this morning. He had been missing since Thursday and this morning he was found dead in a vacant building. He had committed suicide by shooting himself in the mouth. Mr. Marsteller was 50 years old and a widower.

Would Not Touch It.

NEW YORK, Dec. 23.—Regarding a story that Drexel, Morgan & Co. have secured control by purchase of the stock of the New York & New England railroad in the interest of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad, J. Pierpont Morgan said: "It is absolutely false. I would not touch New England at any price."

Should be Impeached.

OMAHA, Dec. 23.—District Judge Scott today vacated the order which prevented filing complaints against gambling houses and declared that Mayor Jenks, who, as a sworn official, permitted violation of the statute against gambling on payment of a monthly fee to the city, ought to be impeached.

License Revoked.

BOSTON, Dec. 23.—The American Building, Loan and Investment society of Chicago has notified that its license has been revoked. It is impossible to see any information as to the liabilities of the society and it has violated certain clauses of its license.

WANTS HEAVY DAMAGES.

A Johnstown Alderman Sued for False Imprisonment.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., Dec. 23.—Alderman John T. Harris, a gentleman of wealth and one of the most prominent magistrates in the city, was placed under arrest last night by Sheriff Shoemaker, of Ebsburg, on a capias issued through Attorney Frank L. O'Connor by John Russell.

The latter was recently sentenced to six months' imprisonment by Alderman Harris, on a charge of malicious mischief. Before the sentence Russell, it appears, demanded a jury trial, but his plea, he claims, was ignored.

He has just secured release from jail on a writ of habeas corpus and brought suit against Alderman Harris for \$5000 damages for false imprisonment. Harris furnished bail for \$5000. The arrest has caused a sensation.

THE FRAUDS AT NEW YORK.

Amount Lost Through Customs Irregularities Not Yet Known.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—Assistant Secretary Hamlin has returned from New York, where he has been in consultation with Collector Kilbreth on the alleged irregularities in the custom house. He authorizes the United Press to say that the principles laid down in the Schlesinger decision have not been followed in the matter of preparing statements for the refund of excessive duties in cases which have been decided in the courts in favor of the importers.

These cases include numerous lines of goods. A careful examination, which is now being made, will be the means only of determining how much the United States has already lost, or what its future liabilities may aggregate.

A RUMOR AGAIN DENIED.

The Story That Rio Had Fallen Into the Rebels' Hands.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—That no startling events took place yesterday at Rio Janeiro, such as the capture of the city and the resignation of President Peixoto, was pretty conclusively shown today.

A cable message dated at Rio last night and received at the state department this morning failed to make mention of any circumstance tending to confirm the sensational reports in circulation. The dispatch was from Mr. Townes, the United States consul general at Rio.

DROWNED IN A MINE.

Water Broke in From an Adjoining Drift—Two Men Perished.

GALENA, Kas., Dec. 23.—Joseph Belson and George Lake, both old miners, were working at the head of a drift lead in the morning when water broke through from an adjoining drift and at once arose to the shaft about twenty feet above the mouth of the mine where the men were at work. Both men are undoubtedly drowned.

An Executioner Scared.

PARIS, Dec. 23.—Deblier, the public executioner, otherwise known as "Mon-sieur Deparis," has received many letters stating that if he executes Vaillant, the man who threw the bomb in the chamber of deputies, he will be blown up. Deblier evidently fears that these threats will be put into execution if he guillotines Vaillant, and he has asked to be allowed to give up his position.

The Honduras Rebellion.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—A cablegram has been received from Minister Young, dated Nicaragua, stating that the Honduras revolutionists are marching from Nicaragua to Honduras. The army of the latter country has been put in motion to meet them.

Bank President Arrested.

KANSAS CITY, Dec. 23.—William P. Holmes, president of the defunct Security Savings bank, was arrested today for receiving deposits knowing that the bank was insolvent. He had overdrawn his account \$22,000 when the bank failed.

Fatal Explosion.

SCRANTON, Pa., Dec. 23.—At the Florence colliery, Smithville, this morning, John Mallis of Pittston, was killed and Thomas Kowan fatally injured by a premature explosion of a blast, carelessly set off by the man in charge of the electric battery.

Lace Importers Fail.

NEW YORK, Dec. 23.—The old house of Albert, Hunter & Co., importers of laces, failed today. The liabilities are not definitely known, but are estimated at over \$150,000, the greater part of which is due in Europe.

Killed His Sister.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Dec. 23.—At Seale, a small hamlet near this city, Sam Woods, a demented 16-year-old boy this morning shot and killed his sister, aged 18. He said God told him to offer her a sacrifice.

Gen. Banks Ill.

LYNN, Mass., Dec. 23.—Gen. Nathaniel P. Banks was taken ill in the Central railroad station here this afternoon and was taken to his home in Waltham by an officer.

Steel Works Closed.

BELLAIR, Ohio, Dec. 23.—The Riverside Steel works at Benwood have closed down for an indefinite period. Six hundred people are out of employment.

Fire at Port Huron.

PORT HURON, Mich., Dec. 23.—Fire at midnight last night destroyed the City Opera house building, entailing a loss of \$34,000. The building was valued at \$50,000 and insured for \$10,000.

A Miner Killed.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., Dec. 23.—Last night a rush of coal took place in the Reading company's east Bear Ridge colliery at Mahanoy place, and Michael Kearny, a miner, was killed.

Cotton Burned.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Dec. 23.—Fire in Flannery's cotton warehouse last night destroyed 1500 bales of cotton. Loss \$25,000.

Everybody will come: everybody will be here. We can take care of you all. 200 salespeople will insure quick dispatch.

PLEASE NOTE—Our store will be open half the day Christmas.

PANTON & WATSON.

TONIGHT THERE WILL BE BARGAINS!
AT PANTON & WATSON'S GLASS BLOCK STORE.

DANGER OF FREE ORE

A Practical Mining Man Tells What Would Result From Removing the Existing Ore Duty.

The Cheaply Mined Ores of Cuba, Spain and Algeria, and the Probable Canadian Competition.

Damage to Lake Superior's Iron Industry the First Year Would be Ten Million Dollars.

To the Editor of The Herald:

I see that our representative, Maj. Baldwin, wants an expression from his constituents in regard to free ore. If the major had spent a short time in his district after the special session adjourned, he could have heard a great many expressions from them about the tariff in general, as well as on iron ore. However, I think it can safely be said that ninety-nine out of every hundred business men interested in real estate, wholesale and retail business of any kind, manufacturing, milling, lumbering, leaving mining out of the question, and irrespective of party, would conscientiously say that free ore would work a vast injury to the Mesaba and Vermilion ranges, to the states of Minnesota, Wisconsin and Michigan, and to the whole Lake Superior iron district. If the major desires the business men of his district to satisfy his vanity by taking off their hats to him, they should certainly get together and do it at once, as it is a matter of vital importance, and they should request and demand that he represent them rightly in this matter.

I have seen several communications from different people interested in the Mesaba, in which they claim that free ore would not injure this range. They certainly have not investigated the matter, are interested in some way in foreign ore, or are talking through their hats. If they had made the statement that would hurt the Mesaba range least of any they would have come nearer the mark. What will injure the iron ore industry of the United States will injure the whole Lake Superior iron district, the Mesaba included.

In the eleventh annual United States census it is shown that the iron ore industry was carried on in twenty-seven different states and territories, namely, Alabama, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Georgia, Idaho, Kentucky, Michigan, Minnesota, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Missouri, Montana, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Virginia, Wisconsin. The total amount produced was 14,513,041 tons. The capital invested in the mining alone was about \$140,000,000, employing a vast army of men. The amount of capital invested has been increased in the last three years to about \$175,000,000, which means the amount invested in property in the mines and does not include the large amount invested in railroads and their equipments, docks, vessels, etc., to transfer the ore to the furnaces, and which would not have been built only for this great industry.

The principal foreign ores imported into this country come from Cuba, Spain and Algeria. The iron mines of Cuba already developed are situated in the foothills of the Sierra Maestra mountains. The range is about thirty miles in extent and resembles the Mesaba range in great many respects. Although the ore is not so soft nor lying horizontally, there are practically inexhaustible deposits lying in exposed veins, with solid walls at an elevation of several hundred feet above the level of the railroad, so that for a number of years there would be no water to pump or timber used. The ore could be loaded into the cars by gravity. The laborers consist of native white labor and Spanish peasants and can be secured "for about what you want to pay them," using the language of a gentleman recently returned who was a manager for one of the mining companies.

Three great companies, the Juragua, Sigua and Spanish-American, are in shape to ship today. The Juragua, com-

posed of Philadelphia capitalists, has been in operation since 1887, and has increased its facilities for mining a larger amount each year. They own their own railroad docks and a line of iron steamers. The Spanish-American and Sigua companies are composed of New York, Cleveland and Chicago capitalists. Their roads are respectively four and eight miles in length. They are well equipped, own their own docks and lands in fee. The combined capacity of these companies at present is about 10,000 tons per day or 3,000,000 tons per year. Several other companies have been and are being organized, all claiming superior advantages over most of the ore ranges of this country, some of which are: no water to pump; short hauls to the docks, the average distance being about eight miles while the average on Lake Superior is about sixty-five; the water freights will be about the same but they can ship the whole year. Cuba with the present duty has been able to place but very little ore west of the Alleghenies. Remove that and they will be strong competitors for Pittsburgh trade.

Most of the ore coming from Spain and Algeria comes over for ballast. These mines are situated right on or near the coast and are mined with the least of labor. Remove the duty and instead of being confined to empty bottoms, vessels will go into the trade for business, which means a large influx of ore from those sources. Canada will attempt to develop her iron deposits and the Kingston and Pembroke district, in which Kossell, P. Flower and his associates were and I think are now interested, will possibly try to compete. In fact, any country bordering on the Atlantic, with ore bodies near the coast and there are many such, will develop them with cheap labor. In some cases Chinese coolies will be hired and, with cheap ocean freights they will practically wipe out the market for Southern iron. They will take the quietest market in the industry, the concentration of the magnetic iron ores of New York and New Jersey, and serious inroads will be made on the Lake Superior ores, at Pittsburg and other places.

It is just to remove at once the entire duty and jeopardize the hundreds of millions of capital invested in this great industry for the benefit of foreign countries? In the Lake Superior region, after the discovery of the Gogebic range and the increase of the use of steel requiring more Bessemer ore, the mine owners pursued the policy of increasing the production in order to cheapen the cost, and millions were invested in extending their openings and purchasing new and improved machinery. Notably was the case with the Minnesota Iron company, the Norrie, Gogebic Iron syndicate and the Chapin. Then came the discovery of the Mesaba range, and now the entire Lake Superior district has a capacity for production of 12,000,000 tons with a demand in regular years of 6,000,000 tons.

The disadvantages we labor under are climatic conditions, our miners requiring more food and clothing in this cold country; the distance from the shallow waterways limiting the loads the vessels can carry, and the shipping season lasting only eight months. No wonder, then, that the entire removal of the duty is regarded as a serious menace to this great industry. Mr. Wilson's ignorance of this district is shown in his knowledge of the steam shovel propositions. There are 225 iron mines on Lake Superior and the steam shovel propositions can almost be counted on the fingers of one hand. Less than 5 per cent of the ore shipped from Lake Superior this season was mined by steam shovels. In no even case was the cost 30 per cent of the whole amount.

The damage to the Lake Superior iron industry by the entire removal of the duty for the first year, estimated by Cleveland ore brokers who are thoroughly posted on this question, would be from \$7,000,000 to \$10,000,000, while the advantages to Eastern ore buyers would be less than one-fifth that amount. If the duty must go, let it be reduced gradually, say 10 cents a year, giving the mines and miners a chance to adapt themselves to the situation. Then all mines will pursue the policy of the Lake Superior Consolidated Mining company, of the Mesaba mine a large amount of ore, run it over their own road, through their own docks, into wharves waiting like freight cars to be loaded, carrying immense loads through the deep waterways, the work on which is now being prosecuted; unloaded again on their own docks or yards, where, if any furnace wants any amount or quality of ore, it will be shipped at a much reduced cost from the present low price. With these improvements, in a few years the tariff will not figure in it. If satisfactory assurance was given that the tariff would not be removed at once, in thirty days there would not be a starving miner on Lake Superior.

JAMES H. JAMES.

Given Away. For the holidays we make special inducements to the family trade and will give away from now until Christmas with the purchase of one gallon of liquor, a bottle of wine worth \$1; half gallon of liquor, a bottle of wine worth 50c. Do not forget to call at

THE PACIFIC WINE HOUSE, 529-531 West Superior street.

Duluth & Winnipeg Railroad. Commencing Dec. 25, 1893, the freight business of this road will be handled by the

Duluth Transfer Railway. Warehouses, Duluth, foot of Seventh avenue west.

West Duluth, Second avenue east and First street south. O. R. KOWLEY, General Freight Agent.

To Please. By beauty of feature and grace of manner is the laudable wish of all ladies; but too frequently the charm of faceless features is greatly impaired by an imperfect complexion. Camelline, the celebrated California beautifier, corrects all blemishes, imparts healthy action to the skin and restores the delicate bloom of early youth. By its use the damaging effect of our trying climate is prevented and a pure and natural complexion preserved. Refreshing, soothing and efficient in preventing and removing the distressing effects of sunburn, irritation and eruptions of the skin, pruritus, etc. Prepared in pure white and delicate flesh color. Price 25 cents. A limited supply just received and for sale by all druggists.

If you are not satisfied with your laundry telephone 447 and have Lutes' laundry call.

AMONG THE HUNTERS

Central Gun Club Will Have Another Good Time With the Traps on New Year's.

Deer Still Being Killed and Indications Are That the Game Warden is Snow Blind.

Real Reasons Why There is a Yearly Decrease in the Number of Ducks and Geese.

The Central Gun club is hoping for pleasant weather New Year's day, when they hope to have another good time at the traps. The meeting will be at Twenty-first avenue west. By the way, the Central expects to secure new grounds at "Love's hill" the coming season and there is talk of holding another tournament that will attract the best shots from all over the country.

Dr. Boyer & William Quayle are organizing a ski club and report a large number willing to join.

The girls of the Northwest are noted not only for their beauty but for their interest in outdoor sports as well. The Bismarck Tribune thus describes the experience of a young lady bicyclist of that town. Nellie Christian attempted to ride a bicycle and lead a cow to water the other day, and before the affair was over it was impossible to tell whether Nellie was leading the cow to water or whether the cow was leading Nellie to water, or whether the bicycle was leading the water to the cow, or whether Nellie was leading the bicycle to the cow, or the cow, or the water.

Deer are still being killed. It is positively known that four were shot back of Woodland by one man. Several parties are talking of a good hunt. Christmas day is the game warden snow-blind?

The yearly decrease in the number of ducks and geese has ever been attributed by most people to but one cause, the great number shot by hunters, yet this idea is not correct. The Lake Superior Stream of Dec. 16, W. R. Huntington, state game and fish commissioner of Ohio, has an article which throws light on the subject. He says:

In the Wilson bill, which has just been made public, you will notice that it proposes to make the yield of eggs of birds free. The day now on eggs is 5 cents per dozen and egg albumen is free. This bill if passed would make the entire egg free. Albumen is used very extensively in the manufacture of paints and other chemical preparations. It was formerly obtained from the eggs of common hens, but as albumen from the eggs of migratory birds could be bought at a great deal cheaper on account of its being admitted free of duty, it has resulted in the gathering of millions upon millions of these eggs from which the white or albumen is taken, shipped in bulk or dried and sold in this country at about 25 cents per pound.

Egg albumen is used also as an adulteration for certain chemical preparations. The effect of this is to stimulate the gathering of eggs of all kinds of migratory birds from their breeding grounds all over the Northwest. Under the present duty of 5 cents per dozen on eggs, the gathering of eggs of all kinds of migratory birds is not so profitable as it is at a rate ten thousand-fold more destructive than that of all the shooters in existence. Many eggs half a century ago are gathered, broken and thrown away.

It should be to the interest of all to have a prohibitory tariff put on everything of this kind, or to make it a criminal offense to gather or offer for sale in any shape or part thereof the eggs of migratory birds.

Years ago "ducks frequented our marshes by millions. We can now say and could say for the past five or ten years, that they came here only by the thousands, which is the result of this promiscuous gathering of their eggs. What can we do to bring this strongly before the ways and means committee and our intelligent congressmen? We must work well and fast. Will you be kind enough to enter into a correspondence with your several representatives in congress, showing them the importance of prohibiting the importation of these eggs. It is not a political question in the least, but one that is very important so far as the protection of migratory birds is concerned.

THE KNEELING DOLL.

A traveler through Canadian woods was hurrying homeward.

His lonely pathway lighted: When suddenly a shadow passed Along the footpath gliding.

He paused, and, "What a low-hung bough! Healed an Indian hiding."

"Hush!" and he held his finger up. While through the umbrageous dwelling—"The Christmas Eve!" He wailed tonight.

To see the white Christmas snow! The air was still, yet overhanging: The pine was softly sighing:

While glowed the moon upon the snow, Confused the falling snowflakes.

Al! "We may say the legend old Was but an idle notion: A Cornish peasant's fancy wild Transplanted o'er the ocean."

Yet on the first bright Christmas eve, Round a lonely winter manger, The snowed-brace with angels' gaze! Upon the heavenly stranger.

And he who came to show mankind The true way and the narrow, With his great love and tenderness Confirmed the falling snowflakes.

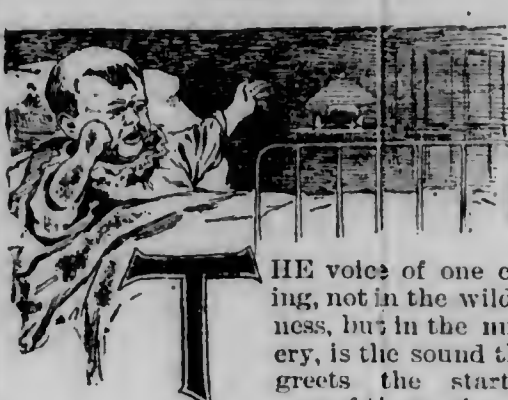
We cannot know how far and deep Their mystic instinct reached! Nor what mirth sent of flight and leave With their great love and tenderness.

But love that could redeem and save, For evil good restraining, For those who cannot speak themselves A word of friendly pleading.

Honor the voice that dares to speak, The cruel just unloving, For those who cannot speak themselves A word of friendly pleading.

Our dumb animals.

THE NIGHT AFTER.



THE voice of one crying, not in the wilderness, but in the nursery, is the sound that greets the startled ears of the mother the night after Christmas, and generally it is a noise that may well startle the ears of a mother. It is next to impossible to prevent children from eating things on that day that prove too much for the tender little stomachs. Inevitably, innocent grandmothers, headless fathers and often ignorant mothers let the little ones, even the baby, have things that no child or grown person should eat. They say, "Oh, a little won't hurt him," but when nearly every one in the household has eaten of the same, the mother's stomach is not so sure of itself and more children die of overeating than of starvation.

The most dreaded and dangerous form of illness resulting from overeating is the convulsion. The child may or may not show signs of the coming illness. Its cheeks may be very red, its lips white and pinched, and the child cries and nervous. It may go to sleep, but it will often cry out in sleep and move about restlessly. The muscles often twitch and the eyes frequently turn upward, but all these symptoms may be present and yet the child will not have a convulsion. Still they give sufficient cause for alarm to demand a good dose of sirup of rhubarb, or of magnesia, or a wineglassful of Hunyadi mineral water, which I have used with good success with children.

Where there are symptoms like those mentioned above, one has a warning and can combat the danger, but only too often there is no sign of coming sickness until the mother hears that one strange croaking cry, and then it is often too late, and in any case requires the most active and heroic attempt to save the little sufferer, who lies rigid and without consciousness. The eyes are then turned upward, having only the whites visible, the little teeth are set tightly and the lips drawn back. After a while the convulsions begin, and the poor little muscles strain, and the child writhes and twists, but all this is unavailing. Sometimes bloody froth appears in the mouth, the breath comes irregularly and often seems to stop altogether—and sometimes the child dies.

There is something so unparalytic in that one terrible cry that precedes a convulsion that no mother ever heard of without trembling on the subject. The child is usually a woman fly for remedies. The first thing is to get the little sufferer into a hot bath up to the chin, the water to be as hot as the mother can stand to bear. It is easy to stir from 90 to 100 degrees of heat, but few have a thermometer at hand, so the mother's wrist must be the guide in emergencies.

The child should remain in the water 10 to 15 minutes, a little longer if the convulsions do not relax somewhat. Then it is to be taken from the water and laid in a warmish shawl or woolen blanket, without stopping to dry or dress the little one, and as soon as it is removed give it a mixture of warm mustard oil and water (a teaspoonful of either is enough), mixed with a cup of warm water. Sirup of ipecac is better still, if at hand, and can be given in teaspoonful doses every 10 minutes until the little stomach is freed from the cause of irritation. As soon as the child has vomited freely the convulsions generally cease, but some nervous children are apt to have several in succession.

As soon as the vomiting has ceased, a dose of castor oil, diluted or magnesia should be given, the oil preferably, as it heats and calms the irritation and carries off the matter which has caused all the dangerous trouble. Some physicians employ ether and chloroform to quiet the convulsions, but all doctors agree that nothing can be done for a child in convulsions from overeating but to rid it as quickly as possible of the cause of its trouble, and the hot bath and emetic are the first remedies and can be administered safely while awaiting the arrival of the doctor. None but physicians should administer ether.

The wise mother will take care to include among her Christmas purchases an ounce or sirup of ipecac, two ounces of sirup of rhubarb and two ounces of castor oil. When she goes to bed at night, after a great day has passed, she will have seen that there is a plentiful supply of hot water, and that the mustard and salt are handy, and lastly she will visit each happy infant in its comfortable little sleeper and see how he or she looks and note whether the sleep is restless and the child flushed. Then she may go to bed and sleep with one eye open and both ears and all her senses on the alert. A few such precautions would prevent many an early death, and a little more firmness in not allowing children to eat too much sweets and rich food would avoid these dangers.

KATHERINE LOUD.

One Australian Christmas.

A hot northerly wind, laden with sand and dust, had been blowing with great force for two days. The thermometer in the warmest part of the afternoon touched up to 120 in the shade, and even at night did not fall below 100. The small birds, finding but little shade in the straight-leaved gum trees, came in under the covering of the wide verandas of the huts. The snakes were almost more dangerous at night than they were in the day. In fact, it was intensely hot weather. The sun rose on the Christmas morning without any appearance of a change.

The forenoon was spent in branding cattle in order that they might be released and watered, as detention in such heat much longer would probably cause some mortality in the herds. The lady of the establishment had roasted the wild ducks and teal, prepared the green pease, and had begun to eat, and had baked the plum pudding. At 3 o'clock we sat down in a long veranda to our duty, notwithstanding the state of the weather, when we went not made cooler by having, in default of other beverage, to drink hot tea, which we sipped from large basins. The pudding was a great success, and the lady of the establishment, being the whole of the ingredients had been brought 300 miles in bullock wagons at a cost of \$800 a ton and had run many risks of being stolen or lost on the road.

Attend the glove sale at Madame Ward's.



CUT RATES FOR MOVING FOR THE WINTER. OFFICE: 206 West Superior St. Trunks to Any Part of City, 25 Cents.

DIAMONDS for Sale at a Sacrifice. They Must be Sold at Once.

One Pair Diamonds, worth \$350.00 for sale at \$200.00.
One Diamond Ring, worth \$175.00 for sale at \$100.00.
One Diamond Stud, worth \$175.00 for sale at \$100.00.
One Diamond Stud, worth \$140.00 for sale at \$90.00.
One Pair Diamond Ear Rings, worth \$200.00 for sale at \$110.00.
One Diamond Pin, worth \$140.00 for sale at \$85.00.
One Emerald Pin, worth \$120.00 for sale at \$75.00.

Inquire 430 Chamber Commerce Building.

The Coming Contest

In the spring election for mayor will be the most animated that has ever taken place in Duluth.

In order to simplify matters and arrive at the real sentiment of the people as to who is their popular choice for mayor, The Herald hereby inaugurates a voting contest, by printing in each issue of The Evening Herald a coupon which every person in Duluth is requested to cut out and vote as often as they please and mail or bring it in person to The Herald office. The popular contestant who receives the largest number of votes will on January 10th, the day of the close of the contest receive his choice of the \$125.00 Haviland China Dinner Set now on exhibition in Panton & Watson's window, or a \$100.00 Easy Chair. The former valuable prize will also interest the ladies of Duluth to take a part themselves in this enterprise of determining who is the popular choice for Duluth's executive head. All you have to do is cut out the coupon which appears on the first page of The Herald tonight and write on it your choice for mayor; every vote cast in November will count as five votes, every vote cast in December counts three votes and each vote cast the first ten days in January will count one vote each.

The China Dinner Set or the Easy Chair will be delivered to the fortunate winner on the morning of January 11th, and he may also be successful nominee of the citizens' convention which will be held a few days later. Send in your votes. The outcome of this contest will be watched with a great deal of interest and the standing of the different candidates announced from time to time.

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CITY BRIEFS.

Calden, dentist, top door Palladio, Snare Ensign cigar. W. A. Foote & Co. Imperial Flour the best in the world.

Good applications for loans on inside property wanted at once. J. H. Chandler, on Palladio Bldg.

The Merchants hotel has cut rates for table board to \$5 per week; room and board \$8.50.

Extra copies of the 21-page Christmas number of The Herald can be had at The Herald counting room.

The grand drawing for the house and lot given away by the Big Duluth Christmas campaign will take place in their large room show window at 11 o'clock.

The Xmas service in the Temple at 11 tomorrow afternoon is free to all. Orchestra plays at 3 o'clock.

Mrs. J. L. Nunnemacher, wife of the well known West Superior gambler committed suicide yesterday by taking carbolic acid.

The exercises of the procatol school held at the Polish hall last evening were well attended and a very creditable exhibition was given.

The birth of a son to John and Sanna Jacobson, 122 West Michigan street, has been reported to the birth of a child.

A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. John O'Brien, of the West End and cigars are circulating freely around Grasmere's store.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Charles Satt and Sigrid Hestling and Frank A. Currier and Sannie E. Hestling.

W. J. Carey died at St. Mary's hospital yesterday. The funeral will be from the family residence, 601 West Michigan street tomorrow at 2 o'clock. St. Paul pays to please copy.

The meeting called for this morning by the directors of the chamber of commerce came close to Christmas, and an adjournment failed to occur.

The order of the Eastern Star held its annual election for officers last evening as follows: Mrs. A. M. McIndley, N. E. Mrs. Geo. E. Long, W. P. Mrs. H. H. A. M. Mrs. J. C. Misher, treasurer, Mrs. B. A. Porter, C. Mrs. Geo. E. Long, A. C.

The "Palace of Sweeties" was crowded all day with fashionably dressed ladies and young children. The fresh candies sold by H. W. Avery are a revelation to the Duluth palate and it appears to be meeting with a well deserved success.

The department at Washington is not favoring the local land office with many communications these days and with no decisions of note but the officials here are overruled with a multiplicity of small contest cases.

Dr. Ringland preaches at the First Presbyterian church Sunday.

Mrs. Jeanne Fawcett entertained the Koo Koo Klub at her home on Fifth avenue east Wednesday evening.

PERSONAL.

M. B. Davidson, of Wheaton, Minn., is in the city and next Wednesday will play an important part in a wedding that will take place at the Carey residence.

Louis Wolfson is held on a bed of pain at his home out at Lakeside by the ugly old grippe.

Mrs. Winifred Everhard is visiting her sister, Mrs. W. G. Eggert. She will spend the holidays here.

Madame Ward and son Julien leave tomorrow for the Wisconsin central for Chicago this afternoon to spend the holidays at her home in Cleveland.

Dr. Woodberry leaves tonight for Massachusetts where he will spend the holidays.

CHRISTMAS AT THE BETHEL.

Dr. Salter put on the air-brakes this morning and informed a Herald man that Christmas has a ring and Santa Claus will hop around at the Bethel Christmas eve. For several years at Christmas time some anonymous friend of the Bethel has at each Christmas time sent a cash donation, usually of \$50 or \$100. That secret donor has come to time recently this year and Mr. Salter sends a broadside over the receipt of a crisp new \$50 bill.

Entertainment for the Poor. The people of the West End do not intend to be behind the procession in the work of raising money to help the needy. Dec. 27, when the Christmas entertainments will be given at Normanna hall, the proceeds for which shall go to assist those in want. Dr. Salter and C. A. "Owne" will deliver addresses, recitations will abound, amateur theatricals will be a feature and refreshments will be provided.

How's This! We offer \$100 reward for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. DUNN & CO., Duluth, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. DUNN & CO. for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly trustworthy in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

West & Texas, Duluth, O. W. A. Foote & Co., Duluth, O. H. H. Currier, Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.

A Great Bargain.

Steinway piano nearly new for \$200. Pitney & Hall, music store, 228 West First street.

Holiday Excursion Rates.

December 23, 24, 25, 30 and 31 and Jan. 1, 1894, the St. Paul & Duluth railroad will sell excursion tickets to all stations on its line at one and one-third fare for the round trip. Tickets good for return passage up to and including Jan. 3, 1894.

Nor. Pass. Agt., 428 West Superior street.

AWARDED HIGHEST HONORS—WORLD'S FAIR.

D. PRICE'S

Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder—No Ammonia; No Alum.

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

CAN IT BE REVOKED?

That is the Burden of a Question Regarding a Power of Attorney Asked Judge Lewis.

James Billings Gave it to William McKinley for the American Loan and Trust Company.

The Company Denies That it is Revocable—Arguments in the Assessment Cases Made Today.

The special term this forenoon was almost entirely monopolized by the argument of a demurrer in the case of American Loan and Trust company vs. James Billings et al. Five attorneys appeared.

John C. Williams, J. L. Washburn, W. C. White, Edward Fuller and Judge Dickinson. It was the latter's first appearance in court since he came here from St. Paul.

The matter argued this morning was in reference to a power of attorney. It was given by James Billings to William McKinley to protect the American Loan and Trust company and covered certain lands. This power of attorney is claimed by the defendant to be revocable, but the plaintiff denies this. The matter was taken under advisement.

The case of Ernest Lachmunder vs. Sydney Brown will probably be taken up this afternoon.

Before Judge Ensign, City Attorney Greene and Attorney Keyes and Douglas made their arguments in the Piedmont avenue east and West Superior street assessment cases.

HIGH SCHOOL NOTES.

Pupils Strongly in Favor of Continuing Single Daily Sessions.

The all-absorbing question among the juniors as to who was to represent the class at the junior exhibition next March was settled this week, by the selection of the following members: Rose Wickey, Edwin Morgan, Lewis Merritt, Phoebe Zimmerman, Anna Min, Jennie Crowley, Alfred Thwing, Walter Scott, and Hamilton Peyton. As noted last week, three of the above were selected for having the highest standing, three were chosen by the class, and three by the faculty, the rule regulating the choice being that no member of the class should be considered eligible who had not passed all of the studies of his course up to date.

The adjourned meeting of last week of the Adelphe Literary society, took place Thursday afternoon in the assembly hall. Among the special features was the song "Blossom, Prudence" by the Adelphe quartet—Misses Ella Woodward and Florence Williams, and Messrs. Henry Brerly and A. H. Brocklehurst, which was greatly enjoyed by the audience. The following was the program in full:

Recitation—Eva Rockwell (recited before of last meeting). Eva Rockwell (recited before of last meeting). Fred Soler (recited before of last meeting). Fred Soler (recited before of last meeting).

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PRACTICAL CHRISTIANITY.

Liberal Offer Made the Associated Charities by One of the Churches.

The following communication which speaks for itself was handed in to the Associated Charities, Fifth street west, committee meeting Wednesday afternoon of this week.

To the Associated Charities of Duluth, Minn.

Realizing the duty of every Christian church and individual in these times of distress to do all in their power to carry on the work of the Master, an important part of which is to assist in feeding the poor, clothing the naked and furnishing a shelter for those who are without it, "in His name" we tender to your organization the free use as long as it is required this winter, of the basement of our church house, on the corner of Fourth street and Fifth street west.

The room is large and dry, entirely above ground and well lighted. It is floored and shingled inside, but not finished. It is suitable for your purposes, you can make arrangements as you wish for putting in temporary booths or bunks and for heating, as well as for a responsible person in charge. In other words, the entire management to accord with your plans will be in your hands.

As something like thirty men pass each night upon the stone floor of the city prison, the honest though needy laboring man being locked up with the drunkard where the talk of any one must be heard by all, surely some provision should be made to provide shelter under better influences.

Such further assistance as we may be able to give you, be it more or less, we will try to furnish, for we assure you that we are in full sympathy with your work and with all loving Christian work in behalf of humanity. First Christian church, of Duluth, by W. T. HACKER, Pastor.

And S. C. MAXWELL, Elder.

THOMAS THURALL, Trustees.

J. E. HENDERSON, Trustees.

J. E. WIELAND, Trustees.

Owing to the number of questions involved in the case of the city of Duluth against them to collect damages for failure to carry out a contract for the purchase of bonds. It is maintained that the facts stated are insufficient to establish a cause of action.

The Great Western Manufacturing company has demurred to the complaint in the case of George F. Mackenzie vs. Phoenix Manufacturing company et al., on the ground that the facts are insufficient to establish a cause of action against it.

The plaintiff has filed notice of motion for new trial in the case of R. F. Fitzgerald vs. J. J. Murphy.

Other papers filed today were: Stipulation dismissing case of William Berghel vs. E. G. Towell et al.

Notice of appeal of Duluth & Iron Range Railroad from award of commissioners in Duluth, Missabe & Northern Railroad vs. A. H. Hedderly et al.

Satisfaction of judgment in E. C. Warren vs. Charles L. Andrews.

Default in force has been made in the case of Isabelle C. Gowan vs. H. W. Person; amount, \$163.64.

ANNUITIES.

Julia Marlowe.

A fine audience greeted Miss Marlowe at the Temple last evening. "The Love Chase," by Sheridan Knowles, was the bill. It is a delightful comedy, is light, airy, brilliant and thoroughly pleasing.

Miss Marlowe is Duluth's favorite actress, there can be no question about that, and she was frequently and generously applauded. Her Constantine is a charming creature, natural, unaffected and winsome, and thoroughly captivated every one.

The support is worthy of the star. Miss Rose Eytting as the Widow Green was perfect in voice, facial expression and manner, and compelled universal admiration. Miss Eugenia Woodward is a clever actress and takes her part very prettily. Henry Jewett as Wilkie was fine and gave an admirable impersonation of the part. H. A. Weaver, Sr., is one of the "grand old men" and is an artistic and capable actor. Walter Hale is a young man of great promise and may be heard of him.

This afternoon "Much Ado About Nothing" is being produced and tonight "Romeo and Juliet" will be the bill.

Temple Christmas Service.

The hour for the Christmas service that is to be held in the Temple tomorrow afternoon is 4 o'clock. The orchestra will begin playing at 3:30 o'clock. The program for the service includes instrumental selections by the orchestra, several numbers by the Apollo Male quartet, singing of familiar songs by the congregation and the Christmas address by Dr. Forbes.

A Card of Thanks.

Messrs. Panton & Watson.—Dear sirs: The executive committee of the board of Associated Charities of Duluth desires to thank you not only for yourselves, but for the pleasure they have had in dividing the proceeds of your philanthropic concert with the city of Duluth, and for the same cause. The exigency of the times requires united effort and we feel that your public spirited and impartial conduct will incite others to do likewise. We take pleasure in thus publicly expressing our thanks. Yours very truly, SECRETARY OF ASSOCIATED CHARITIES.

Now is the Time.

To order your midwinter clothing. We give a list of suggestions:

To order, \$75 full dress suits at \$55

To order, \$60 dress suits at \$45

To order, \$50 dress suits at \$35

To order, \$45 dress suits at \$30

To order, \$35 dress suits at \$25

To order, \$30 dress suits at \$22

The Duluth Tailors, 201 W. Sup. St.

Don't forget the A. D. T. Office, Merchants hotel. Only reliable way of delivering Christmas presents.

Last.

Twenty-five dollars, one \$20 and one \$5 bill, between Security bank and Sixth avenue west or on street, car between Sixth avenue west and Nineteenth avenue west. Finder will leave at The Herald office and receive \$5 reward.

Complete stock of fresh roasted coffee, roasted every day at the Eagle Coffee and Spice mill.

The Northern Pacific will sell round trip tickets to Canadian and New England points at very low rates. Tickets on sale Dec. 21, 22, 23 and 24, and final limit of Jan. 31, 1894. For further information call on F. E. DINNOGAN, BUREAU TICKET AGENT, 416 West Superior street, Chamber of Commerce building.

THE WISE TRAVELER.

In Selecting His Railroad Route, Selects the Road.

That affords excellent and most comfortable facilities—"The Milwaukee."

That traverses a delightful and picturesque portion of the country—"The Milwaukee."

That has—and merits—the reputation of strength and reliability—"The Milwaukee."

That enjoys popularity and is stamped with public approval—"The Milwaukee."

That has a substantial roadbed and most frequent train service—"The Milwaukee."

That regards always, the comfort, ease and safety of its patrons—"The Milwaukee."

That furnishes the latest private compartment cars and latest buffet-smoking cars—"The Milwaukee."

That furnishes elegant drawing-room parlor cars, free reclining chair cars and sumptuous dining cars—"The Milwaukee."

That has exclusive use of the electric berth reading lamp—"The Milwaukee."

"The Milwaukee" combines all the above in one, too. Its trains are richly heated by steam, electric lighted and unsurpassed in luxurious appointments.

The immortal Lincoln said: "Follow the people and you cannot be far from right." The People use "The Milwaukee."

Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt., St. Paul, Minn.

NOTE.—Five trains daily from Twin Cities to Chicago, one to St. Louis and one to Kansas City.

A Merry Christmas

To the thousands who have during

the past year shown their appreciation of our efforts to sell good merchandise at popular prices.

M. S. Burrows & Co.

Store Open Until Noon Monday.

ENTERED A DEMURRER.

N. W. Harris & Co. Claim the City of Duluth Has no Case.

N. W. Harris & Co. have demurred to the complaint in the case of the city of Duluth against them to collect damages for failure to carry out a

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 23, 1893.

AT THE PLAYHOUSES

Fine List of Holiday Attractions Presented by the Temple—The Julia Marlowe Engagement.

Walker Whitesides, the Talented Young Tragedian, Coming Next Week and Will Present Shakespearean Plays.

"Blue Jeans," Joseph Arthur's Sensational Drama, to be Here on Christmas and Tuesday Evenings.

The Temple presents a fine series of attractions during the holiday week. Julia Marlowe appeared last evening and this afternoon, and tonight will appear in "Romeo and Juliet." She is probably the most popular actress who visits Duluth not even excepting Modjeska. "Blue Jeans" will be seen on Christmas evening and Tuesday evening also. It has been seen here before and made a strong impression. Walker Whitesides' engagement will close the week, he appearing on Thursday and Friday evenings. He is one of the most rising young tragedians in the country.

January will bring some good attractions, one of the most notable being Charles Frohman's brilliant success "The Girl I Left Behind Me," produced by the original company. "Wang" is also booked, Chauncey Olcott in "Mavourneen" and "The Devil's Auction."

IS COMING AGAIN.

"Blue Jeans" at the Temple on Monday and Tuesday Evenings.

"Blue Jeans," Joseph Arthur's sensational comedy drama, will be returned to the stage of the Temple Opera house with all of the elaborate and new scenic and mechanical conceits that have distinguished the play's most recent New York success, on Monday, for two performances. The play, as is pretty generally known, derives its title from a rural district of that name in Indiana, where the author, Joseph Arthur, is a true and pleasing picture of village life. When presented here before, it proved itself to be a comedy drama in every sense of the word, and an intensely sensational one besides. From its first scene onwards, "Blue Jeans" is an unqualified success. Mr. Arthur has added to his achievements one that is holding public favor long and profitably. The plot presents a proper balance of joy and pathos, fun and philosophy, industrial light and political shade. It is rich in thrilling incidents that are not startling, it possesses a big fund of quaint humor that is all new and fairly revels in magnificently staged environments. There can be no question that the author of "Blue Jeans," who has given the stage one of the most intensely sensational bits of theatrical realism offered theater-goers today in the climax of the sawmill of Perry Hascam, when the young mill owner is beaten senseless and placed upon a plank being fed to a ruthless, revolving steel saw, whirling and whirling with frightful rapidity, and every instant eating its way with sickening ease toward his inanimate body. Yet this play need not depend upon this bit of actual realism for success. It tells a strong story and tells it well. Its characters are real types, slightly exaggerated, perhaps, of suburban inhabitants of the Hoosier state, and are all drawn with a firm and unerring hand.

A YOUNG TRAGEDIAN.

Walker Whitesides at the Temple in Shakespearean Plays.

Walker Whitesides, a young tragedian who has created a decidedly favorable impression by his work in the classic drama, is to be the attraction at the Temple Opera on Thursday and Friday nights of next week. "Hamlet" will be put on and probably "Richard III." The greatest interest will center in the performance of "Hamlet."

Mr. Whitesides is reported to have made a careful and exhaustive analysis of the character with the determination of mastering the text of the play so perfectly that his performance would stand out separate and distinct from stereotyped impersonations which have been copied by each succeeding candidate for honors in the Shakespearean drama from some successful predecessor.

It has been said that Mr. Whitesides never saw any of the great actors who

have electrified the community with their magnificent representations, and consequently whatever credit is due him for the manner in which he deals with the poetic creations of the great master playwright should be bestowed as a simple tribute to his own intellectual brain, his honest methods, and his determination to make a name in a line of work that few of the younger actors have the courage to engage in.

Mr. Whitesides' brilliant success during his first visit to the great center of



American theatricals—New York city—last spring, is a matter of record that should prove interesting to every devotee of the highest and best in the drama. Entering the metropolis where Ward, James, Keene, and other of our representative Shakespearean actors were ridiculed, he compelled the attention of the caustic critics by the intelligence and power of his delineations of such plays as "Hamlet," "Richard III," and "Shylock," and before the end of the first week at the Union Square theater won their admiration as well. He is indebted to a certain extent for his success as Hamlet to a great many special advantages with which nature has endowed him, his appearance, voice and temperament being particularly in harmony with the character.

OSCAR WILDE'S PLAY.

"A Woman of No Importance" Not a Startling Success.

NEW YORK, Dec. 20.—The new things which are attracting attention here just now are Oscar Wilde's "A Woman of No Importance" and Paul Kester's "Zanur." The former Rose Coghlan, niece of Charles Coghlan and husband John T. Sullivan, is exploiting at the Fifth Avenue theater, and the latter holds the boards at the Star, where Alexander Salvini is playing a brief engagement.

"A Woman of No Importance" is designated on the house program as "the play of the week." While it is true that it



MRS. ARBUTHNOT'S REVENGE—"A WOMAN OF NO IMPORTANCE."

certain makes four subdivisions, there is really but one act of a play, and that, strange to say, is the last. The story of "A Woman of No Importance" is of course immovable and full of epigrammatic effects and attempts at cynicism, for is not Oscar Wilde the author? He has fallen far short of his work in "Lady Windermere's Fan," and I should call his latest a failure.

The strongest situations smack suspiciously of the younger Dumas, and the negro minstrelsy scene between Gerald Arbuthnot and Lord Illingworth, in which the former does nothing but ask absurd questions to which the latter makes supposedly smart replies, calls up reminiscences of what we have read in the long ago. The climax of the third act, which ends with the announcement that "Bechew is your father," is conventional and cloying to a degree, and the close of the play is absurd.

Mr. Wilde has very evidently not entirely obliterated from his retrospective memory the pleasant recollections of Dumas' "Le Fils Naturel" and a much older play by a French writer, which, in its English form, was, I think, called "The Friend of the Family."

Of the acting, it may be said that on the whole it is very good. Miss Coghlan, perhaps overdoes the sick-at-heart-martyr business a trifle, but that is a slight fault.

Mauree Barrymore swaggers through the part of Lord Illingworth, the cynical man of the world. He is entirely out of his element. The best bit of work is contributed by Robert Taber, who hails from classic Staten Island and who, although still a very young man, has played important roles with Modjeska, Terriss and Milward, Mrs. Drew and Richard Mansfield.

Since 1888 he has been substarred with Julia Marlowe, whom he left to join the Coghlan company, where he hoped to obtain the variety of experience which is an essential portion of the training of an actor who is ambitious to do the best work of which he is capable. Mr. Taber was at first hesitatingly pronounced one of the best of America's leading men, and it is to be hoped that he will never return to tragedy. His present hold holds forth so much greater promise, for good leading men are as scarce as Turks in Russia.

This may be said to be the case, but it is

shrewd enough to supply lots of color, and

to paint it in anything but mild tints. Although the subject of the Puritans is a very old one, he has treated it from a new standpoint and has not attempted to be didactic or historical. In this he has shown his usual good sense. "The Maid of Plymouth," if I make not, was an one-act play, at least, a very lively one of many

agential contention, but it seems at last to have drifted into the right port, and to have been taken in hand by a man who will make it a great success if it but contain the necessary elements, which most critics believe it does.

To the initiated it was patent months ago, when Della Fox looked on her

trip to Europe and her role in "Dunbar

drum" was intrusted to Edna Wallace, and

just became the wife of De Wolf Hopper, that Miss Fox would leave the tall

comedian at no very distant date. This being

granted on all sides, except perhaps by the

theatrical press, it was not surprising that

that occurred was naturally "What will Miss Fox do? Go with Francis Wilson? Not

be so! He is too jealous of the center of the

stage to suit her. Perhaps she will become

an actress in her own right, but she will

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THE WORLD OF LABOR

Organized Labor Uniformly in Favor of the Bill for Government Ownership of Telegraph Lines.

Efforts to be Made to Place the Duluth Bell Upon a Self-supporting Basis.

The Theatrical Mechanics' Association Has a Prosperous Lodge in Duluth That is Growing Rapidly.

Typographical Union No. 136 held its regular meeting last Sunday. The revision of the by-laws and constitution occupied considerable attention, and were finally adopted as amended. Most interest centered in the bill introduced in the senate with regard to the government ownership of telegraph lines. The union is in favor of the bill, and has already endorsed the bill by resolutions, and petitions are being circulated throughout the entire force of organized labor and will be forwarded to Senators Davis and Washburn as soon as they are received from the different unions. Organized labor is a unit with regard to the passing of this law, and the actions of Messrs. Davis and Washburn and Mr. Baldwin will be watched with the closest scrutiny.

Mr. McDowell read a communication from Dr. Salter with regard to the Workmen's club, which was intended to be a self-supporting institution, but this was only possible by the combined assistance of the unions. The suggestion was made that quarterly tickets should be issued at 50 cents, entitling the holders to the use of the baths. This idea met with much favor, several of the members of the union promising the scheme their hearty support, and Mr. McDowell was unanimously appointed to represent the Typographical union in the sale of tickets. The rest of the business was of a routine character.

Theatrical Mechanics.
The Zenith Lodge No. 38 of the Theatrical Mechanics association, meets in Pythian hall the second Sunday in each month. This organization is a new one in Duluth and its objects are not very well understood by many members of organized labor and the general public, an explanation may be wholly in place.

The Theatrical Mechanics' association dates back to 1866, when it was organized for the purpose of giving all moral and material aid to its members and those dependent upon them; to provide mutual relief in case of sickness or death; to educate the members socially, morally and intellectually, and to inculcate and disseminate the principles of charity, benevolence and fraternity.

The Zenith lodge is the youngest of the subordinate lodges, it has through the untiring and energetic zeal of its founders, placed itself in a proud position among its sister lodges and though a little less than a year old, is on a firm financial footing. The membership is not large, but it is a growing body, and the lodge is a most interesting place to visit.

The association started with the avowed and exclusive object of affording relief to members who shall be sick, disabled, or otherwise cause to be rendered incapable of attending to their usual calling or occupation and to provide a fund for the decent interment of deceased members. No person is eligible to membership in the association who has not been engaged at least six months in the business and must be between 21 and 50 years of age.

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The Trades Assembly.
At the regular meeting of the Federated Trades assembly held last evening the following officers were elected for the ensuing six months: President, Morris Griffin; vice president, Gustave Olson; secretary, J. P. Hollahan; treasurer, G. H. Thomson; sergeant-at-arms, N. Anderson; statistician, J. Moore; trustees, Messrs. Meagher, Wood and Hayes. The installation of the new officers was postponed until the next meeting so as to enable the old officers to make their reports.

Delegates reported as follows: Bakers, 12 men working; butchers, all unemployed; carpenters, 3 men working; electrical workers, longshoremen, printers and tailors, all right; stonecutters, 2 men unemployed; steamfitters, 1 in sheet iron and cornice workers, work dull.

President Griffin's act as delegate to the national convention at Chicago

was postponed until the next meeting but a speech made then by Millionaire Lloyd, of Chicago, on the labor question was read.

Messrs. Griffin and McDowell were added to the committee to visit Duluth merchants and urge the more general sale of union made cigars.

President McKee, of the West Superior assembly, was present and in an address before the meeting favored a closer union of the two organizations and urged the necessity of greater efforts by all labor organizations.

LABOR LACONICS.
What is going on in industrial circles everywhere.

Labor papers all over the country are denouncing the A. P. A.

The Tacoma Trades council is making war on the barber shops that keep open Sundays.

St. Louis unemployed army numbers 30,000. The most needy are being cared for through the police department.

The revised charter of the city of Seattle will provide for a labor commissioner and city bureau of labor statistics.

The New York Press prints a rumor that Mr. Powderly will appeal to the order the rank and file of the Knights of Labor for vindication.

The Chicago Relief and Aid society has struck a happy idea in securing the debris of the world's fair buildings that are being torn to be utilized for fuel for the poor.

John Falkenstein, a Chicago cigar manufacturer, was fined \$100 for countering the cigar makers' union label and using the counterfeit to secure wider sale for his goods.

When the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers put the price of pig-iron down to \$4.75, the employers of non-union puddlers at McKeesport, Pa., at once put the price down to \$4.

Detroit Trades council has adopted an amendment to its constitution favoring independent political action and a committee has been appointed to make an effort to establish a daily newspaper.

The St. Paul assembly has appointed a committee to improve a plan for a legal bureau through which union men can secure legal advice at a minimum cost.

A measure is pending in the St. Paul city council providing for the examination of motormen on street railways as to their qualifications for the positions.

The demand for such a law is made in the interest of public safety. The council has passed a resolution providing that the city job printing shall bear the expense of the Typographical union label.

In an extended article on the way in which the Twin City Rapid Transit company has ignored the law calling for the vesting of street cars, the St. Paul Trades and Labor Bulletin calls for the impeachment of the county attorneys of Hennepin and Ramsey counties because they have not taken steps to enforce the law, which, as the bulletin says, "was passed in the interest of humanity, to protect from the inclemency of the weather men who were needlessly exposed from twelve to fourteen hours per day during our hard winters."

The Bulletin asks "What is the interest of capital would it thus be permitted to be disregarded?"

The Eight Hour Herald, of Chicago, says: "In the recent meeting between the World's fair officials and the park commissioners, whereby the buildings at Jackson park were to be turned over to the park commissioners, the manufacturers building was not included in the transfer, the understanding being that the building would be moved to the lake front to serve the purpose of a people's palace. Both parties cordially approved this suggestion."

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To all who consult us, we pledge absolute secrecy.

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Main Offices, New York Block, Corner Tower Avenue and Fourteenth Street, West Superior, Wis.

We Know We Can Cure You!

Always Watch
The Urine.We Analyze Urine
Free of Cost.

If you notice any irregularity about your urine, consult us at once.

Living Testimony of Our Ability:

I was a wreck; now am a man. Self-abuse, the cause. My manhood thoroughly restored. I have Dr. Speer & Co. to thank for this wonderful cure.

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We are proud of our ability to cure you, and repeated successes make us prouder each day, for we have succeeded in restoring many prominent men to full power and vigor; have plucked many a young life from the very jaws of the destroyer. We have a sure cure. We are willing to let the public have the benefit.

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TOWER AVENUE AND FOUR

CAUSE OF A PANIC

Strawberry Hill Was Fiat Broke, and Weeping Bill Explains How the Whole Thing Happened.

Not Tariff or Lack of Confidence, But Plain Poker as Elucidated by Abe Henderson.

Abe Was Thrown Down and the Money Divided, and the Panic Was at an End.

[Copyright, 1893, by Charles B. Lewis.]

Things were not going right at Strawberry Hill. There were 200 miners of the town, but money kept getting tighter and scarcer and by and by nobody had a dollar to lend. Chinnamen came along and offered to work for 12 cents a day, but nobody could hire them, and the man who owned the place of tobacco was threatened until he was not enough to fight. We differed as to the cause, but all agreed that a financial panic was at hand, and that speedy steps must be taken. If we would ward it off, therefore, on a Saturday afternoon, we held a public meeting to decide ways and means. The first speaker was old Jim White, who had once been a justice of the peace in Wisconsin and was supposed to know all about financial panics. When he was pushed forward, he said:

"A month ago we were living under the sacred constitution of these United States with money as plenty as dew on a daisy. We are now living under the same sacred constitution, but so flat broke that its useless for the stockholder to tap that last part of whisky. Why is this so? If some critter has his fool in our financial policy who's the man? Davigone me if I can make it out."

Then he gave place to "Judge" Tompkins, who had failed in the grocery business in Iowa and was consequently looked up to, and who said:

"It's just this way: All to once we have plenty of money, and all to once we can't raise a blamed cent. Whence this stringency in the money market? How we overproduced, and thus caused stagnation? Is it the tariff? Is it want of confidence in the stability of our government? Or is it some other cause? When the panic struck me in the grocery business, I failed and made a clean \$1,000, but when this 'see panic' set in, I couldn't fail for a stilling."

The third speaker was a chap familiarly known as "Weeping Bill." He did the crying for the whole camp. Back in the States his wife ran away with a root doctor, and he was so affected by it that he couldn't rest on an almshouse without weeping. Of a Sunday afternoon we used to get out a newspaper and start him to read.

"GIMME HALF A MINUTE FOR WEEPIN'."

ing the mortgage sales and stray mule notices, and he would weep over them as if they had been heart-breaking tales of family life. William expected the call. He wiped tears from his eyes and began:

"Fellow countrymen, this is a sad occasion, and I cannot restrain my tears. Several eminent speakers here stood here and stated the cause and asked the cause. Excuse these tears. We have a financial panic. What's the cause, and what is the remedy? I feel to weep. I do weep. The cause of this 'see' panic is as plain as the nose on Hank Jackson's face, and the remedy is as plain as the nose on Hank Jackson's face. A month ago we were down with that soft, sleek, sly serpent previously mentioned, and inside of two hours he had cleaned us out. Is it any wonder we've got a financial panic when he's got all the cash for 100 miles around? We're not of confidence and no fault of the sacred constitution. The cause is right here and can't be disputed. Again I weep. Then you ask what is the remedy? Plain as that hill over there! We must make Abe Henderson sell out that money and divide her up pro rata, and five minutes later the panic will be gone, and peace and plenty will prevail."

It was the thing to do, and it was done. Abe was thrown down and sat on asphalt, money divided, and the first and only panic which ever struck Strawberry Hill passed away without leaving a wreck behind.

THE ARIZONA KICKER.

A Town Where Bank Depositors May Rest Easy.

A SLIGHT MISTAKE.—Tuesday forenoon it came to our ears that the Great Western bank of this town was on the point of closing its doors on depositors. There was no time for consultation with our friends. Out in this country a bank doesn't fool around about closing up. When it has been decided to proceed, the doors are shut with a bang, and after that all you can hope for is to get a shot at the bank as the janitor had his hands on the door. As a matter of course we at once proceeded to prepare for various inquiries. Standing before the cashier's window in a position which was doubtless more or less picturesque, we asked for full information and were soon in possession of it. The last monthly report showed the bank to have had \$13,000, and the directors had decided to suspend. We let go of one revolver and took up a pencil and gave over the figures, and in five minutes we discovered the error.

ror. There was a mistake in adding up. Instead of losing \$13,000 the bank had made \$1,000, and the decision to go right on doing business was immediate. Three or four customers came in while we were talking, but none of them realized that anything was out of the way. They observed our guns leveled on the cashier through the window, but supposed we were discussing the rate of exchange on New York. While we believe we saved this town from a financial panic which would have sent the price of gunnocks sky high and probably prevented the dog fight advertised for Saturday night, we do not take any great credit to ourselves. And the bank closed its doors people would have hustled them open, and had the officials declared a financial failure they would have been hung by the crowd, but it is better to avoid public excitement if possible. Some of our citizens have drawn out their hair.

A USELESS WAITING.

Mr. Grimschaw Was Perfectly Willing That

Mr. Grimschaw Should Go.

"Well, what is it?"

"It was Henri Spooner, only son and heir of old Spooner, the four merchant, who first spoke."

"Mr. Grimschaw in the parlor and entered the library to ask her father's consent."

"Yes, I know. You are young Spooner, son of your daddy and all that, but don't spring any old chestnuts on me! If you have anything to say, out with it."

"Mr. Grimschaw, for the past three years I have—"

"Yes, I've seen you spooning around here for three or four years. You must know the house pretty well by this time. Is there anything you wish to say to me before we part?"

"Sister! Love—that is love!"

"Pudding, pudding! So do I! It's the right sort. Young man, do you think I care two continental cocks about whether you love pudding or not?"

"Mr. Grimschaw, can I speak to you?"

"Speak to me! Why, blame your eye-brows, but I've been trying my best to get you to talk. What in thunder are you saying? If you want a nickel for your fancy, why don't you ask for it like a man instead of a chest protector?"

"Not a nickel, but I have loved your daughter, Maude," desperately announced Henri.

"You have? Then you are an idiot! A man who will spoon around for three long years hasn't the sense of a chicken!"

Does Maude suspect that you love her, as you call it?"

"She does. I am sure that she likewise returns my love."

"Yes, she's just flattered enough. She could have her pick of a dozen football players, but she's taken you, a poor fellow, and yet she wants to marry a young man who couldn't pull a turnip up by the roots."

"Mr. Grimschaw, I am not an athlete, but I will!"

"Shut up! You mean that you will leave to ride a bike or become a champion runner, but I don't care 2 cents about that! How quick can you marry Maude?"

"Why, in two or three months, if the dear angel will."

"Two or three months! Young man, you skate back to the parlor and tell her it's got to come off within two weeks! If you can't do that, I'll be ready to give my consent for the last two years and a half, and now the spooning must come to an end. Go—hurry—skate—get ready to marry or die!"

Rejecting a Brother.

There were three of us on horseback, and we were jogging along about 11 o'clock in the forenoon, when two men suddenly leaped out from behind a rock and leveled their pistols at us. He was about 20 years old, and his horse threw up its hind legs. Our horses stopped and our hands went up, but the third man of our party, who was a chap from Iowa looking for his horse, who had been missing several years, protestingly said:

"Gentlemen, I have only about \$40, and if you take it I am going to pursue my search for my lost horse."

"Hev you lost a brother on this way, stranger?" asked the man who motioned us to dismount and be searched.

"I have. It is now several years since he was heard of, and I have come to find him."

"Did he look like you?"

"Quite like you, but with a far more resemblance."

"All right. Say, Jim, come up here!"

"What's that?" asked the other rider as he came nearer.

"This fellow has lost a brother and wants to keep his \$40 to find him with. Maybe you are his long lost brother."

"No, I am not."

"Oh! not you? You can't be my brother William!" protested the traveler.

"I don't see why."

"Oh, but you can't be."

"Was your brother William a bigger and better looking critter?"

"No, but he was."

"Did he have any more sand?"

"No, but you see that?"

"Could your brother William hold up a stage with seven men in it and take away a bundle of \$2,000?"

"I don't think so, but you—"

"Sam, he's too blamed pertickler for his own country!" exclaimed Jim as he stepped back. "He loses his brother William. He comes out to hunt him, but he meets us. I offer to be his brother, but he won't let it. Go ahead and take his \$40 and his hat and coat and horse. A critter who will come out here and hunt and waste his time lookin' fur a pertickler critter of a brother-hain't got no rights we is bound to respect. Clean him dead out, and then gim him a couple of kicks fur me!"

M. QUAD.

From Another Point of View.

First Monkey—Did you hear those explorers conversing just now?

Second Monkey—Yes.

First Monkey—I wonder if we could manage to learn their language?

Second Monkey—I am sure we could. But where's the use? They don't look to me as if they had any ideas worth communicating.—Washington Star.

Tenacious Item.

An elderly gentleman, on whose head only a few lonehairs lingered, entered a drug store and said to the clerk:

"I want to buy a hairbrush."

"For your own use?"

"What's the matter with a toothbrush?"

—Texas Sittings.

A Correction.

Youngblood—Old Luffkins is a corker, don't you think?

Jollyboy—On the contrary, judging from the tint of his nose, I should say he was an uncorker.—Kansas City Journal.

A Compulsion.

Train Robber—Come, stand out!

Rural Minister (silly)—I had such energetic fellows as you to pass the plateno and then, I might have something to give you.—New York News.

Telephone Lutes' laundry to call for your washing.

Christian Endeavor.

Topic For the Week Beginning Dec. 24.

Comment by Rev. S. H. Doyle.

Topic.—Christmas service. What can we give to Christ? Math. ii, 1; Ps. x, 1, 2, 3, 4.

Another year has almost passed away, and the Christmas season is upon us, suggesting the ever important question, What can we give to Christ? It is practically the same question every year, and yet it neither grows old, nor is it out of place. Since Christ gave heaven for us, when He was born into this world, it is very fitting and appropriate that we seek ourselves each recurring Christmas season, What can we give to Him?

1. We can give our wills to Christ (Ps. xl, 1-8). In these verses the psalmist declares that by affliction God has taught him that it is not mere outward sacrifice and offering that He wants, but the consecration of the heart and will to Him, and He dedicates himself to the Lord. The Lord wants our hearts above all things. The latest year has more importance than the dead. In the case of Abraham, God accepted the will for the deed when He called upon him to sacrifice Isaac. But He will not accept that which is not the will, as can be seen in the case of Cain. Cain performed the deed, but his heart was not right, and it was not accepted. Abraham's heart was right, and God accepted his sacrifice without the deed. Let us right ourselves, then, this Christmas season by surrendering our wills unconditionally to the will of Christ. "Not as I will, but as thou wilt," may be our Christmas offering.

2. We can give our possessions to Christ (Math. ii, 11). This is especially illustrated in the offering of gold made by the wise men at Christ's birth. We should give regularly and systematically in an advance line of Christian Endeavor work laid down by Dr. Clark in his annual address at Montreal was an increase in systematic giving to missions. This suggestion should be heeded by all Endeavorers. It is timely and practical. Not only here, but along all lines of Christian giving, the systematic element needs to be emphasized. Therefore as a Christmas offering to the Saviour dedicate a certain percentage of your possessions to Him for the year to come.

3. We can give our devotion to Christ (Math. ii, 11). The wise men fell down and worshipped Christ. So should we. We look down and erect in them but one altar for devotion and worship, and that to the Lord of Lords and King of Kings, born in Bethlehem, but now ruling in heaven.

Readings.—Ex. xxv, 2; Ps. cxli, 9; Isa. xlviii, 8; Math. v, 43; v, 1-8; Mark xii, 42-44; Luke iii, 11; x, 41; Acts xx, 34, 35; I Cor. xvi, 17; vii, 1-5; ix, 11-13; Phil. ii, 30; Eph. iv, 28; I Tim. vi, 17, 18.

Washington Wants the 1896 Convention.

A recent mass meeting of the Christian Endeavor union of Washington had for its object the pushing of a movement long to hold the Christian Endeavor convention at Washington in 1896. "There are four cities in the field," said President McArthur, "Washington, Atlanta, Baltimore and Saratoga. The cost of the convention will be \$10,000."

Two years ago, there were 41 senior societies and 7 junior; now there are 65 senior and 32 junior societies, with an increase of membership in two years of 2,800, making the total membership 12,000. Of these 378 have been added to the church and 216 came from the associate members. Next year the convention will be held at Cleveland, and in 1895 at San Francisco.

The Three P's.

Those whose memory is helped by aliteration may find profitable suggestion in the following rules as to their attitude toward the week night prayer meeting. Aid the different leaders: 1. By your preparation. 2. By your presence. 3. By your participation.—Christian Observer.

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Junior superintendents are liable to make the mistake of firing all their ammunition in the first few meetings. Use your bright plans and shrewd ideas very cautiously and always keep some good schemes on hand to introduce when a meeting shows symptoms of becoming dull.

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Before breakfast Bromo-Seltzer acts as a brace—trial bottle, 5c.

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